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Report
2018



DIGITALIZATION

"Global banking is rapidly adopting evolving mobile technologies along with Blockchain, Machine Learning, Big Data and Robotics resulting in a gradual yet visible strategic shift from traditional brick and mortar model to digitalization driven businesses."

KEY MILESTONES & ACCOLADES IN 2018

Highest Credit Rating Awarded by PACRA







ABOUT **OUR REPORT**

Allied Bank Limited (the Bank) has adopted the Integrated Reporting Framework to give an overview of Your Bank's philosophy to explain connection between its financial and non-financial information, which would enhance the users understanding as to how Your Bank is working to improve its performance keeping in view the stakeholders interest.

This integrated reporting framework facilitates sustainable value creation over the long term by minimizing risks, improving harmony, generating cost efficiencies, and making capital allocation more efficient.

Your Bank is well aware that information needs of stakeholders are changing in keeping with the dynamic environment we operate in. Investors in particular are increasingly becoming interested in the past performance as well as non-financial information which is becoming more and more relevant for ascertaining the future potential. Accordingly, Your Bank has enhanced its disclosures of non-financial information in this Annual Report.

This report is developed in accordance with the International Integrated Reporting Council's (IIRC) principal-based International Integrated Reporting <IR> Framework to communicate with all our stakeholders with a concise and transparent assessment of the banks to perform and create sustainable value.

KEY CONCEPTS

Defining Value and Integrated Thinking

Value creation is the outcome of how we apply and leverage our capitals, using our business model and governance practices, in delivering financial performance and value for all stakeholders while making reasonable tradeoffs. Our value-creation process [page 14] is structured to show the relationship between the various elements involved in achieving our stakeholder goals.

Our Capitals

The Bank depends on these capitals, for usage, impact and value creation:



Materiality

Your Bank has reported on matters which are most important and have substantial effect on Your Bank's value creation in the short, medium and long term, by analyzing and considering the effect of relevant matters on Bank's strategy, governance, performance, future outlook, the risks and opportunities identified in our operating environment and stakeholder engagement process. There were no significant organizational changes during the current reporting period.

SCOPE AND BOUNDARY OF REPORTING

Integrated reporting boundary

- Organizational oveview and external enviornment
- Strategy and resource allocation
- Risk and opportunities
- Governance
- Performance

- Integrated Reporting Framework
- Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962
- Companies Act, 2017
- Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

Financial reporting boundary

- Unconsolidated Financial Statements of Allied Bank Limited
- Consolidated Financial Statements of Allied Bank Limited and its subsidiary
- International Financial Reporting Standards
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards
- Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962
- Companies Act, 2017
- Directives issued by the SBP & SECP

Reporting Period: January 01, 2018 to December 31, 2018. Any material events after this date and up to the Board of Directors approval date of February 13, 2019 have also been included.

Group structure: Allied Bank Limited (Parent) and ABL Asset Management Limited (wholly owned subsidiary)

Target Readers: This report is primarily intended to address the information requirements of longterm investors (equity shareholders and prospective investors). We also present information relevant to the way we create value for other key stakeholders, including our staff, customers, regulators, research analysts, rating agencies and society.

This Annual Report is published within three months of the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

EXTERNAL ASSURANCE

Independent External Auditors, Messrs KPMG have assured the Group's Financial Statements. As required by the regulators, these Auditors are rotated every five years to ensure their independence and objectivity.

TRANSCENDING THE MEDIUM

This Report is available in three mediums to cater to the different needs of our various readers. A limited number of printed annual reports have been produced to be despatched to those who have requested for the same. Readers who prefer the ease of accessing this Annual Report online through either a computer or mobile device can access our Online Annual Report through our website. A soft copy (PDF) version of the report is also available in potable format for those who would like to maintain an easily-portable digital version of the Report.

CONTACT

For further clarification and feedback on this report, please contact vide email investor.relations@abl.com

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VISION

To become a dynamic and efficient bank providing integrated solutions in order to be the first choice bank for the customers.

MISSION

- To provide value added services to our customers
- To provide high tech innovative solutions to meet customers' requirements
- To create sustainable value through growth, efficiency and diversity for all stakeholders
- To provide a challenging work environment and reward dedicated team members according to their abilities and performance
- To play a proactive role in contributing towards the society

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Enhancing brand image and creating shareholders' value through sustainable performance, while optimizing return against acceptable risk appetite.
- Augmenting financial inclusion of unbanked population through innovative and diversified technologies, building customers' confidence through convenient delivery channels and product designs.
- Continuous re-engineering of policies, procedures, SOPs, SLAs and TATs, ensuring operational efficiencies through effective management of key resources.
- Instilling a culture of ethics and responsibility among human resource and becoming an 'Employer of Choice' for the Top Professionals.

CORE VALUES



Integrity



High Performance



Excellence in Service



Innovation and Growth

ABL AT GLANCE

Operational since 1942, ABL is one of the oldest Bank incorporated in Pakistan.

The Bank celebrates the culmination of 76 years of banking and committment towards strong equity, assets and deposit base, which positions the Bank as the 4th Largest Private Bank in Pakistan.

Holding Company Ibrahim Holdings (Private) Limited



Board of Directors

Mr. Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar (Chairman)

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan

Ms. Nazrat Bashir *

Mr. Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmad

Mr. Zafar Iqbal

Mr. Tahir Hassan Qureshi (CEO)

Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh

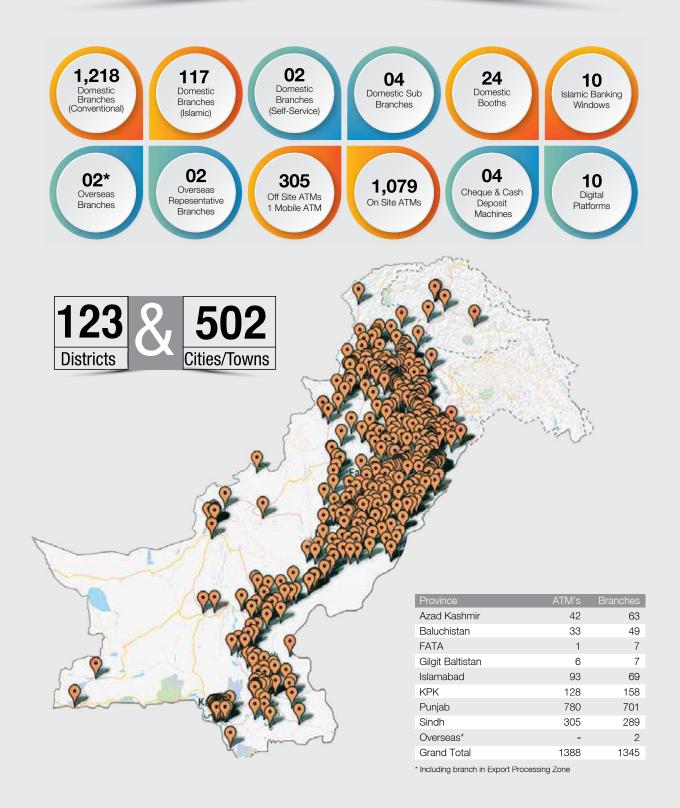
https://www.instagram.com/ablpk

Company Secretary Muhammad Raffat	Legal Adviser Mandviwalla & Zafar Advocates	Contact Detail (+92-42) 35880043 UAN: 111-225-225
Chief Financial Officer Muhammad Farhanullah Khan	Shares Registrar Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDCPL)	www.abl.com info@abl.com
Auditors KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants	Registered & Head Office 3 Tipu Block, New Garden Town, Lahore - Pakistan Postal Code 54000	https://twitter.com/ablpk https://www.facebook.com/alliedbankpk https://www.youtube.com/user/alliedbankltd

^{*} Mr. Mubashir A. Akhtar retired on August 23, 2018

PAKISTAN'S WIDEST NETWORK WITH

2,750+ CUSTOMER TOUCH POINTS







BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar

Chairman / Non-Executive Sponsor Director

He is Chairman of the Board of Allied Bank since 2004. He has done MBA from Cardiff Business School UK, Post Graduate diploma in Textiles from UK and Chartered Textile Engineer (CText ATI) from The Textile Institute in Manchester UK. He has over 33 years of experience of finance and industrial manufacturing. Besides Chairman of Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited, he is also Chief Executive Officer/ Director of M/s. Ibrahim Fibres Limited and M/s. Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt.) Limited, In addition, he is also on the boards of M/s. Ibrahim Agencies (Pvt.) Limited. ABL Asset Management Company Limited, Karachi Education Initiative and Pakistan German Business Forum. He is also a Member of Board of Governors of National Management Foundation, the parent body of Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS). He is also representing ABL at Pakistan Business Council and is Industry Co-Chair Banking Sector of NUST Corporate Advisory Council (CAC) as well as Senior Fellow at Global Think Tank Network (GTTN).



Sheikh **Mukhtar Ahmad**

Non-Executive Sponsor Director

He started his business career immediately after migrating from India at the time of independence of Pakistan in 1947 and contributed to the industrial and business growth of Pakistan through his entrepreneurship skills and business acumen. He has over 57 years of experience in establishing and successfully managing various industrial and financial companies. He has been on the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited since 2005 and is a "Certified Director" from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. He is also Chairman of the Board of Directors of M/s. Ibrahim Fibres Limited. Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt.) Limited, Ibrahim Agencies (Pvt.) Limited and ABL Asset Management Company Limited.



Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar

Non-Executive Sponsor Director

He is MBA from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business, Illinois, USA. He also holds a Master's degree in Total Quality Management (TQM) from University of Glamorgan, Wales, UK, and has 21 years of diversified experience of Finance, IT and Industry. His strategic guidance played a vital role in technological up-gradation of the Bank. He has been on the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited since 2004 and is a "Certified Director" from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. He is also Director on the Boards of M/s. Ibrahim Fibres Limited, Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt.) Limited, Ibrahim Agencies (Pvt.) Limited, ABL Asset Management Company Limited and Arabian Sea Country Club.



Abdul **Aziz Khan**

Non-Executive Director

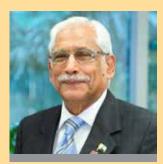
He has enriched and diversified experience of more than 55 years in the fields of General Banking, Credit, Lease Finance, Business Development and Administration including 9 years of international banking, holding key positions abroad. He also remained CEO of M/s. Ibrahim Leasing for 11 years. He is on the Board of Allied Bank Limited since 2004.



Zafar Igbal

Independent Director

He has 33 years' experience in senior management positions in financial and power generation sector. He was the Managing Director/ CEO of Pak Oman Investment Company Limited, a DFI owned jointly by the Governments of Pakistan and Sultanate of Oman. During his 8 years stay at Pak Oman he led the company in becoming the leading DFI in its peer group. Over the past 26 years, he has served on the Boards of number of listed and non-listed companies and financial institutions. He is a Fellow member of Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales (ICAEW) and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP). He is a "Certified Director" from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. He specialized in Investment Banking, Corporate Finance, Capital Markets, Leasing, Aircraft Financing and Energy & Power Generation. Presently, he is associated in advisory business and extensively travels within Middle East, South Asia, Europe and North America for business negotiation. He is on the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited since August 2015.



Dr. Muhammad **Akram Sheikh**

Independent Director

Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh (Hilale-Imtiaz) has over 53 years of work experience in the public and private sectors. He has founded Global Think Tank Network (GTTN) and currently chairs its Board of Directors. He is also Director on the Boards of Quality School Foundation and Tricon Boston Consulting (Pvt.) Limited (a 100% subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - STML).

He has held prestigious senior positions including Federal Minister/Head of Planning Commission, Federal Secretary of the Ministries of Communication, Water & Power and Industries & Production, Managing Director and Chairman of some of the largest public sector industrial establishments. During the period from 1998 to 2008, he also spearheaded many strategic policy initiatives including Medium Term **Development Framework** and Vision 2030 which lays down strategic directions for the future of the Country. He is on the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited since February 2015.



Nazrat **Bashir**

Independent Director

Ms. Nazrat Bashir belongs to Pakistan Administrative Service. She retired in BPS-22 from the government Service. Her academic qualifications are Master's in Economics from New York University, USA and Master's in Psychology from University of Peshawar. She is a Certified Director from the PICG.

Ms. Bashir has over 35 years of diversified civil service experience to her credit. During her career she served in different Ministries. She remained Additional Finance Secretary, Internal Finance, Finance Division, Government of Pakistan, Managing Director, Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) and Senior Advisor, Wafaqi Mohtasib Secretariat. She also held directorship in various Government and Semi Government Organizations and attended numerous Conferences, Workshops, Seminars in Pakistan and abroad. She is on the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited since August 2018.

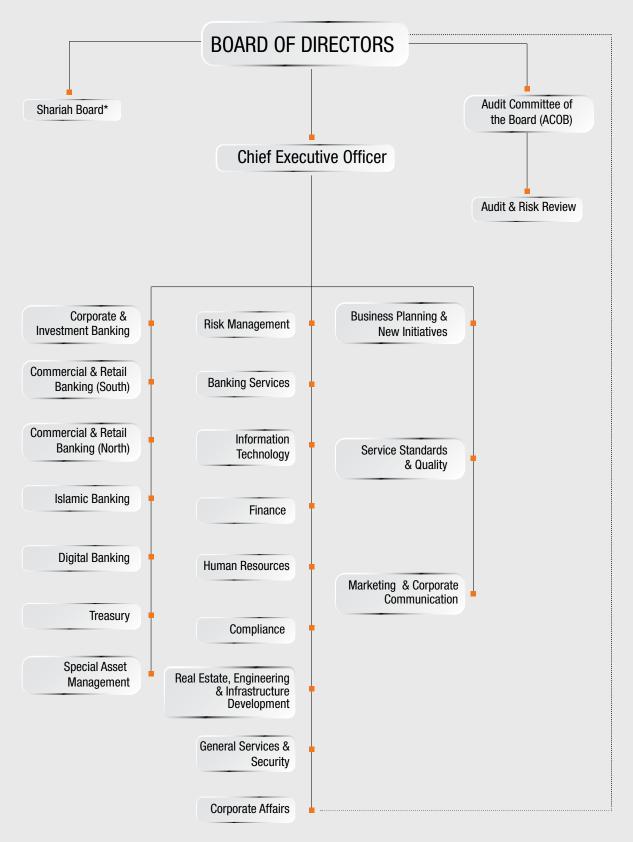


Tahir Hassan Qureshi

Chief Executive Officer

He is a seasoned professional banker and Fellow member (FCA) of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) with a diversified experience of more than 30 years including over 25 years of experience in the banking industry where he has held senior management positions. He has served on various Committees of the ICAP and Pakistan Banks' Association. Before Joining Allied Bank Limited he held senior management positions in The Bank of Punjab, Habib Bank Limited and MCB Bank Ltd. He joined Allied Bank Limited in 2008 and served as Chief, Audit & Risk Review (A&RR), Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer (COO). Apart from attending various seminars and conferences locally and internationally, he also represented Allied Bank Limited on World Economic Forum's annual meetings of the New Champions. He is "Certified Director" from the ICAP and is Bank's nominee on the Board of Directors of Habib Allied Holding Limited - UK, ABL Asset Management Company Limited, Council of the Institute of Bankers Pakistan. He is a lifetime fellow member of Institute of Bankers Pakistan and representative of the Bank at Management Association of Pakistan and Pakistan Business Council.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE



^{*} Independent Shariah Board oversees Islamic banking operations



MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES



01

Asset Liability Committee (ALCO)



Risk Management and Compliance Committee (RMCC)



Pair Treatment of Customers Committee (FTC)



- 1.1 IT Steering Committee (ITSC)
- 1.2 Human Resource Committee (HRC)
 - 1.2.1 Central Administrative Action Committee (CAAC)

OUR VALUE CREATION BUSINESS MODEL

OUR CAPITALS - Inputs



Financial

• Equity - Tier 1 84.228 million 107,305 million • Total Equity 984,475 million • Deposits



Manufactured

• Domestic & Foreign Branches 1,345 • ATM Network 1,388 • Core IT Systems 96

• Other Fixed Assets



Human Capital

• Female Employees 1,850 9,356 • Male Employees • Total Number of Employees 11,206 • Total Number of Graduates 10,306 • Management Development Centers 3

• Culture of Empathy



Social And Relationship Capital

- Depositors
- Obligors
- Community Service (CSR)
- Strong Social Media Presence
- Robust Complaint Handling Mechanism



Intellectual Capital

- 10 Year Strategic Rolling Plan
 - Strong IT Platform
 - Robust Risk Management (RAMS)
 - Comprehensive Compliance Framework
 - Detailed Policies & Procedures
 - Competent Management



Natural Capital

• Solar Branches 58 Inverters 817

- Green Banking Initiatives
- Compliance to Environmental Laws

ACTIVITIES

Enrichment of Customer Experiencee

Generate NIM on earning Assets/ Liabilities

Facilitate Payments and Transactions-Conventional & Digital

SUPPORTED BY HIGH STANDARDS OF GOVERNANCE

Risk Management to balance Risk and Reward

Maintain, optimise and invest in operations, including technology, infrastructure and regulatory compliance

FINAN INTERME Pay taxes in the jurisdictions in which we operate Reward performance and invest in attracting, developing and retaining quality staff Collboration & Alliances

DIATION

Creating Value For Our Stakeholders



Shareholders

• 4th Largest Bank

Rs. 21,016 million • Profit Befiore Tax Rs. 12,881 million • Profit After Tax

• Earning per Share Rs. 11.25 • Full-year dividend per share Rs 8 • Return on Equity (Tier 1) 16%

1% • Return on Assets



Customers

• Advances Growth +18% • Deposits Mobilization +11% • Non Performing Loans Reduction -11% • CASA Mix +4% • Customer Onboarding (Approx) 650,000+ • Customer Complaint Resolutions 98% • Customer Awareness Sessions 324 • myABL Registered Users (Approx) 290,000+ • No. of Debit Cards issued (Approx) 400.000+ • ATM Uptime 96% • Digital Transactions +14% 6,032,454

• Corporate Website Visits • Social Media Fans

879,143

Employees

• Salaries and Benefits Rs. 12,370 millilon • Female Representation • Employee Retention Ratio 94% 806 • Training Programs • Employees Trained in Service 10,034 • Total Investmeet in Employee Trainings Rs. 102 million

Regulators / Rating Agencies

 Long Term Rating AAA • Short Term Rating A1+ • Corporate Governance CGR 9+

• Compliance with all Regulatory and Taxation requirements



Society

 Contribution to Local Society Rs. 15,619 million Customer Relations Rs. 749 million • Improving Workplace Environment Rs. 471 million • Environmental Sustainabilty Rs. 140 million

KEY OPERATIONAL MILESTONES 2018

In house - Innovation Lab	S
Launch of Pakistan's 1st 24/7 Digital (Automated Robotic) Lockers	
Launch of Biometric ATM Service "Be Smart Go Cardless"	Α
Launch of Interactive Teller Machine	
Launch of Mobile ATM Service	
Installation of anti-skimming devices in ATMs	
Upgrade of ATM network with EMV compliance	ΑŢ
Launch of myABL FonePay Apps for iOS & Android	Ž Z
Launch of Branch POS Facility in Selected ABL Branches	
Phased Installation of Digital Signage to replace conventional notice boards in Branches	S
Launch of E-Dividend Processing Mechanism for shareholders	
Launch of FBR Taxes/Payments facility through Digital Banking Channels.	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION INITIATIV
Agreement with IBM for Implementation of Big Data	Į₹,
ABL Signed Contract with FetchSky Technologies for Peekaboo Connect Data Services	
First Ever PayPak-UnionPay Co-Badged Card Agreement Signed Between Allied Bank and 1Link	
T24 Release Upgrade to R16	
Launch of Allied Youth & Senior Citizen's Account	
Opening of 1,300th Domestic Branch	
Allied Bank Ranked among Top 3 Primary Dealers	
Full Day Banking Operations from Disaster Recovery Site	
Development of Green Banking Policy	

FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2018	
1st Quarter results issued on	April 25, 2018
2nd Quarter results issued on	August 09, 2018
3rd Quarter results issued on	October 24, 2018
Recommendation of Annual Results by the BOD	February 13, 2019
73rd AGM scheduled for approval of Annual Results	March 28, 2019

OPENING OF INNOVATION LAB











DIRECTOR'S **REPORT**

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Annual Report of Your Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018. The operating results and appropriations, as recommended by the Board are included in the appended table:

	Year en	Year ended December 31,	
	2018	2017	Growth
	Rs. In Million		%
Profit after tax for the year	12,881	12,734	1
Accumulated profits brought forward	49,212	46,490	6
Effect of re-measurement of defined benefit plans - net of tax	455	-966	147
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets			
to un-appropriated profit - net of tax	112	55	104
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets			
to un-appropriated profit - net of tax	3	188	-98
Profit available for appropriation	62,663	58,501	4%
Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 at Rs. 1.75 per share (2017:			
Year ended December 31, 2016 at Rs. 1.75 per share)	-2,004	-2,004	-
First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at			
Rs. 2 per share (2017: Year ended December 31, 2017 at Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	-2,290	-2,004	14
Second interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at Rs. 2 per share (2017:			
Year ended December 31, 2017 at Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	-2,290	-2,004	14
Third interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at			
Rs. 2 per share (2017: Year ended December 31, 2017 at Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	-2,290	-2,004	14
Transfer to statutory Reserves	-1,288	-1,273	1
Accumulated profits carried forward	52,501	49,212	7
Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Rs.)	11.25	11.12	1

The Board of Directors has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 2 per share (aggregate cash dividend of Rs. 8 per share including interim dividends). This, together with the interim dividends declared during 2018, will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Macroeconomic Developments 2018

Pakistan's economic growth trajectory remained on the positive track, with Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rising by a healthy 5.8% in FY2017-18. This momentum was sustained by strong growth in Agriculture, continued expansion by Services sector and Large-Scale Manufacturing (LSM).

Industrial activity posted marginal uptick during the year under review, driven by improved energy supply, strong domestic demand, higher fiscal spending and favorable business sentiments.

Going forward, policy measures such as monetary tightening, exchange rate depreciation and changes in import and custom duties are likely to weigh in on domestic demand. Optimization of development spending together with

additional revenue measures are likely to assist in containing fiscal deficit.

Moreover, the support from 'Friends of Pakistan' especially KSA, UAE, China, is expected to reduce the pressure on the foreign exchange reserves in the short term. The country has to seek another bailout under a new IMF program, as it is only long-term window to manage the pressure on current account.

The aforementioned measures to curtail twin deficits is expected to fuel inflationary pressures, thereby affecting growth prospects. In this background, SBP as per its latest projections, is forecasting real GDP growth to adjust downwards to 4% against government's target of 6.2%. similar to IMF Projections at 4% during FY2018-19, with inflation breaching annual target of 6.0% (SBP latest Projection: 6.5% - 7.5%).

State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) accordingly adopted a Monetary Policy (MP) tightening stance, as the Policy Rate was increased by 425 bps to 10% by November 2018, which has further increased by 25 bps in January 2019.

Despite the rising interest rate scenario, the main challenge of immediate repricing on the liability side while staggered re-pricing on the asset side continued to put pressure on the growth in Net Interest Margins (NIM).

Similarly, the rising cost of doing business, new regulatory levies, heightened compliance related costs along with extra ordinary costs with reference to retirement benefits kept the pressure on the operating environment and bottom line of the banking sector.

Overall industry advances rose to Rs.7,888 billion at end December 2018

as compared to Rs.6,530 billion recorded in the last December, posting an increase of 21%. While industry deposits accumulated to Rs. 13,354 billion at end December 2018 as compared to Rs. 12,362 billion in December2017; registering a growth of 8%, being lowest in a decade.

Banking sector investments closed at Rs.7,583 billion at end December 2018 as compared to Rs.8,542 at the end of corresponding year; posting a decline of 11%.

Total assets of the banking sector amounted to Rs. 18.547 billion as at December 31, 2018 as compared to Rs. 17,594 billion as at December 31, 2017, posting a 5% increase.

In view of the waning economic growth in medium term, banking sector sustainable future entails with higher focus on customer onboarding by offering customer centric innovative products and services, higher level of service quality, augmented technology platforms, robust risk management and compliance framework along with simultaneous focus on data governance, management information systems and cyber security.

It is imperative for the Banking Sector to manage hybrid banking business model comprising of digital and conventional banking services in harmony to cater for financial inclusion while facilitating in meeting the growing digital banking needs of the urban banked populations.

Financial Performance

In light of evolving macro- economic situation and to ensure stability, the benchmark Policy Rate was increased gradually by 425 bps in absolute terms during the year, while on average the increase in rates was 136 bps as compared to 2017.

At the same time banking industry witnessed challenging business environment stemming from rising cost of doing business, currency devaluation amidst increasing regulatory requirements with higher focus on compliance.

Despite the aforementioned challenging circumstances, Your Bank continued to follow strategy of sustainable growth by focusing on further strengthening risk and compliance management; offering digital



banking products to enhance customer experience; optimizing operating efficiency by using technology-based solutions and intensifying capacity to ensure diversification in asset mix and innovative service offerings to earn fund based and fee-based revenues.

Volumetric growth in average earning assets, particularly advances, along with effective mix of shorter tenor investments in a rising interest rate scenario duly enabled Your Bank to post a higher gross mark-up income by Rs.7,565 million, up 12% over last year.

In-spite of volumetric growth in deposits with immediate re-pricing upon each policy rate change, gross mark-up expense growth curtailed to Rs.7,028

As a result, Your Bank posted net markup income of Rs.32,115 million against Rs.31,578 million in 2017, reflecting a growth of 2%.

In view of the squeezing interest margins, management made concerted efforts towards generating Non-mark-up income, which increased by Rs. 2,577 million or 30% against 2017 to close at Rs.11,289 million.

The realized gains on sale of securities, increased by Rs.1,741 million to close at Rs. 2,382 million for the year as against

Rs. 641 million in 2017. Your Bank's timely diversification from the fixed rate bond portfolio in the first quarter mitigated the embedded mark to market loss risk in view of the subsequent interest rate hikes during the year.

The prudent positioning and management of Bank's foreign exchange (FX) assets and liabilities has enabled Your Bank to post a healthy FX income of Rs.1,504 million as against Rs.762 million in 2017, posting a growth of 97%.

In order to augment the fee-based income, various initiatives undertaken by Your Bank during the year under review, started yielding results; thereby fee and commission income posted an increase of 11% and amounted to Rs.4,360 million as against Rs. 3,917 million in 2017.

Your Bank continued to maintain blue-chip equity portfolio, resulting into sizeable dividend income of Rs.2,791 million despite lower dividend payouts from IPPs due to liquidity constraints.

During the year under review Your Bank continued to optimize operating costs by implementing technology-based solutions despite accounting for the significant impacts of new and ongoing compliance related regulatory charges, additional costs emanating from retirement benefits and outreach expansion.

DIRECTOR'S **REPORT**

Branch network of Your Bank has increased to 1,345 branches including 1,228 conventional and 117 Islamic banking branches across Pakistan, while concurrent focus on expanding ATM network was maintained, which has increased to 1,388 locations including 305 off-site ATMs as at December 31, 2018.

Supreme Court of Pakistan vide order dated November 10, 2016 held that the amendments made in the law through Finance Act 2008, introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Worker Welfare Fund (WWF) were not lawful. Federal Board of Revenue filed review petition against the subject order, which is currently pending for adjudication.

However, based on the above referred order and legal opinion of the Bank's tax consultant, Your Bank has conservatively reversed the cumulative provision against WWF from January 2008 to December 2013; before the levy of WWF by a Provincial Government, which is under litigation.

Resultantly, the total non-mark-up expenses of Your Bank has increased by 6% to close at Rs.23,306 million.

Under the Suo Moto case SMC No. 20/2016 the Honourable Supreme Court had taken up the matter relating to pension arrangements of privatized banks.

The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan concluded the Suo Moto case on February 13, 2018, by using judicial discretion and fixed the minimum pension and indexation levels for eligible staff, on humanitarian grounds.

In view of the underlying judgement, the Bank under the guidance of legal counsel, has booked the related past service cost based on an annual actuarial valuation.

Profit before tax of Rs. 21,016 million earned by Your Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 as compared to Rs.20,879 million in 2017.

Super Tax, which was initially levied vide Finance Act 2015, continued for the year. Resultantly effective tax rate stood at 39%.

The Bank posted profit after tax of Rs. 12,881 million as against Rs. 12,734 million in 2017. Resultantly the EPS of Your Bank has stood at Rs.11.25 per share as compared to 11.12 per share in 2017. While Return on Assets (ROA) and Return on Equity (ROE) have stood at 1% and 16% respectively as at December 31, 2108.

Owing to continuous growth in informal business activities and reduction in Government borrowings from banking sector, total assets of banking industry witnessed growth of 5%; whereas total assets of Your Bank increased by 8% to close at Rs.1,351 billion as at December 31, 2018.

The major contribution in total assets included increase of Rs 66,281 million in advances, which posted a growth of 18% and stood at Rs. 438,319 million during the year under review. As a result, the ADR of Your Bank has increased to 46%.

Lendings to financial institutions increased by Rs 45,091 million to close at Rs.53,786 million while there was a net decrease in total investments by Rs 26,854 million, which stood at Rs.671,228 million as at December 31, 2018.

Investment mix continued to shift from long-term PIBs to the short-term MTBs during the year in the wake of rising interest rate scenario. Resultantly investment to deposit ratio has declined by 11% as compared to last year.

Continued focus on recovery efforts has assisted in reducing Non-Performing Advances by Rs. 1,987 million to close at Rs.16,065 million, thereby infection ratio fell by 1% to close at 3.7% while coverage ratio improved to 96.7%.

Provision against Non-Performing Loans has stood at Rs 15,533 million as at December 31, 2018, while no FSV benefit of underlying collateral has been taken while determining the provision against Non-Performing Advances as allowed under guidelines of the State Bank of Pakistan.

On the liabilities side, the deposit base of Your Bank has registered a healthy increase of Rs 100,734 million and stood at Rs.984,475 million, indicative of a double-digit growth of 11% from the year 2017; well above the industry's deposits, which grew by 8%.

The Bank continued its focus on increasing no cost deposits, with 15% growth in Non-remunerative current deposits which closed at Rs. 363,639 million. Resultantly, CASA deposit mix has improved to 82% as at December 31, 2018 from 78% as at December 31, 2017.

The Bank's Equity base stood at Rs. 107,305 million. Your Bank's Capital Adequacy ratio (CAR) has also stood well above the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan. The standalone and consolidated CAR under Basel III has stood at 22.23% and 22.05% respectively.

Common Equity Tier ratio (CET) and Tier 1 ratio (CET1) have stood at 17.34% as against the requirement of 6.0% and 7.5% respectively; clearly depicting a well-capitalized position of Your Bank.

Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors manages risk through a framework of sound risk principles which include establishment of risk tolerance limits, identification of potential risks, assessment of their impact on the Bank and formulation of strategies to mitigate all foreseeable risks to the Bank while ensuring continuous monitoring.

Risk mitigating strategies were recommended and monitored through Board of Directors' sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" (BRMC). Management sub-committees "Risk Management Committee" (RMC) and "Asset and Liability Committee" (ALCO) ensuring effective risk management. Summarized Risk and related mitigating factors are covered in annexed Risk and Opportunity Report.

The Risk Management Group (RMG) is mandated to implement this framework as a function independent of commercial lines of business, working under the oversight of BRMC.

RMG took following major initiatives in 2018 to further strengthen the risk management framework:

Owing to Small and Medium
 Enterprises economic significance and in light of SBP's initiative to promote SME financing, ABL participated in Innovative Challenge Fund (ICF3)

 "Transforming SME Financing,



Innovative Credit Scoring Model of SMEs" launched by Karandaaz Pakistan (a non-profit organization) and got selected as a Partner for this project. This project will not only help us in fulfilling our social responsibility of financial inclusion while simultaneously creating business opportunities for the Bank.

- In compliance with SBP directives. the Bank has carried out a detailed quantitative and qualitative impact analysis exercise for the adoption of IFRS-9 on Annual Financial statement of the year 2017. Implementation of IFRS-9 may develop a comprehensive forward-looking approach and a fundamental shift in provisioning from incurred loss model to expected loss model, however, we believe that implementation of IFRS-9 in Pakistan involves considerable challenges in terms of relevance to on-ground realities, regulatory oversight and review of existing well- defined Prudential Regulations.
- Implemented BASEL Capital calculation module of Oracle Risk Management Solution. Through this automated system, the Bank has automated the calculation of Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR). This module also provides dashboard for analytical views about CAR movements.
- The Bank has acquired Bench Matrix Solution for Operational and Compliance Risk Management. This system shall enable the bank to automate various functions pertaining to Operational and Compliance risk management as per best practices in the field.
- In continuance of Bank's distinctive initiative of engaging with the obligors to provide them with latest insight on business management and strategies: two interactive seminars for corporate, commercial & SME obligors on the topic "Transition from Family Owned Business Structure to Corporate Structure" were organized during 2018.

The Bank devotes considerable resources in managing the risks to which it is exposed. The momentum attained thus far will be continued in the future through significant investments in human resources, training and technology.

The Bank has also revamped its remuneration policy by introducing risk-based compensation mechanism as stipulated under "Guidelines on Remuneration Practices" by SBP.

Chief Executive Officer's Review

The Board of Directors fully endorses the Chief Executive Officer's Review on the Bank's operational performance for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Statement of Internal Control.

The Board is pleased to endorse the statement made by management relating to internal controls including management's evaluation of ICFR. The Management's Statement on Internal Control is included in the Annual Report.

DIRECTOR'S **REPORT**



Corporate Sustainability

The Board is pleased to endorse the Corporate Sustainability initiatives taken by Your Bank, as disclosed separately in the Annual Report.

Entity Rating

Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) upgraded Bank's long-term rating from "AA+" (Double A Plus) to "AAA" (Triple A) during the year and maintained the already highest short-term rating of "A1+" (A One Plus). These ratings indicate a very high credit quality.

Corporate Governance Rating

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company
Limited re-affirmed Allied Bank's
Corporate Governance Rating of
'CGR-9+'. The rating indicates a 'high
level of corporate governance'; thus,
depicting a strong commitment towards
governance framework by the Board and
Management of Your Bank. JCR-VIS
has noted that Human Resource and
Remuneration Committee be chaired
by an independent director as per
Listed Companies (Code of Corporate
Governance) Regulations 2017, which is
currently being headed by non-executive
director.

Board of Directors

The profile of all Board members is disclosed separately in the Annual

Report's section related to Corporate Profile.

Composition of the Board of Directors is specified in "Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance, While Composition of Board committees is also disclosed separately in the Annual Report.

Non-executive directors including independent directors excluding those who have opted not to receive meeting fee, are paid a reasonable and appropriate remuneration for attending the Board and/or its committee meetings which is disclosed in the Financial Statements note 39.

This remuneration is not at a level that could be perceived to compromise independence. No fee is paid to the directors who do not attend a meeting. Similarly, fee is not paid for the proposals considered through circulation.

Performance evaluation Mechanism for the Board

The Board of Directors (BOD), while ensuring regulatory compliance, is also vested with fiduciary responsibility on behalf of the shareholders to protect Bank's interests, provide strategic direction and monitor the execution of strategic objectives.

The Companies Act 2017, Banking Companies Ordinance 1962, SBP's Prudential Regulations and Code of Corporate Governance (The Code) describes the role of Board of Directors along with its responsibilities and functions.

To comply with the requirement of Code, the Board, in the year 2014, put in place an effective mechanism for Board Evaluation.

Subsequently, SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 11 dated August 22, 2016, issued detailed Guidelines on Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors. As per these Guidelines, Board decided to opt for in-house approach with quantitative techniques and evaluation by an external independent evaluator every three years.

The Bank has evaluated the performance of the overall Board as per the following categories:

- Chairman.
- II. Overall Board of Directors
- III. Sponsor Directors.
- IV. Independent Directors.
- V. Individual Directors (other than Chairman, Sponsors, Independent Directors and CEO).
- VI. Board of Directors' Committees.
- VII. Chief Executive Officer.

As per the approved mechanism, the responses/ feedback from the directors on each of the above-mentioned categories (except Chairman) is compiled and submitted to the Chairman. The Chairman discusses the results/findings with each individual Board member. The authorized independent director communicates the feedback in respect of the Chairman for incorporation in the consolidated performance report.

Messrs. Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants were engaged during the year as an independent evaluator to issue a formal report covering following areas:

- l. Board's structure and composition
- II. Board's role and responsibilities
- III. Board's processes.
- IV. Board's committees' organization and process
- V. Board's compensation
- VI. Potential Boards' development needs
- VII. Overall Board's effectiveness
- VIII. Chief executive Officer oversight

The Independent evaluation is placed before the Board of Directors for review and consideration.

During the year, the election of directors was held on August 27, 2018. Accordingly, the Board composition was changed as Mr. Mubashir A. Akhtar, a non-executive director, retired. He remained associated with the Bank since 2006 and we sincerely thank Mr. Mubashir on behalf of the Board for his valuable contribution and guidance during his tenure.

The Board of Directors welcomes Ms. Nazrat Bashir on the Board as an independent female director. She is Masters in Economics from New York University, USA and Certified Director from the PICG.

She has over 35 years of diversified civil service experience to her credit. During her career, she served in different ministries of the Government of Pakistan including Managing Director, Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) and Senior Advisor, Wafaqi Mohtasib Secretariat. She also held directorship in various Government and Semi Government Organizations and attended numerous Conferences, Workshops, Seminars in Pakistan and abroad

After the election, the Bank stands compliant with COCG Chapter II Clause 7 requirement, which required presence of at least one female director on the Board.

Auditors

The present auditors Messrs. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment.

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has recommended Messrs. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, as statutory auditors for the

Pattern of Shareholding

Pattern of Shareholding, is annexed.

Events after the Balance Sheet date

Federal Government vide Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Bill, 2019 (Bill) dated January 23, 2019, has proposed to amend rate of Super Tax for Banks for Tax Year 2018 (Accounting Year ended 31 December, 2017) from "0%" to "4%". As a result, the proposed implementation shall result in a retrospective levy. The Pakistan Banking Association has made representation to withdraw proposed amendment. The proposed bill would take effect only upon approval by the Parliament.

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of this new proposed levy, which would

be accounted for in the year ending December 31, 2019 as prior year tax charge; if the proposed bill is approved by the Parliament.

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board and the Management, we would like to place on record our gratitude to esteemed shareholders and valuable customers for their continued commitment with Allied Bank Limited; Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, State Bank of Pakistan and other regulatory authorities for their guidance and assistance. We would also like to recognize the commitment and devotion of our colleagues towards the advancement and growth of the Bank.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Chief Executive Officer

Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Chairman Board of Directors

Faisalabad February 13, 2019

ڈائر یکٹرز جائزہ رپورٹ

1016 1000 pg

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے میں آپ کے بنک کے 31 دسمبر 2018 کو اختتام پذیر ہونے والے سال کی سالاندر پورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے نہایت مسرت محسوں کررہا ہوں۔ بورڈ کی طرف سے سفارش کردہ کاروباری نتائج اور تخصیص مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

3 وتمبر	ختيام 1	سال پيا
/.) 3	1 (6	

	7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	2018	2017	اضافه فی صد%
	ملين روپي		
ىنافع بعدازئيس	12,881	12,734	1
گزشته جمع شده منافع	49,212	46,490	6
تعین شده مفید منصوبوں کی تشخیصِ ثانی کے اثرات _خالص از کیکس	455	(966)	147
إئيدار اثا ثاجات كى قدرو بيائش سے منتقلى ۔خالص از نيكس	112	55	104
غیر بنکنگ ا ٹا ٹاجات کی قدرو پیائش سے غیر مخصیص شدہ کو منتقلی ۔خالص از ٹیس	3	188	(98)
ضرف کے لیے دستیاب منافع	62,663	58,501	4
حتى كيش ڈيوڈينڈ برائے سال مختمہ 31 دىمبر 2017	(2,004)	(2,004)	-
جساب 1.75روپے فی عام خصص (2017: سال مختنبہ 31 دسمبر 2016 - 1.75روپے فی عام خصص)			
ہبلا عبوری کیش ڈیوڈینڈ ہرائے سال مختتمہ 31 دعمبر 2018	(2,290)	(2,004)	14
جساب 2 روپے فی عام صفص (2017: سال مختتم 31 وتمبر 2017 - 1.75روپے فی حصص)			
ومراعبوری کیش ڈیوڈ بیڈ برائے سال مختتمہ 31 دیمبر 2018	(2,290)	(2,004)	14
بحساب 2 روپ فی عام خصص (2017: سال مختتم 31 وتمبر 2017 - 1.75روپ فی خصص)			
نیسرا عبوری کیش ڈیوڈینڈ برائے سال مختتمہ 31 دیمبر 2018	(2,290)	(2,004)	14
بحساب 2 روپے فی عام خصص (2017: سال مختتمہ 31 دسمبر 2017 - 1.75روپے فی خصص)			
نسوابطی ریز رومین منتقلی	(1,288)	(1,273)	1
ٱ گے نتقل کیا گیا جمع شدہ منافع	52,501	49,212	7
چ حصص آمدنی (EPS)روپ	11.25	11.12	1

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 2 روپ فی شیئر کا فائنل کیش ڈیویٹہ تجویز کیا ہے۔ (مجموق کیش ڈیویٹہ ینڈ 8روپ فی شیئر بشمول عبوری ڈیویٹہ ینڈز) اس تجویز اور سال 2018 کے دیگر مجوزہ ڈیویٹہ ینڈز کی منظوری آنے والی سالانہ جزل میٹنگ (عام اجلاس) میں دی جائے گی۔

عردا کواکس ادفاء 2018ء:

پاکستان کی معاشی ترقی میں مالی سال 18-2017 کے دوران مجموعی داخلی پیدادار (گراس ڈومیسٹک پراڈکٹس) جی ڈی پی میں 5.8 فیصد کی بڑھتی ہوئی مضبوط نمو کے

باعث شبت رجمان برقرار ہے۔اس معیار حرکت کا حصول زرعی شعبہ میں توانا ترقی اوراس کے ساتھ خدمات کے شعبہ اور بڑے پیانے کی صنعت میں جاری وسعت کی بدولت حاصل ہوا ہے۔

صنعتی شعبہ میں بھی اس زیر تجربہ عرصہ کے دوران توانائی کی بہتر ہوتی رسد، مضبوط داخلی طلب، زیادہ اخراجات اور موافق کاروباری ماحول کے باعث قدر ہے بہتری ہوئی۔ مستقبل میں آگے بڑھتے ہوئے، چند پالیسی اقدامات جیسا کہ مالیاتی انضباط، شرح تباولہ میں تنزلی اور درآ مدات اور کشم ڈیوٹی میں تبدیلی کے ذریعہ اندرونی طلب پراٹر انداز ہونے کی ڈیوٹی میں تبدیلی کے ذریعہ اندرونی طلب پراٹر انداز ہونے کی

توقع ہے۔ ترقیاتی اخراجات کا بہترین استعال اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ آ مدنی کے اضافی ذرائع کے حصول کیلئے کئے گئے اقدامات کی بدولت ، مالیاتی خسارہ کو کم کرنے میں مدول عمق ہے۔

مزید برال پاکتان کے دوست ممالک خصوصاً سعودی عرب، متحدہ عرب امارات اور چین کی جانب سے تعاون کے باعث غیر ملکی زر مبادلہ کے ذخائر پر قلیل مدت میں دباؤ کم ہونے کی قوی امید ہے۔ ملک کوآئی ایم ایف (بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ) کے ایک نئے پروگرام کے ذریعہ بیل آؤٹ جیکے ملکئے رجوع کرنا پڑے گا جو کہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ پردباؤ کا انتظام

کرنے کی واحداور دیریا سہولت ہے۔

دہرےخسارہ کوکم کرنے کے لیے مندرجہ بالااقدامات کے باعث افراط زر کے دباؤ میں مزیداضا فی بھی متوقع ہے جو کہ معاشی ترقی کی امید پر بھی اثر انداز ہوسکتا ہے۔ ان معاملات کے پیش نظر اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکتان نے اپنی حالیہ پیش درازی میں حکومت کے 6.2 فیصد کے بدف کے مقابلہ میں جی ڈی پی کی نمو میں تحفیف کرتے ہوئے 4 فیصد کی شرح کی توقع کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ 4 فیصد کی پیشرح، مالی سال 19-2018 کے لئے آئی ایم ایف کی متوقع شرح نموسے مطابقت رکھتی ہے۔جس کے ساتھ افراط زر کی نثر ح بھی اینے سالانہ بدف سے انحاف کرتے ہوئے 6 فیصد پرتعین ك كي ب (الليك بينك آف ياكتان كي توقع 6.5 فيصد سے 7.5 فیصد ہے)۔ چنانچ اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان نے مالیاتی پالیسی کے کڑے بیانیہ کو اختیار کیا ہے اور پالیسی ريث كو نومبر 2018 مين 425 ني ليالين تك برهاكر 10 فیصد بر کر دیاہے۔ جبکہ جنوری 2019ء میں اس میں مزید 25 بی بی ایس کا اضافہ کیا گیاہے۔

شرح سود میں بر هوتی کے رجحان کے باوجود، واجبات کی قدر و قیت کی فوری اور دوبارہ تشخیص اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ اثاثہ جات کی قدرو پائش میں اتار چڑھاؤ کی بدولت،خالص انٹرسٹ مارجنزی نمو پر دباؤ برقرار ہے۔ اسی طرح کاروبار کرنے کی لاگت میں اضافہ، نئے ضوابطگی محصولات، بڑھتی ہوئی تعمیلی لاگت اور اس کے ساتھ ریٹائرمنٹ کے فوائد سے متعلقہ اخراجات میں غیر معمولی اضافہ نے بینکنگ کے شعبہ کی کارکردگی کے ماحول اور منفعت کومتاثر کیاہے۔

مجموعی طور برصنعت کے قرضہ جات گزشتہ سمبر میں ریکار ڈ کئے گئے 6,530 بلین روپے کے حجم کی نسبت وسمبر 2018 كاختام تك 7,888 بلين روية تك برط گئے اوراس طرح 21 فیصد کا اضافہ درج کیا گیاہے۔ جبکہ صنعت کے مجموعی ڈیپازٹس دیمبر 2017ء کے 12,362 بلین رویے کے جم سے 8 فیصد کی بڑھوتی (جو کہ گزشتہ دیں سال میں کم ترین ہے) کے ساتھ دسمبر 2018 کے اختیام

تک 13,354 بلین رویے کی سطح پر جا پہنچے ہیں۔

بینکنگ کے شعبہ کی سر مایہ کاری کا جم گزشتہ تقابلی سال کی 8,542 بلین رویے کی سطح میں 11 فیصد کی کی کے ساتھ دسمبر 2018 اختتام تک 7,583 بلین رویے رہا۔ بینکنگ کے شعبہ کے کل اثاثہ جات 31 دسمبر 2017ء کے 17,594 بلين رويے كے مقابله ميں 5 فيصد كے اضافه كساتھ 31 دسمبر 2018 تك 18,547 بلين روپے تك جاينيجـ

درمیانی مدت میں کمزور معاشی ترقی کے تناظر میں بینکنگ کے شعبہ کے پائیدارمتنقبل کا دارومدار صارفین کے مزاج اور ضروریات برمنحصر جدید مصنوعات اور خدمات کی فراہمی،خدمات کے اعلیٰ ترین معیار،ٹیکنالوجی سے مزین سہولیات، خدشات کے تدراک کامضبوط نظام اورتعمیلی طریقه کار جیسے عوامل پراپنی زیادہ تر توجہ مرکوز کرنے پر ہے۔ اسی کے ساتھ اعداد و شار کی نگرانی ، انتظامی معلومات کا نظام اور سائبرسکیورٹی جیسے دیگر معاملات پر بھی بینک کی برونت توجہ کی ضرورت ہے۔

بینکنگ کے شعبہ کو ایک مخلوط بینکنگ کے کاروبار کے فروغ کی ناگز برضرورت ہے۔جس میں روایتی اور ڈیجیٹل بینکنگ خدمات کی آمیزیش ہو۔جو بینکاری ہے محروم افراد کی مالی شمولیت کے ساتھ بڑھتی ہوئی ڈیجیٹل بینکنگ کی ضرورت کو بوراکرنے میں مددگاراورہم آہنگ ہو۔

مالياتي كاركردگي:

سال کے دوران کلاں معاشی صورتحال کے ارتکاء کے تناظر میں اوراس کے استحکام کویقینی بنانے کیلئے بنیادی پالیسی ريك مين 425 تى تى ايس كابتدري اضافه كيا كيا جبكه سال 2017 كے مقابلہ ميں ريث كااوسطاضا فيہ 136 لى بي ايس

اسی اثناء میں بینکنگ کی صنعت کو کاروبار کرنے کی لاگت میں اضافہ اور کرنسی کی تنزلی جیسے عوامل کے باعث ایک مشکل کار وباری ماحول کاسامنا رہا، مبادایی کہ اضافی ضوابطی مطلوبات اوراس کے ساتھ قبیل کے بڑھتے ارتکاز کا بھی سامنا رہا۔ حاصل بانڈز کے حجم میں بروقت تنوع کے فیصلے نے اس سے

مندرجہ بالا مسابقتی حالات کے باوجود، آپ کے بینک نے، اینے خدشات اور تعمیل کے انتظام کومزید مضبوطی كساته،ايغ صارفين كتربيس اضافه كے لئے ديجيل بینکنگ کی مصنوعات کی پیشکش، جدید ٹیکنالوجی سے مزین ا بنی کارکردگی کی صلاحیتوں کے بہترین استعال اور اینے اثاثہ جات کی ترکیب تنوع کویقنی بنانے کیلئے اپنی استطاعت میں مزید گہرائی اورالی اختراعی خدمات کی پیشکشوں سے جن سے سر ماىياورفيس كى بنياديرآ مدنى ميں اضافيه وسكے، جيسے معاملات پر مزیدار تکاز کے ذریعها پنی ترقی کی حکمت عملی کو جاری رکھا۔

اییخ اوسط پیداواری اثاثه جات میں قابل قدر اضافه خصوصاً قرضه جات کی مدمین اوراس کے ساتھ بڑھتے ہوئے انٹرسٹ ریٹ کے پیش نظر قلیل مدت کی سر ماہد کاری کی بہترین ترکیب کی بدولت آپ کے بینک نے گزشتہ سال کی نبت 12 فصداضافہ کے ساتھ 7,565 ملین رویے کی مجموعی مارک ای آمدنی کی بلندترین سطح کو حاصل کیا ہے۔ قیمتوں کے دوبارہ تعین کے بعد ڈیازٹس کے حجم میں اضافے کے باوجود مجموعی مارک اب اخراجات میں 7,028 ملین رویے کی کمی واقع ہوئی۔جس کے نتیجہ میں آپ کے بینک نے 2017 کے 31,578 ملین روپے کی نبیت 32,115 ملین رویے کی خالص مارک ای آمدنی درج کی ہے جوکہ 2 فیصد کا اضافہ ظاہر کرتی ہے۔

سکڑتے ہوئے انٹرسٹ مار جنز کے پیش نظر بینک کی انظامیہ نے غیر مارک اپ آمدنی میں اضافہ کیلئے خصوصی کاوشیں کی ہیں جوکہ 2017 کے مقابلہ میں 2577 ملین روپے یا 30 فیصداضافہ کے ساتھ 11,289 ملین روپے يراختنام يذبر ہوئی۔

سال کے دوران تمسکات (سیکورٹیز) کی فروخت سے حاصل ہونے والی آ مدنی 2017 کے 641 ملین رویے کے جم کی نسبت 1,741 ملین رویے کے اضافہ کے ساتھ 2,382 ملين رويے ير بند ہوئی۔

پہلی سہ ماہی میں آپ کے بینک کے معینہ ریٹ کے

جڑے مارک ٹو مار مارکیٹ (Mark to Market)
نقصان کے خدشات سے نیٹنے میں معاونت کی جوکہ سال کے
دوران بعد میں بڑھتے ہوئے انٹرسٹ ریٹ کے تناظر میں کیا
گیا۔

بینک کے زرمبادلہ سے متعلقہ اثاثہ جات اور واجبات کے بہترین انتظام وانصرام کی بدولت آپکا بینک، زرمبادلہ کی آمدنی میں 1,504 ملین روپے کے خاطر خواہ مجم کو حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا ہے۔جو 2017 میں 762 ملین روپے کی حاصل شدہ آمدنی کی نبیت 97 فیصد اضافی آمدنی کا مظہر ہے۔

ا پی فیس سے متعلقہ آمدنی کے فروغ کے لیے اس زیر تجوبیسال کے دوران آ کیے بینک کی طرف سے اٹھائے گئے کی اقدامات کے شرات آنا شروع ہوگئے ہیں۔ چنانچ فیس اور کمیشن کی آمدنی 11 فیصد کے اضافہ کے ساتھ 2017 کے 3,917 ملین روپے کے مقابلہ میں 4,360 ملین روپ کے درج کی گئی۔

بینک اپنی بلوچپ سرمائے کے قلمدان کو برقرار رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ جس کے نتیجہ میں آئی پی پیز (IPPs)

کو سیال پذیری کی مشکلات کے باعث ڈیوڈینڈ کی ادائیگی
میں کمی کے باوجود، اپنی ڈیوڈنیڈ کی آمدنی میں 2,791 ملین
روپ کی خاطرخواہ سطح حاصل ہوئی ہے۔ اس زیر تجزیہ سال
کے دوران حالیہ اور جاری تغییل کے ضوابطی اخراجات
کے نمایاں اثرات، ریٹائز مینٹ کے فوائد سے انجرنے
والی اضافی لاگت اور اپنی وسعت میں فروغ کے اخراجات
کے باوجود، بینک کی طرف سے ٹیکنالوجی سے آراستہ طریقوں
پرعملدرآ مدکے ذریعہ اپنی آپریشنل لاگت کا بہترین انتظام
حاری ہے۔

آپکے بینک کا براخ نیٹ ورک مزیداضا فد کے ساتھ 1345 برانچوں تک پہنچ گیا۔ ان میں 1228 روایت اور 117 اسلامک بینکاری کی برانچیں شامل ہیں۔ جبکدا نے ٹی ایمز ATMs کے نیٹ ورک میں بھی اضا فد کے ربحان کے باعث ان کی تعداد 1388 لوکیشٹر تک بڑھ گئ ہے۔ جن میں 1308 آف سائٹ اے ٹی میں 13 دمبر 2018 سین 1308 آف سائٹ اے ٹی

ایمز بھی شامل ہیں۔

سپریم کورٹ آف پاکستان نے اپنے 10 نومبر
2016 کے فیصلے میں واضح کیا ہے کہ وفاقی حکومت کی جانب
سے فٹانس ایکٹ 2008 کے ذرایعہ نافذ شدہ ورکرز ویلفیئر
فنڈ (WWF) کی کوئی قانونی حثیت نہیں ہے۔ فیڈرل بورڈ
آف ریو نیو نے اس فیصلہ کے خلاف ریو یو (دوبارہ جائزہ)
کی پٹیشن دائر کر رکھی ہے جو فی الحال زیرالتوا ہے۔

بحرحال، آپکے بینک نے اس مذکورہ فیصلہ اور اپنے ٹیکس کے قانونی ماہرین کے مشورہ کے بعد WWF (ڈبلیو ڈبلیو الفیف) کے متعلقہ اخراجات میں جنوری 2008 سے دسمبر 2013 تک کے جم کو مختاط طریقہ سے واپس (رپورس) کر دیا ہے۔ جوصوبائی حکومت کے ڈبلیو ڈبلیو الفیف (WWF) کے نافذ کرنے سے پہلے کا عرصہ ہے، گو بیہ معاملہ بھی عدالتوں میں زیر التوا ہے۔

ان عوامل کے نتیجہ میں آ کیے بینک کے نان مارک آپ اخراجات 6 فیصد اضافہ کے ساتھ 23,306 ملین روپ پر درج ہوئے۔ اپنے سوؤ موٹو کیس نمبر 20/2016 کے تحت سپر یم کورٹ آف پاکستان نے بھی بینکوں کے پینشن کے انتظام سے متعلقہ معاملات کا جائزہ لیا ہے

معزز سریم کورٹ آف پاکتان نے قانونی اعدائی صوابدید کا استعال کرتے ہوئے 13 فروری 2018 کو اس سوؤ موٹو کیس کا فیصلہ کیا ہے اور کم سے کم پیشن کی حد اور اسکے ساتھ اہل شاف کی فہرست سازی کی درجہ بندی کو انسانی ہمدردی کی بنیاد پر استوار کرنے جیسے معاملات کا تعین کیا ہے۔ اس فیصلہ کی روثنی میں اور اپنے قانونی ماہرین کی ہدایت کے مطابق بینک نے ماضی میں کی گی ملازمت کی افراجات کو اکبی سالانہ قدر کے تخینہ (المجیوریل کے افراجات کو اکبی سالانہ قدر کے تخینہ (المجیوریل کے افراجات کو اکبی سالانہ قدر کے تخینہ (المجیوریل کے افراجات کو اکبی مناور پر اپنے کھاتوں میں شار کیا ہے۔

آ کیے بینک کا قبل از ٹیکس منافع 2017 کے 20,879 ملین روپے کی نسبت 31 دسمبر 2018 تک بڑھ کے 21,016 ملین روپے پر کہنچ گیا۔

سیر نیک جس کا اولین نفاذ فنانس ایک 2015 میں کیا گیاتھا اس سال بھی جاری رہاجس کے نتیجہ میں حقیق

نیکس کا ریٹ 39 فیصد رہا۔ بینک کا منافع قبل از نیکس 12,734 کے 12,734 ملین روپے کی نسبت 12,881 ملین روپے پر درج کیا گیا۔ جس کے نتیجہ میں آپکے بینک کی فی خصص آمدنی 2017 کے 11.12 روپے فی خصص سے بڑھ کر 2015 روپے فی خصص پر جا پیٹی جبکہ اٹا ٹوں پر آمدنی (ROA) اورسرمائے پر آمدنی (ROE) 16 و میسر 2018 تک بالتر تیب افیصد اور 16 فیصد کی شرح پر ہیں۔

غيررشي كاروباري سرگرميون مين مسلسل اضافه اور حکومت کی جانب سے بینکنگ کے شعبہ سے حاصل کئے گئے قرضوں میں کمی کی بدولت، بینکنگ کے شعبہ کے کل ا ثاثہ جات میں 5 فیصد کی بڑھوتی دیکھی گئی جبکہ آپ کے بینک کے کل اثاثہ جات 8 فیصد کی شرح سے بڑھتے ہوئے 31 وسمبر 2018 تك 1,351 بلين رويے پر جا پنچے كل اثاثہ جات كى اس اہم حصہ داری میں قرضہ جات میں 66,281 ملین رویے كااضافة بهي شامل ہے۔جو اس زير تجزيير صديين 18 فيصد كاضافه كساته 438,319 ملين روي ير جا ينجي، جس کی بدولت آیکے بینک کی اے ڈی آر (ADR) کی شرح 46 فصدتك براه كلى مالياتي ادارون كو ديئے گئے قرضوں کا حجم 45,091 ملین روپے کے اضافے کے ساتھ 53,786 ملین روپے پرریکارڈ ہوا، جبکہ کل سرمایہ کاری میں 26,854 ملین رویے کی خالص کی ہوئی جو کہ 31 وسمبر 2018 تک 671,228 ملین رویے پر درج ہوئی۔ بڑھتے ہوئے انٹرسٹ ریٹ کے تناظر میں سرمایہ کاری کی ترکیب میں طویل المدت بی آئی بیز (PIBs) سے قلیل المدتی ایم ٹی بیز (MTBs) میں تبدیلی جاری رہی جسکے متیحه میں سر مابہ کاری سے ڈیبازٹ کی شرح میں گزشتہ سال كى نىبت 11 فىصدكى كى داقع ہوئى۔

وصولیوں کی کوششوں پر مسلسل توجہ کے باعث غیر فعال قرضہ جات میں کی ہوئی جو 1,987 ملین روپ کی کی کے ساتھ 16,065 ملین روپ پر بند ہوئے ۔ چنا نچہ انفیکشن کی شرح 1 فیصد پر رہی جبکہ کورت کی شرح بہتر ہوتے ہوئے 96.7 فیصد پر رہی ۔ 3 دمبر شرح کبتر ہوتے ہوئے 96.7 فیصد پر رہی ۔ 3 دمبر موتے ہوئے 2018

15,533 ملین روبے رہے۔ جبکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کی رہنمائی نے اصولوں کے تحت اجازت کے باوجود غیرفعال قرضوں کے اخراجات کا تعین کرتے ہوئے جائیداد کی (ایف ایس وی) جبری فروخت کےفوائدکوشامل نہیں کیا گیاہے۔

واجبات کی مد میں آیکے بینک کے ڈییازٹس 734,000 ملین رویے کی شاندار بڑھوتی کے ساتھ 984,475 ملين رويے ير پہنچ گئے جو كہ سال 2017 سے 11 فیصد کی دہرے اعداد کی نموکو آشکار کرتا ہے۔ بیہ شرح صنعت کے ڈیپازٹس میں 8 فصدر قی کی سطح سے کہیں زیادہ ہے۔ بینک غیر پیداواری کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ میں 15 فیصد اضافہ کے ساتھ، جس کا مجموعی فجم 363,639 ملین رویے ہے، اپنی مسلسل توجہ بغیر لاگت کے ڈیپازٹس میں اضافہ پر مرکوز کئے ہوئے ہے۔جس کے نتیجہ میں کاسا (CASA) ڈیپازٹ کی ترکیب 31 دسمبر 2017 کی **78 نصدتک** کی شرح سے بہتری کے ساتھ 82 فیصد پر رہی ہے۔

بینک کے سرمایہ کی اساس 107,305 ملین رویے پررہی۔آ کے بینک کی کیپٹل ایڈیکولی کی شرح (CAR) بھی اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کی مطلوبہ حد سے کہیں بلند ربی ـ بیزل (BASEL) - III کے تحت انفرادی اور مجموعي CAR بالترتيب 22.23 فيصداور 22.05 فيصد یر ہی۔ کامن ایکیوٹی ٹائیر (CET) کی شرح اورٹائیر-1 (CET 1) كى شرح ايني بالترتيب 6 فيصداور 7.5 فیصدی مطلوبہ شرح کی نسبت 17.34 فیصدیررہے جو کہ آیکے بینک کی مضبوط سر مائی حثیت کا مظہر ہے۔

رسك مينجنث فريم ورك (دُهانچه):

بوردٌ آ ف ڈائر یکٹرز اینے خدشات کانظم ونسق مضبوط اصولوں پراستوارا یک فریم ورک کے ذریعہ کرتا ہے۔جس میں خدشات کو برداشت کرنے کی حدود کاتعین ،امکانی خدشات کی نشاندی، بینک پرانکےاثرات کی احاطہاورایی حکمت عملیوں کا فروغ شامل ہے جن سے کمل گرانی کویقینی بناتے ہوئے بنک کے لئے تمام قابل قباس خدشات کا تدارک کیا جاسکے۔

خدشات کے تدارک کی حکمت عملیوں کی سفارش اورنگرانی بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی ذیلی کمیٹی بورڈ رسک مینجنٹ کمیٹی (BRMC)، انتظامیه کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں؛ رسک مینجنٹ کمیٹی (RMC) اور ایکنٹ و لائبیلیٹی کمیٹی (ALCO) کے ذریعے کی حاتی ہے تا کہ خدشات کے انتظام کی موزونیت کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے۔خدشات کا خلاصہ اور اس سے متعلقہ تدار کا نہ عوامل،مكنه خدشات (رسك) اورمواقع (اير چيوني) ريورځ میں درج کئے گئے ہیں۔

رسک مینجنٹ گروپ (RMG) کو بداختیار تفویض کیا گیا ہے کہاس فریم ورک کوکاروباری کمرشل حدود سے ماورا رکھتے ہوئے BRMC کی زیرنگرانی ایک آزاد جزوکے طور پرلاگوکرے۔ RMG نے سال 2018 کے دوران خدشات کے انظام کومضبوط کرنے کے لیے مندرجہ ذیل اقدامات اٹھائے ہیں:

۔ حچوٹے اور درمیانی کاروباروں کی معاشی اہمیت اور اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کے ایس ایم ای (SME) قرضوں میں فروغ کے اقدام کے باعث ABL (اے بی الل) نے کاران دازیا کتان (ایک غیر منفعت بخش ادارہ) کی جانب سے آغاز کئے گئے انوویٹو چیلنج فنڈ - ICF 3 ا ايس ايم " (Innovative challenge Fund) ای فنانسنگ کی ہیت میں تبدیلی ۔ایس ایم ایز کے قرضوں کے نے ماڈل " میں شرکت کی ہے اوراس براجیکٹ کے ایک شراکت کار کے طور پر منتخب ہوا ہے۔ یہ پراجیکٹ بینک کے لیے نئے کاروباری مواقع کی فراہمی کے ساتھ ساتھ ہمیں اپنی مالی شمولیت کی معاشرتی ذمہ داری کو بورا کرنے میں مدد گار ہو

اسٹیٹ بینک آف یاکتان کی ہدایات کے مطابق بینک نے (IFRS-9) آئی ایف آرالیں -9 کوسال 2017 کی سالانہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں اختیار کرنے کے لیے مقداری اور معیاری اثرات پر ایک تفصیلی تجزیه کیا تھا۔ 9-IFRS کے نفاذ کے ذریعیہ ستقبل کی جامع پیش بنی پیدا ہوسکتی ہے اور اخراجات کے تعین میں نقصان کے وقوع پذیر ہونے کے ماڈل سےنقصان کے متوقع ماڈل پرمنتقلی کی پیش بین

سوچ کواختیار کیا جا سکے گا۔ تاہم ہم کو یقین ہے کہ یا کستان میں IFRS - 9 کے نفاذ میں زمینی حقائق سے متعلقہ ضوابطی بصیرت اور پوری طرح سے واضح پروڈینشل ریگولیشنز کے تجزیہ جیسے قابل ذکر خدشات کاسامنا ہوگا۔

۔ اور یکل رسک مینجنٹ سولوشن کے بازل کیپٹل کے شار کے ماڈل کو نافذ کر دیا گیاہے۔اس خود کارنظام کے تحت بینک نے اپنے سر مائے کی موزونیت (کیپٹل ایڈیکیولیی) کی شرح (CAR) کے شارکو خودکار بنادیا ہے۔ پینظام CAR کے نشیب وفراز کے بارے میں تجزیاتی رائے کے لیے ایک ڈیش بورڈ (DASHBOARD) بھی فراہم کرتاہے۔

بینک نے اپنے آپریشنل اور تعمیلی خدشات کے انظام کے لیے بینچ میٹرکس سولوش ВЕNCH MATERIX SOLUTION عاصل کیا ہے۔اس سٹم کے حصول سے بینک اینے آپیشنل اور تعمیلی خدشات کانظام کے مختلف شعبوں کو اس وقت کے مروّجہ اعلی ترین ضابط عمل کےمطابق خود کارکرنے کے قابل ہو چکاہے۔

۔ بینک نے قرض دہندگان سے رابطہ اور انکو کاروباری انظام اور حكمت عمليول سے آگاہي كے منفرداقدام كوجاري رکھتے ہوئے سال 2018 میں کارپوریٹ، کمرشل اورایس ایم ای قرض دہندگان کے لیے خاندانی ملکیتی کاروبار کے سٹر پچر سے کارپوریٹ سٹر پچر کی تبدیلی کے موضوع پر متعاملی (Interative) سیمیناروں کا انعقاد کیا ہے۔

بینک نے قابل ذکر ذرائع اور وسائل خودکودر پیش خدشات اور رسکس کے انظام کرنے کیلئے وقف کیئے ہیں۔ اب تک کے حاصل کر دہمتحرک معیار کوستقبل میں برقرار رکھنے کے لیے افرادی وسائل ٹریننگ اور ٹیکنالوجی میں نمایاں سرمایدکاری جاری رہےگی۔

بنک نے اسٹیٹ بنک آف ماکتان کے حاری کردہ معاوضوں کی ادائیگی کے طریقہ کار کی رہنمائی میں اپنی معاوضوں کی پالیسی کی تشکیل نو کی ہے اور رسک کی بنیاد بر معاوضوں کا نظام متعارف کروایا ہے۔

چيف ايگزيگوآفيسرکا تجزيه:

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز، چف ایگر کیٹیوآ فیسر کے 31 وسمبر 2018 کواختام پذیرسال میں بینک کی کارکردگ کے بارے میں تجزیر کی مکمل تصدیق کرتے ہیں۔

اندرونی انضباط کابیانیه:

بورڈ انظامیہ کے اندرونی انضاط کے بارے میں بیانیہ بشمول انتظامیہ کی ICFR کی قدرو پمائی کی بخوشی تصدیق کرتا ہے۔ اندرونی انضباط کے بارے میں انتظامیه کا بیانیه سالانه ربورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

كار يوريث يائيداري:

بورڈ آپ کے بینک کے کارپوریٹ یائیداری (Sustainability) کے لیے اٹھائے گئے اقدامات کی بخوشی توثیق کرتا ہے جو کہ سالا نہ رپورٹ میں الگ طور پر مذکور

اینتی ریٹنگ:

پاکتان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی کمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے اس سال کا دوران الائیڈ بینک کی طویل المدتی ریٹنگ کو "+AA" (ڈبل اے پلس) کی سطے سے بہتری دیتے ہوئے "AAA" ٹریل اے پرشار کیا ہے۔ جبکہ قلیل المدتی ریٹنگ کی "+A1" (اے ون پلس) کی اعلیٰ سطح برقراررہی۔ به درجه بندیاں بینک کی مضبوط صصی سرمایہ کی بنیاد اور سال بورڈ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے کا طریقہ: یذیری کے اعلی معیارکو ظاہرکرتی ہیں۔

كار بورىپ گورننس رېټنگ:

ہے سی آر۔وی آئی ایس (JCR-VIS) كريثيث ريثنك كميني لميثاثر نے الائياتر بينك لميٹائري كوريوريث گورننس کی درجه بندی کو "+CGR-9" کی سطح پر برقر اررکھا ہے۔ ریٹنگ کی یہ بہتری کورپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیار اور بورڈ اور مینجنٹ کے ایک مضبوط اور مشکم گورننس کے نظام (فریم ورک) برمسلسل یقین اور اعاده کا مظہرہے۔ JCR-VIS نے اس بات براوجہ دی ہے کہ ہیومن ریسورس

اور معاوضاتی تمیٹی کا سربراہ لسٹر تمپنی (کوڈ آ ف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز 2017 کےمطابق ایک آزاد ڈائر کیٹر کو ہونا چاہیے جو کہ حالات حاضرہ میں ایک غیرا نظامی ڈائر یکٹر ہیں۔

بوردْ آف دْائر يكثرز:

بورڈ کے تمام مبران کے پروفائل کوسالانہ رپورٹ کے کارپوریٹ پروفائل کے متعلقہ سیشن میں درج کیا گیا ہے۔بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی بناوٹ کو کوڈ آف کاربوریٹ گورننس کانغیل کے بیانیہ میں درج کیا گیاہے۔ جبکہ بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کی بناوٹ کو بھی سالانہ رپورٹ میں الگ طور پرواضح کیا گیاہے۔غیرانظامی ڈائر یکٹرز بشمول آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز، ما سوائے جنہوں نے اجلاس کی فیس نہ لینے کے اختیار کواپنایا ہے، کو بورڈ یااوراسکی کمیٹی کے اجلاس میں شریک ہونے کے لیےایک مناسب اور موزوں معاوضہ دیاجا تاہے۔جسکا ذکر مالیاتی گوشواروں کے نوٹ نمبر 39 میں کیا گیاہے۔

معاوضے کا معیار ایسانہیں ہے کہ جس سے بیہ تاثر بھی ملے کہ کسی آزا دحیثیت پر کوئی سمجھوتا ممکن ہے ۔ جو ڈائر کیٹراجلاس میں شریک نہیں ہوا اسکوکوئی معاوضہ ادانہیں کیا جاتا ہے۔اسی طرح الی سفارشات جن پرسر کلیشن کے ذريعة غوراور جانجا جاتا ہے ان کابھی کوئی معاوضة ہیں دیا جاتا۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزانضباطی بحیل کویقینی بناتے ہوئے حصص یافتگان کی جانب سے بینک کے مفادات کا تحفظ، حکمت عملی کی سب کا تعین اور اہداف کے حصول کے عمل کو چلانے کی ذمداری کے بھی امین ہیں کمپنیز ایک 2017، بینکنگ کمپیز آرڈینس 1962، اسٹیٹ بینک کے پروڈینشل ریگولیشنز اورکوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس میں بورڈ کے کردار، ذمہ داریوں اور کارگز اری کو واضح کیا گیا ہے۔اس کوڈ کے تحت بورڈ نے سال 2014 میں اپنی کارکردگی کومؤثر انداز میں جا نچنے کے لیے ایک نظام رائج کیا ہے۔ بعد میں سال 2016 میں، اسٹیٹ بینک نے (BPRD) بی بی آر ڈی سرکلر ۔

نمبر 11 ہتاریخ 22 اگست 2016 کے ذریعہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے رہنمائی کے تفصیلی اصول وضع کے ہیں۔جس کی روشنی میں بورڈ نے مقداری تکنیک کےساتھ بینک کےاندرونی نقط نظراور ہرتین سال بعد ایک آزاد تحمینه ساز ہے اس کی جانچ کو اختیار کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا

بنک نے مجموعی بورڈ کی کارکردگی کو مندرجہ ذیل درجات سے جانچاہے۔

- چيئر مين
- مجموعی بورڈ آفڈ ائریکٹرز
 - س₋ ضامن ڈائر یکٹرز
 - ۳۔ آزاد ڈائریکٹرز
- ۵ انفرادی ڈائر یکٹرز (سوائے چیئر مین، ضامن و آزاد ڈائر کیٹرز اورسیایاو(CEO))
 - ۲۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی کمیٹیاں
 - کے چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیس

ایک منظور شدہ نظام کے تحت مندرجہ بالا ہر درجہ (سوائے چیئر مین) کے بارے میں ڈائر یکٹرز کے خیالات اور نقطہ نظرکو اکٹھا کر کے چیئر مین کو پیش کیا گیا۔ چیئر مین نے ان نتائج اور تجاویز پر بور ڈممبر سے انفرادی طور پر گفتگو کی ۔ مجاز آزاد ڈائر کیٹر نے اس بارے میں چیئر مین سے حاصل شدہ جواب کومجموعی کارکردگی کی رپورٹ میں شامل کرنے کے لیے آگاه كيا۔ ميسرز ڈيلائث (Deloitte) يوسف عادل، حارثر ڈ اکاونیٹنٹس ،کو اس کے دوران آزاد تخیینہ ساز کے طور یر منتخب کیا گیا تا کہ وہ مندرجہ ذیل عوامل کے تناظر میں ایک با قاعده ريورٹ جاري کريں:

- بورڈ کی حثیت اور بناوٹ
- بورڈ کا کر داراور ذمہ داریاں
 - بورڈ کے طریقہ وکار
- بورة كى كميٹيول كى تشكيل اور طريقه كار
- بورڈ کےمعاوضہ

- بورڈ کی ڈیلویلپمنٹ کی امکانی ضروریات
 - ۔ مجموعی بورڈ کی موزونیت
 - . چيف ايگزيکٽوآ فيسري پيش بيني

اس آزاد جانج کو بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے سامنے جائزے اور فور کے لیے پیش کیا گیا۔ سال کے دوران، 27 اگست 2018 کو ڈائر کیٹرز کے انتخابات منعقد کئے گئے۔ چنانچہ جناب مبشر اے اختر کے، بطور ایک غیر انتظامی ڈائر کیٹر، ریٹائر ہونے سے بورڈ کی ہیت تبدیل ہوگئ۔ جناب مبشر اے اختر صاحب 2006 سے بینک سے دابستہ تھے اور ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے مبشر صاحب کی ایکے عمدہ معیاد کے دوران دی گئی قیتی خدمات اور رہنمائی کے محتر ف اور میشور ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرمحتر مەنظرت بشیر کو بورڈ کے ایک آزاد خاتون ڈائر کیٹر کی حیثیت سے خوش آمدید کہتے ہیں۔ انہوں نے نیوبارک یونیورٹی، امریکہ سے معاشات میں ماسٹرز کیا ہے۔اور (PICG) پی آئی سی جی سے سر طیفا کڈ ڈائر کیٹر ہیں۔ان کے پاس 35 سال سےزائدسول سروس کا وسيع تجربه ہے۔ اپنے كيريئر ميں انہوں نے حكومت ياكستان کی کئی وزارتوں میں خدمات سرانجام دی ہیں۔جن میں منیخنگ ڈائر کیٹر پیلک بروکیورمنٹ ریگولیٹری اتھارٹی (PPRA) اورسینئرمشیر وفاقی محتسب شامل ہیں۔ان کے یاس کئی سرکاری اور نیم سرکاری اداروں کی ڈائر کیٹرشپ بھی رہی ہے اور انہوں نے پاکتان اور دیگر ممالک میں کئی کانفرنسوں، ورکشاپس اور سیمیناروں میں بھی شرکت کی ہے۔ اس انتخاب کے بعد بینک، (COCG)سی اوسی جی کے باب ۱۱ کی شق 7 کی مطلوبہ ہدایات،جس میں کم از کم ایک خاتون ڈائر کیٹر کی بورڈ میں شمولیت ضروری ہے، کی کمل تغیل کرچکاہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز:

موجودہ آؤیٹر نمیسرز کے پی ایم جی (KPMG)
تا ثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹر ڈاکاؤٹٹینٹس ، ریٹائر اور دوبارہ
تقرری کے اہل ہونے کے جاز ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز
آڈٹ کمیٹی کی تجویز پرمیسرز KPMG تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی ،
چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹینٹس ، کواگل مدت کیلئے قانونی (Statutory)
آڈیٹ مقرر کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب وبرائ بورد آف دائر يكثرز

بلندیروازی کی جانب گامزن ہے۔

ا يندُّ الصحيحُ مميثن آف يا كتان، اسليث بينك آف يا كتان

اور دیگر انتظامی ادارول کا ان کی مسلسل رہنمائی اور تعاون پر

مشكور ہیں۔ ہم اینے ساف مبرز کی انتقک خدمات اور تعاون

یرا نکانهایت شکرگزار ہیں جن کی بدولت بینک مسلسل ترقی اور

حصص کی ملکیت کانمونه:

حصص کی ملکیت کانمونہ ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

طاهرحسن قريثي

چيف ايگزيکڻيو آفيسر

میزانی (بیلنس شیٹ) کی تاریخ کے بعد کے واقعات:

وفاقی حکومت نے ممنی فنانس (دوسرا ترمیمی) بل برائے سال 2019 بتاریخ 23 جنوری 2019 کے تحت بیکوں کے لیے سُر ٹیکس کے رہٹ میں سال گفتہ 31 دسمبر 2017 کے تحت 2017 کے لیے 0 فیصد ہے 4 فیصد تک کی ترمیم تجویز کی ہے۔ جس کے نتیجہ میں اس مجوزہ ترمیم کے اثرات ایک موثر ہماضی ٹیکس کی شکل میں ظاہر ہو نگے۔ پاکستان بینکنگ ایسوی ایشن نے اس مجوزہ ترمیم کو والیس لینے کی گزارش کی ہے۔ ایشن نے اس مجوزہ ترمیم کو والیس لینے کی گزارش کی ہے۔ بینک کے فیر مجموعی مالیاتی گوشواروں برائے سال مختتمہ 31 بینک کے فیر مجموعی مالیاتی گوشواروں برائے سال مختتمہ 31 دمبر 2018 میں اس نے مجوزہ ترمیمی بل پارلیمنٹ سے منظور ہوگیا تو گیا ہے۔ اگر میہ مجوزہ ترمیمی بل پارلیمنٹ سے منظور ہوگیا تو اس ٹیکس کا اندراج 31 دسمبر 2019 کو اختتام پذیر سال میں، پچھلے سال کے ٹیکس کے اخراجات کے طور پر کیا جائے میں، پچھلے سال کے ٹیکس کے اخراجات کے طور پر کیا جائے

نگرفتیم مختار در مارسای م

چيئر مين بوردُ آف ڏائر يکڙز

تاریخ: 13 فروری 2019ء بمقام: فیصل آباد

تشليم وتحسين:

ہم، بورڈ اور مینجنٹ کی جانب ہے، اپنے قابل قدرصارفین اور شیئر ہولڈرز کے الائیڈ بینک پراعتاد، سیکیورٹی

CHAIRMAN'S **MESSAGE**



Rapidly evolving digital technologies are challenging all business models including banking in this era of 4th industrial revolution. Banking sector's intermediary role is being progressively transformed, with paradigm shifts witnessed in international and domestic trade transactions. Transaction volumes in virtual currencies are also gradually increasing, mainly in developed economies, though the required regulatory framework is still at a very nascent stage.

Banking sector's future viability is linked with its ability to strategically transform legacy business processes and organization structures towards a 'Digitalized' and 'Artificial Intelligence' assisted pro-active and agile environment.

Global banking is rapidly adopting evolving mobile technologies along with Blockchain, Machine Learning, Big Data and Robotics resulting in a gradual yet visible strategic shift from traditional brick and mortar model to digitalization driven business models.

In view of the unique population demographics particularly with reference to lack of financial literacy and economic dynamics of Pakistan, threats emanating from digital disruptions to domestic banks are relatively diluted in the short term. However, there is little doubt that in the medium to long-term, the sector has to fully adopt digitization to the core.

Despite a robust GDP growth of 5.8% in FY 2017-18, country's economic outlook is engulfed with challenges threatening the continuation of the growth momentum. Revenue shortfalls and continued reliance on imports led to broadening of the twin deficits to unsustainable levels.

Continuation of tough ongoing policy measures including monetary tightening, currency valuation adjustments, further escalation of imports and custom duties along with structured broadening of taxation base and optimization of development spending seem unavoidable in the short term to address the aforementioned economic imbalances.

Negligible progress in industrialization poses another significant threat to viable economic growth. Low investment in deployment of modern technologies along with obsolete management techniques has been prevalent among almost all sectors. High input costs,

especially unviable energy related charges, further exacerbated the worsening situation.

As a consequence, most industries are fast becoming uncompetitive at the global level and export growth levels remain un-

Infact, even in domestic consumption, a culture of trading activities instead of industrial manufacturing is rapidly overtaking the country and remained primary cause of the dwindling FX reserves. Without addressing this core issue, reliance on external funding also seems inevitable in the foreseeable future.

Growth in banking sector advances in 2018, which grew by 21%, is a positive sign for the country. However, recent benchmark interest rate hike of 425 bps along with 33% devaluation of PKR during 2018 may adversely impact the sustainability of advances growth outlook ahead and may also contribute towards potential increase related credit cost.

Despite the aforementioned growth, Pakistan continues to struggle in terms of Private Sector Credit (PSC) expansion; Country's PSC to GDP ratio remains under 20%, well below the South Asian average of 46% and global average of

According to the World Bank, there are an estimated 1.7 billion adult unbanked individuals globally. Pakistan with 100 million such adults represents the 3rd highest level or 6% of the global unbanked population. The ratio is more abysmal for the female population across the world.

Undocumented economy continues to grow in view of the aforementioned issues, along with financial and social exclusion while stifling growth prospects of Small and Medium Enterprises (SME); which can play a pivotal role in the overall sustainable growth of the country and redressal of low financial inclusion levels.

Your Bank's evolving 10 year rolling strategic plan takes into consideration the aforementioned changing operating environment and challenges while paving the Bank's future roadmap.

The Bank's primary focus is geared towards expanding its competitive positioning through significant investment towards customer onboarding, innovation and transformation, prudent risk management, augmented efficiency levels, enhanced service quality measures and talent pool retention.

In an environment requiring heightened focus on compliance culture, Your Bank continued to invest in technology driven compliance tools to further safeguard against compliance risk.

Your Bank is constantly working towards updating information systems and technology platforms to improve

the customer experience and enhance operating effectiveness. The Bank has also successfully upgraded Core banking T-24 system to R-16 version during the year.

Opening of the state of the art 'Innovation Lab' in early 2018 is in line with Bank's innovation strategy encompassing strong partnerships with leading technology platforms, solutions and partners to deliver the best financial services platform for our valuable customers while simultaneously playing a positive role in expanding the domestic innovation ecosystem.

Digital product suite is also being enriched on a continuous basis. A very favourable response to Your Bank's mobile banking app 'MyABL' along with corporate digital banking solution 'Business Internet Banking' is very encouraging.

Your Bank is continuing to invest in new innovative product offerings including digital lockers, digital signages, bulk account opening solutions, off-site account opening modules, payment hubs, mobile ATMs, Interactive teller machines and SMART self-service branches.

Launch of new tailored deposit products including millennial focussed Youth Account and the Senior Citizen Account, with unique product offerings, has further strengthened the deposit products suite.

As a strategic measure, adoption of robust risk management framework by Your Bank assisted in achieving lowest infection ratio, strong Equity base, highest Capital Adequacy level along with an overall healthy Balance Sheet.

Your Bank remains well poised to take benefit of all quality credit expansion opportunities. Considering significance of the SME sector, Allied Bank participated and got selected in the Innovative Challenge Fund (ICF) titled "Transforming SME Financing, Innovative Credit Scoring Model of SMEs" launched by Karandaaz Pakistan (a non-profit organization). The project would pave way to strengthen capacity building and assist in gradual growth in selected SME sectors.

With over 60% population under 25 years of age, Pakistan needs significant investment in human capital development. In the age of digitization, organizations shall only be thriving with lean and agile teams; while technology is rapidly reshaping the skill set requirements of Banking sector's workforce as well.

Your Bank is fully cognizant to keep on developing human resource skills to meet the digital banking transformation challenges proactively, through conventional and e-learning trainings; while simultaneously inculcating an organizational culture to promote empathy in human resources.

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

It gives me immense pleasure that Your Bank's strong fundamentals were Your Bank's strong fundamentals were independently acknowledged by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA), with the upgrade of long-term credit rating to highest rating scale level of 'AAA'

Solid capital base complemented by lowest loan loss ratio and highest coverage ratio amongst peer banks, were internationally recognized by one of the most prestigious Euromoney Magazine, UK, which awarded Your Bank as "Bank of the year 2018 – Pakistan".

Your Bank continued to generously contribute towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities across the homeland. These efforts are well recognised internationally as prestigious Asiamoney magazine awarded Your Bank as "Best Bank for CSR - Pakistan" during the year.

Future Outlook

The Banking sector's future success clearly depends on its ability to continuously transforming the developing banking ecosystem and provide integrated services according to the multi-faceted needs of customers.

In order to provide real-time interactive user experiences similar to tech giants like Amazon, Google, Alipay and Tencent, technologies like Artificial Intelligence, Advanced Machine Learning and Cloud Computing are beginning to have a marked impact on traditional banking processes including credit expansion, low cost funding mobilization, risk management, compliance and operations which traditionally required excessive human involvement.

Regulatory and supervisory frameworks will need to keep pace with the adoption of the aforementioned inevitable technology driven automations.

Pakistan remains at a critical juncture whereby concurrent focus on implementation of structural reforms and introducing global technological advancements is expected to reshape the economy.

According to World Bank, in a country of over 200 million population, a staggering 80% of population survives on a mere US \$ 5.50 per day or less; highlighting the enormity of the task at hand in achieving sustainable development goals.

Across the board reforms together with long term strategic planning remains imperative to eradicate massive poverty levels, creation of jobs, social welfare and achieve growth necessary to sustain growing population levels.

Various taxation reforms have already been undertaken but there still remains room for further improvement through reforms such as enhanced tax breaks for new tax filers to encourage growth in documented economy.

Recent improvement in Pakistan's "ease



required in improving underlying criteria including credit information systems, taxation compliance and broadening. contractual enforcements and insolvency treatment to encourage corporatization in the country.

Similarly, Industrial entities dependent upon depleting natural resources particularly natural gas projects need to re-align their long-term strategies. A comprehensive long-term strategy for alternate energy solutions must be put in place to ensure judicious and efficient usage of country's limited natural

Going forward, development of Industrial Parks along CPEC route must be ensured to provide mutually beneficial growth

also be ensured for banking sector to play its primary role of lending to private sector.

Encouraging corporatization in country and developing framework to protect local businesses from unfair trade practices including anti-dumping measures is essential.

Your Bank remains at the forefront in adoption of latest technology initiatives from developing automated Risk Assessment Management System (RAMS) to planned deployment of Big Data analytics for data driven decision making in future. I am very optimistic about the Big Data project that the Bank is planning to undertake in 2019, with the assistance of IBM and Oracle.



Your Bank's strategic priorities in years ahead include continuous focus on broad based digitalization and transformation through adoption of cutting-edge technologies to enhance user interfaces and customer service experiences.

Launch of Branchless banking including instant account opening is expected to boost the Bank's customer onboarding

While simultaneous focus on Data Governance along with enhanced infosec measures shall remain a strategic priority.

Further, expansion in the Bank managed warehouses for pledge financing will be maintained. The current operational six warehouses will be increased to 20 locations going forward.

The rapid pace of global transformation

in legal and compliance culture is persuading the banking sector to adopt de-risking policies. The complex and growing requirements are being accomplished through the strict implementation of technology driven compliance in a phased manner to manage risk at the enterprise level; ensuring meticulous compliance with local as well as international regulations.

Your Bank continues to invest in developing workforce for the 'Digital Banking Age'. With advanced e-learning portal, collaborations with leading universities across Pakistan and dedicated management trainee programs, Your Bank remains in a position of strength to develop requisite skillsets for the future.

Looking towards 2019, I am confident that Your Bank remains poised to post sustainable growth in shareholders' value.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to extend appreciation for the continuous co-operation extended by regulatory bodies including State Bank of Pakistan, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Federal Board of Revenue.

I would also like to thank our shareholders, for their continued commitment and confidence in our longterm strategic vision.

Finally, I want to extend my sincere thanks to Allied Bank's management team and the 11,000+ Allied bankers, for their utmost commitment towards building a robust and technology enabled Allied Bank.

Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Chairman

CEO'S **REVIEW**





Economic Review

Global economic growth, according to the IMF, remained static at 3.7% during 2018 due to weaker performance in key European and Asian countries, despite United States fiscal stimulus strategy yielding stronger results. Global growth for 2019 and 2020 projected at 3.5% and 3.6% respectively; owing to underlying challenges primarily emanating from ongoing trade confrontation between United States and China, rising public and private debt levels, volatile markets amidst liquidity constraints, Brexit linked uncertainties and higher inflation led monetary tightening stance across major economies.

Pakistan's economy has also faced various turmoil's, largely attributed to fiscal indiscipline and lack of governance framework. Notwithstanding a growth of 5.8% during FY2017-18, driven by strong performances particularly in Agriculture, Industrial and Services sectors, which grew by 3.8%, 5.8% and 6.4% respectively and simultaneous improvement in country's position on Ease of Doing Business Index 147th to 136th position, the economy could not demonstrate sustainable growth. As a result, domestic economic outlook remained sluggish in view of the tough fiscal and monetary measures adopted by incumbent government, on no choice basis, to curtail the burgeoning twin deficits and concurrently meet the prerequisites of the inevitable new IMF program. According to the latest SBP projections, forecasted GDP growth is at 4% for the FY 2019-20.

The Country's position on the external front remained perilous. Even with escalation in import tariffs and duties, overall imports registered a growth 5% to close at US\$66,971 million in 2018. Exports recorded meager growth of just 4% and stood at US\$30,080 million during 2018; which is well below the desired levels to address the trade imbalances.



Remittances registered growth of 5% to close at US\$ 20,597 million in 2018, compared to US\$19,591 million in 2017. Persistent uptick in inflows from US, UK and EU countries assisted in offsetting the decline from GCC countries in view of localization programs and fiscal consolidation measures. Resultantly, Current Account Deficit crossed US\$18,500 million at the close of 2018.

While Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) stood at US\$2,778 million in 2018, country's foreign debt and liabilities soared to US\$ 97 billion at the end of September 2018. In view of the heightened external financing risks coupled with elevated debt repayments Pakistan's sovereign long-term rating was downgraded to 'B negative' by an international rating agency.

Consequently, foreign exchange reserves remained under pressure and dropped significantly from US\$ 20,177 million at the end of 2017, to close at US\$13,753 million at end 2018. State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) adjusted the PKR/USD parity by 26% during the year under review, as a major monetary policy tool to address the deteriorating external front.

Country's domestic debt continued to grow unabatedly to close at Rs. 17,536 billion at end of 2018. While mounting



circular debt of Rs. 1,362 billion, of which Rs. 755 billion pertains to Power Holding Private Limited, posed another challenge to the future economic outlook.

FBR tax collection increased by 14% in FY 18 as compared to FY17 to close at 3,842 billion. Direct and Indirect taxes contributed equally to the revenue growth. However, tax to GDP ratio remained stagnant at approximately 11%; one of the lowest among large developing countries.

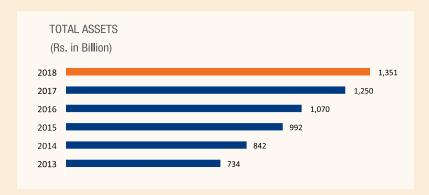
Evolving external and domestic challenges impacted the CPI inflation throughout the year, which showed an upswing particularly in the second half of 2018; recording a YoY growth of 6.2%. Therefore, in view of the rising inflation levels and intermittent balance of payment challenges along with significant above mentioned currency devaluation, SBP adopted monetary tightening policy stance throughout the year by revising the Policy Rate by 425bps to 10% at the at the close of 2018.

Banking Sector Performance:

Despite the rising interest rate scenario, Banking sector's overall profitability remained static upto September 2018, compared to the corresponding period due to the multifarious challenges faced by larger banks emanating from re-



CEO'S **REVIEW**



pricing lag between earning assets and remunerative liabilities, rising compliance costs, new regulatory levies and enhanced retirement benefit costs.

Overall banking sector advances rose to Rs.7,888 billion at end December 2018, compared to Rs.6,530 billion recorded in 2017, posting an impressive increase of 21%. Major sectors contributing to this increase included Textile, Power, Cement and Chemical respectively. Non-Performing Loans of the sector stood at Rs.637 billion at end September 2018, while overall infection ratio and coverage ratio improved to 8% and 86% respectively.

Banking sector investments stood at Rs.7,583 billion at the end of December 2018, compared to Rs.8,542 billion at the end of 2017; posting a YoY decline of 11%. In sync with the rising interest rate scenario, investment mix in Government securities was diversified towards Treasury bills (T-Bills) from fixed rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIB). Overall T-bills and PIBs stood at Rs.2,545 billion and Rs.1,840 billion respectively as at November 2018.

While M2 growth registered at 11%, Currency in Circulation (CIC) grew to Rs. 4,531 billion at end December 2018. In the last decade, CAGR growth in CIC aggregated to staggering level of 16% from Rs.1,320 billion at the end 2009; clearly depicting the unabated growth in undocumented economy.

Resultantly, overall industry deposits growth slowed down to close at Rs.13,354 billion as at end December 2018, compared to Rs.12,362 billion in December 2017; therefore, registering a growth of 8%, being the lowest growth level in a decade. Growth was tilted towards Public sector deposits which grew by 13%, while private sector deposits registered a growth of 9%.

Business Performance:

Your Bank being cognizant of the developing economic scenario and rapidly changing banking sector dynamics continuously re-aligning its strategies towards digital transformation, comprehensive and innovative product suite, robust technology and compliance platforms and expanding outreach to remain the 'first choice' bank for the valued customers while persistently endeavoring towards building long-term sustainable shareholders' value.

Despite a challenging year for the Banking sector, Your Bank posted a stable performance during 2018. Consistent strategic focus on quality

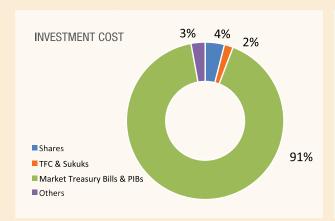
growth enabled the Bank to register YoY growth of 8% in total Assets footing, which stood at Rs. 1,350,606 million, over 2017.

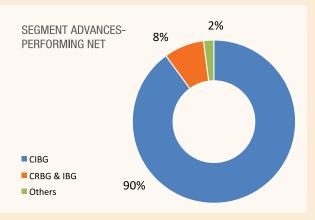
This growth was mainly driven by increase of 18% in advances portfolio. Apart from healthy growth in Corporate advances, profitable Middle Market segment posted a strong increase of 36%. Whereas focus on SME initiatives and enrichment of consumer product suite yielded results, which registered a growth of 11% and 35% respectively. Your Bank as part of business strategy extended 'Car Financing' and 'Personal loans' products, primarily to customers with proven relationship history with the Bank

Considering the importance of the credit expansion, especially with reference to penetration in the Small and Medium sized Enterprises (SME) sector, Your Bank has participated and was preferred in the Innovative Challenge Fund (ICF) titled "Transforming SME Financing, Innovative Credit Scoring Model of SMEs" launched by Karandaaz Pakistan (a non-profit organization), paving way to gradually strengthen SME related credit skill sets while facilitating gradual growth in viable SMEs.

Effective risk management remained a strategic priority of Your Bank and is the main underlying driving force behind one of the lowest infection ratio of 3.5% along with one of the strongest coverage ratio of 97%. Concerted recovery efforts assisted in reducing total Non-Performing Advances portfolio by Rs.1,987 million to close at Rs.16,065 million at the end of 2018.

During the year under review, Your Bank remained fully abreast of the evolving economic scenario and proactively managed deployment of surplus liquidity towards short term investments and interbank lending opportunities. Effective







management of repricing and duration gaps have resulted in positive net interest income, realization of substantial capital gains along with curtailment of revaluation and opportunity losses.

In line with the SBP's objective of expanding Financial Inclusion, Your Bank took concrete measures to enhance customer onboarding during the year under review. Your Bank opened approximately 660,000 New to Bank (NTB) accounts in 2018. The aforementioned NTB accounts included approximately 231,000 Asaan accounts, which are geared towards the under privileged and largely under and/or unbanked population segment of the society.

Your Bank's comprehensive deposit product suite was further strengthened with the launch of 'Allied Youth Account' in August 2018. The product is designed to cater specific needs of the digital savvy 'millennials' segment and has received a positive response with the opening of approximately 20,000 NTB accounts opened during 2018. Simultaneously, 'Allied Senior Citizen Account', catering to the unique requirements of the senior segment of the society was launched on International Senior Citizen day also in August 2018, with positive customer feedback.

Substantial growth in customer base has greatly facilitated in enabling Your Bank to post a healthy YoY growth of 11% in Deposits, which stood at Rs.984,475 million at the end of 2018. Major accomplishment was the growth in zero-cost current account deposits, which closed at Rs.363,639 million as at December 31, 2018 with a YoY growth of 15% over 2017. Resultantly, CASA deposit mix has improved to 82% as at December 31, 2018 from 78% as at December 31, 2017.

Your Bank's strong Equity base stood at Rs.107,305 million and enabled Your Bank to post Capital Adequacy ratio

(CAR) well above the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan. The standalone and consolidated CAR under Basel III has stood at 22.23% and 22.05% respectively. Common Equity Tier ratio (CET) and Tier 1 ratio (CET1) have stood at 17.34% as against the requirement of 6.0% and 7.5% respectively; clearly depicting a well-capitalized position of Your Bank. With this strong Capital Adequacy level, Your Bank remains well positioned to take benefit of all growth opportunities including quality credit expansion in future.

Despite the challenges emanating from aforementioned monetary tightening and re-pricing lag on the asset side, Interest income aggregated to Rs.73,274 million during 2018, increasing by 12% on YoY basis, mainly on account of optimum earning assets mix. Meanwhile, interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 stood at Rs.41,159 million, mainly on account of 136 bps rise in average benchmark policy rate along with volumetric growth of deposits.

In view of the above-mentioned focused approach towards enhanced CASA mix in total Deposits, with stronger growth in average current accounts by 14%, enabled Your Bank to curtail cost of deposit increase to 49 bps only.

Your Bank's focus on diversifying revenue streams has yielded results as major fee-based income avenues showing healthy growth. Your Bank continues to derive steady fee income from Initiatives including debit cards, investment banking, Pakistan Remittance initiative, Banca/Takaful along with trade and branch banking activities. Overall fee and commission income increased by 11% to close at Rs.4,361 million during the year under review.

Your Bank has also maintained hold strategy for the blue-chip securities portfolio and derived healthy dividends and capital gains aggregating to Rs.3,397 million during the year 2018, thereby

enabling to post steady double-digit overall yields on the portfolio; inspite of lower dividend payouts by IPPs sector.

The foreign exchange (FX) market remained volatile throughout the year under review. Your Bank maintained a prudent approach and undertook risk averse positioning on FX exposures while earning the highest foreign exchange income exceeding Rs 1,500 million during the year under review. The overall Non-Interest Income (NII) grew significantly by 29% to close at Rs.11,440 million at the end of 2018.

Your Bank maintained continued focus on inculcating efficiencies across the entire broad spectrum of operations. These saving initiatives driven by judicious use of technology and centralization of operations were off-set by significant cost borne on account of enhanced regulatory levies along with incremental costs incurred on retirement benefits and outreach expansion. Overall administrative expenses of Your Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018, stood at Rs.2,923 million.

Supreme Court of Pakistan vide order dated November 10, 2016 decided that the amendments made in the law through Finance Act 2008, introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Worker Welfare Fund (WWF) were unlawful. Federal Board of Revenue had filed review petition against the subject order, which is currently pending for adjudication with no hearing till date. However, based on the above referred order and legal opinion of consultant, Your Bank has conservatively reversed the provision against WWF for the period from January 2008 to December 2013; before the provincial levy of WWF by Sindh Provincial Government, which is under litigation. Accordingly, provision for Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) and related Deferred Tax Asset were reversed for the aforesaid period.

During the year under review, the Honourable Supreme Court had also taken up the matter relating to pension arrangements of privatized banks under the Suo Moto case SMC No. 20/2016. The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan concluded the case, by using judicial discretion and fixed the minimum pension and indexation levels for eligible staff, on humanitarian grounds. In view of the underlying judgement, Your Bank under the guidance of legal counsel has booked the related past service cost of Rs. 172 million, based on an annual actuarial valuation.

CEO'S **REVIEW**



Resultantly, the Profit before taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018 stood at the healthy level of Rs.21,016 million. Whereas, Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018 increased to close at Rs.12,880 million. The EPS of Your Bank increased to Rs.11.25 per share for the year ended December 2018 as compared to Rs.11.12 per share in December 2017.

Event after the Balance Sheet Date

Federal Government vide Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Bill, 2019 (Bill) submitted on dated January 23, 2019, has proposed to amend rate of Super Tax for Banks for Tax Year 2018 (Accounting Year ended 31 December, 2017) from "0%" to "4%". As a result, the proposed implementation shall result in a retrospectively levy. The proposed bill is under debate in the Parliament and would take effect only upon approval by the Parliament. The appended unconsolidated financial statements of Your Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of this new proposed levy, which would be accounted for in the year ending December 31, 2019 as prior year tax charge; if the proposed bill is approved by the Parliament.

Digital Banking Initiatives

Your Bank remaining well aware of the gradually rising disruptions under the digital era, continuously focused on strengthening the Bank's strong digital banking platform by enriching existing products while introducing new digital channels while simultaneously taking concrete steps towards avoiding related cyber security threats.



Digital Banking group's relentless efforts resulted in the launch of 'myABL-FonePay' app, which is an extension of myABL Digital Banking, exclusively designed to cater to a wide range of mobile payments. Through myABL FonePay, customers can seamlessly purchase products and services from any location by using their mobile phones.

Business Internet Banking (BIB) module, geared towards providing online banking facility to our institutional customers. continue to be well appreciated in the market. BIB facilitates in enabling customers to perform majority of banking transactions including bulk payments and trade business transactions from the convenience of their respective offices and off-site locations.

Your Bank, leading with a proactive strategy towards the evolving digital landscape, launched its 'Innovation Lab' during the year under review. This Lab shall assist in evaluating and adopting emerging technologies, inculcate a culture of innovation and support the Bank's successful transitioning towards the "Digital Age". The Lab supplements the Bank's robust technological infrastructure while providing a solid platform for digital banking team to check the highest industry standards through a rigorous testing environment preceding the roll-out of new digital products and services.

In view of the convenience to Debit and Prepaid cardholders, Biometric ATM service was also launched during 2018; which provides significant additional comfort to conduct card-less financial transactions through biometric



verification. At the close of 2018, 1,126 ATMs of Your Bank across Pakistan have been fitted with biometric facility. Furthermore, Your Bank enabled the entire ATM network with Anti-skimming devices and EMV compliance during the year under review.

Your Bank continued to augment its Debit Card base during the year under review. Total debit cards in circulation have increased to 4.3 million cards, registering a growth of 16%. Your Bank's initiative of issuing subsidized PayPak cards for the low-income segment yielded results as the volume increased by 1.3 times during the year under review, to close at 194,895 cards.

Moreover, to facilitate the valuable customers who seek both international and domestic spending convenience, Your Bank entered into an agreement with 1-Link for issuance of first ever 'PayPak- Union Pay International' (UPI) co-badged debit cards in Pakistan.

Furthermore, in order to shift over-thecounter (OTC) transactions towards digitized channel, Your Bank installed point-of-sale machines at its selective branches to facilitate personal banking and also reduce counter load.

These initiatives have enabled for reduction in mix of costlier OTC transactions which reduced from 49% in 2017 to 46% in 2018. Resulting, digital service channel mix increased to 54% in 2018 against 51% in 2017; clearly depicting the success in the digital journey of Your Bank.









Your Bank's mobile ATMs pilot was well appreciated by our Valued customer and the Bank intends to launch additional mobile ATMs in selected cities. Similarly, the 24/7 response to pilot digital locker facility with multiple security measures has been encouraging and Your Bank shall also expand this facility in other high-end niche markets.

Your Bank continued to expand strategic business alliances with ecommerce companies, large retailers, trading houses and major eateries chains for its debit card holders, who enjoyed substantial discounts. Resultantly, debit card spent increased by 25% on YoY basis.

Significant push towards provision of 'Payment Hub' solution to educational institutes, public utilities, government sector institutions and corporates assisted in augmenting the digitized cash management business of Your Bank.

Your Bank has also entered into agreement with 1-Link for FBR tax collection through digital banking channels. Payment through digital touch points shall facilitate Your Bank's account holders to pay their taxes and duties on 24/7 basis from the convenience of their homes and offices.

Risk Management, Compliance and

The key strategic attribute of Your Bank is the effective risk management, which is recognized as a primary barometer of the Bank's success. The Bank maintains a robust risk culture across the businesses, ensuring that risktaking activities are consistent with the Bank's approved risk appetite, with an appropriate balance between risk and reward in order to maximize shareholder value. The risk management framework, collectively knowns as Risk Assessment and Management System (RAMS), is being continuously evaluated and modified to cater to the dynamic business environment while adopting industry's best practices.

During the year under review, Your Bank also formulated a formal 'Recovery Plan' for effective monitoring, escalation, planning, and execution of recovery actions in the event of any unforeseen crisis situation. Although backed by "AAA" long term credit rating and "CG9+" corporate governance ratings, the chances of such incidence are very remote.

Your Bank's places immense importance on the information security, whereby constant monitoring of IT and Cyber security risk is being undertaken, with emphasis on safeguarding the Bank's and customers data while simultaneously ensuring overall IT environment's reliability and security. Significant efforts are being directed to ensure conformity with industry's best practices.

There is a dearth of quality warehousing in the country, leading to significant amount of deterioration and pilferage of the stored commodities. Your Bank's unique initiative of 6 strategically located warehouses was sustained during the year under review, which enabled enhanced security against pledge financing while simultaneously providing warehousing access to the Bank's obligors.

In wake of evolving landscape and promulgation of new laws and standards, Compliance function is being strengthened on continuous basis to mitigate associated compliance risks. The main emphasis of Your Bank is to adopt alert-based technology enabled solutions to optimize the compliance functionality.

Your Bank took special measures for carrying out biometric verification of the existing account holders including Off-Site verification in order to comply with the SBP's initiative of further strengthening AML/KYC. During the year, Your Bank also deployed robust software for name screening, which enables Your Bank to scan NTB customers through various proscribed databases with real time update.

In line with the Bank's strategic vision, Banking Services undertook various business process re-engineering measures to centralize and automate branch banking operations enabling optimum customer services with improved TATs, enhanced internal controls while also supporting cost optimization. A comprehensive business continuity plan has been formalized and is updated regularly to safeguard Your Bank against any unforeseen disruptions in meeting customer banking and regulatory requirements. Higher focus was maintained on increasing the e-statement subscribers, no. of lockers issuances along with initiation of SMS based alerts to our valued customers.

Information Technology

Your Bank is continuously making significant investments towards technology platform enhancements to enable superior customer user experiences, support risk management initiatives, strengthen compliance culture and improve data analytics to simultaneously drive business growth along with contributing towards operational efficiencies. Accordingly,

CEO'S **REVIEW**



existing Information Technology Systems are timely upgraded while new software and hardware solutions are being promptly acquired to prevent systems failure and obsolescence.

Your Bank's T-24 core-banking software, was seamlessly upgraded to release 16, during the year under review. Further, in order to protect Your Bank's data base from any untoward incidence, a Disaster Recovery (DR) exercise was conducted successfully for all critical business applications from the DR site.

Outreach Expansion

Your Bank expanded the conventional branch network to 1,345 branches by the end of 2018. Total branches comprise of 1,228 conventional and 117 Islamic banking branches at the close of 2018. During the year, Your Bank introduced a concept of flagship branches, under which selected top performing branches were renovated, supplemented with additional facilities and latest gadgets and by placement of premier staff to provide enhanced service quality and user experience for our valued customers.

Expansion strategy was also maintained in the Your Bank's ATM networks as well. At the close of 2018, there were 1,083 on-site and 305 off-site ATMs installed at major commercial hubs, shopping malls and public amenities to cater to the 24/7 cash requirements of Your Bank's valued customers. Your Bank also successfully maintained its ATM uptime at 99% during the year 2018, well above the industry average. Number of transactions vide ATM network grew by 9% during the year, to aggregate at 23.5 million transactions.

Service Quality

Furthermore, to ensure fair treatment to all its customers, Your Bank formulated a Consumer Protection Framework (FCPF), in line with the SBP's directive. Moreover, in view of rising skimming and spoofing incidences, Your Bank is continuously educating its customers through awareness campaigns vide all touch points available including social media.

Your Bank is also continuously striving to deliver better service quality to esteemed customers. Therefore, Service Standards for Complaint Management Division (CMD) were developed to augment their management, registration and closure of complaints.

Further during the year under review, with the objective of continuously revamping customer service, Allied Phone Banking Division (APB) took concrete steps to reduce call abandoned ratio and improve the lead time for meeting customer queries.

Islamic Banking

Islamic Banking remained a key focus area of Your Bank to meet the diversified needs of the customers demanding Sharia compliant financial solutions. Your Bank expanded its product range by introducing Consumer Car Ijarah, Allied Islamic Long-Term Financing Facility, Musawamah Finance along with two Shariah compliant deposit products including 'Allied Aitebar Senior Citizen Account' and 'Allied Islamic Youth Account' in 2018.

Total Assets of Islamic Banking

operations as at December 31, 2018 increased to Rs.27,304 million from Rs.17,350 million in December 2017, posting a growth of 57%. Islamic Banking deposits increased to Rs.24,633 million as at December 31, 2018 compared to Rs.15,547 million in December 31, 2017 reflecting growth of 58%.

Upon attaining reasonable footprint of Islamic banking branches, "Islamic Windows" were launched in 10 selected conventional branches; enabling Your Bank's Islamic Banking arm to further expand its low costs deposit base in this niche market, without needing to invest in new physical branches.

Investments in Human Capital

Your Bank, remaining well abreast with the importance of human capital in the digital era, undertook various initiatives during 2018 to enhance and upgrade the workforce's skill set levels in digital and conventional banking, evolving compliance requirements along with improvement in leadership skills. Total of 10,034 participants attended more than 60 courses during the year under review.

During 2018, Your Bank has further revamped the Management Training Officer induction criterion. Furthermore, Your Bank developed and formalized KPI driven appraisals for all functional groups, conducted first ever indigenously developed employee satisfaction survey to help make informed decisions with respect to human resources policies and implemented ABL CARE, an in-house psychometric assessment center.

In view of the expansion plans, a total of 1,264 new staff members became part of Your Bank; hence increasing the overall



staff strength to 11,206 including 1,850 female staff. The overall female ratio stood at 17% during 2018.

Green Banking and environment protection

In compliance to the Green Banking Guidelines Issued by the SBP, Your Bank has formulated its own Green Banking Policy. Your Bank has established a Green Banking Office (GBO) in Risk Management Group in order to promote environment friendly practices. The objective was to identify and manage environmental risks, socially adverse actions and reducing carbon footprint while espousing paperless environment.

In view of promoting paperless environment, Your Bank also introduced a 'Workflow Automation System', which enabled workflow-based approval mechanism across the network and has led to significant reduction in paper usage, courier costs while significantly enhancing decision makings TATs.

Strategy Conferences and Customer Awareness Sessions

Your Bank conducted two exclusive strategy conferences for the Middle and Senior management during the

year under review; with thread bare discussions on the digital transformation, strategic and operational plans. The conferences provided a great opportunity for the Senior and Middle managements cadres to interact freely, deliberate key challenges and issues on threadbare basis along with providing an enabling platform towards goal congruence.

Your Bank's unique initiative to impart insight into best corporate practices, management techniques, taxation practices and Islamic banking were well appreciated by the Obligors and customer. Two interactive seminars for Corporate, Commercial and SME obligors on the topic "Transition from Family Owned Business Structure to Corporate Structure" were organized during 2018. Your Bank also conducted SME awareness sessions during the year.

A seminar on Islamic banking was also organized in Quetta which was graced by the Chairman Shariah Board. Your Bank has also organized a seminar on 'Simpler taxation systems enabling high growth in tax net' at Islamabad. Dr. Ishrat Hussain was the key note speaker, which was also attended by member FBR, senior officials from SECP along with Your Bank's obligors and customers.

Rewards and Accolades

It is a matter of great pride that Your Bank's efforts towards excellence in various fields were acknowledged by the following national as well as international publications and regulators during 2018:

- Best Bank in Pakistan Award 2018 by Euromoney
- 6th FPCCI Achievement Award 2018
- Best Bank for CSR Pakistan by Asia Money
- Best Micro Financing Pakistan, 2018 by The Asset Magazine, Hong
- Best Loan Adviser Pakistan, 2018 by The Asset Magazine, Hong Kong
- Telecom Deal of the Year Pakistan, 2018 by Asset Triple A Asia Infrastructure Awards 2018, Hong Kong
- Corporate Excellence Award by Management Association of Pakistan
- 2nd Position Best Corporate Report Award (Banks) by ICAP/ICMAP

ABL Asset Management Company Limited

Allied Bank Limited subsidiary, ABL Asset Management Company Limited (ABL AMC) maintained Asset under Management (AUM) size of Rs.44 billion during 2018.







ABL AMC continued to provide value added products and launched four new funds including Allied Capital Protected Fund, Allied Islamic Asset allocation Fund, ABL Islamic Asset Allocation Fund (IAAF) and Allied Finergy Fund; the total portfolio now compromising of 14 funds.

IAAF provides potentially high return through asset allocation between Shari'ah compliant deployment covering equity securities, fixed income instruments, money market instruments and any other Shari'ah compliant instruments as permitted by the SECP and Shari'ah

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Ltd. (JCR-VIS) reaffirmed the Management Quality Rating (MQR) of ABL AMC at 'AM2++' (AM-Two-Double Plus). Outlook on the assigned rating stood at 'Stable'. The assigned rating was derived from ABL AMC's strong sponsor profile, effective corporate governance framework, adequate control functions and balanced board composition. ABL AMC is also ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 certified AMC in Pakistan and has also adopted Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS).

Credit and Corporate Gover-nance Ratings

Entity Ratings

Your Bank's continuous efforts to achieve sustainable and robust financial position, capable of absorbing economic cycles, one-off shocks and proficient enough to deliver stable results transpired in upgradation to the highest "AAA" rating by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA). With the achievement of this milestone, Your Bank is now among the select few top banks, who are rated in

this category. Prudent risk management framework, robust financial position along with strong sponsors profile played a pivotal role in this rating upgrade.

Corporate Governance Rating

Your Bank's corporate governance aims to instill effective and prudent management to deliver sustainable long-term value. Therefore, Your Bank on yearly basis have its corporate governance practices reviewed by an independent evaluator. JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited re-affirmed Your Bank's Corporate Governance Rating of 'CGR-9+'. Rating indicates a 'high level of corporate governance'; thus, depicting a strong commitment towards governance framework by the Board and management of Your Bank, while noting that the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee to be chaired by an independent director as per Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017, requirements.

International Rating

Moody's Investor Service maintained Your Bank's deposit rating at B3 during 2018, with outlook negative which is constrained by negative outlook on the sovereign rating; indicating stable deposit - based funding profile, high liquidity buffer and good earnings generating capacity.

Future Outlook

Country's projected GDP growth level remains well under the desired levels to sustain more than 200 million population. Drastic measures are urgently needed to implement much awaited taxation reforms geared towards broadening tax base, curtailment of informal economy with higher emphasis on augmenting the financial inclusion levels, promotion of private sector investment, privatization of loss-making PSEs and repayment of ballooning circular debt to address the rising fiscal gap.

Paradigm shift in taxation regime also been long advocated to enhance the insignificant tax base which aggregated to just 1.83 million active tax payers in a population of over 200 million. Without the structural reforms to boost the lagging trust deficit, significant broadening of tax base and resultant growth in fiscal revenues streams seem unlikely. Accordingly, it would remain an uphill task to circumvent the reliance on borrowings led domestic growth.

On the external front, Current Account deficit and repayment of FCY debts continue to pose major challenges for the country. While the comparatively lower oil prices are expected to provide some relief; urgent measures are needed for incentivizing manufacturing entities engaged in import substitution and augmenting exports.

Additional curbs on non-essential imports, protection of domestic industries and the assistance from friends of Pakistan especially recent agreements signed with KSA bodes well for future inflows in short term, which also signifies improving foreign investors' confidence. Prudent exchange rate monitoring requires constant attention of the policy makers. Further, concrete efforts are required to be demonstrated to exit from the 'grey list' with respect to FATF.



In view of the aforementioned expected policy measures, increase in gas and electricity tariffs, impacts of devaluation and higher import tariffs would further push the inflation figure upwards. Therefore, SBP may find it imperative to continue with the tightening monetary policy by revising the Policy Rate upward; albeit in a gradual manner compared to 2018. CPI inflation is projected in the range of 6.5% -7.5% in FY 2018-19.

While the country remains blessed with a huge potential and vast natural resources; yet without tackling the aforementioned long-term challenges decisively, country is unable to tap into these immense opportunities. CPEC driven investments in the field of energy, infra structure, Gwadar port activity and gradual initiation of private sector level cooperation is beginning to gradually generate economic activity. Completion of seven energy related projects have contributed towards national grid capacity by 3,240 MW. However, concrete measures are required to be adopted to reduce enormous line losses amidst rampant power thefts. This would assist in further rationalizing the existing energy costs, necessary to sustain growing population

Banking sector outlook is linked with these evolving macro-economic developments and emerging challenges. Despite the rate hike; resultant credit costs, difficulties in implementing foreclosure laws restraining credit expansion in priority sectors, expansion in currency in circulation, rising compliance costs amidst tougher regulatory environment without considering ecosystem, inflation driven expenditure

growth and discriminatory tax regime with the continuation of the Super tax pose significant challenges to the sector's bottom line outlook.

Your Bank's long-term strategy entails the adoption of 'digitization' driven priorities with particular focus on the enhanced digital experience and user interfaces for the valued customers, continuous enrichment of data analytics and reporting capabilities, persistent testing and implementation of advanced technologies including Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Big Data and Robotics along with automation of core business processes shall remain key strategic imperatives.

In view of the above, Your Bank shall maintain the pace of technological infrastructure upgradation on an ongoing basis. The planned functional upgrade of its T-24 core-banking system to 'Arrangement Architecture' (AA) framework along with higher focus on data governance and protection against cyber threats will equip Your Bank to offer more customized digital products in shorter lead times.

Digital product suite enrichment includes provision of Branchless Banking (BB) services, launched in partnership with AutoSoft Dynamics and Finja, a local Fintech Start-up, enabling Your Bank to issue instant mobile wallet accounts without the requirement of physical presence in a branch. BB shall also facilitate the start of 'Agent led banking' for Your Bank. Furthermore, Your Bank intends to add to its product portfolio fully digitized Easy Pay loan facility for the salaried classes.

A new version of 'myABL' app is also being launched in 2019, which shall provide an enhanced user experience including bio-metric login, integration of QR code payments and ticket purchasing options for the digital savvy customers.

Considering the satisfactory response to various alliances undertaken during the year, Your Bank intends to further broaden these alliances. In this regard, 'Premium Debit Card' was launched in early 2019, which is an exclusive product for high net worth customers designed by 'VISA' under their 'Signature' card category. The card enables free access to multiple airport lounges across the world along free insurance coverages and comes with exclusive alliances with major retailers and eateries across Pakistan.

Your Bank has collaborated with IBM for adoption of Oracle Big Data Appliance. Through this partnership planned for 2019, Your Bank will be able to make strategic decisions based on meaningful insights derived from machine learning models and offer personalized customer experiences.

Your Bank is constantly looking to partner with Fintech and top universities including NUST to focus on areas of common interest like robotics, intelligent machine learning and automation of support functions and data analytics with the objective of creating value.

Your Bank intends to continue to gradually expand its self-service branches. One of such branches would be opened shortly in the top business university of the country with pilot deployment of 'instant account opening





and various designed based card issuance machine' along with deployment of Interactive Teller Machines and digital signages.

Your Bank shall continue to enable its growing ATM network with Biometric facility, Anti-skimming devices and EMV compliance to ensure the best possible security measures against skimming. Further Bank has initiated SMS service to all its registered customers to keep them abreast with respect to the digital banking

In sync with the unique ground realities of the country, Your Bank adopting a hybrid approach, continues to gradually shift higher expansion in omni-channel models under digital banking platforms while maintaining optimum level in traditional brick and mortar-based outreach for conventional business with windows for Islamic businesses at various strategic locations.

Enhanced focus shall continue on ambitious customer onboarding targets supplemented by continuous enrichment of user experiences. Growth momentum in current accounts and financial inclusion shall be maintained on the deposit side. While in the advance's portfolio, Your Bank will further penetrate in middle market and SME segment by tapping opportunities in the captive business available with Bank's vast corporate obligors; through availment of cross sell and vendor financing opportunities.

The Bank remains optimistic about the aforementioned collaboration with Karandaaz. This partnership is expected to facilitate growth in SME product development and capacity building within the Bank. Furthermore, Your Bank intends to launch 'mortgage loans' in 2019 in selected big cities initially, to enrich product suite for ABL customers.

Continuously developing compliance culture with respect to domestic and international requirements like Common Reporting Standards (CRM) and conducting comprehensive compliance trainings shall remain part of Your Bank's strategy going forward.

The Bank intends to maintain focus on further enrichment of its existing Enterprise Risk Management Framework and at the same time keep on evaluating related state of the art solutions for further value creation in identification, analysing, monitoring and controlling of all major risks including credit, market, liquidity and operations risks. Furthermore, expansion in the Bank managed warehouses for pledge financing will be maintained. The current operational six warehouses will be increased gradually to twenty locations going forward, as envisaged in long term strategy of Your Bank. The aforementioned strong risk management platform would continue to build resilience to absorb any possible impact, upon the eventual implementation of IFRS-9 'Financial Instruments', on the profitability and capital adequacy (CAR) going forward.

Capitalizing upon existing conventional network, Islamic Banking (IB) segment of Your Bank shall increase its outreach through window operations in selected niche markets. The focus of IB shall remain towards increasing customer base, build-up of quality advances portfolio and optimize costs, which is expected to have a positive impact on IB's bottom line going forward.

In view of the rapidly changing digital world, human resource group remains a key strategic partner in the overall agenda of change management, culture alignment and overall digital evolution of Your Bank. A significant investment will continue to be made towards enhanced trainings, staff engagement and hiring of 'right mind set' staff. Forming of agile teams shall further encourage empowerment and augment the overall staff ownership in this critical transformation journey. Staff optimization and efficiency levels will be further

enhanced, through detailed organizational and workload analysis on an ongoing

Your Bank's management remains committed towards optimally utilizing and building on the strong technological platform, robust risk management framework, focused regulatory compliance, enhanced delivery channels to facilitate higher customer onboarding, through superior service quality and enhanced user experiences, to deliver sustainable shareholders' value in future.

Acknowledgement

I would like to extend my gratitude to the Board of Directors for their continued guidance and support. I would also like to value the untiring efforts and resolve displayed by our team members in provision of seamless banking experience to our customers during the year. I would like to commend our valuable customers for their relentless patronage, trust and making ABL their bank of choice. Furthermore, I would also like to express my sincere appreciation to the State Bank of Pakistan, Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory bodies for their direction and continued support.

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Chief Executive Officer

Dated: February 13, 2019

GROUP **REVIEW**

Corporate and Investment Banking Group:

The Bank's Corporate and Investment Banking Group (CIBG) is one of the leading wholesale banking outfits in Pakistan, CIBG's forte lies in relationshipdriven and client-centric approach; adaptability to changing market conditions, understanding of business dynamics and evolving business needs of obligors; and competence to provide structured and sustainable financing solutions with comprehensive relationship

CIBG maintains a well-diversified and profitable capital markets portfolio with investments in high quality stocks having a healthy dividend stream. The total capital gains and dividend income from equity portfolio was recorded at Rs 3,397 million in 2018.

Despite multi-faceted macro-economic challenges and rising interest rates scenario, CIBG posted a strong growth in its quality lending portfolio by continuing to maintain focus on enhancing exposure to premier corporates, having sound future prospects, strong business fundamentals and proven account history.

During 2018, Corporate Banking's performing loan portfolio increased by Rs.61 billion or 19% as against December 2017. Simultaneously, concerted efforts were made to enhance CIBG's trade finance share of wallet to maximize fee-based income.

Middle Market (MM) division within CIBG primarily covers top tier commercial entities, that operate at relatively smaller scale compared with corporate obligors, by providing them with value added financing solutions and advisory services; while simultaneously steering and enlightening them with better corporate practices. MM has remained instrumental in increasing Bank's penetration into this segment and added several new bankable relationships during the year.

Investment Banking (IB) continued to offer a wide range of investment banking products and solutions to corporate clients to assist in achieving their growth and strategic objectives.

The Debt Syndication and Advisory Unit's forte is executing big ticket debt arrangement transactions by offering cost effective and customized corporate financing solutions and advisory services/



products ranging from advising on IPOs, Underwritings, Divestments, Debt Restructurings and Merger & Acquisition

The Project Finance Unit offers services to project sponsors for development of a credit-worthy and bankable financial structure and syndicated finance for greenfield and brownfield investment projects with appropriate risk allocation.

During 2018, Investment Banking advised and financed multiple transactions covering diverse sectors including power generation, chemicals, metal products and financial institutions.

The Financial Institutions and International Division (FI) continued to enhance the Bank's global institutional banking relationship base with leading and highly reputed financial institutions to support trade, treasury, foreign exchange

In addition, FI's partnerships with various multi-lateral agencies and global banks continued to facilitate smooth execution of customers' growing and diversifying international banking requirements. Your Bank currently has more than 250 international correspondents located in 85 countries, providing global reach and acceptability.

The Bahrain (Wholesale Banking Branch) and Dubai (Representative Office) remained instrumental in harnessing opportunities for business in the Gulf region. Your Bank's Representative Office in Beijing, People's Republic of China, continued to explore the potential

business opportunities for trade and investment flows between China and Pakistan while extracting maximum synergies from the relationship between the two countries. Your Bank through prudent business strategies, remains fully compliant with the regulatory framework of the respective territories.

Home Remittance Division (HRD), continued to enhance remittance inflows by strengthening relationships with existing correspondent partners and adding new-tie-ups globally. Through more than 100 correspondent relationships world-wide, and large network of country-wide online branches, HRD delivers premier services for the non-resident Pakistanis to remit funds effectively and efficiently through multiple channels.

During 2018, new tie-up relationships were established with correspondent partners from UK, South Africa, Australia, Malaysia and Canada.

Going forward, CIBG aims to maintain its selective lending approach with primary focus on top tier and blue-chip corporate clientele to continue adding high quality assets while simultaneously exploring bankable avenues in mid-tier corporate segment to diversify and generate a sustainable revenue stream. CIBG seeks to maintain its contribution towards your Bank's overall profitability through cross selling of financial institutions products while capitalizing upon established corporate relationships and international operations and explore avenues for maximizing fee based, ancillary and captive business opportunities. Moreover,

GROUP **REVIEW**





accelerated efforts are being made to explore new corridors for remittance business and maximizing Bank's synergies across its domestic and international network.

Commercial and Retail Banking Group:

Commercial and Retail Banking Group (CRBG) extended unwavering support in achieving the Bank's strategic goals and to create value for the stakeholders by optimizing resource allocation and by providing wide range of banking solutions

Comprehensive product suite supported by conventional and gradually developing 24/7 digital platforms including an extensive network of customer touch points provided unparalleled access to financial services for our valued customers.

Branch outreach expanded to reach 1,345 branches by the end of 2018, with 95 new branches opening during the year. Further augmentation of Islamic footprint led to the launch of 10 "Islamic windows" with an aim to further expand its low costs deposit base in this niche market. Sustained focus on customer onboarding process yielded results approximately 650,000 NTB accounts were added to Banks customer base and improved banks contribution towards national financial inclusion strategy.

CRBG's focus on ensuring a healthy portfolio mix led to a robust growth in overall deposits, which grew by Rs 100,734 million to post a growth of 11%;

including additional Rs. 47,304 million mobilized in no-cost current account, posting a growth of 15%, improving the Bank's overall CA mix to 37%. CRBG closed the CASA deposits at Rs. 809 billion, registering a YoY growth of Rs. 118 billion being 17%.

Despite the policy rate hike of 4.25% in 2018, CRBG curtailed cost of deposits to 3.51% for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Bank's comprehensive deposit product suite was further strengthened by the launch of 'Allied Youth Account' and "Allied Senior Citizen Account" to cater to the specific requirements of tech savvy millennials and senior citizens of the society respectively. Both products were met with overwhelming response from the public with more than 25 thousand accounts opening under both categories during the year.

CRBG successfully re-launched bancassurance product across the network. The Bank is partnering with EFU and Jubilee Insurance companies to provide par excellence products for its customers, with on-ground placement of their sales representatives to maintain service excellence with minimum number of customer complaints.

CRBG maintained the cautious growth in the Bank's Consumer portfolio. Allied Personal Finance and Allied Car Finance offered at competitive mark-up rates and with quick processing turnaround times (TATs), is well appreciated by the Bank's customers. Your Bank is expanding its consumer finance product suite through launch of mortgage financing product, under the name of "Allied Home Finance".

In view of Agriculture sector's importance in Pakistan's economy, Your Bank designed specific financial products geared to meet the unique financial needs of the farming community. During 2018, Your Bank launched new agricultural financing products namely Allied Aabayari (Irrigation Solution) and "Allied Farm Mechanization" to further encourage the farming community to adopt best mechanical and irrigation practices to improve their yields, thereby positively impacting their livelihoods.

In line with Your Bank's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy, CRBG maintained its focus towards giving back to communities in which the Bank operates. Focus on the key CSR activity to impart financial literacy to our customers through implementation of ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) software at our selected obligors was maintained. Two obligors were successfully migrated to ERP software during the year whereas Implementations on two other obligors is in process.

Digital Banking Group:

Aligned with evolving digital environment and shift of global banking orientation towards the "Digital Banking Age", Your Bank is continuously endeavoring to maintain strategic focus on broad based digitalization and transformation through adoption of cutting-edge technologies while delivering a customer centric experience to its digital banking customer base. Your Bank is striving to augment the digitalized product suite by offering products catering to the evolving needs of different customer segments.



myABL (Personal Internet Banking) with a device agnostic responsive design, works seamlessly across wide array of devices. Additionally, myABL complements individual/retail users' experience over mobile apps for Apple iOS and Google Android. It offers an array of features, which are available to Bank's customers 24/7 over internet and mobile. The numbers of users continue to grow and has doubled during 2018 to cross the 200,000 mark. myABL Business Internet Banking (BIB) is online/internet banking service exclusively designed and developed for Business and Institutional Customers. This user-friendly and device-responsive facility continued to grow during 2018, enabling customers to execute wide range of banking transactions online from the convenience of their respective workstation/offices.

Business entities can initiate multiple transactions on BIB including specialized Trade Finance transactions (Letter of Credits (LCs), Guarantees and Export Collections, Term Deposit issuance and encashment and perform General Banking Transactions (Funds Transfers, Bill Payments, FBR Payments, Bankers Cheque Printing etc.) and Bulk Payment transactions in any Bank Accounts.

Self-service banking (SSB) branch network is also being gradually expanded across selected locations. SSB offers a blend of "Conventional" and "Self-Service Banking" facilities to account holders as

well as walk-in customers. SSB enables the customers to address their banking needs while interfacing with diverse range of digital touch points including tablets, interactive tables, video conferencing and digital kiosks. Thereby, significantly enhancing the customers' instant paperless user experience.

Your Bank is among the few banks in Pakistan to offer Premium VISA Debit Cards to our High Net Worth Customers. This card brings a complete bundle of services including Purchase Protection against thefts, extended warranty, multi trip travel insurance facility on domestic as well as international trips and airport lounge access at 1.000+ locations. Moreover, accountholders subscribing for Premium Debit Cards will be entitled to exclusive discounts at selected merchants in Pakistan and 200+ fine dining locations globally. .

Your Bank has also conducted discount campaigns with leading retailers including Daraz.pk, Serene Air, Domino's, Burger King etc. which has resulted in increased debit card spend of 25% YoY Basis.

Your Bank remained actively engaged in facilitating multiple industries for cash management solution. Your Bank is associated with 180+ industries including schools, colleges, universities, financial institutions, manufacturing businesses for providing state of the art payment and collection services.

Your Bank has clubbed all its cash management solutions under payment hub wherein depending on client's need i.e. conventional, batch mode processing or API based integration is offered. Your Bank has onboarded 40+ clients signed up during the year for cash management services from government, educational, real estate and housing sectors.

Focus on enriching customer experience and improving convenience to Debit and Prepaid cardholders led to the launch of Biometric ATM service during 2018; which provides significant additional comfort to conduct card-less financial transactions through biometric verification. At the close of 2018, 1000+ ATMs of Your Bank across Pakistan have been upgraded with biometric facility. Your Bank continues to supplement its ATM network with Anti-skimming devices and EMV compliance to ensure the best possible security measures against skimming frauds for our valued customers

In 2018, Your Bank launched a new version of ATM / Branch Locator and discount offer services on the bank's corporate website and social media pages; with the corporate website receiving more than 6 million visits in the year under review. Discount offers service provides instant updates to customers with an enhanced view to effectively view such offers available at various merchants.

GROUP **REVIEW**

Going Forward, Digital Banking Group shall remain the converging point for developing, actualizing and ensuring utilization of latest technology enabled products and services; driving Bank's transformation towards the "Digital Banking Age."

Treasury:

The global economy grew at a sustained rate of 3.7% during the year, despite weaker performance in some European and Asian countries, as United States fiscal stimulus strategy yielded stronger results. Future growth projections remain adverse on the backdrop of weakening financial market sentiment, trade policy uncertainty emanating from ongoing trade confrontation between United States and China, rising public and private debt levels, volatile markets amidst liquidity constraints, Brexit linked uncertainties and higher inflation led monetary tightening stance adopted by central banks across the world.

Anticipating the fallout of high GDP growth on aggregate demand and balance of payments, Your Bank was proactively managing the duration of its government securities' portfolio.

As Current Account Deficit widened to alarming levels and its fallout on USD-PKR parity was imminent, with anticipated fall-out on the SBP's monetary policy. Your Bank pro-actively divested most of its long-term bond portfolio and took interest rate trading positions. The strategic divestment as well as trading positions resulted not only in capital gains of Rs. 2.0 billion but also enabled Your Bank to be well-positioned to benefit from the upward movement of the yield curve.

Your Bank's FX interbank desk is among the leading market makers in the spot and FX swap markets; striving to persistently provide the finest pricing to our valued customers.

The Treasury sales team is engaged in providing optimal solutions to our valued customer and offers a wide array of FX spot, forward and discounting products. While simultaneously acquiring a significant share in fixed income sales segment through competitive pricing and diverse offering of sovereign fixed income and money market products.

Your Bank's performance on the foreign exchange front was also commendable; with thorough and pro-active review of evolving economic scenario, timely position taking coupled with client servicing resulted in the FX desk contributing more than Rs. 1.5 billion to the bottom line. Furthermore, Your Bank's treasury won high value FX contracts worth approx. US\$ 1 billion due to its competitive and fine pricing.

Your Bank on the backdrop of healthy progression in both interbank and customer deal flow, strengthened its market position as one of the leading Primary Dealer's (PD) in the country and attained 3rd spot in the list of top-ranking PDs by SBP. Your Bank's Money Market desk remains an active market player in the domestic Repo and Call market and a leading market maker in GoP securities.

Islamic Banking Group:

According to World Bank, the rapid growth of Islamic finance exceeded 10% annually over the past two decades, with the industry surpassing US\$ 2,000 billion in size and expected to grow to US\$ 2,500 billion by the end of 2019. Islamic finance has emerged as an effective tool for financing development worldwide, including in non-Muslim countries.

Islamic Banking Industry assets in Pakistan during the year grew to over approximately Rs. 2,500 billion, while deposits

surpassed Rs. 2,000 billion.

As reported by SBP the market share of Islamic banking assets and deposits in overall banking industry was recorded at 13.6% and 14.7% respectively, while Islamic Banking outreach increased to 2.700 branches at the end-September 2018.

Islamic Banking Group (IBG) network has expanded to 117 fullfledged branches and 10 Islamic Banking Windows. This network enabled IBG to post significant growth in total Assets as at December 2018, which almost doubled to Rs. 27,305 million. Overall deposits grew significantly to reach Rs.24,633 million as at December 31, 2018; with sustained focus on

continuously improving mix of low-cost deposits in overall deposits.

Total advances and investment as at December 31, 2018 stood at Rs 17,176 million. A mix of working capital and project financing facilities through Shariah-compliant modes was offered to clients spanning various industries.

IBG has also expanded its products' range by introducing Consumer Car ljarah. In line with Bank's commitment to enhance financial inclusion and expand its market share, IBG will be introducing new products such as Allied Islamic Long-Term Financing Facility, Musawamah Finance, Home Finance, and Agri Finance on the assets side.

On the liability side IBG is committed to expand customer share of wallet through new cash management arrangements with large corporates. Further, in order to facilitate banking needs of different segments of society, IBG is also in the phase of introducing Liability products namely Allied Aitebar Youth Account and Allied Aitebar Senior Citizen account in the year 2019.

IBG organized three awareness sessions on "Customer Awareness Program on Islamic Banking" at Chambers of Commerce of Quetta and Peshawar



along with Yarn Market Traders, Faisalabad. The objective was to elucidate to the respective business communities, about the Shariah compliant banking alternatives; thereby enhancing knowledge and growth of Islamic banking avenues.

IBG remains fully committed to better serve the niche Islamic Banking Market, going forward.

Special Asset Management Group:

Special asset management (SAM) group of Your Bank continued its efforts of recovery against non-performing assets while being a focal point for remedial measures related to fraud, forgery and dacoity incidents and provided legal support across the Bank.

Nonperforming loans decreased by Rs.1,987 million to Rs.16,065 million as at December 31, 2018, compared to December 31, 2017 balance of Rs.18,052 million; reflecting a significant decrease of 11%.

Infection ratio (NPL/Gross advances) decreased to 3.5% as at December 31, 2018 compared to 4.6% in December 2017. Meanwhile, Ioan loss coverage (including general provision) increased to 97% as at December 31, 2018 from 93% as at December 31, 2017.

Infection and coverage ratios are significantly better than the industry's Infection and coverage ratio recorded at 7.5% and 90% respectively at period ended September 30, 2018.

In line with bank's overall vision towards digitalization and paperless banking, SAMG has digitized its approval processes. FRMU has Implemented Off-US FRCTALS Module and started monitoring of ADC transactions in a real time manner by 24/7 and successfully foiled various fraudulent attempts.

Going forward SAMG shall focus on further automation of internal processes NPL/write off loans settlement proposals, Up-gradation of Litigation Management System (LMS), Acquisition of VISAnet product Visa Risk Manager(VRM) for Real time Monitoring of International Cash & POS (Local & International) Transactions, enhancements in FCCM & FRACTALs Fraud Detection Module for Branch Banking transactions with new scenarios and professional trainings for staff to



further enhancement in professional expertise.

Compliance Group:

The Bank's Compliance Group (CG) is independent from the operational activities and reports directly to the CEO. It is primarily entrusted with the responsibility of ensuring strong regulatory compliant environment, augmenting compliance culture and establishing robust compliance framework enabling the Bank to remain abreast with the continuously evolving domestic and international regulatory requirements.

Considering the complex and stiffer regulatory requirements, the CG established following specialized subfunctions:

- Enterprise Compliance;
- Regulatory Compliance (inclusive of Technology Compliance)
- KYC and AML (Chief Anti Money Laundering Officer)

These sub-functions operate cohesively to continuously enrich the compliance risk monitoring and assessment environment of the Bank. CG is maintaining highest focus with industry leading standards in the following key areas:

- Compliance risk management and monitorina:
- Process level controls to avoid Money Laundering (ML), Terrorist Financing (TF) and Proliferation Financing (PF);

- · Automated tools for monitoring and countering ML, TF and PF risks;
- Continuous and consistent adherence to Regulatory promulgations and frameworks;
- Custodianship and up-dation of bank-wide Policy and Procedure documentation;
- Coordination with the regulator along with ensuring timely regulatory reporting;
- Issues tracking and resolution identified during internal and external reviews and audits

For capturing and disseminating regulatory and statutory requirements, CG has deployed an automated solution which also serves as repository for all laws, regulations, frameworks, policies and procedures and relevant correspondence. During the year, CG undertook various measures to further improve technology enabled Compliance Risk Management abilities in compliance with SBP's Compliance Risk Management Guidelines (CRMG).

CG also deployed name screening tool based on an enriched proscribed database with real time update. Bank wide implementation of this screening tool along with integrated mechanism at Bank's centralized account opening has significantly enhanced effectiveness and efficiency of AML/ KYC related controls. This tool has enabled the Bank to effectively screen Politically Exposed Persons and other High-risk entities with enhanced due diligence.

GROUP **REVIEW**

The Oracle's Financial Crime and Compliance Management (FCCM) system's monitoring capacity was significantly enhanced during year under review, by adding 12 additional anti ML scenarios while broadening the scope of its coverage.

Due diligence of correspondence relationships was further enhanced with membership of globally renowned portals including Bankers Almanac and SWIFT KYC Registry. Bank has also adopted Wolfsberg standards for due diligence of Financial Institutions.

During the year, CG supported other Groups in conducting Self-Assessment of Compliance Controls via provision of Regulatory Compliance Checklists. CG also conducted onsite/ Online and offsite trainings of more than 8,000 participants to improve compliance awareness & augment compliance culture. Considering importance of this aspect; training coverage of compliance shall be further enhanced.

Going forward, CG shall continue to invest in technology driven compliance platforms to further enrich dissemination, implementation, monitoring and oversight roles more effectively and efficiently; while ensuring timely implementation of Compliance Risk Management Solution along with adherence to SBP's CRMG, by persistently strengthening compliance resources, enhancing stakeholder trainings to promote a robust compliance culture across the Bank.

Risk Management Group:

Risk Management (RM) of Your Bank is continuously striving towards managing risk through an augmented framework of sound risk principles supported by optimum organizational structure, robust risk assessment models and effective monitoring systems in an IT enabled environment to safeguard the strength of the capital base of the Bank while achieving maximum shareholders value.

Specialized functions of RM include Corporate & FI Risk, Commercial, SME & Consumer Risk, Credit Administration and Monitoring, Technical Appraisal, Information Security and Governance and Enterprise Risk which operate cohesively to continuously enrich the risk monitoring and assessment architecture, ensuring superior quality of asset portfolio while keeping the aggregate risks well within the Bank's overall risk acceptance criteria.



During 2018, RMG continued to refine and innovate its risk management practices through use of latest technology and took following key initiatives to further strengthen risk monitoring and assessment processes:

- Owing to Small and Medium
 Enterprises economic significance and
 in light of SBP's initiative to promote
 SME financing, Your Bank participated
 in Innovative Challenge Fund (ICF3)
 "Transforming SME Financing,
 Innovative Credit Scoring Model
 of SMEs" launched by Karandaaz
 Pakistan (a non-profit organization)
 and got selected as a Partner for this
 project. This project will not only help
 us in fulfilling our social responsibility
 of financial inclusion but also facilitate
 in creating business opportunities for
 the Bank.
- In compliance with SBP directives, the Bank has carried out a detailed quantitative and qualitative impact analysis exercise for the adoption of IFRS-9 on Annual Financial statement of the year 2017. The key change brought by IFRS-9 is in relation to the accounting provisions for loan losses which are required to be made using expected loss model. Currently, loan loss provisions are made when there is an objective evidence of impairment (i.e. incurred loss model). This is a fundamental shift in provisioning. For determining Expected Credit Loss (ECL) as per IFRS-9, three-bucket approach i.e. stage 1, 2 and 3 has

been used along with three risk parameters i.e. Exposure at Default (EAD), Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given default (LGD).

- Implementation of IFRS-9 may develop a comprehensive forward-looking approach for incorporation of loss provision, however, the Bank believes that implementation of IFRS-9 in Pakistan requires alignment of existing laws and regulations, maturity of supporting software solutions and development of required skill set of human capital may take time
- Implemented BASEL Capital calculation module of oracle risk management solution. Through this state of the art system, the Bank has automated the calculation of Capital Adequacy Ratio. This module also provides dashboard for analytical views about CAR movements.
- The Bank has acquired a Bench Matrix Solution for Operational and Compliance Risk Management. This system shall enable the Bank to automate various functions pertaining to Operational and Compliance risk management as per best practices in the field.
- In continuance of Bank's distinctive initiative of engaging with the obligors to provide them with latest insight on business management & strategies; two interactive seminars for corporate, commercial & SME obligors on the topic "Transition from Family Owned Business Structure to Corporate Structure" were organized during 2018.

Risk Management aims to continue the pace of initiatives in 2019 with ongoing implementation of other modules of Oracle Risk Management Solutions; sustain recovery efforts along with further augmentation of Bank maintained warehouses for pledge financing and enhancements in robust risk management systems, collectively knows are RAMS, through significant investments in technology and human resource development to maintain an effective risk management framework across the Bank

Information Technology Group:

Emerging technologies are continuously changing business model of the banking industry from paper and branch based to "digitized and networked banking services". Internet access is now more affordable with transfer of data at unprecedented speeds.

Allied Bank is focusing on expanding the brick and mortar branch infrastructure duly supported by gradual investment in appropriate emerging technologies, in addition to ongoing Information Technology initiatives.

The Bank's significant IT Infrastructure including several systems, Networks, Applications and state-of-the-art Data Centers, is designed to cater to evolving requirements of the valued customers.

Your Bank has invested significant amount on Network infrastructure to make it resilient and agile to run the applications in an efficient way. To achieve this, Next generation switching and 10G network infrastructure has been provisioned. Further, modular network approach has also been adopted to implement the Industry best practices.

The Branches have also been provisioned with Dual links to address the outages and to maximize the Uptime. An Uptime of 98%+ has been witnessed for Branches and ATMs regularly and especially on festivals standing out in the Banking industry.

The Data Center facilities including Primary and DR site have been established for hosting the various Applications and Services. To ensure the maximum availability, N+1 level redundancy is being maintained.



Keeping in view the increasing Security threats, Your Bank has adopted a layered approach in its Enterprise security posture. Advance Intelligent technologies have been deployed at each layer to strengthen the security posture and to counter the threats at different segments.

In the light of regulatory requirements, various processes / procedures have been developed and efforts have been made to comply with them. These mainly include ETGF (Enterprise Technology Governance & Risk management Framework), PCI - DSS, Information Security Policy etc.

Entire Core Infrastructure (CI) of Your Bank is fault tolerant by design and balances its computation within the nodes of the virtualized clusters to ensure its continuous availability. To maintain the business as usual stature, Bank's CI ensures that data has been replicating from primary to alternate datacenter on almost real time basis to maintain recovery point objective (RPO) of Your Bank.

Your Bank has implemented CISCO "Enterprise Security Appliance (ESA)" i.e. "E-mail" Gateway to filter both inward and outward email traffic against Malwares, Viruses and Spam threats. Moreover, it has built-in feature of Advanced Malware Protection (AMP). Your Bank has also implemented CISCO "Web Security Appliance (WSA)" for monitoring of web traffic, along with control on web related Spams, Malwares and viruses. Bank has also implemented "Oracle Advance

Security" to enforce redaction, masking and encryption of data.

Your Bank, being fully cognizant of the digital transformation pre-requisites, will become one of the first banks in Pakistan to adopt Oracle Big Data Appliance which is a multi-purpose engineered system for Hadoop workloads and data processing. In this project. Your Bank will be able to ingest structured and unstructured data in real time, make more informed data driven business decisions based on meaningful insights and machine learning models, and in turn, improve and personalize customer experiences.

Your Bank is also opting for Robotic Process Automation Solution to streamline enterprise operations and reduce costs. With Robotic Process Automation, both technology and business teams will be able to automate mundane rules-based processes, enabling them to devote more time to serving customers or other higher-value work.

Going forward ITG shall continue to play a pivotal role by enriching technology platform to enable Your Bank to adapt to digitalization driven business model.

Human Resource Group:

Human Resource Group (HRG) believes in the strength of human capital and aims to deliver organizational excellence through developing and implementing policies, programs and services that contribute



to the alignment of organizational and employee goals while also maintaining optimum efficiency levels, becoming an agent of continuous transformation and instilling a culture that improves employees' commitment to Your Bank while augmenting their abilities to deliver sustained results.

Focused strategy, encompassing shortterm and long-term action plans, was executed towards retaining "Employer of Choice" status by providing a challenging work environment, offering market competitive remuneration and rewarding performance through Key Performance Indicator (KPI) driven appraisal management process. During 2018, HRG revised branch KPI's calculation matrix, aimed to achieve resource efficiency across the Bank's network with due consideration to the evolving needs of a dynamic market environment. Furthermore, Your Bank's first ever indigenously developed 'Employees' Job Satisfaction Survey' (EJSS) was undertaken during the year in order to analyze the satisfaction levels with respect to job, workplace environment, commitment and work-life balance among its employees as a basis for alleviating their problems and to maintain a robust and motivated human resource.

Your Bank believes in the concept of "best fit" and undertook major new initiatives for employees' capacity building through a revamped training and development program. Being a technology driven bank, HRG used modern e-learning portal platform to enhance employees' outreach towards learning opportunities. Furthermore, in order to equip employees with evolving business environment, latest business management techniques and changing regulatory compliance

requirements, specialized training modules such as mandatory Gamified learning on Anti-Money Laundering and Combating the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) regulations and guidelines were imparted to over 8,000 employees of the Bank during the year under review.

In line with SBP directives for training initiatives under National Financial Literacy program (NFLP), HRG arranged 312 sessions in 37 remote districts of the country to improve financial inclusion in unbanked segments of the society. More than 7,000 persons from local communities attended these sessions. Your Bank was declared as the industry leader in NFLP's execution.

HRG continued to work towards creating an inclusive work environment encompassing gender diversity and a multi-cultural workforce. Provision of equal employment opportunities to female employees as well as internal elevations across the Bank has improved Your Bank's female ratio to 17% during the year. Concurrent focus was also maintained on capacity building of female workforce wherein professional grooming and professional conduct trainings were imparted to 1,473 females, in the year.

Optimum human resource planning resulted in 403 cadre change promotions for the tellers to fulfill requirements of Banking Services Officers (BSO's), while 1,264 employees were recruited in 2018.

Your Bank prides itself as an industry leader in creating and harnessing leadership talent and initiated 'Allied Leadership Talent Pipeline program (ALTP) during the year. This program in addition to identifying a pool of motivated and enthusiastic future leaders for Your Bank

also improves corporate governance through succession planning and provides career growth opportunities to employees at all hierarchal levels.

In addition to existing initiatives, competency assessment, learnability assessment and aptitude testing activities were also included in the mandate of HRG's in-house established Psychometric Assessment Center 'ABL CARE' center. These activities improved Your Bank's ability to identify suitable candidates for employment and promotion, in turn improving its employee retention ratio to over 94% in 2018.

HRG undertook standardization of Job Descriptions (JD's) for all functional roles during the year with an aim to improve clarity and communication of key roles and responsibilities. The Manpower Plan (MPP) of branches was also realigned based on changing functional roles in sync with Temenos (T-24) core banking system. The introduction of 'Universal Banker' concept inculcated further efficiencies, while simultaneously improving operational and administrative efficiency.

Your Bank strives to develop industry-academia partnerships to improve teaching/ research outcomes and build organizational capacity; and remained one of only two Banks in the industry to be awarded 'Training Organization outside Practice' status by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP). The first batch of ICAP trainee students, working in different functions within the Bank, is due to complete its training in the year 2021.

Going forward, HRG shall continue its concerted efforts towards augmenting capabilities of Your Bank's Human Capital, through continuous alignment





and strengthening of Bank wide functions, structures and roles; thereby enabling the desired cultural transformation required for digital era. The Bank's commitment on being an equal opportunity employer providing growth prospects and fair remuneration shall continue to remain the basis of all future Human Resource Initiatives. Capitalizing on robust technology remains at the fore-front of Your Bank's strategic focus and transforming Human Resource Management through implementation of Oracle Human Resource Management System (HRMS) remains a key initiative for the year 2019. Furthermore, risk-based remuneration practices shall be adopted to align remuneration structure with the related regulatory framework.

Service Standards and Quality Group:

Your Bank continuously strives to achieve excellence in customer services by consistently surpassing the expectations of the customers, by reviewing customer feedback, understanding their needs, continually bringing improvement in services through processes efficiency, innovative solutions and timely resolution of complaints. In pursuance of the above Your Bank arranged an external customer satisfaction Survey during the year 2018.

Your Bank had introduced top 100 flagship branches to provide a stimulus to service quality across the Bank through development and training of Human Resources and creation of a pleasant ambiance for customers. Meet and greet concept has been implemented vide customer support officers at the greeting station near branch entrance. Electronic queue management systems and feedback tablets have been installed to facilitate customers to conduct transactions conveniently and provide valuable feedback about the delivered banking services.

Self-service internet banking kiosks and interactive digital signages have also been introduced in the flagship branches. Product walls near customer waiting areas have been designed to provide customers a medium to browse Your Bank's products. Phone booths with eve-catching and prominent design have also been created at these branches to provide customers a hassle-free way to contact 24/7 Allied Phone Banking from the branch lobby to obtain information or should they need to register their grievance.

Branch Service Health parameters and service standards have been developed and revamped with enhanced scope to track delivery of services against the set performance benchmarks for customerfacing and back-end functions of Your Bank.

Your Bank has a centralized Complaint Management Division in place to efficiently and effectively resolve customers' grievances and manage the 'customer-bank' relationship. With the aim to create awareness among customers about the Bank's complaint lodgment process and available channels, information was disseminated through SMS, e-mail, corporate website, digital signages and ATMs as part of the Bank's initiatives for Fair Treatment of Customers (FTC).

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system was also improved to autogenerate systematic escalation alerts and reduce the complaint resolution timelines to further the strengthen the complaint handling mechanism. During the year 2018, total 22,910 complaints were received and the Bank taking appropriate measures promptly achieved 98% resolution rate with average Turnaround Time (TAT) of 5.53 working days.

Your Bank maintains profiles on popular social media websites and actively interacts with the customers on a variety of topics. As a results of customer engagement and timely responses to users' queries, the following on Facebook increased from 739,000 to 879,146 and on Twitter from 5,513 to 5,937 from the vear 2017 to 2018.

A state-of-the-art Video Phone Banking facility has been developed at Allied Phone Banking to provide customers with a medium to discuss their financial needs and seek advisory in a comfortable face-to-face environment. The Bank also established an Outbound call back unit to contact customers to offer them products and services of their interest and matching their requirements.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS AND OUTLOOK

Long Term Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Analysis	Significance Going Forward
Maintain profitability trend enabling continuous recognition among the top tier profitable banks of the country	Overall Earnings	Despite challenging environment, Your Bank performed well by continuously following its strategy of steady growth. Profit before taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018 remained stable and stood at Rs.21,016 million. The Bank's profitability was attributed; despite pressure on earnings owing to rising compliance costs, expenditure incurred for gradual transformation towards digital banking and one off pension costs; to volumetric growth in average earning assets, healthy CASA growth, higher non-interest income (NII) by 30% including 97% rise in foreign exchange earnings and 2.7 times growth in capital gains realized through timely exit from fixed income securities in view of expected interest rate hikes at the beginning of 2018. Continuation of Super Tax of 4% on prior year's taxable income for the year resulted in effective tax rate of 39% and accordingly Profit after tax stood at Rs.12,881 million. ABL's Return on Equity (ROE) stood at 16% in 2018, which is in line with top 10 banks average ROE of 16% while remaining well above the average industry ROE of 13% as at September 2018. Your Bank's EPS stood at Rs.11.25 per share as compared to Rs.11.12 per share in 2017.	KPI shall remain relevant for future
Continuous growth in Balance sheet primarily through Zero /low costs deposits	Deposits Mobilization	Your Bank continued to focus on increasing its outreach. 95 new branches were opened during 2018, with total number of branches standing at 1,345 as at December 31, 2018. At the same time, focus on expanding digital channels for customers convenience, ATM network was increased to 1,388 as at December 31, 2018 with an addition of 147 ATM's during the year. Along with robust growth in outreach, sustained efforts towards deposit mobilization yielded good results, as the total Deposits of Your Bank stood at Rs.984,475 million reflecting a double-digit growth of 11% as compared to industry growth of 8%; while remaining fully committed towards evolving compliance framework. Your Bank continued its focus on increasing zero cost deposits, with 15% growth in Non-remunerative current deposits which closed at Rs. 363,639 million. Resultantly, CASA deposit mix improved to 82% as at December 31, 2018 from 78% as at December 31, 2017. ABL maintains its position among the top 5 banks in terms of deposits as at September 2018 and increased its market share from 7.1% to 7.4%. Improved CASA mix assisted Your Bank in curtailing cost of deposit, which grew by only 49bps as against 136 bps average rise in policy rate.	KPI shall remain relevant for future

Long Term Objectives	Key Performance Indicators	Analysis	Significance Going Forward
Consistently augment Risk Management culture resulting in superior asset quality	Quality of Assets	Robust risk management framework is in place that enables Your Bank to adequately contain any potential surge in associated risks, while ensuring quality of assets. Your Bank registered a growth of 18% in advances; highest over the last decade and closed the year at Rs 438,319 million. Your Bank's Infection ratio was brought down to 3.5% as at Dec 31, 2018 from 4.6% as at Dec 31, 2017.	KPI shall remain relevant for future
		Top 10 peer banks average infection ratio stood at 7.1% as at September 30, 2018 while the industry infection ratio stood at 8% as at September 30, 2018. The loan loss coverage also improved to 97% as at December	
		31, 2018 from 93% as at December 31, 2017 against industry average of 86% as at September 30, 2018. Your Bank has not taken benefit of Forced Sale Value of collaterals, while calculating the provision against non-	
		performing loans.	
Inculcate operational efficiencies through innovative and viable cost controlling measures	Effective and efficient cost controls	Despite continuous investment in expansion of branch network and digital access points through persistent enrichment in information technology platforms, currency devaluation, investments in human capital along with one-off costs like increase in actuarial verified retirement benefits expenses, deposit protection insurance and higher marketing spend; effective cost rationalization, implementation of technology-based automation initiatives such as workflow automation system (WAS) to eliminate paper based approval mechanism along with sustained focus on centralization of processes enabled Your Bank to optimize costs and manage intermediation cost at 2.5% of average deposits in 2018 as compared to 2.6% in 2017.	KPI shall remain relevant for future
		This is below average intermediation cost of top 10 peer banks of 3% as at September 30, 2018.	
		Cost to income ratio for the year ended December 31, 2018 marginally improved to 53% in 2018 as compared to 54% during 2017 and industry's average of 60% as at September 2018.	
Strengthen capital base to support business development	Capital Adequacy Status. Compliance with regulatory minimum capital requirements	Capital management aligns capital requirements of Your Bank with the underlying business strategy as well as the minimum requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Common Equity Tier ratio (CET) and Tier 1 ratio (CET1) have stood at 17.34% as against the requirement of 6.0% and 7.5% respectively; clearly depicting a well-capitalized position of Your Bank.	KPI shall remain relevant for future
		Capital Adequacy Ratio as per Basel III requirements was maintained at 22.2% during 2018. This is well above the regulatory requirement of 11.9%. Banking sector CAR as at September 30, 2018 stood at 15.9%. Bank is well positioned to capitalize on any credit expansion opportunities in future.	
Sustainable payout to our Shareholders	Return to Shareholders	Your Bank enhanced the steady dividend stream during the year under review. Cash Dividend of Rs.8 per share was declared in 2018 as against Rs.7.0 in 2017; Payout ratio improved to 71% as compared to 63% in 2017.	KPI shall remain relevant for future

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

Your Bank believes in connecting with its various stakeholder groups to create a better understanding of stakeholder perspectives on key issues and consequently realize business value through informed decision making. Your Bank maintains formal mechanisms to engage with each group of stakeholders and the responsibility for such engagement is shared across the organisation at every stakeholder touch point. The key stakeholder groups and their related engagements as a means of creating value are noted below:

	Stakeholder Group	Methods of Engagement		reque ngag	ency (emer	of it	Needs & Expectations
			Occasionally	Regularly	Periodically	Continuously	
Customers	Individuals Institutions Corporates Entrepreneurs	Customer Satisfaction Survey Customer Access Points Corporate website SMS Alerts CSR activities Customer Awareness Seminars Road Shows Promotional campaigns Print and electronic media Social Media	•	•		•	Excellent customer service, convenient access across the country, less complexity and improved flexibility, innovative financial services/solutions, value for money banking, responsible banking services, confidentiality, integrity and accountability, security for customers investments, ambience in touch points.
Shareholders / Institutional	Owners Minority Shareholders Individual Investors Institutional Investors	Annual Report Interim Financial statements Corporate website Annual General Meeting Extra Ordinary General Meetings Analyst Briefings Investor Presentations	•	•	•	•	Sustainable performance, dividend payout, return on equity, return on assets, earning per share, future growth strategy, corporate governance, risk management, compliance with rules and regulations.

Why do they Matter	How We Create Value for Stakeholders	Activities
Customers are at the center of our business strategy and customer focus provides the basis to achieve a profitable and sustainable business model.	Understanding evolving customer requirements to roll out more efficient channels thereby delivering competitive, convenient, technology driven and innovative banking solutions.	Conducted customer satisfaction survey to understand customers' experience and level of satisfaction when using Your Banks' products and services and service channels. Launched various innovative solutions. Details of which are presented in CEO review. Increased branch outlets to 1,345, expanded ATM network to 1,388 while providing mobile and Internet banking. Increased Gross Advances by Rs. 65,501 million and deposit by Rs. 100,734 million
	Safeguarding deposits and investments while growing returns.	Your Bank paid Rs. 41,159 million, interest / profit to its depositors. Continued investment in technological infrastructure, including upgradation of T-24 core banking software, to improve data security and maintain customer privacy. Conducted regular mock tests to ensure institutional readiness for Business Continuity Planning.
	Timely communication of relevant information on products and services	Undertook marketing communications through various channels to extend outreach to customers and public at large. Your Bank arranged awareness seminars and road shows to engage customers and disseminate information on Your Banks' product & services portfolio. A new version of ATM / Branch Locator and discount offer services launched on corporate website and social media pages; providing customers with an engaging and user-friendly interface to various discount offers available.
	Upholding highest standards of service quality across the Bank.	Complaint Management Division efficiently and effectively resolved 98% of customers' complaints. High ATM uptime maintained during the year; specially 99% achived during Eid holidays.
To ensure long term shareholder value and uphold the rights of the shareholder to ensure their wealth maximization	Generating sustainable financial returns, enabled by growing revenues. Managing risks while optimizing our cost base.	Generated a sustainable ROE and ROA at 16% and 1% respectively; Increased Dividend Payout ratio to 71%
weatti illeatii illeation	Maintaining a strong balance sheet and safeguarding asset quality and which contributes towards sustainable performance.	Financial position improved by 8% to Rs. 1,350,606 million; Your Bank's Equity base stood at the robust level of Rs. 107,305 million; NPLs reduced by Rs. 1,987 million reducing infection ratio by 1.1% at 3.5% and improving coverage ratio to 97%.
	Providing existing and potential shareholders with relevant and timely information.	 Annual Audited Financial statements together with the Auditors and Directors report were circulated to all shareholders along with the Notice of AGM. Investor presentation and conference calls were conducted following announcements of quarterly financial statements. Your Bank organized Allied Corporate Briefing Program at PSX regional office for providing an overview of Your Bank's achievements since re-capitalization. The program was attended by over 90 investors and brokers. Major financial information disclosed under a separate section of "Investor Relations" available on corporate website.
	Ensuring equitable treatment of all shareholders including minority shareholders to attend, speak and vote at the General Meetings	All required support is being provided to minority shareholders for participation in election of Directors.

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

	Stakeholder Group	Methods of Engagement		requ	ency (of	Needs & Expectations
	Stakeholder Group	Wellious of Engagement		Engag	jemen	t	Needs & Expectations
			Occasionally	Regularly	Periodically	Continuously	
Regulators	State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Federal Board of Revenue Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Pakistan Stock Exchange Credit Rating Agencies Other Public Offices and Regulatory Bodies	 Directives and circulars Financial statements Statutory examination Regulatory reporting Filing of income tax return Filing of corporate return Interviews and meetings with representatives of regulators, Pakistan Banking Association, Business Council 	•	•	•		Compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements, remain responsible tax payer, corporate governance practices, adherence to reporting requirements, risk management, sustainable business practices, timely tax withholding and deposit, income tax payment including advance tax
Employees	Permanent employees Contractual employees Outsourced personnel Employee union	Formal meetings Informal/Ad hoc meetings Performance appraisals Internal newsletter Informational and Instructional Circulars Training programs Employee Satisfaction Surveys Intranet / Employee Self Service Portal Annual Family Festival Welfare events and activities Disaster Recovery and Emergency Response Drills Medical Benefits Retirement Benefits	•	•	•	•	Competitive remuneration, career development and advancement, effective performance management, equal opportunity along with safe, positive and inspiring work environment, work life balance, collective bargaining, recognition and reward, grievance handling mechanism, culture of empathy, continuous training opportunities to grow as a person and professional, job security, succession planning.
Society and Environment	Society at large Pressure Groups Media	 Delivery channels Corporate website Donations Press releases, conferences and media campaigns Sponsorships Public relation activities 		•		•	Social responsibility activities, employment opportunities, financial resilience, community development, ethical business practices.

Why do they Matter	How We Create Value for Stakeholders	Activities				
To ensure compliance with legal and regulatory directives.	Embracing prudent banking practices and regulatory compliance that enables a safe and stable banking system.	Achieved the long-term rating of "AAA" and maintained short-term rating at "A1+" from PACRA.				
	Ensuring regulator confidence in the Bank and reducing potential for reputational risk.	 Continued to be the only Bank in industry to be rated on Corporate Governance and maintained a high corporate governance rating of "CGR-9+" Complied with all key aspects of Basel III requirements, with Capital Adequacy ratio (Tier 1 and Tier 2) of 22.23%, above the SBP requirements of 11.9%. Your Bank paid Rs 15,466 million in direct, indirect and staff taxes while fulfilling its responsivity towards the society. 				
	Providing timely and detailed regulatory updates and reporting disclosures	 On-time submission of statutory returns and statutory payments. Adherence to PSX requirements for disclosure of key information. 				
	Record Management	Allied Bank has a bank-wide records management program that ensures maintenance, protection, retention and disposal of records in accordance with applicable regulations, operational needs and fiscal/ legal requirements.				
Skills, experience, and activities that our employees carry	Retaining "Employer of Choice" status by providing a safe, inspiring and challenging work environment.	Total workforce of 11,206 employees. Female representation increased to 17%.				
out drive the day to day operations of our business. How our staff think and	Inducting and retaining quality human resource in all functions of the Bank.	1,264 recruitments for permanent and contractual positions. More than 57% of the employed staff holds at least a Masters education.				
feel about work are directly connected with customer satisfaction levels.	Offering attractive remuneration and rewarding performance including retirement benefits and medical. Motivating and inspiring our work force.	Booked Rs. 12,370 million in terms of salaries, allowance and other benefits to employees Rewarded performance through 1,646 grade promotions.				
icvois.	Skills training and development initiatives to align workforce objectives with strategic objectives of Your Bank.	 Invested Rs 102 million on inhouse and external staff training & development programs. A strategic conference organized under guidance of Executive Management to align Middle Management with Banks' strategy on Digital Transformation. Trained 10,034 employees during the year. 				
	Understanding and responding to the needs and concerns of Bank's staff along with equal opportunity and culture of empathy.	Employee job satisfaction survey undertaken, approximately 1,108 employees participated, identifying areas of concern and corrective measures for improvement. Other activities delineated in detailed CSR report				
Working in tandem with global and local mandates which safeguard the environment and promote community empowerment.	Community capacity building and empowerment. Social welfare of community.	Your Bank plays a proactive role in contributing towards the society. Detailed CSR report is included in the Annual Report.				

RISK MANAGEMENT APPROACH & OVERSIGHT

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall effective risk management and has a comprehensive risk management and governance framework in place to effectively identify, evaluate and mitigate all risks undertaken in the achievement of long-term strategic objectives of Your Bank. The robust risk management platform ensures that sustainable value is created for all stakeholders.

The Board of Directors monitors the implementation of risk strategy, approves the risk acceptance criteria while ensuring that risks are managed within tolerance level.

Risk Governance



The Bank's comprehensive and integrated risk management governance structure consists of Board and management sub-committees, with varying areas of responsibilities, in order to maintain sustained focus on monitoring and governance over differing categories of risk within the following risk universe:

Allied Bank's Risk Universe

Credit Risk	Market Risk	Operational Risk	Liquidity Risk	Capital Ade- quacy Risk	Strategic Risk	Technology Risk	Reputational Risk
Risk that the Bank will incur losses owing to the failure of an obligor or counterparty to meet its obligation to settle outstanding amounts.	Risk of a potential decrease in stakeholders' value due to adverse changes in market prices and rates, negatively impacting assets and liabilities.	Risk of direct or indirect losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal Processes, People, Systems or ternal events.	Risk that the Bank is unable to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due.	Risk that the Bank has insufficient capital to support its growth or is not able to meet the statutory defined capital requirements.	Risk of an adverse impact on strategic goals.	Risk arising from non -availability of T systems and Cyber threats disrupting Bank's operations.	Risk to the Business caused by negative effects, public perceptions and customer opinions and the damage caused to the Brand by failure to manage Public Relations.

RISK & **OPPORTUNITIES**

Risk and opportunities and the related mitigating factors are summarized below;

Risk	Key Source of Risk	Mitigating Strategy	Impact Area
Credit Risk	Sovereign credit risk on exposure to Public sector enterprises (PSE)	Oversight is kept through guidance of Board of Directors and its sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through management committee of "Risk Management & Compliance Committee (RM&CC)". Public sector advances are generally secured by sovereign guarantee or the equivalent from the Government of Pakistan (GoP). Certain PSEs have a well-defined cash flow stream and appropriate business model, based on which the lending may be secured through collaterals other than GoP guarantee.	Financial Capital
Credit Risk	Counterparty credit risk on exposure to Private sector advances and Interbank limits.	 Bank's Risk Assessment and Management System (RAMS) uses risk rating models, based on qualitative and quantitative factors, to assign credit risk ratings to various categories of borrowers. Credit worthiness of borrowers is analyzed on work-flow based RAMS, with focus towards balanced assessment of credit risk and identification of related proper mitigants. In respect of interbank borrowers, Your Bank maintains eligibility criteria that links exposure limits to counterparty credit ratings (minimum credit rating of 'A') Concentration risk is monitored with obligor, group and sector exposure limits and risk profile benchmarks. Automated 'Watch-List' categorization system facilitates to identify deterioration in quality of loans. Country risk, exposure limits are in place that broadly captures direct exposure on sovereigns and exposures on foreign domiciled counter parties; limits linked to the sovereign ratings. Specialized team comprising engineers and industry experts conducts technology assessments of obligors' plant & machinery and reviews the technical feasibility of projects and valuation reports. 	Financial Capital
Market Risk	Risk associated with fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency rates, credit spreads, equity prices and commodity prices	 Oversight is kept through guidance of Board of Directors and its sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through management committee – "Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO)". Comprehensive structure is in place aimed at ensuring that Your Bank does not exceed its qualitative and quantitative tolerance for market risk. Balanced approach towards risk taking in the market risk area while keeping exposures within the defined risk acceptance criteria. Tools like Value at Risk methodologies, sensitivity measures, intraday exposure limits, notional limits and loss triggers are monitored at a detailed portfolio level. Extensive stress testing is performed to capture and report the multidimensional aspects of market risk using automated solutions. 	Financial Capital

RISK & **OPPORTUNITIES**

Risk	Key Source of Risk	Mitigating Strategy	Impact Area
Operational Risk	Risk of inadequate / failed internal processes and losses caused by external events.	Oversight kept through Board of Director's sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through management sub-committee of "Risk Management & Compliance Committee (RM&CC)". BOD approved Operational Risk Policy Detailed documented procedures Adequate system of internal controls designed to keep operational risk at appropriate levels Business Continuity Policy and Plan driven towards ensuring provision of un-interrupted banking services in case of any unforeseen emergency and/or natural calamities. Disaster recovery and evacuation plans were tested successfully during the year. IT disaster recovery plans are tested on ongoing basis. Insurance coverages are in place for theft and damage to physical assets.	Financial Capital
	Risk arising due to the unauthorized or inappropriate employee activity and failure to adhere to staff policies	Board of Directors' oversight along with its sub committees "Human Resource and Remuneration Committee" as well as through management committees of "Human Resource Committee" and "Central Administrative Action Committee". Recruitment, pre-employment screening, employer feedback/exit interviews. Proactive staff engagement. Strong staff development programs in place combining e-learning, in-house and external trainings programs. Insurance coverages are held for fraud and fidelity incidents. Whistle blowing mechanism is in place.	Human and Intellectual Capital
	Risk arising from non-compliance with statutory and/or regulatory provisions applicable to the Bank	 Independent Compliance Group to ensure compliance with specific regulatory requirements. Compliance Policies and procedures are in place. 	Financial Capital
Liquidity Risk	Risks emanating from nature of the Banking business, from the macro factors exogenous to the Bank as well as from internal financing and operational policies.	 Oversight kept through Board of Directors and its sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through management committee - "Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO)". ALCO oversees the activities of treasury, which operates in terms of an approved ALM policy. Well-defined ALM triggers / limits, exposures against which are regularly monitored by ALCO. Detailed Recovery Plan is in place which highlights the strategy and critical tools for effective monitoring, escalation, planning, and execution of recovery actions in the event of a financial crisis situation. Your Bank performs liquidity stress tests as part of its liquidity monitoring activities regularly. Periodic gap analysis to re-profile the earning asset mix in accordance with interest rate expectations as well as keeping asset and liability mismatch within acceptable limits. Maintenance of appropriate marketable securities portfolio that can be realized in the event of liquidity stress. 	Financial Capital

Risk	Key Source of Risk	Mitigating Strategy	Impact Area
Capital Adequacy Risk	Undertaking higher risks in view of more volatile and competitive financial markets.	Oversight kept through Board and its sub-committee "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through management sub committees of "Risk Management & Compliance Committee" and "Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO)". The ALCO assesses capital adequacy on a quarterly basis, including a historical and future capital positioning review and stress tests and reports regularly to the BRMC. The Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) Framework is updated and reviewed annually. Policy of sufficient profit retention. Periodic extensive stress testing activity in line with SBP requirements.	Financial Capital
Strategic Risk	Improper implementation of decisions, or lack of responsiveness to evolving industry, economic or technological changes.	Oversight kept through Board of Directors' and its sub- committee "Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee" as well as through Management Committees namely "Management Committee" (MANCO), "Risk Management & Compliance Committee" (RM&CC) and "Asset & Liability Committee" (ALCO). Rolling 10-year strategic plan which is reviewed on annual interval basis along with operational plan to account for the evolving economic and business dynamics; duly in consideration of the peer banks The impact of events on the future direction of the business and forecast results is constantly monitored and quantified.	Financial Capital
Technologi- cal Risk	Risk arising from non- availability of IT systems, and disruptions due to Cyber threats.	 Oversight kept through Board of Director's sub committees "E-Vision Committee" as well as through "IT Steering Committee" (ITSC). IT planning is conducted as part of Your Bank's strategic and operational planning process. Systems audits, IT Security & Risk Assessments are performed for system before deploying into production environment. Significant ongoing investments in systems and processes to protect customer databases through robust information security (Info-sec) platform Info-Sec's Security Operation Center utilizes Security Incident and Event Management (SIEM) solution to proactively monitor and respond to security threats. Countermeasures against cyber threats included regular penetration testing and vulnerability assessment. Continuous awareness programs for customers about cyber threats. 	Financial Capital
Reputation- al Risk	Risk arising from any action or inaction perceived by any stakeholders to be inappropriate, unethical or inconsistent with the Bank's values and beliefs.	 Oversight kept through Board of Directors' sub committees "Board Risk Management Committee" as well as through "Management Committee (MANCO)". Formal customer grievance redressal policy, including policy and procedures on receiving customer complaints and resolution mechanism. Timely and efficient communications among all stakeholders. Policies and procedures in place for securing digital payments including protection of customers' data 	Social and Relational Capital

Opportunities

The assessment of opportunities is integrated into the annual strategic planning process. Strategic planning enables Your Bank to identify and analyze changing market dynamics at the domestic and global levels. These major opportunities and future outlook have been covered in detail in CEO review.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee of the Board

Constitution:

Zafar Iqbal Chairman

Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Member

Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member

Terms of Reference

Primary responsibilities of Audit Committee of the Board (ACOB) are to determine appropriateness of measures taken by the Management to safeguard Bank's assets, review financial statements focusing on major judgmental areas, significant adjustments, going concern assumption, any change in accounting policies, compliance with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements and related party transactions. Recommend appointment of the external auditors and also coordinate with them to fulfill statutory and Code of Corporate Governance requirements. The Committee is inter-alia responsible to ascertain the effectiveness of the Internal Control System including financial and operational controls, ensuring adequate and effective accounting and reporting structure and monitoring compliance with the best practices of the corporate governance. ACOB is also responsible for keeping an oversight and quarterly review of the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting and review of all findings of SBP Inspection Report, Management Letter by external auditors and weaknesses identified in internal controls by Audit & Risk Review along with review of Bank's Statement of Internal Controls prior to endorsement by the Board. The other function of the Committee includes assurance that an independent and effective internal audit function is in place.

Board Risk Management Committee

Constitution:

Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmad Chairman

> Abdul Aziz Khan Member

Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member

> Tahir Hassan Qureshi Member

Terms of Reference

The primary functions of Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) includes monitoring of Management's adherence to prudent and sound risk policies, assessing the ever changing risk profile and determining risk appetite of the Bank. BRMC also ensures development of risk management principles to build stakeholders confidence, safeguard and enhance reputation. BRMC also monitors quality of asset portfolio and suggest measures to keep the infected portfolio at the minimum level. The Committee approves risk limits for credit, market and operational risks, credit approval grid and proposals regarding write-offs above certain limits. In term of Bank's recovery policy, BRMC considers and approves Debt-Asset-Swap proposals. It also monitors Bank's Basel initiatives including capital adequacy requirements and up-gradation of Risk Management Systems. The Committee also reviews information security governance initiatives and periodical risk assessments. Overseeing of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) and Risk Management Committee (RMC), Risk Management, Special Asset Management and Compliance functions is also undertaken by BRMC.

e-Vision Committee

Constitution:

Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Chairman

> Zafar Iqbal Member

Nazrat Bashir Member

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Member

Terms of Reference

One of the key functions of the e-Vision Committee is to provide strategic direction for e-banking and adoption of evolving technologies for providing new products and better services to its customers and to improve internal control environment. Review of strategic plans to improve IT infrastructure and automation of processes and systems including alternate delivery channels are within the scope of the responsibilities of the e-Vision Committee. The Committee provides assistance to the Board with insights regarding international developments in the field of e-banking evolving technologies for adoption; keeping in view the Bank's requirements. It also oversees performance of IT Steering Committee (ITSC), Information Technology functions. Besides the above, the Committee also decides in principle on matters related to acquiring/replacing/upgrading technology, software and hardware such as banking solutions, ATMs etc. involving Rs. 15 million and above.

Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee

Constitution:

Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Chairman

> Abdul Aziz Khan Member

> > Nazrat Bashir Member

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Member

Terms of Reference

Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee (SPMC) is responsible to review medium to long term strategic plans, operational plan and budget of the Bank before Board's consideration / approval. The Committee also monitors progress against above referred plans and budget. SPMC is also responsible to approve capital expenditure over Rs.15 million and donations of over Rs.1 million up to Rs.5 million and approved disposals of properties irrespective of the sale price of property. SPMC is also responsible to assist the Board on corporate development activities and new initiatives including, but not limited to acquisitions, mergers, alliances, joint ventures and divestitures etc. SPMC also oversees performance of management committee (MANCO) and Fair Treatment of Customers (FTC) Committee, Corporate Investment Banking, Commercial and Retail Banking, Islamic Banking, Treasury, Finance, Banking Services, Corporate Affairs, Digital Banking, General Services & Security and Real-Estate, Engineering & Infrastructure functions of the Bank.

Human Resource and **Remuneration Committee**

Constitution:

Abdul Aziz Khan Chairman

Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Member

Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member

Terms of Reference

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HR&RC) defines the organizational structure and functional responsibilities of all areas of the Bank. It approves staff strength, key appointments, salary revisions, bonuses and special allowances and recommends to the Board appointment, remuneration bonuses/ performance awards, terms and conditions of employment and other benefits of the key position holders. HR&RC also monitors the utilization of training & development budget and implementation of approved training & development policy. The Committee nominates the Bank's directors and management personnel on the board of other companies / subsidiaries. HR&RC also recommends Remuneration Policy and other Human Resource related policies to the Board, besides monitoring performance of Human Resource Committee and Human Resource function. Besides the above, the Committee also ensures that a fair, transparent and competitive remuneration mechanism is developed and put in place to encourage the culture of 'pay for performance'.

Board of Directors and Board's Committees Attendance as of 2018

Name	Board of Directors	Audit Committee of the Board	Board Risk Management Committee	e-Vision Committee	Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee	Human Resource & Remuneration Committee
Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar	6/7	×	×	4/5	x	×
Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmad	6/7	×	5/5	×	×	×
Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar	7/7	2/2***	3/3***	x	11/11	5/5
Abdul Aziz Khan	7/7	×	4/5	х	10/11	5/5
Zafar Iqbal	7/7	5/5	×	1/1*****	×	×
Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh	7/7	5/5	2/2****	4/5	х	1/1****
Nazrat Bashir **	3/3	x	×	1/1	2/2	×
Mubashir A. Akhtar *	4/4	3/3	×	3/3	8/8	×
Tahir Hassan Qureshi (CEO)	7/7	×	5/5	5/5	11/11	5/5
Total Number of meetings held during 2018	7	5	5	5	11	5

^{**} Nazrat Bashir elected on ABL's Board of Directors w.e.f. 27.08.2018. She became member of SPMC and e-Vision since 01.10.2018.

*** Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar member of ACOB w.e.f 01.10.2018 (before reconstitution Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar has attended 3 BRMC meetings)

[&]quot;"Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh member of BRMC and HR & RC w.e.f 01.10.2018.
""Zafar Iqbal member of e-Vision w.e.f 01.10.2018.

MANAGEMENT **TEAM**



Tahir Hassan Qureshi Chief Executive Officer



Owais Shahid
Chief Corporate & Investment Banking



Asif Bashir
Chief Commercial & Retail Banking South



Shahid Aamir Chief Commercial & Retail Banking North



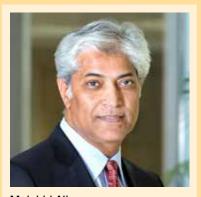
Muhammad Idrees
Chief Islamic Banking



Sohail Aziz Awan Chief Digital Banking



Ahmad Faheem Khan Chief Treasury



Mujahid Ali Chief Information Technology



Aizid Gill Chief Risk Management



Tariq Javed Ghumman Chief Banking Services



Muhammad Farhanullah Khan Chief Financial Officer



Saira Shahid Hussain Chief Human Resource



Abid Anwar Chief Special Asset Management



Ahmed Mansoor Chief Compliance



Mohammad Tabrayz Agha Chief Real Estate, Eng. & Infrastructure Development



Muhammad Mohsin Chief General Services & Security



Muhammad Raffat Chief- Corporate Affairs Group



Imran Maqsood Chief Audit & Risk Review (ARR) Chief ARR reports directly to Audit Committee of the Bank.

REPORT OF **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee of the Board comprises of three non-executive members including two independent directors, one being Chairman of the Audit Committee. The members of the Audit Committee bring years of diversified rich experience at senior management positions and strategic roles in commercial banking, investment banking, energy, manufacturing and engineering sectors. Detailed profile of the respective members is included in the Annual Report.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee diligently performed its duties and responsibilities in accordance with the Charter of the Audit Committee approved by the Board of Directors while remaining compliant with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance and Prudential Regulations issued by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

The Committee oversees the functions of the Audit and Risk Review Group(A&RRG) and ensures that A&RRG has adequate physical, financial, technology and operational resources along with appropriate human resources who have the required skill-sets, expertise and trainings necessary to perform A&RRG's responsibilities independently and objectively.

The Chief A&RRG reports directly to the Audit Committee. A&RRG assists the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors in discharge of their responsibility in respect of Internal Control System. A&RRG periodically reviews, assesses adequacy and monitors the ongoing effectiveness of control systems.

The meetings of the Audit Committee are designed to facilitate and encourage communication between the Audit Committee, the Bank's senior management, A&RRG and the external auditors. During the year 2018, five meetings of the Audit Committee were held and, among others, following agenda items were deliberated in the meetings:

 Review of the Bank's annual and interim financial statements prior to their approval by the Board of Directors. This included detailed discussions with the Banks' senior management, external auditors and A&RRG by focusing on major judgmental areas, significant adjustments and issues resulting from audit, any changes in accounting policies and practices, compliance with applicable

- accounting standards, listing regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements and related party transactions.
- Peruse quarterly Consolidated Reports on Testing of Financial Reporting Controls.
- Review of significant issues highlighted by A&RRG during audits and reviews of branches and other functions of the Bank, external auditors and SBP's inspection reports.
- Review of status of compliance against observations highlighted by internal and external auditors, including regular updates on the rectification actions taken by the management in response to the audit findings.
- Monitoring of compliance status of observations highlighted in SBP's inspection reports.
- Review of analysis related to frauds and forgery incidents in the Bank; with specific focus on nature and reasons along with management action(s) thereof.
- Review, approval and oversight of Annual Audit Plan and related enablers / budget along with resource requirements of A&RRG.
- Review of resolution status of complaints lodged under the Bank's Whistle Blowing Policy along with resolutions thereof. The Audit Committee also approved revised Whistle Blowing Procedure Manual during the year to further strengthen the process.
- Approved periodic review of Branch Audit Procedures Manual, Management Audit Procedures Manual and Credit Risk Review Procedures Manual
- Reviewed coordination between internal and external auditors.
- Review of periodic activity review reports of A&RRG and Audit Committee for evaluation of A&RRG and Audit Committee's own performance. The Audit Committee also meets with senior staff members of A&RRG.
- In addition to above, the Audit Committee also reviewed and recommended the following to the Board of Directors:

- Statement of Internal Controls, prior to endorsement by the Board of Directors;
- · Charter of the Audit Committee
- · Internal Audit Policy
- Charter of A&RRG
- Corporate Whistle Blowing Policy
- Accounting and disclosure policy of the Bank, accounting policies of Islamic Banking and Bahrain Branch

The Audit Committee also recommends the scope and appointment of external auditors, including finalization of audit and other fees. The Audit Committee evaluates the qualifications, performance and independence of the external auditors. In doing so, the Audit Committee considers the quality and efficiency of the services provided by the external auditors, the external auditors' capabilities, technical expertise and knowledge of the Bank's operations and industry. The Audit Committee ensures compliance with relevant regulations in regard to tenure of external auditors and provisions of non-audit services by external auditors to ensure independence and objectivity of external auditors.

The Audit Committee recommends to the Board of Directors re-appointment of M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants, as statutory auditors of the Bank for the year ending December 31 2019 for 5th term subject to approval of the Bank's shareholders in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Furthermore, the Committee evaluates its own performance on annual basis thereby assessing the targets achieved, performance initiatives and whistle blow actions (If any) taken and submit the report to the Board of Directors.

Internal Controls Framework and Role of ARR

The Bank's internal control structure comprises of the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee of the Board, Management, A&RRG and Compliance Group. Roles of all the functionaries have been defined in the Management's Statement of Internal Controls, as part of the Annual Report which is duly endorsed by the Board of Directors.

Zafar Igbal

Chairman Audit Committee Lahore: Dated: February 12, 2019

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Bank's management is responsible for establishing the Internal Control System with the main objectives of ensuring effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting, safeguarding of assets and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Bank's Compliance policy further strengthened by a comprehensive Control Review and Testing Framework (CRTF) outlines Bank's overall control objectives and approach towards implementation and testing of the Bank's internal Control system.

Under the aforementioned CRTF, the Bank's Internal Control System is being evolved, reviewed, and improved on an ongoing basis to minimize risks which are inherent in banking business and operations; with continuous monitoring by the Compliance Group (CG) and an independent Audit and Risk Review Group (ARRG) respectively.

ARRG works under direct supervision of Audit Committee of the Board (ACOB). ACOB comprises of majority independent Directors and is chaired by an independent Director as well.

ARRG assists ACOB and Board of Directors in discharge of their responsibility in respect of Internal Control System. ARRG reviews, assesses adequacy and monitors the effectiveness of control systems on an ongoing basis.

All significant and material findings are reported to the ACOB; which actively monitors that the identified risks and observations are properly mitigated to safeguard the interest of the Bank. The Board, acting through ACOB, provides supervision and overall guidance in improving the effectiveness of the Internal Control System.

The CG is entrusted with the responsibility to minimize compliance risk with reference to regulatory framework, internal and external regulatory audit compliance, control self-assessment, monitoring completeness and up-to date inventory of Bank's policies and procedures.

Compliance status of all irregularities identified during various audits and inspections are reported to ACOB, while other significant compliance matters are reported to Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC). The Anti-Money Laundering (AML) function ensures compliance of local and international AML regulations.

Concerted efforts are made by all functions of the Bank to improve the Control Environment at grass root level by continuous review and streamlining of procedures to prevent and rectify control lapses.

The Bank's Internal Control System has been designed to provide reasonable assurance to the Bank's Management and Board of Directors about the aforementioned objectives.

While the Internal Control System is effectively implemented and monitored, there are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system, including the possibility of human error or system failure and circumvention or overriding of controls.

In addition, projections of effective evaluation pertaining to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. However, control activities are an ongoing process that includes continuous identification, evaluation and management of significant risks faced by the Bank.

As part of CRTF relating to financial reporting, the Bank has documented and mapped As-Is processes and controls, identified gaps and requisite recommendations, developed remediation initiatives and management testing plans. In addition, the Bank is formulating guidelines for adherence to Integrated Framework on Internal Controls issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission on continuing basis.

In view of SBP directives in OSED Circular No.1 of 2014 dated February 07, 2014 Long Form Report for the year ended December 31, 2017 has been submitted to SBP. The few deficiencies identified in LFR 2017 have been duly rectified subsequently.

The Bank's management considers that the existing Internal Control System is adequate and has been effectively implemented and monitored, based upon the results derived through ongoing testing of financial reporting controls and internal audits carried out during the year. However, the management, adopting a prudent approach, would be continuously evaluating procedures and processes to further augment the Internal Control System.

Based on the above, the Board of Directors has duly endorsed the Management's evaluation of internal controls including ICFR in the attached Director's report.

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Chief Executive Officer Faisalabad.

Dated: February 13, 2019

STATEMENT OF **COMPLIANCE**

WITHCODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Bank has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are eight (08) including the CEO (deemed director) as per the following:

(07)a. Male: Seven b. Female: One (01)

2. The Composition of Board is as follows

Category	Names
IIndependent Director	Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Mr. Zafar Iqbal Ms. Nazrat Bashir
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmad Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Mr. Aziz A. Khan
Executive Director	Mr. Tahir Hassan Qureshi, CEO

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including Allied Bank Limited (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The bank has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the bank along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the bank. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. Appropriate arrangements were made for orientation of Directors on their election with a view to acquaint them with their duties and responsibilities. Five members of the Board of Directors (Including the CEO) are Certified Directors from The Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG) and Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP). Whereas three directors are exempted from such course on account of the experience and qualifications.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given
- a) Audit Committee of the Board (ACOB)
 - Mr. Zafar Igbal Chairman
 - Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member
 - iii. Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar - Member
- b) Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (HR&RC)
 - Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan Chairman
 - Mr. Muhammad Waseem Mukhtar Member
 - Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member iii.
- Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)
 - Sheikh Mukhtar Ahmad Chairman
 - Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan Member
 Dr. Muhammad Akram Sheikh Member
 - iii.
 - Mr. Tahir Hassan Qureshi (CEO) Member
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per
- Audit Committee of the Board at least once in every quarter.
- Human Resource & Remuneration Committee at least once in every quarter
- Board Risk Management Committee at least once in every quarter.
- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Bank have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the bank and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar Chairman

Place & Dated: Faisalabad. February 13, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the members of Allied Bank Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Bank's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Further, we highlight the instance of non-compliance that the Chairman of HR&RC is not independent director as per the requirement of regulation 29(1) of the Regulations.

Date: February 13, 2019

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

PROFILE OF SHARIAH ADVISORS

Mufti Muhammad Iftikhar Baig

Chairman Shariah Board

He is serving Allied Bank Limited since February 18, 2013 and as Chairman Shariah Board since August 17, 2018. He is a qualified Mufti from the Jamia Darul-Uloom Karachi, which is one of the most reputed and prestigious religious institution in the country. He is also a Law graduate and in the process of completing his Ph.D thesis on the subject 'Shariah Compliant Solution regarding Foreign Trade'. His previous experience includes Shariah Advisory services in local and international banks. He regularly delivers lecctures on Islamic Economics and Finance at different forums and educational institutions.

Mufti Ehsan Waquar Ahmed served as Chairman Shariah Board of Allied Bank Limited till August 16, 2018.

Mufti Mahmood Ahmad

Member Shariah Board

He is serving as member Shariah Board of Allied Bank Limited since August 17, 2015. He graduated as a scholar in Shahadatul-Almiah (Masters in Arabic and Islamic studies) from Wifaqu-ul-Almadaris Alarabia. He has also done his Masters in Arabic from Punjab University, Lahore (Takhassus-Fi-Alifta) in Islamic Fiqh and fatwa from Jamia Darul-Uloom, Karachi. He has also completed his M Phil in Islamic Banking. He has experience of eight years as a Shariah consultant with Islamic Micro-Finance and other organizations. He is a Mufti and Lecturer in world renowned Islamic university - Al Jamia Al Ashrafia Lahore.

Mufti Tayyab Amin

Resident Shariah Board Member

He is serving as Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM) of Allied Bank Limited since September 03, 2018. He has done his Al-Aalamiyyah (a degree recognized by the HEC Pakistan as a Masters in Arabic & Islamiyyat) and specialization in Islamic Jurisprudence from Jamia Darululoom, Karachi, which is most reputed and prestigious religious institution. He has six and three years' experience as Shariah Advisor with First Elite Mudharabah and First Punjab Mudharabah respectively and three years' experience as Shariah Compliance Officer with Alfalah Insurance (Window Takaful Operation). He regularly delivers lectures on Islamic Economics and Finance at different forums and educational institutions.

REPORT OF **SHARIAH BOARD**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

The Board of Directors and Executive Management are solely responsible to ensure that the operations of Allied Bank Limited Islamic Banking Group (ABL-IBG) are conducted in compliance with Shari'ah principles at all times. Shari'ah Board is pleased to submit a report on the overall Shari'ah compliance environment of ABL-IBG.

To form basis of our opinion as expressed in this report, Shari'ah compliance review of each class of transactions, the relevant documentation and process flows on sample basis

was carried out. Besides, we have also reviewed the reports of the internal Shari'ah audit of ABL-IBG operations conducted during the year.

Based on the above, we are of the view that:

The business affairs of ABL-IBG, especially with reference to transactions, relevant documentation and procedures, performed during the year 2018 are in conformity with the principles and guidelines of Shari'ah issued by Shari'ah Board (SB) and State Bank of Pakistan.

The Bank primarily used Murabaha, Ijarah, Diminishing Musharakah, Salam

and Business Musharakah for its financing activities during the year. The gradual shift from Trade based modes to Participative modes is an encouraging development beneficial towards the growth of Islamic Banking industry at large.

ABL-IBG has put a mechanism in place in the form of Internal Shari'ah Audit and Shari'ah Compliance reviews to ensure Shari'ah compliance in their overall operations and will keep its focus on continuous improvement to cater to the large branch network over the coming years. The system within the Bank is sound enough to ensure that amounts realized from prohibited sources, if any,

are not made a part of the income. The Bank recovered charity of Rs. 0.987 million and accordingly an amount of Rs. 0.985 million was granted to approved charitable institutions.

The Internal Shari'ah Audit Function (ISAF) plays a vital role in achieving the objective of ensuring Shari'ah compliance by evaluating the adherence to Shari'ah guidelines prescribed by SB, Resident Shari'ah Board Member (RSBM) and Shari'ah guidelines of Islamic banking division of SBP, in every activity under taken by the ABL-IBG. ISAF submits periodical reports to RSBM /Shari'ah Board for information, review and determination of appropriate corrective actions.

Shari'ah Compliance Department (SCD) of the Bank is working under the guidance of SB with adequate resources. The main objective of this department is to facilitate and ensure Shari'ah compliance in all the new researches, conducting Islamic banking trainings, Shari'ah-compliance review of each class of transactions, relevant documentation and process flows. Moreover, SCD has conducted the review of branches to evaluate the Shari'ah knowledge of staff.

Review and Development:

ABL-IBG has completed yet another successful year. Upon achieving a branch network of 117 dedicated Islamic branches, further expansion in outreach has been done through addition of 10 Windows at selected conventional branches during 2018, while opening of more Windows is being targeted in ensuing years. Similarly, significant growth in assets, Investments, liabilities, trade and other business avenues have been registered.

It is also encouraging to note that ABL IBG has aligned various staff facilities according to Shari'ah principles. Further, the pending matters related to Shari'ah compliant employment benefits have also been resolved.

Asset Review: During the year, financing portfolio has increased by 49% to Rs. 6,927 million, which mainly constitutes of Business Musharakah (52.35%), Diminishing Musharakah (37.94%). Besides, the investment portfolio has also risen by 23% to Rs. 10.249 million mainly constituting Government Ijarah Sukuk

and Corporate Sukuk. During the year, the SB approved new products including Allied Islamic Car liarah, Islamic Long-Term Financing Facility and Allied Islamic Home Musharakah on assets side.

Liability Review: The total deposits of ABL-IBG have increased by 58% during the year reaching to Rs. 24,633 million at December 31, 2018 as compared to Rs. 15,547 million as of last year.

During the year, the SB also approved new products including Allied Aitebar Senior Citizen Account and Allied Islamic Youth Account on liability side.

Other Key Activities: SB also reviewed various policies and manuals during the year related to Salam, liarah, Diminishing Musharakah, Murabaha and Charity Fund.

Profit Distribution Policy: SCD also conducted review of the process of profit distribution on monthly basis and ensured that the distribution is in line with instructions of SB and SBP. Moreover, internal Shari'ah audit of pool management has been conducted on quarterly basis, which further improved the process of pool management and profit and loss distribution and strengthened the compliance of Shari'ah quidelines.

Shari'ah Board Meetings: Shari'ah Board had held four meetings during the year 2018 wherein multiple critical issues were discussed upon, reviewed and resolved.

Staff Training:

In order to enhance the Islamic banking knowledge and expertise, training on Islamic Banking concepts as well as on Islamic banking products were imparted to all staff of the Islamic Banking Group. Management Development Center of ABL, arranged various sessions and more than 123 employees attended these sessions. Moreover, 02 employees attended training session conducted by NIBAF and other reputed Islamic banking training institutes.

BOD and Shari'ah Board Training/Orientation:

In order to enhance Islamic banking knowledge and acumen, an orientation session for BOD were conducted by the Shari'ah Board. A special training session was also arranged at MDC Lahore, for the members of Shari'ah Board.

Recommendations:

Following are some areas, which require continuous focus:

- 1. Bank's increased focus on customers' awareness regarding Islamic banking is well appreciated. It is recommended that such programs should also be continued in future for Ulama/Shari'ah scholars as well.
- 2. Bank's policy of appointing new staff members for Islamic banking branches with inclination /commitment to the ideology of Islamic banking should be continued.
- 3. The Bank is actively pursuing training of its human resources about various aspects of Islamic Banking & Finance through training sessions/ seminars. However continuous focus should be maintained to improve the level of awareness through Islamic Banking refresher, certification and Shari'ah documentation courses. Moreover, enhanced training for IB Treasury operations should also be conducted. This will ensure enhanced capacity building as well as address the possible Shari'ah non-compliance risk.

We pray to almighty ALLAH to provide us guidance to adhere to the Shari'ah principles in day-to-day operations, to absolve our mistakes and for the success of Islamic banking in Pakistan.

Mufti Tayyab Amin Resident Shari'ah Board Member

Muffi Mahmood Ahmad Member Shari'ah Board

Mufti Muhammad Iftikhar Baig Chairman Shari'ah Board

Date of Report: February 14, 2019

واجهات كاحائزه:

گزشتہ سال کے 547 کی 15 ملین کے مقابلے میں IBG-ABL کے مجموعی ڈیازٹس %58اضافے کے ساتھ اس سال 31 دسمبر 2018 میں24,633ملین رویے تک جانہیے ہیں۔

اس سال کے دوران بینک کے شریعہ بورڈ نے ڈیبیازٹ کے حصول کے لئے الائیڈ اعتبار سینئر سٹیزن اکاونٹ اورالا ئیڈاسلا مک بوتھ ا کاونٹ کی منظوری دی۔

دیگر اہم سرگرمیاں:اس کے علاوہ شریعہ بورڈ نے سلم فنانس مینول، اجاره فنانس مینول، نثر کت متناقصه فنانس مینول،مرابحہ فنانس مینول اور چیریٹی فنڈ کے طریقہ کار کا ر بو بوکیا۔

تقسيم نفع كى ياليسى:

شریعه کمیلائنس نے منافع کی تقسیم کے طریقه کار کا ماہانہ بنیادوں برریو یوکر کے اس بات کویقینی بنایا کہ بیہ شریعہ بورڈ اوراسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کی ہدایات کے عین مطابق ہے۔اس کےعلاوہ سہ ماہی بنیادوں پر پول مینچمنٹ بالیسی کا نٹرنل نثر بعیہ 7 ڈٹ کیا گیا جس کی وجہ سے پولمینجمنٹ اور نفع ونقصان کی تقسیم کیطر یقه کار میں بہتری آئی ہے اور شرعی نگرانی کا نظام مضبوط ہواہے۔

شريعه بوردميٹنگز:

سال2018 کے دوران شریعہ بورڈ کی چارمیٹنگز کا انعقاد کیا گیا جن میں مختلف موضوعات زیر بحث آئے اور بہت ہے مسائل کاحل تجویز کیا گیا۔

عمله کی تربیت:

اسلامی بینکاری سے متعلق معلومات اور مہارتوں میں

ساتھ ساتھ اسلامی بینکاری کی پروڈکٹس کے بارے میں اسلامک بینکنگ گروپ(IBG) کے تمام عملہ کوتر بیت فراہم کی گئی۔الائیڈ بینک کے پیجنٹ ڈیویلیمنٹ سنٹر نے مونی جائے ۔اس سے نہصرف عملے کی صلاحیتوں میں مختلف نشتوں کا انعقاد کیا جن میں 123 سے زائد اضافہ ہوگا بلکہاس کے ساتھ ساتھ شرعی اصولوں کی خلاف ملاز مین نے شرکت کی۔اس کے علاوہ 02 ملاز مین نے ورزی جیسے مکنہ خدشات کا بھی تدارک ہوگا۔ NIBAF اوراسلامی بینکنگ کی تربیت دینے والے دیگر معروف اداروں کی جانب سے فراہم کردہ تربیتی نشستوں میں بھی شرکت کی۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اور شریعہ بورڈ کے لئے ٹریڈنگ /تعارفی پروگرام:

اسلامک بینکنگ کی فہم اور معلومات میں اضافے کے پیشِ نظر، شریعہ بورڈ کی جانب سے بورڈ ہوف ڈائر یکٹرز کے لئے تربیتی نشست کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ شریعہ بورڈممبرز کے لئے ایم ڈی سی (MDC) لاہور میں ایک خصوصی تربیتی نشست كابھى انعقاد كيا گيا۔

مفتى طيب امين

(ریزیڈنٹ شریعہ بورڈممبر) مفتى محموداحمه

مزید بہتری لانے کی ضرورت ہے۔ بالخصوص اسلامک

بینکنگ کے شعبہ''ٹریژاڑی ہریشنز'' کی مزید تربیت

ہم اللّٰہ رب العزت سے دعا گو ہیں کہ وہ ہمیں روز مرہ

معاملات میں شرعی اصولوں برعمل پیرا ہونے کی توفق

عطاء فرمائے، ہماری لغزشوں سے درگز رفر مائے اور

پاکستان میں اسلامی بدیکاری کوکامیا بی عطاء فرمائے۔

(ثم بعه بوردممبر)

تجاويز/سفارشات:

مندرجہ ذیل کچھ معاملات کے لئے سلسل توجہ در کارہے: اسلامی بینکاری ہے متعلق اپنے صارفین کوآگاہی فراہم کرنے کے حوالے سے بینک کی بڑھتی ہوئی دلچیسی قابل قدر ہے۔ تاہمیہ تبحویز دی جاتی ہے کہ علماء اور شریعیہ سکالرز کے لئے بھی مستقبل میں اس قتم کی نشستوں کا انعقاد حاری کرپورٹ کی تاریخ: 14 فروری 2019ء

مفتى محمدافتخاربيك (چیئر مین شریعه بورڈ)

2. اسلامی بینکاری کے نظر بہسے وابستگی کی بنیاد پراسلامی بینکاری کی برانچوں میں نئے عملہ کی تعیناتی کی پالیسی کو لازمی طور برجاری رہنا جا ہے۔

3. بینک مختلف نشتوں اور سیمینارز کے ذریعے اپنے اسٹاف کواسلامک بینکنگ اور فنانس کے مختلف پہلووں پر تربیت فراہم کرر ہاہے۔ تاہم اس سلسلے میں ہمہ وقت توجہ مبذول رکھنے کی ضرورت ہے اور اسلامک بینکنگ اور بہتری لانے کے لئے اسلامی بینکاری کے نظریات کے شریعہ کے مخصوص سرٹیفیکیٹ کورسز کے ذریعے اس میں

شریعہ بورڈ کی رپورٹ برائے اختیام سال31 وسمبر2018

شروع اللہ کے نام سے جو بڑا مہربان، نہایت رحم کرنے

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزاوراعلی انتظامیہ پریپذ مہداری عائد ہوتی ہے کہ وہ الائیڈ بینک لمیٹڈ کے اسلامک بینکنگ گروپ(IBG) میں ہونے والے تمام معاملات کی ہمہ وقت شرعی اصولوں کےمطابق انجام دہی کویقینی بنائیں۔ شریعہ بورڈ کے لئے بہ امر باعث مسرت ہے کہ وہ IBG-ABL میں شریعہ کمپلائنس کے حوالے سے وضع کردہ مجموعی نظام کے بارے میں رپورٹ پیش کررہا

اس ریورٹ میں ذکر کردہ رائے کی بنیادوں کواستوار کرنے کے لئے بینک کے شریعہ کمپلائنس ڈیپارٹمنٹ نے بینک میں ہونے والے تمام معاملات سے متعلقہ دستاویزات اوران کی انجام دہی کے طریقہ کار کانمونوں کی بنیاد پر جائزہ لیا۔اس کے علاوہ ہم نے IBG-ABL کے دورانِ سال کئے گئے انٹرنل شریعہ آ ڈٹ کی رپورٹس کا بھی

مندرجه بالااموركي بنيادير جماري رائے بيہے كه: سال 2018 کے دواران IBG-ABL میں کئے گئے کاروباری معاملات بالخصوص لین دین کےمعاملات،ان سے متعلقہ دستاویزات اور طریقه کار، شریعہ بورڈ اور اسٹیٹ بینکآف یا کتان کی جانب سے جاری کردہ شرعی اصول وضوابط سے کمل مطابقت رکھتے ہیں۔

تمویلی سرگرمیوں کے لئے اس سال بینک نے زیادہتر مرابحه، اجاره، شركت متناقصه، سلم اور برنس مشاركه كو استعال کیا۔ تجارتی سر ماہیکاری ہے اشترا کی سر ماہیکاری کی طرف بتدریج منتقلی ایک حوصلہ افزاعمل ہے جس کے اسلامک بینکنگ انڈسٹری پر مثبت اثرات مرتب ہوں گے۔ IBG-ABL نے تمام معاملات میں شریعہ کمپلائنس کو

یقینی بنانے کے لئے انٹرنل شریعہ 7 ڈٹ اور شریعہ کمپلائنس ریو یو کی صورت میں ایک مؤثر نظام تشکیل دے رکھا ہے اورآئندہ سالوں میں بڑھتے ہوئے برانچ نبیٹ ورک کی ضروریات کے پیشِ نظراس نظام میں مسلسل بہتری پر اینی توجه مرکوز کئے ہوئے ہے۔ بینک کے موجودہ نظام میں اس بات کویقینی بنانے کی صلاحیت ہے کہ سی بھی قتم کی ناجائز ذرائع سے حاصل ہونے والی رقوم (اگر بالفرض ہوں) کوآمدنی کا حصہ نہ بننے دیا جائے۔ بینک نے صدقہ کی مد میں0.987 ملین روپے وصول کیے اور 0.985 ملین رویے منظور شدہ فلاحی اداروں کودیئے۔

انٹرنل شریعہ آ ڈٹ کا شعبہ IBG-ABL کی جانب سے کی گئی ہرسرگرمی کونٹر لیعہ بورڈ،ریز پڈنٹ نثر لیعہ بورڈممبراور اسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کے اسلامک بینکنگ ڈویژن کی جانب سے ملنے والی شرعی مدایات سے ہم آہنگ کرے نثر بعیہ کمپلائنس کے حصول کو یقینی بنانے میں اہم كردارادا كرتا ہے۔انٹرل شريعہ آ ڈٹ فنكشن وقا فوقا اینی ریورٹس شریعہ بورڈ کو پیش کرتا ہے تا کہ شریعہ بورڈ ان ر پورٹس کی روشنی میں معاملات کا جائزہ لے کر ان کی اصلاح کے لئے مناسب احکاماتحار میر سکے۔

بینک کا شریعه کمیلائنس ڈییارٹمنٹ حسب ضرورت اورموز وں افرادی قوت کے ساتھ شریعہ بورڈ کے زیر نگرانی کام کرتا ہے۔ اس ڈیپارٹمنٹ کا بنیادی مقصد جدید تحقیقات میں شریعہ کمپلائنس کے حوالے سے مدد فراہم کرنا، اسلامک بینکنگ کی تربیت فراہم کرنا اور ہیڑ ہ فس کے مختلف شعبوں میں ہونے والے تمام معاملات اوران کے شرعی طریقہ کار کا جائزہ لینا ہوتا ہے۔اس کے علاوہ شریعہ کمپلائنس ڈییار ٹمنٹ نے اسلامک بینکنگ کے حوالے سے شاف کی شرعی معلومات کا جائزہ لینے کے لئے برانچز کا دورہ بھی کیا۔

ر يو يواينڈ ڈيو بليمنٹ

سال2018 کے دوران IBG-ABL نیا یک اورسال کامیابی کے ساتھ مکمل کرلیا ہے۔مستقل بنیادوں پر کام کرنے والی 117 برانچوں کا ہدف حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ مخصوص روائیتی برانچوں میں مزید 10 ونڈوز کے ذریعے اسلامک بینکنگ کوتوسیع دی ہے، اور آنے والے سالوں میں مزید ونڈ وز کھولی جائیں گی۔ اسی طرح ا ثاثوں، سرمایہ کاری، ڈیپازٹس، تجارت اور دیگر مختلف کاروباری معاملات میں نمایاں بہتری دیکھی

بامرحوصلدافزاہے کہ الائیڈ بینک اسلامک بینکنگ گروپ نے اینے اسٹاف کو دی جانے والی اکٹرسہولیات کوشری اصولوں کےمطابق کرلیاہے۔اس کےعلاوہ ملاز مین کے حقوق کے حوالے سے پچھلے کئی سال سے زیرالتوا معاملات کوبھی اس سال حل کرلیا گیاہے۔

ا ثانوْل كاجائزه:

سال کے دوران تمویل کا مجموعی جم %49کے اضافہ کے ساتھ 6,927 ملین روپے تک بڑھ چکا ہے جس کا بیشتر برنس مشاركه (%35.52) اورشركت متناقصه (37.94%) پیشتمل ہے۔

دوسری جانب سرمایہ کاری کا مجموعی جم %23 کے اضافہ کے ساتھ 10,249ملین ہو چکا ہے جس کا اکثر حصہ حکومتی اجاره صکوک اور کارپوریٹ صکوک پرمشمل

اس سال کے دوران بینک کے شریعہ بورڈ نے فنانسنگ کے لئے الائیڈ اسلامک کاراجارہ، طویل المیعاد اسلامک فنانسنگ كى سہولت اور الائيڈ اسلامك ہوم مشاركه پروڈكٹس كو منظور کیا۔

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT) **GOVERNANCE**



IT Governance framework ensures that Your Bank's significant investment in IT infrastructure is duly aligned with the long-term strategies and objectives of Your Bank; while ensuring conformity with industry's best practices.

IT Governance of Your Bank focuses on ensuring that:

- IT strategic plan fits with the current and evolving needs of Your Bank and customers.
- IT based policies and procedures conform to the Banks, statutory and regulatory requirements.
- ITG designs, specifies and maintains systems for optimal utilization by Your Bank.
- IT acquisitions follow the necessary approvals ensuring that there is appropriate balance between cost, risks, short term and long term benefits.
- Roles and responsibilities are clearly defined for smooth delivery of business requirements and services.

IT Governance of Your Bank comprises monitoring by:

e-Vision Committee of Board

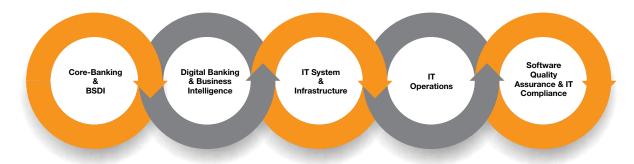
supervises the IT Governance in Your Bank and provides strategic direction for adoption/upgrading of evolving technologies in order to provide new customer centric products and services and to improve internal control environment. The Committee reviews the strategic plan of Your Bank to improve IT infrastructure and automation of processes and systems including alternate delivery channels. The Committee extends assistance to the Board with insights regarding evolving technologies in the field of e-banking and digital platforms. It also oversees performance of Information Technology Group of Your Bank.

IT Steering Committee (ITSC) of Your Bank is entrusted to review initiatives and prioritize projects for their implementation along with recommendation for required infrastructure and monitor their performance. ITSC reviews and recommends the annual and long term Strategic IT plan before its recommendation to MANCO and Board's e-Vision Committee for review and approval of the Board of Directors. ITSC assists MANCO in implementing IT and Digital strategies approved by Board of Directors and also plays an advisory role in all technology related matters. ITSC also reviews the result of vulnerability and IT risk assesment exercises and ascertains measures taken to mitigate identified risks. Chief ITG is the chairman of ITSC.

Information Technology Group (ITG) is headed by Chief ITG, reporting to Chief Executive Officer of Your Bank. ITG is responsible for development and delivery of technology driven services in line with directions of the Board and its committees under the strategic guidance of ITSC. Chief ITG is responsible to:

- Develop and implement IT policies and procedures in line with best practices.
- Ensure maintenance of Bank's IT infrastructure including online business services for smooth transactions processing.
- Validate IT processes through testing and oversee quality control throughout the IT infrastructure.
- Devise security policies and ensure that arrangements for disaster recovery plan are in place.
- Keep the e-Vision Committee and MANCO informed of emerging trends and developments in IT and put forth necessary recommendations.
- Maintain a requisite professional IT staff strength with sufficient knowledge, skills, experience and professional qualifications to meet the expectations along with regular training to keep up with the latest technologies and concepts.

ITG of Your Bank is strengthened by the following functions which are headed by committed professionals, providing innovative and efficient solutions to achieve organizational objectives.



Information Security & Governance functioning under the umbrella of Risk Management Group, is primarily responsible to develop and implement information security guidelines through a set of policies, procedures and frameworks and conduct Technical Risk Assessment as per policy quidelines. The function is also mandated to develop information security policies in line with regulatory requirements and based on best industry practices. This function also manages the information security awareness campaign across the Bank.

Technology Compliance under Compliance Group performs technology compliance review of Information Security Policies and Procedures to ensure that they are compliant with SBP guidelines/regulations. Furthermore, it also ensures compliance against the recommendations of SBP inspection report, external auditors' management letter and internal audit report of Audit and Risk Review Group (A&RRG).

Information System Audit function under A&RRG is entrusted to perform systems audit across the Bank; testing desired functionality and integrity while providing recommendations where necessary.

WHISTLE **BLOWING POLICY (WBP)**

Preamble

The purpose of WBP is to create a channel whereby Your Bank's staff is encouraged to report without any fear, malicious activity or conduct by any other employee, which may cause financial or reputational loss to the Bank.

It provides assurance to the Whistleblowers about total confidentiality and protection of their legitimate personal interests. It also provides incentives for the Whistleblowers on reporting of suspicious activities.

Objectives

The intended objectives of this policy are:

- Develop a culture of openness, accountability and integrity:
- Provide an environment whereby employees
 of the Bank blow whistle where they know or
 suspect any immoral, unethical, fraudulent act
 of any current or former employees, vendors,
 contractors, service providers and customers
 which may cause financial or reputational risk to
 Your Bank;
- Create awareness amongst employees and stakeholders regarding the Whistle Blowing Function; and
- Enable management to be informed at an early stage about aforementioned activities or misconduct, if any and take appropriate actions.

Scope

The scope of this policy includes, without limitation all types of unlawful acts / orders, fraud, corruption, misconduct, collusive practices or any other activity which undermines Your Bank's operations, financial position, reputation and mission.

Independence of Whistle Blowing Unit

An operationally independent Whistle Blowing Unit has been established under supervision of Audit Committee of the Board (ACOB), for handling and monitoring allegations, complaints and concerns raised by the complainant /whistleblower under the WBP.

Protection of Whistleblowers

All matters are dealt with confidentiality and the identification of the Whistleblower is not be disclosed except for inevitable situations, where disclosure of identity of the Whistleblower is essential.

Your Bank stands committed to protect Whistleblowers for Whistle Blowing and any subsequent harassment or victimization of the Whistleblower is not tolerated. If any Whistleblower feels that at his / her existing place of posting, he / she might be subjected to victimization or harassment by the alleged officials after blowing the Whistle, the management may consider transferring him / her to another suitable place on his / her request.

Indemnity from disciplinary action will be provided to the whistleblower employee, against actions/involvement in the activity against which whistle is blown, based on the merits of the respective case.

Incentives for Whistle Blowing

On the recommendation of the ACOB, the Whistle blower will be suitably awarded according to the significance of the information he / she had provided and impact of losses averted as a result.

Process of Whistle Blowing

Your Bank has established the following communication channels for whistle blowing complaints:

- Dedicated e-mail address for whistle blowing (whistle.blowing@abl.com) accessible by the Chairman ACOB.
- Whistle blowing forms available on Your Bank's corporate website.
- Post / courier addressed to Chairman ACOB, Allied Bank Limited, Head Office, 3 Tipu Block, New Garden Town, Lahore.

Number of instances reported to ACOB

Number of whistle blowing incidences reported to ACOB in Year 2018: Thirteen (13).

BUSINESS AT LAST AGM

The 72nd Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Your Bank was held on Monday, April 09, 2018 at 11:00 A.M. at Pearl Continental Hotel, Lahore. Mr. Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar, Chairman of Board of Directors, chaired the meeting. The meeting was attended by all Board members of the Bank including the Chief Executive Officer along with the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.

The Company Secretary informed the participating shareholders that a presentation on various guidelines issued by the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan from time to time along with relevant suggestions for the convenience and guidance of the Shareholders was being run on the multi-media screen placed in the meeting hall. He also advised the shareholders that a copy of the presentation was also available for attendees, upon request. The participants appreciated this initiative.

The Company Secretary shared key areas of the presentation which included:

- Necessity for provision of valid CNIC copy by shareholders with physical shareholding.
- Payment of cash dividend electronically (Bank Mandate/e-Dividend).
- Benefits of Bank Mandate Option.
- Deposit of the physical shares into CDC Account.
- Merger of different folios of same person into one folio.
- Electronic transmission of financial statements and notices.
- Deduction of withholding tax from
- Deduction of withholding tax in case of joint shareholders.

On the Financial Statements, shareholders while appreciating the overall growth in the Bank's financial position for year ended December 31, 2017, particularly the growth in

investments and advances and decline in non-performing loans, inquired about the reasons for major variances which were appropriately responded by the management.

Furthermore, shareholders inquired about the lower dividend payout in 2017 as compared to 2016 and stoppage of bonus shares payout in the preceding 4 vears.

The Chairman while responding for lesser dividend for the year 2017 stated that the levy of 5% tax on bonus shares compelled major listed companies including banks for the non-issuance of bonus shares, which would hopefully be abolished in the upcoming budget.

The Chairman assured the shareholders that the Bank would consider on improving cash dividend payout rate during the year ending December 31, 2018 in line with the aforementioned request of the shareholders.

INVESTOR GRIEVANCE

Your Bank has put in place comprehensive guidelines for investors/shareholders to address their grievances. The guidelines conform to the Bank's internal policy to address the investor grievances as well as statutory requirements as stipulated under SECP SRO 634 (1)/2014.

- For all shares related issues, Shareholders are advised to contact Shares Registrar of the Bank with contact details available on Bank's corporate website.
- In order to facilitate the investors/shareholders who intend to register a complaint, the contact details of the focal person of Shares Department is given on the Bank's corporate website for this purpose.
- In addition, if Investors/Shareholders grievances are not resolved by the Shares Registrar of the Bank, as well as Shares Department, they may escalate their complaints to the Company Secretary of the Bank.
- If any complaint still remains unsatisfied, the same can be forwarded to Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP); using links of SECP website which are available in investor grievance section of the Bank's corporate website.
- Furthermore, queries with respect to financial results of Your Bank can be directed to 'Investor Relations' department, which is headed by Chief Financial Officer, vide using email address investor.relations@abl.com (which is available on corporate website as well).

MANAGING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Overview

The Board and the Management of Allied Bank Limited ("the Bank") is committed towards transparent disclosure, management and constant monitoring of potential conflicts of interest to ensure that no undue benefit is passed on. The Board recognizes the responsibility to adhere to the defined policies / procedures and avoid perceived conflicts of interest that may arise during the course of business.

Disclosure of Interest by Director:

- Every director (including spouse and minor children) of a Bank who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement entered into, or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Bank shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the directors.
- Directors are required to disclose existing or perceived conflicts of interest at the Board meeting as per the requirements of prevailing law. Where a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest has been disclosed, the concerned Board member shall not take part in the Board discussion on that agenda item. The member who has disclosed the conflict cannot vote on that

Abidance of Laws / Rules: • Conform to and abide by all the

legal and standing requirements and Code of Corporate Governance while performing their duties and obey all lawful orders and directives. All Board members shall comply with and observe all applicable related statutory requirements, regulatory directives and ABL policies.

- Integrity:Conduct themselves with the highest standards of ethics, professional integrity and dignity in all dealings with all stakeholders and not engage in acts discreditable to ABL, their profession and the nation. If they become aware of any irregularity that might affect the interests of ABL, they shall inform the Board immediately.
- Maximum utilization of their abilities, experience and expertise for achieving set goals, maintain high standards of professional conduct, protect the Bank's assets and respect interest of all the stakeholders. Practice transparency in all acts and deeds related to the business of the Bank.
- Reject corruption in all forms direct, indirect, public or private and do not directly or indirectly engage in bribery, kick-backs, payoffs, or any other corrupt practices.

Remain loyal to the Bank, keeping its interest above own personal interests at all times.

Confidentiality:

- Maintain the privacy and confidentiality of all the information acquired being Member of Board of Directors of the Bank or come into their knowledge and refrain from disclosing the same unless otherwise required by statutory authorities/law and Bank's own policies. All such information will remain with them as a trust and will only be used for the purpose for which it is intended and will not be used for personal benefits. Inside information about ABL's affairs shall not be used for their own gains or for that of others either directly or
- Directors of the Bank are strictly prohibited to disclose the fact (comes into their knowledge) to the customer or any other quarter that a suspicious transaction or related information is being or has been reported to any authority, except if required under the

Conf ict of Interest:

- Avoid all such circumstances in which there is personal interest conflict, or may appear to be in conflict with any of the stakeholder as prescribed by the statutes and in probable case their interest conflicts with any of the stakeholder, he/she would immediately declare such interest before the Board of Directors.
- No director shall exploit for their own personal gain, opportunities that are discovered through use of corporate property, information or position, unless the opportunity is disclosed completely in writing to the Board of Directors of the Bank and the Board allows him/her to avail such opportunity.
- No interested person shall participate in the discussion or vote in the Board's proceedings or participate in any other manner in the conduct or supervision of such dealings.
- Avoid any dealing with contractors or suppliers of the Bank that compromises the ability to transact business on a professional, impartial and competitive basis or that may influence discretionary decision to be made by the Board Members / Bank.
- No Director shall hold any position or job or engage in outside business or other interest that is prejudicial to the interests of the Bank.
- Shall not make any statement which has the effect of adverse criticism of any policy or action of the Bank or

- which is capable of embarrassing the relation between the Bank and the public including all the stakeholders. Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to any statement made or views expressed by a Board Member, which are purely factual in nature and are not considered as confidential, in his official capacity or in due performance of the duties assigned to him.
- Refrain from accepting gifts, personal favors or preferential treatment, that could, in any way, influence or appear to influence, business decisions in favor of any person or organization with whom or with which the Bank has or is likely to have business dealings.

Insider Trading:

- Directors shall not deal directly or indirectly in the securities of the Bank whether on their own account or their relative's account, if they are in possession of any unpublished price sensitive information concerning the Bank. Directors who are in possession of any unpublished price sensitive information shall not communicate directly or indirectly the said information to others who trade on such information.
- Where any director or his/her spouse sells, buys or takes any beneficial position, whether directly or indirectly, in the shares of the Bank, he/ she shall immediately notify the Company Secretary in writing. Such director shall also deliver a written record of the price, number of shares, form of share certificates, (i.e., whether physical or electronic within the Central Depository System), and nature of transaction to the Company Secretary. Further, no director shall, directly or indirectly, deal in the shares of the Bank, in any manner, during the closed period as determined by the Board of Directors.

- Related Party Transaction:

 The Bank has devised a mechanism for identification of related parties and execution of related party transaction at arm's length, which are executed in the pormal course of business. in the normal course of business. Based on the statutory requirements, complete transactional details of related parties are presented before the Audit Committee for review and deliberations. The Audit Committee reviews and recommends the related party transactions to the Board and AGM, where required, for its approval.
- Moreover, as a statutory requirement, a comprehensively prepared return is submitted on half yearly interval to State Bank of Pakistan that primarily covers every related party transaction executed during the said period.

OUR GOVERNANCE **PHILOSOPHY**

Modus Operandi of Board of Directors

The Board of Directors and Management of the Bank are committed towards maintaining a high standard of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall stewardship and oversight of the Bank by reviewing, deliberating and approving the Bank's strategic planning, organizational structure and supervising the management for ensuring enhanced shareholders'

Chief Executive Officer and senior management are responsible for business operations by following board's approved policies, while keeping the Board of Directors well informed by providing timely information.

The Board of Directors has fully adopted corporate governance guidelines to assist it in meeting its aforementioned governance responsibilities.

Key Governance Practices

- The Board of Directors comprises of an appropriate mix of Directors in terms of vast experience, competence and financial acumen.
- · Five members of the Board of Directors are certified directors, whereas three directors have been exempted from the requirement based on their experience.
- Three members of the Board of Directors are independent directors.
- · Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is comprised of two independent directors.
- Board of Directors has constituted four additional sub-committees to assist in the governance of the Bank i.e. e-Vision Committee, Board Risk Management Committee, Strategic Planning & Monitoring Committee and Human Resources and Remuneration Committee.

Corporate Governance rating of "CGR 9+" by an independent JCR-VIS Credit Rating Co. Ltd., indicates high level of corporate governance; depicting a strong commitment towards governance framework by the Board and management of Your

Review of overall performance of the Board

Your Bank has formalized an inhouse process for reviewing the Board of Directors' overall performance including performance of Chairman of the Board of Directors, individual Directors including Chief Executive Officer and Board of Directors' sub-committees.

An independent external evaluation is being carried out after every three years to further augment the process; with evaluation findings being thoroughly reviewed for continuous improvement and refinement.

Primary objectives of the Board of Directors, apart from carrying out its fiduciary duties as required under relevant regulations, has remained to provide strategic direction, financial oversight and guidance to the management.

The Board of Directors assisted by five sub-committees, performed its duties diligently and effectively in the best interest of the shareholders, despite of challenging operating and regulatory environment, whilst upholding the vision, mission and core values of the Bank.

Board of Directors are committed to enhance shareholders' value while continuing to transform the Bank to cater to the ever-evolving needs of the Bank's valued customers.

Your Bank's Board of Directors shall remain committed in carrying out their aforementioned duties diligently and professionally while maintaining the Bank's focus on sustainable growth momentum ahead.

NOTICE OF 73rd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 73rd Annual General Meeting of Allied Bank Limited will be held at Palace Hall, Pearl Continental Hotel, Lahore on Thursday, March 28, 2019 at 11:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

 To confirm minutes of the Extraordinary General Meeting of Allied Bank Limited held on August 27, 2018. To view the minutes, direct link is:

https://www.abl.com/src/uploads/2018/09/Minutes-of-EOGM-ABL-27-08-2018.pdf

 To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Bank (consolidated and unconsolidated) for the year ended December 31, 2018 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.

As required under Section 223(7) of the Companies Act 2017 and SECP SRO 634(I)/2014, Financial Statement and Reports of the Bank have been uploaded on the website of the Bank which can be downloaded using the following link:

https://www.abl.com/services/downloads/financial-reports/

- To consider and approve Final Cash Dividend @ 20% (i.e. Rs. 2.00 per share) as recommended by the Board of Directors. This Final Cash Dividend would be in addition to 60% Interim Cash Dividends (aggregating Rs.6.00 per share) already paid to the shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- 4. To appoint Statutory Auditors of the Bank for the year ending December 31, 2019 and fix their remuneration. The retiring auditors M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants, being eligible has offered themselves for reappointment. The audit firm appointed will hold office till conclusion of the next AGM to be held in the year 2020.

Special Business:

 To accord post facto approval for upward revision in the Directors' fee for attending Board and its Sub-Committees meetings from Rs.150,000/- to Rs.250,000/- per meeting w.e.f. February 13, 2019.

*Note: A Statement under section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017 is appended.

Other Business:

6. To transact any other business with permission of the Chair.

Date: March 06. 2019 (Lahore)

By Order of the Board

Muhammad Raffat Company Secretary

Statement under section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017

ITEM NO.5: To accord post facto approval for upward revision in the Directors' fee for attending meetings of Board and its Sub Committees.

In view of the Board's responsibilities and enhanced role as well as to comply with the prevailing laws, rules and regulations, the Directors have to devote considerable time and expertise in the overall stewardship of the Bank.

The Board, in its 237th meeting held on February 13th & 14th 2019 decided to increase fee payable to Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors for attending meetings of the Board and its Sub Committees, from Rs. 150,000/- to Rs. 250,000/- per meeting, along with usual travelling and accommodation expenses as allowed in terms of Article 82 of Articles of Association of the Bank. In terms of SBP Prudential Regulation G-1 clause "C-2", the matter is being placed before the shareholders for post facto approval.

In this respect, the following Ordinary Resolution is proposed to be adopted:

"Resolved that Directors' Fee payable to Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors for attending meetings of the Board and its Sub Committees be and is hereby increased from Rs. 150,000/- to Rs. 250,000/- per meeting with effect from February 13, 2019 and the decision of the Board of Directors of Allied Bank Limited in this regard is hereby ratified."

NOTES:

- i) All members are entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting.
- ii) A member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy under his / her own hand or through his/ her duly authorized attorney to attend and vote instead of himself / herself; and the proxy must be a member of Allied Bank Limited.
- iii) The instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarized certified copy of that power of attorney or authority in order to be effective must be reached at the Registered Office of Allied Bank Limited not less than 48 hours before the start time of the Meeting.
- iv) Share Transfer Books of Allied Bank Limited will remain closed from Friday 22nd March, 2019 to Thursday 28th March, 2019 (both days inclusive). Share transfers requests received at M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi, Share Registrar of the Bank before the close of business on Thursday 21st March, 2019 will be treated as being in time for the purpose of transfer of shares.
- v) Members are requested to immediately notify the changes, if any, in their registered addresses to the Bank's Shares Registrar M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, before book closure.

- Members may exercise their right to vote as per provisions of the Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, subject to the requirements of Section 143 & 144 of the Companies Act 2017. Further, details in this regard will be communicated to the shareholders within legal time frame as stipulated under these Regulations, if required.
- CDC Account Holders will have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the Account Holder or Sub-account Holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate their identity by showing original valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the resolution of Board of Directors / Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (if it has not been provided earlier) at the time of attending the Meeting.

B. For Appointing Proxies:

- In case of individuals, the Account Holder or Sub-Account Holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit proxy form as per the above mentioned requirements.
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of valid CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his / her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the resolution of Board of Directors / Power of Attorney with specimen signature shall be produced along with the proxy form of the Company.
- vi) Proxy Form is enclosed.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Six Years HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL Performance Highlights



LIABILITIES Bills Payable CAGR for the last six years-annualized is 3.8% 99% 2% -1% -21% -1% -20% 0.9% 0.7% Bills payable as a percentage of total liabilities remained stable at 0.6%. 0.6% 0.5% 7,753 Borrowings 101% 109% 77% 1% -15% -8% CAGR for the last six years-annualized is 34.1%16.7% 13.9% 11.8% Borrowings remained stable at Rs. 225 billion or 17% of total liabilities. 7.8% 4.5% Deposits and other accounts 18% CAGR for the last six years-annualized is 11.4% 11% 10% 10% 10% 10% 82.3% 78.8% 74.0% 75.1% 72.9% 70.7% 11% YoY growth in outstanding deposits exceeding industry's Deposit growth of 8%. 984,475 Sub- Ordinated Loans 0% 0% 0% -23% -29% -100% 0.6% 0.4% In view of one of the highest CAR, no additional subordinated debt was raised. Other Liabilities (Including Deferred Tax Liabilities) 15% 11% 7% CAGR for the last six years-annualized is 1.8% -1% -8% -9% 2.9% 2.7% 1.9% 9% YoY decline mainly due to decrease in Deferred Tax Liabilities.

2013

2014

2015

Rs. in Million

2016

2017

2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

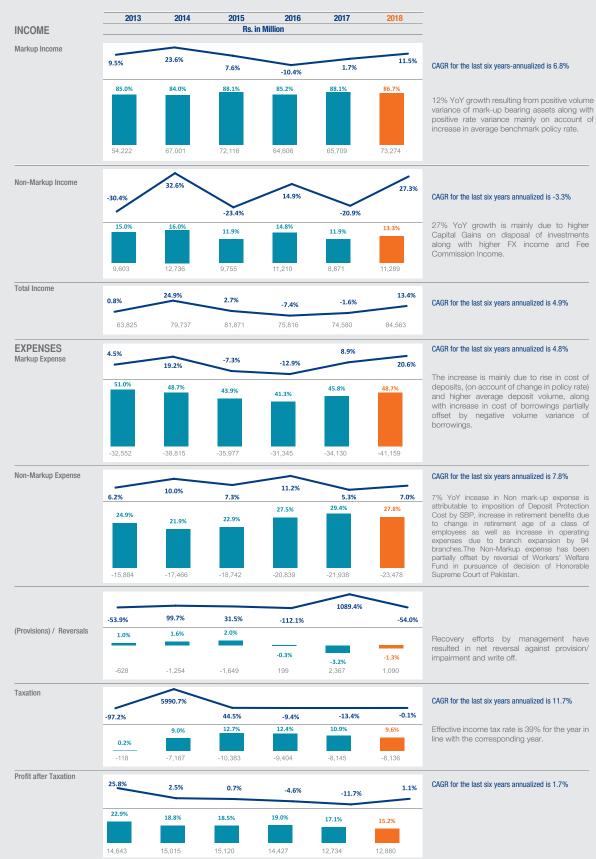
Six Years HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL Performance Highlights



CAGR: Compound Average Growth Rate YOY: Year on Year (2018 vs 2017)

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Six Years HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL Performance Highlights

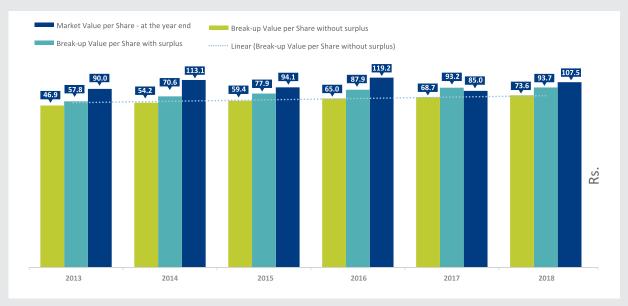


VALUE CREATION FOR **SHAREHOLDERS**

Through our financial performance we demonstrate our commitment to delivering long-term value for our shareholders.

Over the last six years the bank increased it's break-up value per share at a CAGR of 8%, which also reflected in improving value creation (market value less breakup value) of 46% for our shareholders in 2018.

Growing "Total assets to shareholder's funds" coupled with ROA also contributed in achieving higher ROE from respective average ratio of the industry .





ROBUST BALANCE SHEET ENABLED AN ATTRACTIVE DIVIDEND PAYOUT

The Bank's CET1/ Tier 1 and Capital Adequacy ratios of 17.3% and 22.2% respectively, LCR of 151.5% and an NSFR of 186.6%, on a pro forma basis, are all Basel Ill-compliant and are a reflection of a strong balance sheet. On the back of solid earnings growth in operations and a strong capital position, a final dividend of Rs.2 was declared, increasing by 14.3%. Our full-year dividend cover was 1.41 times.



	NPL Ratio*				
6.8%	7.0%	6.4%	5.9%	4.6%	3.5%
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018





Dividend Cover

1.74

1.59

1.89





SHARE PRICE MOVEMENT AND SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

	High	Low	Closing	Market Capita	alization
		Rs.		Capital (Million)	Value (Million)
December 31, 2018	109.0	104.5	107.5	11,450	123,061
September 30, 2018	102.8	100.0	101.9	11,450	116,706
June 30, 2018	103.9	102.0	103.2	11,450	118,114
March 31, 2018	99.0	96.0	98.5	11,450	112,755

2.44

2.02



Regularly recurring matters (such as financial results and dividends) have a temporary impact on the share price of Allied Bank Limited. However, Government/ Regulatory policy changes such as inflation, discount rate, monetary policy and political & environment situation of the country are the key determinants for change in profitability of the Bank ultimately having an impact on share prices.

STATEMENT OF VALUE CREATION

VALUE ADDED Income from banking services Cost of services

Value added by banking services Non - banking income Reversals against non-performing assets

Total Value Added

Rs. In Million (7,358)35,972 1,090 37,137



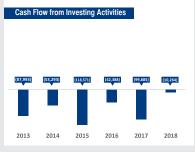
CASH FLOW

Rs. In Million

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 2018	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Mark-up / return / interest and commission receipts Mark-up / return / interest payments Cash payments to employees, suppliers and others	81,360 (40,981) (20,740)
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets Lendings to financial institutions Held for trading securities Advances Other assets (excluding advance taxation)	19,639 (45,091) 24,826 (65,501) 4,168
Bills payable Borrowings Deposits Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)	(81,598) (83) 2,188 100,734 591 103,430
Cash flow from operating activities before tax Income tax paid	41,471 (7,791)
Net cash flow from operating activities	33,680
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Net investments in 'available-for-sale' securities Net investments in 'held-to-maturity' securities Dividend income received Investments in operating fixed assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Effect of translation of net investment in foreign wholesale branch Net cash used in investing activities	(64,659) 58,411 2,850 (6,912) 46 1,008
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid Net cash used in financing activities	(8,815)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Effect of exchange rate changes on opening cash and cash equivalents	15,609 90,289 (4,378)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR (Under Direct Method)	101,520

SIX YEARS CASH FLOW ANALYSIS







PRODUCTS & SERVICES

Allied Bank Limited (the Bank) offers a wide range of products and services, designed to cater to requirements of each segment of its customer base. Bank offers comprehensive solutions for all customers, ranging from a simple bank account to more sophisticated banking products.



Branch Banking

With a vast network of over 1,300 branches and 1,388 ATMs, Bank is committed to provide real time online banking solutions to its customers in an efficient and convenient manner.

Banking on Saturday & Extended Hours Banking

ABL is amongst few banks in Pakistan offering added convenience of "full service" Saturday Banking to its customers. The extended week of banking operations, is currently available at 339 branches from 10:00 AM to 02:00 PM. Extended Hours Banking facility is also offered at select branches.

Allied Easy Current Account

Allied Easy current account covers all of the everyday banking needs with no monthly fee. With Allied Easy Current Account financial transactions can also be managed with mobile, online, branch and ATM access, instant SMS balance updates, fast cash deposits and transfers etc.

Allied Business Account

Allied Business Account is meant for growing business proprietors looking for



exceptional value and services, packed with multiple free of cost features. It is a costeffective and simple way to consolidate business and personal banking needs into one tailored package. There is no minimum balance requirement for operating this particular account.

Allied Senior Citizen Account

Your Bank launched Allied Senior Citizen account offering a host of free services including free debit visa card, free cheque books along with health insurance and discounted lab testing facilities, which relieves senior citizens from their health worries.

Allied Youth Account

Your Bank launched Allied Youth Account to meet to the needs of financially lierate and tech savy young population of the country. The account offers Branded Youth Visa Debit Card along with free accidental insurance coverage and premium access to Vouch365 application with exciting offers for restaurants, health & fitness and leisure/travel activities.

PLS Saving Account

Bank offers savings accounts offering free features on



maintenance of certain minimum monthly average balance.

Allied Express Account

Allied Express Account is exclusively crafted for remitting money in Pakistan. Customers can remit funds to their own account or accounts of their loved ones in Pakistan through Allied Express Account and eniov free of cost banking services i.e. Cheque Books, ATM Visa Debit card, SMS Alerts Internet Banking etc. Remittances can be originated from different time zones / countries in multiple currencies.

Allied Rising Star – Youth's 1st Bank Account

Allied Rising Star Account is a great way to accumulate children's savings for their future while inculcating saving habits amongst children with exclusive free features like Welcome Pack, Birthday Gift, accidental insurance coverage up to Rs. 500,000, ATM / VISA Debit card and cheque book.

Allied Term Plus Deposit

Allied Term Plus is a regular term deposit with the flexibility of tenure and frequency of profit payment which allows the customers to opt for investment



plan which suites their choice.

Allied Asaan Account

Allied Asaan Account is tailored to cater to the banking needs of unbanked/common people of society with simplified account opening requirement/ procedures. Customers can open current or saving account according to their needs with a number of free facilities offered.

Allied Khanum Assan Account

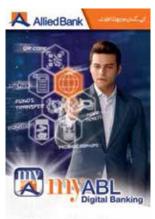
Access to a bank account is essential for women's economic empowerment as it provides a safe place to save money and opens up a channel to credit which can be used for investing in education, property or business along with bundle of free of cost services including lower locker fee.

Third Party Products: Mutual Funds & BANCA Products

ABL offers distinctive third party products; Mutual Funds (investment plans and competitive return oriented funds of Allied Asset Management Company-a wholly owned subsidiary of ABL) and BANCA products in collaboration with EFU and Jubilee Insurance partners.

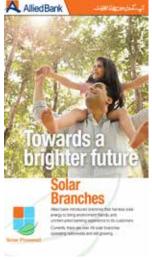
PRODUCTS & SERVICES





Internet Banking Redefined





Theme Branches

In the quest to evolve into a customer friendly bank in the retail industry, Bank is adopting modern technology and signature themes. Accordingly, the Bank launched Women branches, Youth branches and Village branches.

Allied Cash+Shop VISA **Debit Card**

Allied Cash+Shop Visa Debit Card is Allied Bank's flagship product that gives our customers access to their bank accounts and convenience to use it at over 34,000 retailers in Pakistan and millions of retailers worldwide. It also gives cardholders access to over 1.9 million ATMs worldwide and over 10,000 ATMs in Pakistan.

Allied PayPak Debit Card

It allows customer ATM transactions as well as retail/ purchase anywhere within Pakistan. All purchasetransactions made through Allied PayPak Debit Card are PIN based; thus, ensuring greater security.

EZ Cash Prepaid Card

Allied EZCash is a re-loadable Prepaid Card which comes with the convenience of easy load/ reload/top-up from any ABL branch. This is the first Prepaid Card launched on Local

Payment Scheme PayPak. This card is instantly issued from all ABL branches and can be used on ATM for cash withdrawal, bill payment, mobile top-ups and purchasing goods from merchants at Point of Sale (POS) machines where PayPak Cards are accepted. Allied EZCash offers greater security with PIN for Point-of-Sale (POS) Transactions as well i.e. use of Prepaid Card for shopping requires cardholders to enter PIN to authorize their purchase transactions.

E-commerce Transactions on VISA Debit Card

Allied Bank Visa Debit Card holders can now use their VISA Debit cards for online/ecommerce transactions. As customers become more technology savvy, Allied Bank delivers services that fit customers' lifestyles and offers more choice as to where, when and how customers conduct transactions. Allied Bank differentiate not just by offering multi-dimensional channels to customer but also by enhancing their experience from utilization of the new and innovative channels.

Jazz Cash Domestic Remittance Services

In line with the Financial Inclusion Strategy set by SBP, Allied Bank collaborated with JazzCash [a Branchless Banking Brand of Jazz (Mobilink) & Mobilink Microfinance Bank Limited (MMBL)] to provide domestic remittance services to prospective customers. Through this initiative the beneficiary of Jazz Cash Domestic Remittances can send and collect their remittances from any ABL Branch in addition to the existing network of Jazz Cash

Debit Card Variants

Various Debit Card variants allow customers to choose from a variety of 'Sapphire' packages offering wide-ranging transactional limits on debit cards to pay for everyday shopping or get access to funds at ATMs in Pakistan and

myABL Digital Banking

A premium Digital Banking service that caters to Personal and Business Banking needs. myABL Digital Banking platform is supported with international standards of information security and 24/7 availability that makes banking safer and accessible from any location with improved performance. With a dynamic new user friendly and device responsive interface, myABL offer great convenience and wide range of features to our valued Personal and Business Banking customers.

myABL Personal Internet Bánking

myABL Personal Internet Banking is the new face of Allied Direct Internet Banking, It is the latest internet and mobile banking platform which offers a more secure, reliable and efficient digital banking service.

MyABL Business Internet Banking

With Business Internet Banking, customers can significantly cut paperwork, and enjoy the triple benefits of "Efficiency, Ease of use and Economy' Business Internet Banking (BIB) is Allied Bank's online/internet banking service exclusively designed and developed for non-individual customers. The internet banking platform has a User-friendly and deviceresponsive facility, allows users to online track account(s) and relationships maintained with the bank and enables customers to execute complex banking transactions from their workstation/offices.

ABL Self Service Digital Branch

ABL has introduced Self Service Banking facility at Lucky One Mall with state of the art digital banking channels. Allied Bank's self-service banking branch is one of its kind branch, offering a blend of "Conventional"



and "Self-Service Banking" facilities to its account holders as well as walk-in customers. It is equipped with modern equipment, which enables ABL customers to address their banking needs while interfacing with diverse range of digital touch points i.e. tablets, interactive tables, video conferencing and digital kiosks, eliminating the need of hefty paper work and long waits in aueues.

ATMs and CCDMs (Cash & **Cheque Deposit Machines**)

The vast network of 1,239 ATMs all over the country gives 24/7 access to cash withdrawals, mini statement. bill payments, fund transfers and much more. ABL has 4 CCDMs installed at select branches offering facility to deposit cash & cheques anytime.

Allied Business Finance (ABF)

Allied Business Finance is designed for SME sector to meet liquidity requirements against non-cash securities. The Bank offers evergreen line in shape of Running Finance, Letter of Guarantee, Finance for Exports (working Capital)& Letter of Credit as well as Term Loans.

Allied Fast Finance (AFF)

Allied Fast Finance is a product secured against cash backed securities i.e. Lien on



TDR & Account designed to meet liquidity requirements of obligors without disturbing their core savings. This product offers evergreen line in shape of RF, LG & LC as well as Term Loan.

the reduction is reach up on their payment of 10% or man many his it may of rejection of application

Prime Minister Youth business Loan (PMYBL)

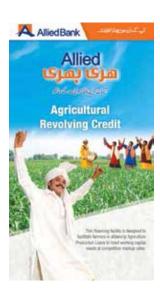
A long-term loan scheme, specifically launched for unemployed youth under the directives of GOP/SBP. The scheme especially targets startups of both genders. Loans are being offered to obligors at subsidized rates.

Allied Home Finance

Allied Bank, in its endeavor to provide current and prospective customers a complete suite of consumer products, launched "Allied Home Finance" to full fill customers' needs for build, buy and renovate their own home

Allied Car Finance

In the year 2017 ABL also launched Car financing scheme as "Allied Car Finance". The product is mainly to cater bank's depositors and the employees of institutional customers of the bank, It's a demand finance facility with equal monthly installments spread over the term of the finance. With a competitive mark-up rate the product has been taken well by the Bank customers



Allied Visa Credit Card (Pay wave - Chip Based)

Allied Visa Gold and Platinum Credit Cards are exclusively being offered to the bank's valued branch customers in major cities of Pakistan. Allied Visa Credit Card offers a host of privileges, benefits and savings, together with attractive service charges and a free credit period of up to 50 days.

Allied Personal Finance (APF)

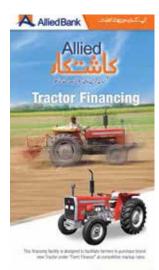
Allied Personal Finance is a term loan facility targeting Employees of Corporate under corporate arrangement, Salaried Individuals fall under Cross-Sell Criteria and Affluent Individual of the Bank With a low mark-up rate, product offers smart financial solutions to customers for their immediate personal financial needs.

Hari Bhari Agriculture Revolving Credit Scheme

This financing facility is designed to facilitate farmers in obtaining Agriculture Production Loans to meet working capital needs of farming. Credit is available on revolving basis against one time documentation for 3 years.

Tractor Financing

Tractor financing is designed to facilitate farmers in obtaining



Agriculture Development Loans (Term Finance) for purchase of brand new Tractor.

Agriculture Finance for Dairy farming

This product is designed to support dairy farmers in meeting working capital needs of businesses as well as purchase of assets and construction of sheds for extension of their dairy farms for enhanced productivity.

Agriculture Finance for Poultry Farming & Allied Activities

Bank has developed this product program for poultry farmers to cater to working capital needs as well as long term investment for purchase of new equipment/machinery for farm/hatchery incubators, generators, farms equipment and construction of sheds for extension of current poultry farms

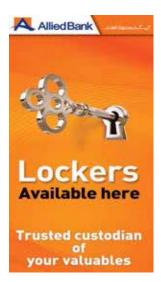
Allied Commercial Lease

Allied Bank offers leasing products to meet the business needs of its customers with flexible terms & conditions based on customer's choice of assets, repayment, pricing, and tenures.

Allied Bank Lockers

Bank Lockers provide high-security protection for customers' valuables.

PRODUCTS & SERVICES



Lockers of different capacities are available nationwide at conveniently located branches.

Digital Lockers

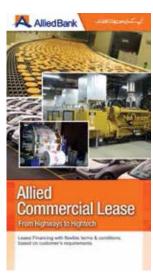
First ever bank in Pakistan to bring an innovative, secure and customer-friendly technology in the form of Digital Lockers. Digital Lockers are fully automated version of traditional lockers operational 24/7 round the clock (even on weekends and non-banking hours). These lockers are powered by revolutionary robotic technology enabling access of your locker 24/7 at any time of your convenience. Digital lockers are made accessible via selfservice kiosk placed in a secure room at our branch that can be entered through electronic verification only.

Allied Bank Call Center

Customers no longer have to take time out to visit branches for everyday banking needs. Self-service banking offers assistance in all transactions by Interactive Voice Response System (IVR).

Allied Pay Anyone

A unique product in which the Bank's customers can send cash /cheque to any individual in Pakistan even if the beneficiary doesn't have a bank account. This is done at the



click of a button through Allied Direct.

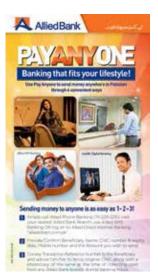
Salary Management Account

Fast, easy and convenient services are just some of the benefits of Allied Salary Management Account.
Organizations can enjoy one of the largest branch networks with ease and convenience of technologically advanced banking. ABL offers quick and efficient payroll service with instant credit of salaries and offers Allied Salary Management Account for company employees with a number of free features.

Interactive Touch-point https:// www.abl.com- is an interactive electronic touch-point that further improves end-user experience and provides a wealth of information as well as online assistance through facility called "Allied Live Chat".

SME Financing

The Bank continues to focus on SME Business with a vision to capitalize on the bank's countrywide footprint and longstanding customer loyalty to become a preferred and prudent provider of a "Total Banking Solution". The Bank offers a wide range of funded and non-funded products and services to meet needs



of various types of SME businesses under the umbrella of Allied Hunarmand, Allied Tijarat and Allied Seasonal Support Financing,

Middle Market

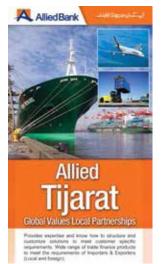
Middle Market caters to all business requirements of our top tier commercial obligors with wide range of products including Working Capital Facilities, Term Loans, Trade Finance Facilities, Letters of Guarantee, Letters of Credit and Export Financing.

Corporate Banking

Corporate Banking provides a single point within the Bank to cater to all business requirements of our corporate and institutional customers, including public sector enterprises, with the primary objective of enhancing customer service. Bank offers full suite of products including Working Capital Facilities, Term Loans, Structured Trade Finance Facilities. Letters of Guarantee, Letters of Credit, Fund Transfers / Remittances, Bill Discounting, Export Financing and Receivable Discounting.

Investment Banking

Investment Banking (IB) wing of the Bank strives to meet



complex financing needs of its clientele by providing a full suite of financing solutions to corporate clients including debt syndications, capital markets, project financing and advisory services

Home Remittances

Home Remittances provide a seamless inflow of foreign remittance credited in the beneficiary accounts in minutes.

Cash Management

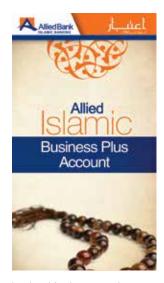
Cash Management is a stateof-the art real- time product providing customers with efficient Liquidity Management Solutions, across the entire network of the Bank.

Treasury Products

Bank offers fixed income treasury products, having attractive returns, to its institutional and retail clients. ABL's treasury is an active participant in the interbank securities trading and FX trading, having attained primary dealer status, providing competitive pricing.

Islamic Banking

Allied Islamic Current Account Based on principles of "Qard", it provides convenience of conducting day-to-day transactions available both in



local and foreign currencies. There is no restriction on withdrawals or numbers of transactions.

Allied Islamic Asaan Account

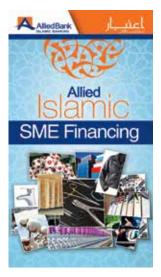
Developed on the guidelines provided by SBP for Pakistani Nationals only with simplified account opening procedure, initial deposit requirement of Rs.100. The product is available both in Current and Saving categories.

Allied Islamic Saving Account

Regular chequing account, offered in local and foreign currencies, on the basis of "Mudharabah" with no minimum balance requirement. Profit is calculated on monthly average balance and credited on six monthly basis, offering a large number of free services on maintaining a minimum average monthly balance.

Allied Islamic Anmol Plus Account

This is a "Mudharabah" deposit product for individuals available in local currency. Profit is calculated on monthly average balance and credited on six monthly basis. The customers can avail a large number of free services by maintaining a certain average monthly balance as per specifications.



Allied Islamic Business Plus Account

This is a savings account with several unique features that make it very suitable for use as a business account. On maintaining minimum monthly average balance, as per sepcification, the customer can avail a large number of free services. Account can be opened in local currency only.

Allied Islamic Khalis Munafa Account

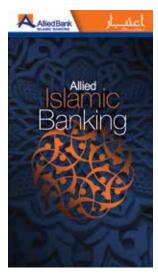
This is a tier based savings account specially designed to encourage and promote savings. Minimum deposit required for opening an account is Rupees 1,000 only.

Allied Islamic Sahulat Account

The product is designed to facilitate allocation of complimentary safe deposit lockers upon maintaining of certain balance in account. The account is offered in Pak Rupees only and profit is paid semi-annually.

Allied Islamic Investment Certificates

Islamic Investment Certificates are Term Deposit certificates for investment periods ranging from period of 1 month to 5 years with profit payment options of monthly, quarterly,



half yearly or at maturity. Investment certificates are issued with investment of Rs.25.000 with no maximum limit. Pre-mature withdrawal can be made as per product features.

Allied Islamic Institutions Account

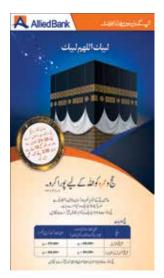
This is a "Mudharabah" deposit product for Financial Institutions and Non-Banking Financial Institutions available in local currency. Profit is calculated on daily balance and paid on monthly basis.

Allied Islamic Premium Account

A Shariah compliant deposit product for higher saving customers particularly for high net-worth individuals, business entities, pension / benevolent funds, Govt. / semi-Govt. bodies which is based on Mudharabah. Profit is calculated on average balance of the month and paid monthly.

Allied Islamic Express Account

A Shariah compliant banking solution especially designed for Home Remittance Beneficiaries to facilitate hassle free transfer of home remittances. This Pak Rupee based product is developed on the concept of Mudharabah and operated like normal chequeing account(s) on



profit / loss sharing basis.

Allied Islamic Notice Period Certificate

This product is designed to cater to the requirements of the customers who want to place their deposit for short tenure like 7 days, 30 days etc. The profit is calculated on daily basis and paid at maturity.

Financing Products

Various Islamic Financing Products based on the following modes of finance are being offered by the Bank

- Murabaha
- Salam
- Istisna
- Islamic Export Refinance Scheme
- ljarah
- Diminishing Musharakah
- Business Musharakah
- Forward Cover

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) POLICY

OUR PHILOSOPHY

CSR vision of Your Bank "To be a socially responsible corporate citizen" has evolved into its CSR policy which clearly outlines Corporate Social Responsibility objectives of Your Bank, CSR Policy stipulates that CSR is a concept whereby companies integrate social and environmental concerns in their business operations and in their interaction with their stakeholders on a voluntary basis.

POLICY OBJECTIVES

Objective of the policy is to provide guidelines to align business objectives and entity's roles as responsible corporate citizen.

Your Bank recognizes its obligations as responsible corporate citizen and aims to achieve following broader objectives by implementation of its CSR Plan:

- Establish a WORKPLACE environment to maintain balanced work life with healthcare facilities along with high ethical standards, equal employment opportunities, aided social interaction among employees and encouraged employment of disabled.
- Our working style should have positive impact on ENVIRONMENT promoting green banking, use of renewable energy sources, reducing carbon omissions, promoting trees and plants and change of working style, on best effort basis, from paper based to computer based and promoting green culture.
- Make our COMMUNITY feel our presence not only by our business interactions but also by sharing and caring, especially during the times of adversities and natural calamities.
- Strengthen CUSTOMER RELATIONS by ensuring satisfaction and privacy.
- Protecting Human rights, ensuring transparency, taking anti-corruption measures, adopting best business practices and improving stakeholder relations through GOVERNANCE.
- Our BRAND and slogans such as, "Aap kai dil main hamara account" should be known as community caring organization and not just for the profit.

Bank's contributions towards these areas have been mentioned in Corporate Sustainability Report.

CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2018

Allied Bank Limited (the Bank) being a socially responsible citizen remains committed towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) which forms an integral part of the Bank's long-term strategy.

The Bank remains committed to serve the community, dedicated to minimize environmental pollution, invest in people and support under-privileged segment of society.

OUR PHILOSOPHY OF CSR

The Bank adheres to internationally recognized environmental and social practices as envisaged through the approved CSR policy, which clearly outlines the key CSR objectives of the Bank; duly integrated with the long-term rolling strategic plan of the Bank.

Under this CSR Policy, the Bank focuses on these four key areas to achieve following objectives:

Customer Relation: First Choice Bank for the Customers.

Workplace: Build an Engaged, Healthy and Inclusive Workplace

Environment: Contribute towards sustainable growth; with no adverse impact on the Environment.

Society: Contribute towards wider social development including Health, Education and General Community Welfare.

In line with the aforementioned CSR objectives during the year, the Bank's contributions towards these key areas are as follows:

CUSTOMER RELATIONS



Rs. 749 Million

96%+ ATM Uptime 1388 ATMs

Bio Metric / Anti Skimming Enabled



Customer Awareness Seminars 324 No. of Participants +000,8

Vulnerability Assessment Test 100+ Penetration Test **02** Customer Awareness Relays **12**



WORKPLACE



11,206

No. of Employees 1,850 (17%)

Female Employees



Medical Facility 1.921 **Current Employees**

748

Ex-Employees



Education Assistance 405 **Employees**

Trainings Facilitated 9,999 **Employees**



ENVIRONMENT Rs. 140 Million





58 **Solar Locations** 817

Inverter Branches



Automation of Business Processes

Continuous shift towards Paperless Banking

SOCIETY **Rs. 15,619 Million**

Donations / Sponsorship **Educational Institutions** Rs. 71 Million

Health Institutions

Rs. 23 Million



General Welfare **Rs. 45 Million** Diamer-Bhasha and Mohmand Dam Fund Rs. 14 Million



Contribution to National Exchequer Taxes and Zakat

Contributions



CUSTOMER RELATIONS

The Bank's vision is to constantly aspire service excellence and enhanced user experiences for valued customers. This requires continuous engagement with the Bank's customers which may include interactions in the hour of their utmost needs, understanding their evolving requirements and addressing their valid

Customers are at the heart of the persistent transformation undergoing in the Bank which is geared towards making future banking even more simple, agile and convenient for them.

Focusing on technology driven 24/7 banking solutions, the expansion in Bank's ATM network was maintained during the year with an addition of 147 ATMs. In view of convenience to ABL Debit and Prepaid cardholders, Biometric ATM service was also launched during 2018; which provides significant additional comfort to conduct financial transactions through biometric verification without physical use of card. In addition ATM were upgraded with anti-skimming devices to further strengthen security of ATM transactions.

The Bank undertook concrete measures to ensure 99%+ ATM uptime during the

occasions of Eid-ul-Fitr and Eid-ul Adha holidays; processing around 1.3 Million transactions involving Cash Withdrawals of approximately Rs. 14.5 billion.

The Bank further strengthened customer relations through the following initiatives:

Customer awareness and financial literacy seminars

With the objective of providing nonfinancial services the Bank organized following seminars and programs to promote financial inclusion and credit expansion throughout the year:

CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY



Seminar on "Simpler Taxation Systems-Enabling High Growth in Tax Net" in Islamabad; attended by the FBR and SECP officials along with representatives of the chamber of commerce and obligors.

In line with SBP's vision to promote SME and Agriculture financing, 8 awareness seminars on SME and Agri/Farmer Financing were organized in Gujranwala, Sialkot, Jhang, Nawabshah, Bahawalpur and Rahim Yar Khan. All the events were well-attended by the business communities of the respective territories. ABL Aitebar Islamic Banking organized three awareness sessions on "Customer Awareness Program on Islamic Banking" at Chambers of Commerce of Quetta and Peshawar along with Yarn Market Traders, Faisalabad. The objective was to elucidate to the respective business communities, about the Shariah compliant banking alternatives; thereby enhancing knowledge and growth of Islamic banking avenues.

The Bank's Human Resource Group in coordination with the SBP, arranged 312 National Financial Literacy program sessions in the rural districts with an objective of financial inclusion of unbanked segments of the society. These sessions attended by 7,000+ citizens, enhanced the awareness levels, which was appreciated by all the participants

Customer protection and quality assurance

The Bank is continuously aspiring to achieve excellence in services to earn customers loyalty.

To comply with SBP initiative to provide protection to small depositors across the banking industry, Your Bank spent Rs.408 million towards deposit protection insurance.

In this Digital era, customer information is more vulnerable than ever before. Cognizant to this fact, the Bank has taken multiple initiatives to safeguard Data and Information Technology assets including compliance of PCI DSS and Customer Security Program (CSP) by SWIFT.

The Bank has also internally executed 100+ vulnerability assessments for its IT assets and 2 penetration tests by 3rd party reputable consultants.



To educate and enhance awareness of Bank's customers about latest Cyber security threats, 12 Information Security



1.3 Million Security Awareness Emails Sent in 7 Campaigns

Awareness campaigns were shared with the valued customers via emails and SMS respectively.

The Bank also arranged for an external Customer Satisfaction Survey, engaging with 5,500 customers, during the year 2018 to better understand the customers' valuable feedback, user experience and satisfaction levels upon usage of the Bank's products and services, at multiple delivery channels and touchpoints.

With an aim to create awareness among customers about the Bank's complaint lodgement process and available channels, information was disseminated through SMS, e-mail, corporate website, digital signages and ATMs as part of the Bank's initiatives for Fair Treatment of Customers (FTC).

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system was also improved to auto-generate escalation alerts and



,910 Complaints Received Resolution Rate 5.53 Days Average

reduce the complaint resolution timelines to further strengthen the complaint handling mechanism.

With the objective to engage customers and nourish relationships, the Bank maintains profiles on Facebook and Twitter and actively interacts with the customers on a variety of topics. This engagement is providing significant boost to the Bank's presence on the social media platforms, especially with the millennial segment of the society.

Contribution towards financial inclusion

During the year under review, the Bank continued to endeavor towards development of rural areas, financial inclusion and providing quality financial services at grass root level The Bank continued to expand its flourishing rural



and unbanked branch network. During the year, the Bank opened 16 additional rural branches to increase the total number to 268 rural branches.

The Bank continued to provide ATM services to Benazir Income Support Program (BISP) cardholders during the year under review, whereby 1.1 million cash withdrawal transactions valuing Rs. 7,380 million in aggregate were executed through the Bank's ATM network.

In order to play an effective role in the development of agrarian economy of the country, the Bank is also extending agricultural financing across the country



and offers vast range of agricultural finance products through Agri designated branches. The Bank also persisted with supporting Prime Minister Youth Business Loan Scheme to eligible small borrowers under this segment.

The Bank launched 2 new Products under the name of 'Allied Youth Account' and 'Allied Senior Citizens Account' to facilitate these important segments of society taking into account their specific needs. The products were launched on International Youth Day and World Senior Citizen's Day respectively, to mark the Bank's acknowledgment towards the underlying purpose of these celebrations.

The Bank has added special feature of Accidental Insurance coverage and partnered with "Vouch 365" for providing exciting deals to the millennial segment while at the same time arranged special concessions with prominent Diagnostic Labs of the country for Senior Citizens. The Bank has managed to open 24,000+ Accounts under both products since its launch this year.

Digital innovation

The Bank is continuously striving to deliver enhanced user experience through innovative digital banking products and services.



myABL Personal IVABL Internet Banking remained the

most convenient and widely used Online Banking channel for ABL customers during the year 2018. With improved customer experience and well-organized customer onboarding campaign, Bank succeeded in increasing customer base by over 1.5 times.



myABL Business Internet Banking (BIB) is the dedicated Digital Banking platform of the Bank exclusively designed and developed for Business and Institutional Customers, This user-friendly and device-

responsive facility continued to grow during 2018, enabling customers to execute wide range of online banking transactions from their workstation/ offices.



In 2018, the Bank introduced a new version of ATM/Branch Locator and Discount Offer services on the Bank's Corporate Website and Facebook

that has rich, engaging and user-friendly interface with simple navigation.

With an easy to use map-based interface, customers can find their nearest ATMs or Branches or they can search for a specific branch based on available facilities and can view Discount Offers available on Debit, Credit, Prepaid cards and Masterpass QR, which is a world renowned Mastercard product offering.

The Bank also introduced Point of Sale (POS) machines at selective Branches where customers can execute transactions like Cash Withdrawals and Bill Payments seamlessly.

The Bank has also been actively engaged



in facilitating various institutions for Cash Management Solution. The Bank has merged all its cash management solutions under Payment Hub wherein Conventional, Batch Mode processing or API Based integration is offered. The Bank has added 40 new clients during the year for Cash Management Services.

Maintaining the tradition of bringing innovative banking solutions, the bank launched Pakistan's first ever Automated Robotic Digital Lockers that can be operated on 24/7 basis at the convenience of the valued customers.

The Bank, being completely mindful of the digital transformation in the banking industry further augmented the digital product suite by introducing mobile ATMs, and addition of self-service branches along with deployment of Interactive Teller Machines.

Your Bank's unique initiative of facilitation of small obligors towards an ERP based automated book keeping and accounting system, with off-the-shelf features enabling enhanced control over financial decision-making processes, was maintained during the year. ERP system was successfully implemented for two obligors along with two more obligors in process of implementation.





CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY

WORKPLACE

Building an engaged, healthy and inclusive workforce is critical in ensuring that the Bank has the right talent to accomplish the business strategies while meeting the ever-evolving external challenges in the 'digital era'.

The Bank is constantly endeavoring to hire the most progressive and capable staff and simultaneously investing in relevant trainings to further nurture the talent of the staff while providing the best facilities and culture to thrive in.

Employees' engagement plays an important role in creating a great workplace culture which is vital for shaping the future of an organization.



encourages employment of special persons and currently 48 special persons are honorably earning their livelihood medical expense policy to over 1,921 staff members.

Rs. 270 Million paid for Medical Facility
Rs. 133 Million paid on Education and Trainings
Rs. 28 Million paid for Financial Assistance



Equal opportunity employer and employment of special persons

Continuous progress to accomplish progress towards increasing the diversity of Bank's human capital; reinforcing the inclusive culture of the Bank. The Bank aims to ensure that employees of all backgrounds are treated equally and have an equal opportunity to be successful.

Over the years, the Bank has generated direct and indirect employment which is currently exceeding 11,000+ employees, who are mainly employed from diverse areas of Pakistan; thereby positively impacting the broad-based economy and society at large.

ABL being equal opportunity employer,

while contributing towards the growth of the Bank and society. Simultaneously 1,850 females, representing 17% of total permanent staff members, are diligently

performing their duties. A special function was held to celebrate the International Women



Day on March 8, 2018 which was attended by all the female staff posted at the head office.

Occupational health and safety

The Bank aims to provide safe and healthy environment to all employees at work

During the year 2018, the Bank spent Rs.114 million under the approved

Adhering to responsibility towards eligible ex-employees, during the year, from the platform of "Post-retirement Medical Fund", the Bank contributed Rs.156 million towards the health of 748 ex-employees. Further the pension criteria of the eligible staff were brought in compliance with the decision of the Honourable Supreme Court.

The Bank ensures that maximum safety standards are met at all premises. For training and awareness of the employees on how to act during any emergency in the building, 11 safety drills were conducted at major buildings in Lahore, Karachi, Islamabad, Faisalabad, Peshawar and Multan.

Provision of emergency lights, fire and smoke detection equipment, alarm systems, portable fire extinguishers, periodic evacuation/safety drills and emergency exit doors are some of the measures that have been taken by the Bank.

During the year, incremental expense on provision of the Fire Extinguishers was Rs.9 Million.





The Bank also believes in engagement of staff and their family members through social interaction and healthy activities. Accordingly, Rs.7 million was spent by the Bank on staff cricket tournaments held at Lahore, Karachi, Islamabad and Multan respectively; which were well participated by staff and their family members who thoroughly enjoyed the festive environment.

Education and wellbeing of staff

Learning is one of the keys to success. Investing in education helps the workforce to excel in their current roles and thrive in the future. Cognizant of this fact, the Bank has spent Rs. 103 Million on Trainings and Rs.30 million towards employee's education.

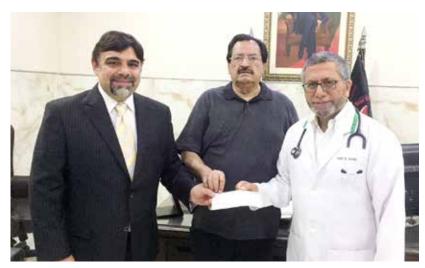
To develop the staff, provide them career path and identify pool of enthusiastic future leaders the Bank initiated 'Allied Leadership Talent Pipeline program and psychometric assessments.

During the year, the Bank through its platform of "Staff Welfare Fund" has spent Rs.28 million to assist 69 employees by financially enabling them in important social events like marriage ceremony of their daughters or to meet the burial expense of their departed loved ones.

Keeping in view the religious sentiments of our employees, the Bank sponsored its clerical, non-clerical and executive staff totaling 40 to perform Hajj by spending Rs.24 million.

Business ethics and anticorruption measures

The Bank nurtures a culture of excellence, good governance, transparency, integrity and accountability.



Controls and Compliance being an integral function, the Bank encourages high business ethics while promoting positive compliance culture.

The Bank is committed to the best industry practices for compliance with

ENVIRONMENT

Positive role is being played in the creation of a healthier environment to meet the Bank's wider social obligations and contribute towards more sustainable



all regulatory frameworks including antimoney laundering practices, so that the interests of all stakeholders are protected.

Code of Ethics and Conduct signed by all employees acts as a guide for them in discharging their duties and sets out the standards of good practice. Management's Central Administration Action Committee (CAAC) takes action on any violation of policies and procedures, act of fraud and forgery, breach of discipline, code of conduct, ethics and business practices. Appeal of the staff against whom CAAC has already taken disciplinary action is reviewed by Human Resource Committee.

future growth. The Bank is promoting green banking, paperless culture, renewable energy sources and reduction of carbon emissions.

Green banking and environment protection

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Bank is taking genuine strides forward in setting out a series of commitments to assist in the transition to a lowcarbon economy. During the year, the Bank contributed toward energy saving solutions by investing Rs.16 million towards installation of solar panels and Rs.124 million towards installation





CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY



inverters. The total solar location became 58 and Inverter based locations has been increased to 817.

Administrative measures including budgetary controls and proper maintenance of electrical equipment carried out during the year resulted in reduced consumption in electricity, and reduction in consumption on fossil fuel by 38%.

During the year, the Bank undertook various initiatives to automate the existing manual processes; resultantly 9 processes were shifted towards paperless banking.

Another remarkable initiative towards Paperless Banking was the implementation of Workflow Automation System with an objective to automate

the paper-based approvals, reduce unnecessary courier costs while also reducing the Turnaround Times of various business processes.

COMMUNITY

Bank as a trusted member of the community is playing an active role in following CSR activities and community engagements:

Education, health and community welfare

Education

Education is the only way to create a civilized society and forms the basis of nation building. The Bank is supporting leading educational institutions at all the levels (schooling, higher education,

vocational and professional education institutions/universities) which play pivotal role in the enlightenment of our future generations.

This is the age of information technology (IT). IT literacy plays an important role in preparing the students for number of careers in today's modern world.

Recognizing this importance, the Bank has adopted a policy to donate its used but properly working personal computers to educational institutions; especially targeting under privileged segments of the society. The Bank has donated a total of 155 computers to 5 educational institutions during 2018.

Namal University is an educational institution located outside Mianwali in rural Punjab offering under graduation to needy students. Sharing the vision of establishing a Knowledge City, the Bank contributed towards the construction of an academic block of the Namal Knowledge City.

The Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS) is another reputed academic institution with a history of notable achievements and ambitious plans for the future. Promoting Bank's vision, a contribution was made towards the development of Male Hostels for benefit of the students studying at LUMS from across the country.

CHAMAN is a notable organization working for the care and rehabilitation of the mentally retarded children and is providing education, self-help skills, vocational skills, socialization and sports to these children. The Bank contributed toward this noble cause by bearing the costs of Honorarium for the psychologist / speech therapist for these children;









which significantly improved the mental health level of these children.

The literacy rate in Baluchistan is lowest as compared to other provinces of the Pakistan. Due to province's scattered population students face great problems in reaching their educational institutions. To address this problem, bank arranged the Coaster for the daily commuting of the University of the Turbat students.

The Bank donated Rs.62 million and spent Rs.9 Million on sponsorships to various educational institutions including above.

Health

Limited Healthcare access for the under privileged population is another key area of concern within the country. During the year, the Bank contributed Rs.23 million in the shape of direct donations and sponsorships, towards seven healthcare institutions thereby playing its role in easing the predicament of underprivileged patients.

Every year, more than 60,000 infants are born in Pakistan with Congenital Heart

Disease. With objective to join hands with Agha Khan University Hospital in the noble cause of treating Congenital Heart Disease in the infants, Allied Bank sponsored "Mending Kids' Hearts" charity Golf Tournament 2018.

Blood donation is one of the most noteworthy contribution to the humanity in saving lives. To become part of this moral obligation the Bank in cooperation with Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital, organized a voluntary blood donation camp at the Head Office (HOL) for the Bank's employees, which was well participated by the Bank's HOL staff.

General welfare

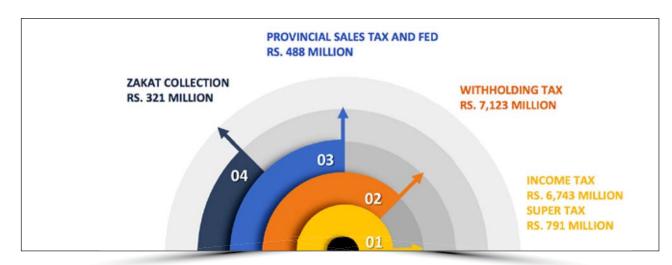
During the year, the Bank spent Rs.45 million on general welfare of the community. These included contributions in shape of donations towards poor feeding, rehabilitation of special persons and sports activities and sponsorships for organizing social events, conferences and awareness programs.

Our homeland is facing a serious threat of natural calamity in terms of depleting

water reservoirs. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan took an initiative to collect funds for the construction of Water Reservoirs in the country. In recognition to this noble cause, the Bank collected funds from the Allied Bank's management grades employees, who donated voluntarily 1 day salary and the Bank also contributed an equal contribution, totaling Rs. 28 Million in the fund.

Contribution to national exchequer

The Bank is one of the leading institutions in its contribution towards the national exchequer. During the year, the Bank paid Rs. 6,743 million as Income Tax and Rs. 791 million as Super Tax, contributed Rs. 7,123 million as withholding tax agent and deposited Rs. 488 million on account of Federal Excise duty and Provincial Sales Tax to the national exchequer. Further, the Bank collected Rs. 321 Million Zakat from 76,159 account holders and deposited to the national exchequer.



UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Independent Auditor's Report To the members of Allied Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Allied Bank Limited ("the Bank"), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018 and the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, along with unaudited certified returns received from the branches except for thirty eight branches which have been audited by us and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit			
1	Provision against Loans and Advances				
	Refer to note 9 and the accounting policies in notes 2.4.2 and 4.4 to the unconsolidated financial statements. The Bank makes provision against advances on a time based criteria that involves ensuring all non–performing loans and advances are classified in accordance with the ageing criteria specified in the Prudential Regulations (PRs) issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). In addition to the time based criteria the PRs require a subjective evaluation of the credit worthiness of borrowers to determine the classification of advances. The Bank's advances to the customers represent 32.5% of its total assets as at 31 December 2018 and are stated at Rs. 438,319 million which is net of provision of Rs. 15,549 million at the year end.	Our audit procedures in respect of provision against advances, amongst others, included the following: Assessing the design and operating effectiveness of key controls to identify loss events and for determining provision required against non-performing advances, including: Controls over correct classification of non-performing advances on time based criteria; Controls over monitoring of advances with higher risk of default and migration of these advances on a timely basis to watch list or to non-performing advances category on subjective criteria; Controls over accurate computation and recording of provisions; and			
	The determination of provision against advances was identified as a key audit matter in our audit as it involves a considerable degree of management judgment and estimation in complying with the above criteria.	 Controls over the governance and approval process related to provision. Testing on a sample basis, credit exposures identified by the management as displaying indicators of impairment, assessed the number of days overdue and assessed appropriateness of amount reported for provision in accordance with the Prudential Regulations; Checking on a sample basis, the accuracy of specific provision made against non-performing advances and of general provision by recomputing the provision amount in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the PRs; 			

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
		Examining the credit history, account movement, financial ratios, report on security maintained in respect of advances where the management has not identified indicators displaying impairment, on a sample basis and challenging the management's assessment based on our view of the credit from the review of credit file.
2	Valuation of Investments	
	Refer to note 8 and the accounting policies in notes 2.4.3 and 4.3 to the unconsolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2018, the Bank has investments classified as "Available–for–sale", "Held for trading", "Held to maturity" and "Investment in subsidiary" amounting to Rs. 671,228 million which in aggregate represent 49.7% of the total assets of the Bank. Investments are carried at cost or fair value in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy relating to their recognition. Provision against investment is made based on impairment policy of the Bank which includes both objective and subjective factors. We identified assessing the valuation of investments as a key audit matter because of its significance to the unconsolidated	and held to maturity investments for any additional impairment in accordance with the Bank's accounting policies and performed an independent of the assumptions; and
	financial statements and because assessing the key impairment assumptions involves a significant degree of management judgement.	Considering the Bank's disclosures of investments, to the guidelines laid down by the State Bank of Pakistan regarding forms and disclosures.
3	Change in the format of the annual financial statements	
new disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank. As part of this transition to the new format, the management performed a gap analysis to identify differences between the previous and the current financial reporting format. In view of the significant impact of the first time adoption of the	Our audit procedures to ensure compliance with the requirements of the SBP's amended format of the annual financial statement for banks included the following: Considering the management's process to identify the changes required in the unconsolidated financial statements to comply with the new format; and Obtaining relevant underlying supports relating to changes required in the unconsolidated financial statements consequent to the adoption of the new	
	As part of this transition to the new format, the management performed a gap analysis to identify differences between the previous and the current financial reporting format. In view of the significant impact of the first time adoption of the revised format on the unconsolidated financial statements,	format to assess their appropriateness and verified then on test basis.

Information Other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Bank's Annual Report but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements:

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the returns referred above from the branches have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit;
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated profit and loss account, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were in accordance with the objects and powers of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

We confirm that for the purpose of our audit we have covered more than sixty per cent of the total loans and advances of the Bank.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Kamran Igbal Yousafi.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Date: 13 February 2019

Lahore

Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position

as at December 31, 2018

	(Restated)				(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US\$	in '000			Rupees	in '000
		ASSETS		·	
714,295	614,765	Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	99,188,414	85,367,382
18,544	4,672	Balances with other banks	6	2,575,055	648,765
387,332	62,612	Lendings to financial institutions	7	53,785,679	8,694,399
4,833,783	5,027,168	Investments – net	8	671,228,285	698,082,066
3,156,509	2,679,192	Advances – net	9	438,318,894	372,037,714
362,796	337,515	Fixed assets	10	50,378,537	46,867,935
12,596	10,508	Intangible assets	11	1,749,054	1,459,094
_	_	Deferred tax assets		_	_
240,398	262,910	Other assets – net	12	33,382,185	36,508,303
9,726,253	8,999,342			1,350,606,103	1,249,665,658
		LIABILITIES			
55,832	56,426	Bills payable	14	7,752,959	7,835,467
1,626,674	1,609,919	Borrowings	15	225,882,986	223,556,383
7,089,599	6,364,170	Deposits and other accounts	16	984,475,183	883,740,709
_	_	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		_	_
_	_	Sub-ordinated debt		_	_
34,246	49,991	Deferred tax liabilities – net	17	4,755,428	6,941,804
147,159	150,329	Other liabilities	18	20,434,714	20,874,942
8,953,510	8,230,835			1,243,301,270	1,142,949,305
772,743	768,507	NET ASSETS		107,304,833	106,716,353
		REPRESENTED BY			
82,461	82,461	Share capital	19	11,450,739	11,450,739
146,019	129,482	Reserves		20,276,515	17,980,116
166,187	202,165	Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax	20	23,077,174	28,073,051
378,076	354,399	Unappropriated profit		52,500,405	49,212,447
772,743	768,507			107,304,833	106,716,353
				-	

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

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The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexures I to III form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Unconsolidated Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended December 31, 2018

December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US \$ i	in '000			Rupees	in '000
527,676	473,195	Mark-up / return / interest earned	23	73,274,161	65,708,757
296,401	245,787	Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24	41,158,720	34,130,494
231,275	227,408	Net mark-up / interest income		32,115,441	31,578,263
		NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME			
31,402	28,211	Fee and commission income	25	4,360,541	3,917,402
20,096	23,233	Dividend income		2,790,528	3,226,146
10,832	5,488	Foreign exchange income		1,504,189	762,059
_	_	Income from derivatives		_	_
17,152	4,629	Gain on securities – net	26	2,381,713	642,825
1,818	1,180	Other income	27	252,469	163,829
81,300	62,741	Total non-markup / interest income		11,289,440	8,712,261
312,575	290,149	Total income		43,404,881	40,290,524
		NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSES			
175,333	154,280	Operating expenses	28	24,347,038	21,423,547
(8,087)	3,007	Workers welfare fund – net	29	(1,122,970)	417,574
590	697	Other charges	30	81,963	96,856
167,836	157,984	Total non-markup / interest expenses		23,306,031	21,937,977
144,739	132,165	Profit before provisions		20,098,850	18,352,547
(7,848)	(18,192)	Net reversal against provisions and write offs	31	(1,089,688)	(2,526,148)
1,239		Extra-ordinary / unusual items	32	172,111	
151,348	150,357	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		21,016,427	20,878,695
58,590	58,657	Taxation	33	8,135,909	8,145,059
92,758	91,700	PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		12,880,518	12,733,636
In U	JS\$			In Ru	pees
0.08	0.08	Basic and diluted earnings per share	34	11.25	11.12

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexures I to III form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2018

	(Restated)				(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US\$	in '000			Rupees	in '000
92,758	91,700	Profit after taxation for the year		12,880,518	12,733,636
		Other comprehensive income			
		Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss			
		account in subsequent periods:			
7,262	1,248	Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches		1,008,347	173,267
7,202	1,240	Movement in deficit on revaluation of		1,000,047	170,207
(38,222)	(54,444)	investments – net of tax		(5,307,574)	(7,560,135)
(30,960)	(53,196)			(4,299,227)	(7,386,868)
		Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss			
		account in subsequent periods:			
		Re-measurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit			
3,273	(6,956)	obligations – net of tax		454,522	(965,870)
		Movement in (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of			
(982)	66,442	fixed assets – net of tax		(136,403)	9,226,210
		Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking			
4,057	3,247	assets – net of tax		563,393	450,933
6,348	62,733			881,512	8,711,273
68,146	101,237	Total Comprehensive Income		9,462,803	14,058,041

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexures I to III form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Unconsolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	(Restated)				(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US \$ i	n '000			Rupees	in '000
		CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
151,348	150,356	Profit before taxation		21,016,427	20,878,695
(20,096)	(23,233)	Less: Dividend income		(2,790,528)	(3,226,146)
131,252	127,123			18,225,899	17,652,549
		Adjustments:			
22,385	17,072	Depreciation		3,108,403	2,370,633
2,888	2,216	Amortization		401,074	307,746
(6,763)	(17,043)	Net reversal against provisions and write offs	31	(939,121)	(2,366,608)
_	(13)	Unrealized gain on revaluation of 'held-for-trading' securities		_	(1,782)
(8,087)	3,007	(Reversal) / Provision for workers' welfare fund – net		(1,122,970)	417,574
(251)	(382)	Gain on sale of fixed assets		(34,903)	(53,012)
	(526)	Loss / (gain) on sale of non-banking assets / other assets		27	(73,110)
10,172	4,331			1,412,510	601,441
141,424	131,454			19,638,409	18,253,990
		(Increase) / decrease in operating assets		····	r
(324,720)	13,095	Lendings to financial institutions		(45,091,280)	1,818,353
178,783	(178,044)	Held-for-trading securities		24,826,109	(24,723,578)
(471,701)	(292,775)	Advances		(65,501,244)	(40,655,347)
30,018	(6,537)	Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		4,168,416	(907,802)
(587,620)	(464,261)			(81,597,999)	(64,468,374)
		Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		····	r
(594)	(14,499)	Bills payable		(82,508)	(2,013,328)
15,755	699,588	Borrowings		2,187,802	97,146,144
725,430	566,245	Deposits		100,734,474	78,629,875
4,253	9,378	Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		590,535	1,302,249
744,844	1,260,712			103,430,303	175,064,940
298,648	927,905			41,470,713	128,850,556
(56,108)	(65,250)	Income tax paid		(7,791,213)	(9,060,752)
242,540	862,655	Net cash flow generated from operating activities		33,679,500	119,789,804
		CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
(465,638)	(767,389)	Net investments in 'available-for-sale' securities		(64,659,309)	(106,561,084)
420,639	82,311	Net realizations from 'held-to-maturity' securities		58,410,682	11,429,857
20,521	24,505	Dividend received		2,849,652	3,402,747
(49,775)	(59,193)	Investments in fixed assets		(6,911,838)	(8,219,650)
335	456	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		46,490	63,318
7,262	1,248	Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches		1,008,347	173,267
(66,656)	(718,062)	Net cash flow used in investing activities		(9,255,976)	(99,711,545)
		CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		/O.O.I.E.O.O.E.	/= 00= · · -
(63,480)	(57,518)	Dividend paid		(8,815,003)	(7,987,116)
(63,480)	(57,518)	Net cash flow used in financing activities		(8,815,003)	(7,987,116)
(31,524)	(5,094)	Effect of exchange rate changes on opening cash and cash equivalents		(4,377,475)	(707,403)
80,880	81,981	Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year		11,231,046	11,383,740
650,206	536,703	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		90,288,799	74,527,584
731,086	618,684	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	35	101,519,845	85,911,324

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexures I to III form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President and Chief Executive Director

Director Chairman

Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2018

Schange Capital Capi		-	Capital reserve	9	Revenue reserve	Surplus	on revaluation	on of		
Balance as at January 01, 2017 - Restated			translation		General	Investments		banking	appropriated	Total
Proof after toxation for the year ended December 31, 2017					F	Rupees in '000				
Delicit Comprehensive Income - net of tax	Balance as at January 01, 2017 - Restated	11,450,739	57,687	16,469,798	6,000	18,053,478	6,832,802	1,313,080	46,490,244	100,673,82
Delict on revaluation of investments – net of tax	Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 201	7 –	_	_	_	_	_		12,733,636	12,733,63
Surplus on mealstation of fixed assets – net of tax surplus on mealstation of fixed assets – net of tax surplus on mealstation of mon-barriang seasot – net of tax surplus on mealstation of mon-barriang assets – net of tax surplus on mealstation of mon-barriang assets – net of tax surplus on mealstation of net investment in foreign transforms surplus in respect of incremental foreign transforms surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated dep	Other Comprehensive Income – net of tax									
Supplies on revolution of non-charking assets — rest of tax	Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	-	-	-	-	(7,560,135)	-		-	(7,560,13
Re-measurement loss on defined benefit coligation	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets – net of tax	_	-	-	-	-	9,226,210	_	_	9,226,21
		_	_	-	-	-	-	263,846	187,087	450,93
Effect of translation of net investment in circing harmchee 173,267 - -									(2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	/
173,287			_	_	-	_	_		(965,870)	(965,870
173.267			470.007	-						470.00
Transfer for statutory reserve	toreign branches				_	(7.500.105)	0.000.010		(770,700)	
Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of feet assets to unappropriated profit—net of tax	Transfer to statutony reserve			1 272 264		(7,500,135)				1,324,40
Exercision of fixed assets to unappropriated profit = net of tax		_	_	1,210,004	_	_	_	_	(1,210,004)	
profit — net of tax										
Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2016 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) Lecember 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) Lecember 31, 2018 Lecembe		_		_			(54.937)	-	54.937	
Segretation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit — net of tax	Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental						(- :,00.)		21,001	
Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity										
Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (2,003,879) [2,003,879] [2,003,		_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,293)	1,293	
Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2016 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)										
2016 Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share	Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity									
First Interim cash dividend for the year ended	Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31,									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	2016 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
Second interim cash dividend for the year ended	First interim cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)			_	_	-			_	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
Third interfim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)										
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)			_	_	_				(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
Balance as at December 31, 2017 - Restated 11,450,739 230,954 17,743,162 6,000 10,493,343 16,004,075 1,575,633 49,212,447 166,716,36									/0.000.070\	/O OOO OTO
Balance as at December 31, 2017 - Restated 11,450,739 230,954 17,743,162 6,000 10,493,343 16,004,075 1,575,633 49,212,447 106,716,35 12,880,518 12,880	December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary snare)				_			_		
Other Comprehensive Income – net of tax Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Balance as at December 31, 2017 - Restated	11,450,739	230,954	17,743,162		10,493,343	16,004,075	1,575,633		
Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018	_			_		_		12,880,518	12,880,518
Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	Other Comprehensive Income and of the									
Deficit on revaluation of fixed assets – net of tax						(5 307 574)			TTT	(5 307 57)
Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets – net of tax Re-measurement gain on defined benefit obligation - net of tax Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches - 1,008,347 (5,307,574) (136,403) 562,176 455,739 (3,417,715 Transfer to statutory reserve - 1,288,052 (1,288,052) Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax (112,263) - 112,263 Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax (1,813) 1,813 Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share)					_	(0,007,074)	(136.403)		_	
Re-measurement gain on defined benefit obligation - net of tax - 1		<u> </u>	+				(130,403)	562 176	1 217	
- net of tax								002,170	1,217	000,000
Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches			-	l	_	_		_	454.522	454.52
Transfer to statutory reserve										
Transfer to statutory reserve			1,008,347		-		-	_	<u> </u>	1,008,34
Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax			1,008,347		_	(5,307,574)	(136,403)	562,176	455,739	(3,417,715
depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	Transfer to statutory reserve	_	_	1,288,052	_	_	_	_	(1,288,052)	-
profit – net of tax	Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental									
Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax										
depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax		_		_	_		(112,263)	_	112,263	-
Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity										
Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) (2,003,879) (2,003,879) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended (2,290,148) (2,290,148) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)										
Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) (2,003,879)	profit – net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,813)	1,813	-
Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) (2,003,879)	Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	Final cash dividend for the year ended									
First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended (2,290,148) (2,290,148) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)		_	-	-	-	- I	-	_	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,14	First interim cash dividend for the year ended									
Second interim cash dividend for the year ended		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(2,290,148)	(2,290,148
December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share)	Second interim cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)		-	-	-	-	-	-		(2,290,148)	(2,290,148
	The book that a state of a color of the following from the color of a color of a color	T		1						
(8,874,323) (8,874,323)	I nira interim cash dividend for the year ended									T
		-	-1			-	-		(2,290,148)	(2,290,148

The annexed notes 1 to 47 and annexures I to III form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer	President and Chief Executive	Director
Director	Chairman	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Allied Bank Limited ("the Bank"), incorporated in Pakistan, is a scheduled bank, engaged in commercial banking and related services. The Bank is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank operates a total of 1,343 (2017: 1,249) branches in Pakistan including 117 (2017: 117) Islamic banking branches, 1 branch (2017:1) in Karachi Export Processing Zone and 1 Wholesale banking branch (2017: 1) in Bahrain. The long term credit rating of the Bank assigned by the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) is 'AAA'. Short term rating of the Bank is 'A1+'.

Ibrahim Holdings (Private) Limited is the parent company of the Bank and it's registered office is in Pakistan.

The Bank is the holding company of ABL Asset Management Company Limited.

The registered office of the Bank is situated at 3 - Tipu Block, Main Boulevard, New Garden Town, Lahore.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These unconsolidated financial statements represent separate financial statements of the Bank. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank are being issued separately.

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has issued various circulars from time to time. Permissible forms of trade-related modes of financing include purchase of goods by banks from their customers and immediate resale to them at appropriate mark-up in price on deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these unconsolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and the appropriate portion of mark-up thereon.

The financial results of the Islamic banking branches have been consolidated in these financial statements for reporting purposes, after eliminating inter-branch transactions / balances. Key financial figures of the Islamic banking branches are disclosed in Annexure II to these financial statements.

These unconsolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistan Rupees (PKR), which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates and functional currency of the Bank, in that environment as well. The amounts are rounded to nearest thousand.

The US Dollar amounts reported in the statement of financial position, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flow are stated as additional information, solely for the convenience of the users of financial statements. For the purpose of translation to US Dollar, spot rate of Rs. 138.8619 per US Dollar has been used for 2018 and 2017, as it was the prevalent rate on reporting date.

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) & the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).
- 2.1.1 Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS and IFAS the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.
- 2.1.2 The SBP, vide BSD Circular No. 10, dated August 26, 2002 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40 'Investment Property' (IAS 40) for banking companies till further instructions. Further, according to a notification of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) dated April 28, 2008, International Financial Reporting Standard 7 'Financial Instruments Disclosure' (IFRS 7), has not been made applicable for banks. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements. However, investments have been classified and disclosed in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

2.1.3 IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

IFRS-9 has been globally adopted from January 01,2018. The standard stipulates a paradigm shift from incurred loss model to expected loss model (ECL). The prudential regulations currently allows provisioning against bad debts on the incurred loss model. There is also a major shift in subsequent measurement of investments with reference to booking of realized and unrealized gains / losses.

As part of the adoption process of this IFRS-9, SBP advised the banks to initially conduct an impact assessment based on the cut-off for the year ended December 31, 2017 and submit the same after verification by the respective external auditors.

Bank complied with the SBP's instructions and have submitted the external auditor's verified impact assessment to SBP, which is the now in the process of compiling and finalizing the results of the impact analysis at industry level.

Based on the final assessment, SBP is expected to announce the implementation plan for IFRS-9 during the year ending December 31, 2019. The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 are therefore prepared on the existing prudential regulations for domestic operations.

The adoption of the said standard by the overseas branch as per the requirement of regulatory regime, has resulted in additional ECL provisioning requirement of Rs. 22.7 million. The amount of additional provision has been accounted for in the profit for the current period and opening balance of retained earnings has not been adjusted as the amount is not material. There is no effect on the statement of cash flow of the Bank.

- 2.1.4 The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 56 (1) / 2016 dated January 28, 2016, has notified that the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (IFRS 10) and section 228 of the Companies Act, 2017 will not be applicable with respect to the investment in mutual funds established under Trust structure.
- 2.1.5 The State Bank of Pakistan through BPRD Circular No. 04 of 2015 dated February 25, 2015 has deferred applicability of Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 3 'Profit & Loss Sharing on Deposits' (IFAS-3) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and notified by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), vide their SRO No. 571 of 2013 dated June 12, 2013 for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS). The standard will result in certain new disclosures in the financial statements of the Bank.

2.2 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS OF AND AMENDMENTS TO THE PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE EFFECTIVE IN THE CURRENT YEAR

There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

State Bank of Pakistan prescribed a new format for financial statements of banks effective from the year ended December 31, 2018. Accordingly, these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the new format. The changes impacting (other than certain presentation changes) these financial statements include:

- Recording of acceptances on-balance sheet (previously disclosed as off-balance sheet) (note 12 and 18).
- Inclusion of surplus / deficit on revaluation of investments as part of equity (previously shown below equity).
- Other reversal of provisions / write offs have now been combined under provisions and write offs net (note 30).

In addition, Companies Act 2017 also became effective for the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. As the Bank's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by SBP, it did not have a direct impact on the financial statements.

2.3 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS OF AND AMENDMENTS TO THE PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019:

IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective for annual period beginning on or after January 01, 2019). IFRS 16 replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS17 'Leases', IFRIC4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases – Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

- The actual impact of applying IFRS 16 on the financial statements in the period of initial application will depend on future economic conditions, the development of the Bank's leases portfolio, the Bank's assessment of whether it will exercise any lease renewal options and the extent to which the Bank chooses to use practical expedients and recognition exemptions. The nature of expenses related to the leases will now change because IFRS 16 replaces the straight line operating lease expense with a depreciation charge for right-of-use assets and profit expense on lease liabilities.
- The matter of adopting IFRS-16 has been taken by Banks with SBP, based upon the factors involved in its applications
 and its adoption is dependent upon the directives issued by SBP in this regard.
- IFRIC 23' Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'(effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements
- IFRS 15' Revenue from contracts with customers' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018). IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts' and IFRIC 13' Customer Loyalty Programmes'. The Bank is currently in the process of assessing the impact of this standard on the financial statements of the Bank and expects that the amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements.
- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018 and January 1, 2019 respectively). IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, an expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. The Bank has carried out an impact assessment as at December 31, 2017 which has been submitted to State Bank of Pakistan. However, this assessment has not been updated to December 31, 2018 pending notification as to date the standard is applicable for banks.
- Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and JointVentures' Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2019). The amendment will affect companies that finance such entities with preference shares or with loans for which repayment is not expected in the foreseeable future (referred to as long-term interests or 'LTI'). The amendment and accompanying example state that LTI are in the scope of both IFRS 9 and IAS 28 and explain the annual sequence in which both standards are to be applied. The application of this amendment is not likely to have impact on the Bank'sfinancial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019). The amendments clarify that on amendment, curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan, a company now uses updated actuarial assumptions to determine its current service cost and net interest for the period; and the effect of the asset ceiling is disregarded when calculating the gain or loss on any settlement of the plan and is dealt with separately in other comprehensive income. The application of amendments is not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements.
- Amendment to IFRS 3 'BusinessCombinations' Definition of a Business (effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2020). The IASB has issued amendments aiming to resolve the difficulties that arise when an entity determines whether it has acquired a business or a group of assets. The amendments clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments include an election to use a concentration test. The amendment is effective for transactions in the future and therefore would not have an impact on past financial statements.
- "Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020). The amendments are intended to make the definition of material in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgments when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 - 2017 Cycle. The new cycle of improvements addresses improvements to following accounting and reporting standards:

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 JointArrangement the amendment aims to clarify the accounting treatment when a company increases its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business. A company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business. A company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.
- IAS 12 IncomeTaxes the amendment clarifies that all income tax consequences of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognized consistently with the transaction that generates the distributable profits.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

 IAS 23 Borrowing Costs – the amendment clarifies that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

The above amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on Bank's financial statements.

2.4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. Estimates, underlying assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Bank's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

2.4.1 Classification of investments

- In classifying investments as 'held-for-trading' the Bank has determined securities which are acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short term market / interest rate movements and are to be sold within 90 days.
- In classifying investments as 'held-to-maturity' the Bank follows the guidance provided in SBP circulars on classifying non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity.
- The investments, other than those in subsidiary, which are not classified as 'held-for-trading' or 'held-to-maturity' are classified as 'available-for-sale'.

2.4.2 Provision against non-performing loans and advances and debt securities classified as investments

The Bank reviews its loan portfolio and debt securities classified as investments to assess amount of non-performing loans and advances and debt securities and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrower and the requirements of the Prudential Regulations are considered. The amount of general provision is determined in accordance with the requirements set out in Prudential Regulations.

2.4.3 Valuation and impairment of 'available-for-sale' equity investments

The Bank determines that 'available-for-sale' equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. This determination of what is significant and prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in share price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

2.4.4 Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Bank, the management looks at the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities. In determination of deferred taxes, estimates of the Bank's future taxable profits are taken into account.

2.4.5 Fair value of derivatives

The fair values of derivatives which are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques take into account the relevant interest rates in effect at the reporting date and the rates contracted.

2.4.6 Depreciation / amortization

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization, the management uses method which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Bank and estimates the useful life. The method applied and useful lives estimated are reviewed at each financial year end and if there is a change in the expected pattern or timing of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, the estimate would be changed to reflect the change in pattern. Such a change is accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with International Accounting Standard 8 – Accounting Policies, 'Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.

2.4.7 Defined benefits plan

Liability is determined on the basis of actuarial advice using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the liability and related expense are disclosed in note 37.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

2.4.8 Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities

The fair value of the assets and liabilities is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Bank categorizes fair value measurements within the following fair value hierarchy:

a) Level 1

These are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Bank can access at the measurement date.

b) Level 2

These are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

c) Level 3

These are input for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable Inputs).

3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the following which are stated at revalued amounts / fair values / present values:

- Investments (Note 4.3);
- Certain fixed assets (Note 4.5);
- Staff retirement and other benefits (Note 4.7);
- Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims (Note 4.8); and
- Derivative financial instruments (Note 4.15.2).

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank, except for the following:

Upto December 31, 2017, surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of fixed assets were being measured under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The surplus arising on the revaluation is credited to the surplus on revaluation of fixed asset account. Any deficit arising on subsequent revaluation of fixed assets is adjusted against the balance in the surplus account. With effect from January 1, 2018, the Bank has revised its accounting policy in respect of measurement of 'surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of fixed assets' which are now accounted for in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard IAS-16 'Property, Plant and Equipment'. The revaluation is measured on individual assets where the surplus is taken to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account. The deficit on revaluation of the asset is charged to profit and loss account after netting of any surplus already recorded on that asset. The management of the Bank believes that the impact of change in policy is not material, therefore, no adjustments are being taken.

Significant accounting policies are enumerated as follows:

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks (net of overdrawn nostro balances) in current and deposit accounts.

4.2 Lendings to / borrowings from financial institutions

The Bank enters into transactions of borrowing (re-purchase) from and lending (reverse re-purchase) to financial institutions, at contracted rates for a specified period of time. These are recorded as under:

a. Sale under re-purchase agreements

Securities sold subject to a re-purchase agreement are retained in the financial statements as investments and the counter party liability is included in borrowings from financial institutions. The differential in sale and re-purchase value is accrued on a prorata basis and recorded as mark-up expense.

b. Purchase under resale agreements

Securities purchased under agreement to resell (reverse re-purchase) are included in lendings to financial institutions. The differential between the contracted price and resale price is amortized over the period of the contract and recorded as mark-up income.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Securities held as collateral are not recognized in the financial statements, unless these are sold to third parties, in which case the obligation to return them is recorded at fair value as a trading liability under borrowings from financial institutions.

In Bai Muajjal, the Bank sells Shariah Compliant instruments including sukuks on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Expected profit expense is recognized on accrual basis.

In Musharaka / Modaraba, the Bank invests in the Shariah compliant business pools of the financial institutions at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio. Expected profit is recognized on accrual basis.

Other borrowings including borrowings from SBP are recorded at the proceeds received. Mark-up on such borrowings is charged to the profit and loss account on a time proportion basis.

Lendings are stated net of provision. Return on such lending is accrued to the profit and loss account on a time proportion basis except mark-up on impaired/ delinquent lendings, which is recognized on receipt basis.

4.3 Investments

- 4.3.1 The Bank at the time of purchase classifies its investment portfolio as mentioned in note 2.4.1.
- 4.3.2 Investments are initially recognized at fair value which, in case of investments other than 'held-for-trading', includes transaction cost associated with the investments. Transaction cost on 'held-for-trading' investments are expensed as incurred.

All 'regular way' purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Bank commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of investments that require settlement within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

4.3.3 In accordance with the requirements of the SBP, quoted securities, other than those classified as 'held-to-maturity' and investments in subsidiaries, are carried at market value. Investments classified as 'held-to-maturity' are carried at amortized cost

Unrealized surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of the Bank's 'held-for-trading' investment portfolio is taken to the profit and loss account. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities classified as 'available-for-sale' is kept in a separate account shown in the statement of financial position. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal or when the investment is considered to be impaired.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break—up value. The break—up value of these securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. A decline in the carrying value is charged to the profit and loss account. A subsequent increase in the carrying value, upto the cost of the investment, is credited to the profit and loss account. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

Provision for diminution in the value of securities (except for debentures, participation term certificates, sukuks and term finance certificates) is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value. Provision for diminution in value of debentures, participation term certificates, sukuks and term finance certificates is made in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP.

4.3.4 Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment.

4.4 Advances

a. Loans and advances

Loans and advances are stated net of general and specific provisions. Specific provision against loans is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by SBP and charged to the profit and loss account. General provision is maintained in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP and charged to the profit and loss account. Advances are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

b. Net investment in finance lease

Leases, where the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessee are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including un–guaranteed residual value, if any. Finance lease receivables are included in advances to the customers.

c. Islamic financing and related assets

The Bank provides Islamic financing and related assets mainly through Murabaha, Ijarah, Diminishing Musharakah,

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Business Musharakah and Salam. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The profit on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. The Bank determines specific and general provisions against Islamic financing and related assets in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. The net provision made / reversed during the year is charged to profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against Islamic financing and related assets. Islamic financing and related assets are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

4.5 Fixed assets and depreciation

a. Tangible assets

Property and equipment owned by the Bank, other than land which is not depreciated, are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at revalued amount.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method, except buildings which are depreciated using the reducing balance method, to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The rates at which the fixed assets are depreciated are disclosed in note 10.2. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if required. Adjustments in residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are treated as change in accounting estimates.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

When an asset or class of assets is revalued, any increase in the carrying amount arising on revaluation is recorded through other comprehensive income and credited to the revaluation reserve in equity. However, the increase shall be recognized in the profit and loss account to the extent it reverses previously recognised revaluation decrease/impairment loss of the same asset in the profit and loss account, net of amortization or depreciation had no revaluation decrease/impairment been required for the asset in prior years. A decrease resulting from a revaluation is initially charged directly against any related revaluation surplus held in respect of that asset and the remaining portion being charged as an expense.

The surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to the extent of incremental depreciation (net of deferred tax) charged on the related assets is transferred directly to un–appropriated profit.

Revaluation of entire class of assets is carried out by independent professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity (every third year) to ensure that the carrying amount of the entire class of assets does not differ materially from their fair value.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in the profit and loss account in the year the asset is derecognized, except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred tax) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account.

b. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of intangible assets is amortized over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. Amortization is charged from the month the assets are available for use at the rate stated in note 11.2. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

c. Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.6 Taxation

a. Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing laws for taxation. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profits for the year.

b. Prior

The taxation charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge relating to prior years, arising from assessments/changes in laws and changes in estimates made during the current year.

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c. Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences, at the reporting date between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the difference will reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The Bank also recognizes a deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of fixed assets, non-banking assets and securities which is adjusted against the related deficit / surplus in accordance with the requirements of IAS-12 'Income Taxes'.

4.7 Staff retirement and other benefits

4.7.1 Staff retirement schemes

a. For employees who opted for the 2002 scheme introduced by the management

An approved pension scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits on the basis of frozen basic salary, service length and age as on June 30, 2002 are payable to all employees whose date of joining the Bank is on or before July 01, 1992, i.e., who have completed ten years of continuous service as on June 30, 2002.

During the year, the pensioners were given a voluntary option to settle their monthly pension with a lump sum payment. Those who will not opt for the lump sum option, will continue to receive monthly pension (defined benefit scheme).

An approved gratuity scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits are payable as under:

- i. For members whose date of joining the Bank is on or before July 01, 1992, their services would be calculated starting from July 01, 2002 for gratuity benefit purposes.
- ii. For members whose date of joining the Bank is after July 01, 1992 their services would be taken at actual for the purpose of calculating the gratuity benefit. This rule will be applicable upon retirement or in service death only, in case of resignation gratuity will be payable from July 01, 2002, even if he or she had joined the Bank before July 01, 2002

A contributory provident fund scheme to which equal contributions are made by the bank and the employees (defined contribution scheme).

b. For employees who did not opt for 2002 scheme

An approved pension scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits on the basis of frozen basic salary as on June 30, 2002 are payable to all employees opting continuation of the previous scheme and whose date of joining the Bank is on or before July 01, 1992, i.e., who had completed ten years of continuous service as on June 30, 2002.

In the light of decision of Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan in SMC No. 20/2016 dated 13th February 2018 read with Order dated 3rd April 2018 passed in CRP No.72/2018 and Order dated 7th August 2018 in Crl.O.No. 98 and 99 of 2018 and after consultation with Bank's legal counsel, the monthly pension of eligible pensioners has been fixed with indexation levels for eligible pensioners effective from February 13, 2018.

c. Benevolent Fund

Until December 31, 2008 the bank operated a contributory benevolent fund, which was discontinued for active employees. The beneficiaries as on that date were also given an option to settle their monthly grant with a lump sum payment. Those who have not opted for the lump sum option will continue to receive benevolent grant (Defined benefit scheme).

d. Post-retirement medical benefits

The Bank provides post-retirement medical benefits to eligible retired employees. Provision is made annually to meet the cost of such medical benefits on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Annual contributions towards the defined benefit schemes are made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains / losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income in the period of occurrence.

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4.7.2 Other long term benefit

Employees' compensated absences

Employees' entitlement to annual leave is recognized when they accrue to employees, upto a maximum of 60 days. A provision is made for estimated liability for annual leaves as a result of services rendered by the employee against unavailed leaves, as per terms of service contract, up to the reporting date, based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains / losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in Profit and Loss account in the period of occurrence.

b. Compensation to certain class of employees

Bank has revised its retirement policy by reducing the retirement age to 58 years for class of employees effective January 01, 2018. Consequent to the revision, these employees shall be compensated with gross salary along with employer's contribution on provident fund and gratuity for the remaining period up to 60 years in addition to already defined postemployment benefits, payable at the time of retirement, if any.

4.8 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets (NBA) acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation (excluding land). Revaluation by independent professionally qualified valuers, is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of NBA is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account through statement of comprehensive income and any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to profit and loss account directly. Legal fees, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to property are charged to profit and loss account and not capitalised.

4.9 Deposits

Deposits are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is accrued to the profit and loss account on time proportion basis. Deposits mobilized under Islamic Banking operations are generated under two modes i.e. 'Qard' and 'Modaraba'. Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' and Deposits generated on Modaraba basis are classified as 'Saving deposits / Fixed deposits'.

4.10 Impairment

a. Available-for-sale equity securities

The Bank determines that 'available-for-sale' equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of these investments below their cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in share price in the case of listed equity securities. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial condition of the investee, industry and sector performance and changes in technology.

b. Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Bank's assets (other than deferred tax assets) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account except for an impairment loss on revalued assets which is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized.

4.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provision against identified losses on non-funded exposure is recognized when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Bank to settle the obligation. The loss is charged to the profit and loss account net of expected recovery and is classified under other liabilities

Provisions are reviewed at the reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.12 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise of undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. Acceptances are recognised as financial liability in the statement of financial position with a contractual right of reimbursement from the customer as a financial asset. Therefore, commitments in respect of acceptances have been accounted for as financial assets and financial liabilities.

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4.13 Dividend distribution and appropriations

Bonus and cash dividend and other appropriations (except for the appropriations required by law), declared / approved subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting event and are not recorded in financial statements of the current year. These are recognized in the period in which these are declared / approved.

4.14 Foreign currencies

a) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the foreign exchange rates ruling on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange ruling on the reporting date. Foreign bills purchased are valued at spot rate and forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at forward rates applicable to their respective maturities.

b) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operating branches are translated to Pakistan Rupee (PKR) at exchange rates prevailing at reporting date. The results of foreign operations are translated at the average exchange rate for the period.

c) Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses arising on revaluation of net investments in foreign operations are taken to equity under "Exchange Translation Reserve" through Other Comprehensive Income and on disposal are recognised in profit and loss account. Regular translation gains and losses are taken to profit and loss account.

d) Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward contracts disclosed in these financial statements are translated at forward rates applicable to their respective maturities. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing on the reporting date

4.15 Financial instruments

4.15.1 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets are de–recognised when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of the asset. Financial liabilities are de–recognised when obligation specific in the contract is extinguished. Any gain or loss on de–recognition of the financial asset and liability is recognised in the profit and loss account of the current period. The particular recognition and subsequent measurement methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

4.15.2 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re—measured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the profit and loss account.

4.16 Off setting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to off set and the Bank intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that the economic benefits will flow to the Bank and the revenue can be reliably measured. These are recognised as follows:

a. Advances and investments

Mark-up / return on regular loans / advances and investments is recognized on a time proportion basis. Where debt securities are purchased at premium or discount, the same is amortized through the profit and loss account using the effective interest rate method.

Interest or mark-up recoverable on classified loans, advances and investments is recognized on receipt basis. Interest /

for the year ended December 31, 2018

return / mark-up on classified rescheduled / restructured loans and advances and investments is recognized as permitted by the regulations of the SBP.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Gains and losses on sale of investments are recognized in the profit and loss account.

b. Lease financing

Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned lease income (excess of the sum of total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is deferred and taken to income over the term of the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Unrealised income on classified leases is recognized on receipt basis.

Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts and other lease income are recognized when realized.

c. Islamic financing and related assets

Profit on Business Musharakah financing is booked on accrual basis and is adjusted upon declaration of profit by Musharakah partners.

Ijarah and Diminishing Musharakah income is recognised on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due.

Murabaha and Salam income is recognised on deferred income basis.

d. Fees, brokerage and commission

Fee, Commission and Brokerage income is recognized on an accrual basis except where, in the opinion of management, it would not be prudent to do so.

4.18 Business Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. A business segment is one that is engaged either in providing certain products or services, whereas a geographical segment is one engaged in providing certain products or services within a particular economic environment. Segment information is presented as per the Bank's functional and management reporting structure. The Bank's primary segment reporting is based on following business segments:

a. Corporate & investment banking

This segment offers a wide range of financial services to medium and large sized public and private sector entities and also covers overseas operation of the Bank. These services include, providing and arranging tenured financing, corporate advisory, underwriting, cash management, trade products, corporate finance products and customer services on all bank related matters.

b. Trading and sales (Treasury)

This segment undertakes the Bank's treasury and money market activities.

c. Commercial & retail banking

Commercial and retail banking provides services to commercial and retail customers including agriculture sector. It includes loans, deposits and other transactions with commercial and retail (conventional and Islamic) customers.

d. Others

Others includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

4.19 Geographical Segment Reporting

Geographically the Bank operates in Pakistan, Middle East and China.

4.20 Earnings per share

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
				_
5	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS			

Local currency		15,271,580	12,2
Foreign currencies		1,008,439	8
		16,280,019	13,10
Remittances in transit		591,133	5
With State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in			
Local currency current accounts	5.1	38,599,518	37,7
Foreign currency current account	5.2	81,311	
		38,680,829	37,7
Foreign currency deposit accounts			
Non-remunerative	5.1	4,722,714	3,8
Remunerative	5.3	14,128,800	11,6
		18,851,514	15,5
With National Bank of Pakistan in			***************************************
Local currency current accounts		24,610,744	18,1
Prize Bonds		174,175	1
		99,188,414	85,3

- **5.1** Deposits with SBP are maintained to comply with the cash reserve requirement, under section 22 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and SBP statutory requirements issued from time to time.
- 5.2 This represents US Dollar settlement account maintained with SBP.
- 5.3 This represents special cash reserve maintained with SBP. The return on this account is declared by SBP on a monthly basis and carries mark-up at the rate of 0.56% to 1.35% (2017: 0.37%) per annum.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
6	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
	In Pakistan			
	In deposit accounts	6.1	2,000,000	_
	Outside Pakistan			
	In current accounts	6.2	268,512	326,579
	In deposit accounts	6.2	306,543	322,186
			2,575,055	648,765

- **6.1** This represents local currency deposit placement by Islamic banking business with an Islamic bank at expected profit of 10.60% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on January 24, 2019.
- 6.2 These are nostro balances placed with other banks.

		Note	December 31,	December 31
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUT	TIONS			
Call money lendings		7.1	5,500,000	1,000,000
Repurchase agreement lendings (Reve	rse Repo)	7.2 & 7.8	44,455,680	5,779,431
Musharaka lendings		7.3	2,500,000	1,100,000
Modaraba lending			_	600,000
Bai muajjal receivable from:				
 State Bank of Pakistan 			_	214,968
 other financial institutions 		7.4	1,029,999	_
Certificates of investment		7.5	70,000	70,000
Letters of placement		7.6	300,000	_
			53,855,679	8,764,399
Less: Provision held against lendings to	financial institutions	7.5 & 7.9	(70,000)	(70,000)
Lendings to financial institutions – net o	of provision		53,785,679	8,694,399

- 7.1 These represent local currency call money lending at the mark-up rate of 10.35% to 10.70% (2017: local currency lending at the rate of 5.90%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by February 13, 2019.
- 7.2 These are short–term local currency lendings to financial institutions against government securities as shown in note 7.8 below. These carry mark–up at the rate of 10.10% to 10.40% (2017: 5.95% to 6.10%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by February 1, 2019.
- 7.3 These represent local currency lendings by Islamic banking business under Musharaka agreement at expected profit of 9.50% to 9.70% (2017: 5.83% to 5.85%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by January 18, 2019.
- 7.4 This represents local currency lending by Islamic banking business under Bai Muajjal agreement with an islamic bank at expected profit of 9.80% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on January 21, 2019.
- 7.5 This represents local currency classified certificates of investment and related provisioning, amounting to Rs. 70 million (2017: Rs. 70 million).
- 7.6 These represent local currency letters of placement with a financial institution at the mark-up rate of 10.70% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on February 01, 2019.

					Decemb	er 31,	December 31,
						2018	2017
						Rupees in '0	000
7.7	Particulars of lending						
	In local currency				53,85	5,679	8,764,399
	In foreign currencies					_	_
					53,85	5,679	8,764,399
		Dec	ember 31, 2	018	Dec	ember 31,	2017
		Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total
			Rupees	in '000			
7.8	Securities held as collateral against lending to financial institutions						
	Market Treasury Bills	33,500,000	_	33,500,000	800,000	_	800,000
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	11,000,000	_	11,000,000	5,000,000	_	5,000,000
/		44,500,000	_	44,500,000	5,800,000	_	5,800,000

					<u></u>	Decemb	per 31, 201	18 De	cember 3	1, 2017
						Classified Lending	Provi He		ssified I nding	Provision Held
							Rup	oees in '00	0	
7.9	Category of classification									
	Domestic									
	Other Assets Especially Mentioned					_	***************************************	_	-	
	Substandard					_		_	_	_
	Doubtful					70.000	70./		_	70.000
	Loss					70,000	70,0		0,000	70,000
						70,000	70,0	700 70	0,000	70,000
				December 31	2018			December	31 2017	
		Maka	Cost /	Provision for	Surplus /	Carrying	Cost /	Provision for	Surplus /	Carrying
		Note	Amortized cost	diminution	(Deficit)	Value	Amortized cost	diminution	(Deficit)	Value
						Rupees i	n '000			
3	INVESTMENTS									
.1	Investments by type:									
	Held-for-trading securities									
	Federal Government Securities		_		-	_	24,826,109		1,782	24,827,8
	Available-for-sale securities				_	_	24,826,109	_	1,782	24,827,8
	Federal Government Securities*		610,683,028	(21,248)	(1,608,458)	609,053,322	548,683,329	T -1	3,491,782	552,175,1
	Shares		25,390,405	(2,266,130)	9,572,003	32,696,278	25,513,458	(2,336,353)	12,653,552	35,830,6
	Non Government Debt Securities		11,732,046	(21,071)	(47,874)	11,663,101	9,173,111	(22,948)	(1,728)	9,148,4
	Foreign Securities		1,037,692	-	_	1,037,692	1,037,692	-	_	1,037,6
	Open Ended Mutual Funds		63,834		62,436	126,270			_	
		8.4	648,907,005	(2,308,449)	7,978,107	654,576,663	584,407,590	(2,359,301)	16,143,606	598,191,8
	Held-to-maturity securities Federal Government Securities		16,151,622		_	16,151,622	74,562,280		_	74,562,2
	Non Government Debt Securities		346,090	(346,090)	_	-	346,102	(346,102)	_	1,,002,2
		8.5	16,497,712	(346,090)	-	16,151,622	74,908,382	(346,102)	_	74,562,2
	Subsidiaries		500,000	_	_	500,000	500,000			500,00
	Total Investments		665,904,717	(2,654,539)	7,978,107	671,228,285	684,642,081	(2,705,403)	16,145,388	698,082,0
.2	Investments by segments:									
	Federal Government Securities:									
	Market Treasury Bills		543,454,942	-	(21,792)	543,433,150	390,385,471	-	(37,270)	390,348,2
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		64,695,276	-	(1,397,373)	63,297,903	237,630,509	-	2,811,595	240,442,1
	ljarah Sukuks		3,350,848	-	(16,997)	3,333,851	2,845,696	-	15,455	2,861,1
	GOP Sukuks (US\$)		9,756,796	(21,248)	(191,642)	9,543,906	12,214,033	-	184,269	12,398,3
	Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)		5,576,788	-	19,346	5,596,134	4,996,009		519,515	5,515,5 651,565,2
	Shares:		626,834,650	(21,248)	(1,608,458)	625,204,944	648,071,718	_	3,493,564	001,000,2
	Listed Companies		22,646,719	(2,103,351)	9,572,003	30,115,371	22,957,532	(2,264,790)	12,653,552	33,346,2
	Unlisted Companies		2,743,686	(162,779)	_	2,580,907	2,555,926	(71,563)	_	2,484,3
	Units of open–ended mutual funds		63,834	-	62,436	126,270	-	-	_	
			25,454,239	(2,266,130)	9,634,439	32,822,548	25,513,458	(2,336,353)	12,653,552	35,830,6
	Non Government Debt Securities									Y-1
	Listed		3,139,909	(105,329)	(47,874)	2,986,706	2,622,497	(105,329)	(1,728)	2,515,4
	Unlisted		8,938,227	(261,832)		8,676,395	6,896,716	(263,721)		6,632,9
	Foreign Socurities		12,078,136	(367,161)	(47,874)	11,663,101	9,519,213	(369,050)	(1,728)	9,148,4
	Foreign Securities Equity securities		1,037,692			1,037,692	1,037,692			1,037,6
	Subsidiaries		.,001,002			1,501,002	1,501,032			.,007,0
	ABL – Asset Management Company		500,000	_		500,000	500,000			500,0
	Total Investments		665,904,717	(2,654,539)	7,978,107	671,228,285	684,642,081	(2,705,403)	16,145,388	698,082,06

^{*} Provision for diminution against federal government securities represents expected credit loss provisioning under IFRS 9 on portfolio parked in overseas branch.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

				December 31, 2018	December 31 2017
				Rupees	
0.04	lavorator attaches and a collectional				
3.2.1	Investments given as collateral				
	Market Treasury Bills			158,411,120	75,663,516
	Pakistan Investment Bonds			10,077,521	100,554,74
	GOP Foreign Currency Sukuks (US\$)			4,451,600	1,577,089
	GOP Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)			710,569	-
***************************************	Total Investments given as collateral			173,650,810	177,795,350
3.3	Provision for diminution in value of investments				
3.3.1	Opening balance			2,705,403	2,696,599
	Exchange adjustments			1,557	-
	Charge / reversals				
	Charge for the year			112,794	22,58
	Reversals for the year			(3,776)	(13,777
	Reversal on disposals			(161,439)	
				(52,421)	8,804
	Closing Balance			2,654,539	2,705,40
		December	31, 2018	Decembe	er 31, 2017
		NPI	Provision	NPI	Provision
			Rupees	in '000	
3.3.2	Particulars of provision against debt securities				
	Category of classification				
	Domestic				
	Other assets especially mentioned	_	_	_	_
	Substandard	_	_	_	_
	Doubtful	_	_	_	_
	Loss	367,161	367,161	369,050	369,050
		367,161	367,161	369,050	369,050
	Overseas				
			04 0 40		
	Not past due but impaired*	9,756,796	21,248	_	_
	Overdue by:	9,756,796	21,240		_
	Overdue by: Upto 90 days	9,756,796		_	
	Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days				
	Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days				
	Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days				
	Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days				- - - - - 369,050

^{*} Provision represents expected credit loss provisioning in overseas branch.

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has not granted any relaxation in any classification / provisioning during the year ended December 31, 2018.

				December 31,	December 31
				2018	201
				Rupees	ost s in '000
.4	Quality of Available for Sale Securities			Паросс	, iii 000
		6.11			
	Details regarding quality of Available for Sale (AFS) securities	are as follows:			
	Federal Government Securities – Government guaranteed				
	Market Treasury Bills			543,454,941	365,679,30
	Pakistan Investment Bonds			48,543,655	164,056,43
	GOP Sukuks (US\$)			9,756,796	11,105,89
	Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)			5,576,788	4,996,00
	GOP ljarah Sukuks			3,350,848	2,845,69
				610,683,028	548,683,32
	Shares				
	Listed Companies				
	Power Generation and Distribution			8,991,081	8,992,52
	Oil & Gas Exploration Companies			5,093,607	5,681,86
	Fertilizer			3,701,965	3,701,96
	Commercial Banks			2,900,903	2,575,48
	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies			1,043,460	1,043,46
	Real Estate Investment Trust			455,851	455,85
	Chemical			268,289	268,28
	Leasing Companies			89,322	97,02
	Close-end Mutual Funds			51,603	90,43
	Investment Banks			50,000	50,00
	Cement			638	63
				22,646,719	22,957,53
		Decembe	er 31, 2018	Decer	mber 31, 2017
		Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup valu
			Rupees	in '000	
	Unlisted Companies Security General Insurance Limited	1.075.653	147.61	1,075,653	140.51
	Habib Allied Holding Limited	1,035,922	211.41	1,035,922	179.09
			8.64	944,970	9.60
	Nishat Hotels And Properties Limited Atlas Power Limited	944,970	23.93		
		355,000		355,000	21.48
	Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Co. Limited	200,000	10.02	12,240	
	1 Link Guarantee Limited	50,000	-	50,000	
	Central Depository Company	40,300	38.94	40,300	36.72
	ISE Towers REIT Management Company Limited	30,346	14.09	30,346	12.13
	First Women Bank Limited	21,200	9.35	21,200	9.96
	LSE Financial Services Limited	8,440	21.70	8,440	18.29
	SME Bank Limited	5,250	(1.82)	5,250	0.09
	Arabian Sea Country Club Ltd.	5,000	0.70	5,000	0.70
		F 000	_	5,000	_
	Eastern Capital Limited	5,000			
	SWIFT	1,770	677,701	1,770	499,351
	SWIFT National Institute of Fashion Technology		677,701 26.06	1,770 1,527	
	SWIFT	1,770			499,351 24.62 228,378

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Co	
	Rupees	ın '000
Non Government Debt Securities		
l interd		
Listed - AAA	383,308	202.462
- AA+, AA, AA-	2,618,458	383,463 2,133,705
- A+, A, A-	32,813	2,100,700
- AT, A, A-	3,034,579	2,517,168
	0,004,070	2,017,100
Unlisted		
- AAA	3,750,000	2,600,000
- AA+, AA, AA-	3,080,965	2,033,959
- A+, A, A-	1,845,431	1,719,911
– Unrated	21,071	302,073
	8,697,467	6,655,943
Open Ended Mutual Funds		
HBL Growth Fund - Class B Segment	38,834	-
Allied Finergy Fund	25,000	_
	63,834	
Foreign Securities		
Equity Securities – Unlisted		
Habib Allied Holding Limited	1,035,922	1,035,922
SWIFT	1,770	1,770
	1,037,692	1,037,692
Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows:		
Federal Government Securities - Government guaranteed		
Pakistan Investment Bonds	16,151,622	73,454,137
GOP Sukuks (US\$)		1,108,143
	16,151,622	74,562,280
Non Government Debt Securities		
Listed		
- Unrated	105,329	105,329
Unlisted		
– Unrated	240,761	240,773

^{8.5.1} The market value of securities classified as held-to-maturity as at December 31, 2018 amounted to Rs. 15,579.4 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 78,655.2 million).

										Sub	sidiary
											sset gement
											npany
8.6	Details regarding subsidiary company:										
	Country of incorporation									Paki	stan
	Percentage holding									10	00%
	Assets									2,157	,210
	Liabilities						***************************************	***************************************		323	,531
***************************************	Revenue									563	,298
***************************************	Profit after taxation									192	,134
	Total comprehensive income									192	,134
				Performi	ina	Non I	Perfori	mina		Total	
		Note	Dec	ember 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 2018		December 31, 2017			December 31, 2017
						Rupe	es in '(000			
9	ADVANCES										
	Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.	9.1	428	3,894,557	363,524,971	14,569,294		16,512,648	443,46	63,851	380,037,619
	Islamic financing and related assets	A–II. 3	Е	6,927,030	4,662,326	-			6,92	27,030	4,662,326
	Bills discounted and purchased Advances – gross	9.2		7,803,618	2,512,605	1,495,347		1,539,101 18,051,749		77,378 68,259	4,051,706 388,751,651
	Auvances – gross	9.2	401		370,099,902	10,004,041	***************************************	10,001,749	400,00		300,731,031
	Provision against advances										
	Specific General	9.3 & 9.4		(15,868)	(11,701)	(15,533,497	(1	6,702,236)		5,868)	(16,702,236) (11,701)
	uei lei al	3.4		(15,868)	(11,701)	(15,533,497	(1	6,702,236)		9,365)	(16,713,937)
	Advances – net of provision		437	7,787,750	370,688,201	531,144	,	1,349,513	438,3	18,894	372,037,714
				December 3	1, 2018			Dec	ember 31	, 2017	
		Not la than o		Later than one and	Over five years	Total	Not la			Over five years	Total
		yea		less than	,		yea			,	
				five years		Rupees in	'000	five ye	ears		
9.1	Includes Net investment in finance lease as described below										
	Lease rentals receivable	631	,223	1,504,537	116,221	2,251,981	548	3,697 1,335	,126	194,666	2,078,489
	Residual value	42	,542	460,880	188,280	691,702	60	3,787 375	,705	178,991	618,480
	Minimum lease payments	673	,765	1,965,417	304,501	2,943,683	612	2,484 1,710	,831	373,657	2,696,972
	Financial charges for future periods	(66	148)	(133,067)	(130,661)	(329,876)	(37	,398) (142,	759)	(136,242	(316,399
	Present value of minimum lease payments	607	,617	1,832,350	173,840	2,613,807	575	5,086 1,568	,072	237,415	2,380,573
								Decemb	er 31	De	ecember 31,
								Docomb	2018		2017
									Rupee	es in '000)
9.2	Particulars of advances (Gross)										
9.2.1	In local currency							443,643	3,826	37	8,173,382
	In foreign currencies							10,22	4,433	1	0,578,269
								453,868	3,259	38	8,751,651

for the year ended December 31, 2018

9.3 Advances include Rs. 16,064.641 million (2017: Rs. 18,051.749 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	December	r 31, 2018	Decem	ber 31, 2017	
	Non		Non		
	Performing	Specific	Performing	Specific	
	Loans	Provision	Loans	Provision	
		Rupees	in '000		
Category of Classification					
3 ,					
Category of Classification Domestic Other Assets Especially Mentioned	38,425	2,231	39,805	1,054	
Domestic	38,425 436,938	2,231 109,035	39,805 492,961	1,05 122,29	
Domestic Other Assets Especially Mentioned	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

9.3.1 The Bank has participated in government guaranteed syndicated long term loan facilities, granted to Power Holding (Pvt.) Limited, with the Bank's share being Rs. 6,757 million. State Bank of Pakistan has extended relaxation against classification of the exposure vide Letter No. BPRD/ BRD (Policy)/ 021574/ 2018 dated October 03, 2018 till December 31, 2018; with instructions to recognize mark-up on receipt basis.

16,064,641

15,533,497

18,051,749

16,702,236

			Dec	ember 31, 2	018	Dec	ember 31,	2017
		Note	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
					Rupees in	'000		
9.4	Particulars of provision aga	ainst advances	5					
	Opening balance		16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937	18,720,563	63,309	18,783,872
	Charge for the year		500,412	4,167	504,579	365,854	_	365,854
	Reversals	9.5	(1,637,415)	_	(1,637,415)	(2,281,184)	(51,608)	(2,332,792)
			(1,137,003)	4,167	(1,132,836)	(1,915,330)	(51,608)	(1,966,938)
•	Amounts written off	9.6	(31,736)	_	(31,736)	(102,997)	_	(102,997)
	Closing balance		15,533,497	15,868	15,549,365	16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937
9.4.1	In local currency		15,207,403	15,868	15,223,271	16,442,940	11,701	16,454,641
	In foreign currencies		326,094	_	326,094	259,296	_	259,296
			15,533,497	15,868	15,549,365	16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937

- 9.4.2 No benefit of forced sale value of the collaterals held by the Bank has been taken while determining the provision against non-performing loans as allowed under BSD circular No. 01 dated October 21, 2011.
- 9.5 This includes reversal of provision on account of a non performing loan, classified as loss, settled against Debt Property Swap amounting to Rs. 29.2 million (2017: Rs. 32.5 million).

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
9.6	Particulars of write-offs			
9.6.1	Against provisions		31,736	102,997
	Directly charged to Profit and Loss account		_	_
***************************************			31,736	102,997
9.6.2	Write-offs of Rs. 500,000 and above - Domestic	9.7	31,736	102,997
	Write-offs of below Rs. 500,000		_	_
			31,736	102,997

for the year ended December 31, 2018

9.7 Details of loan write-off of Rs. 500,000/- and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees and above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2018 is given in Annexure-'I'. However, these write-offs do not affect the Bank's right to recover debts from these customers.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
10	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	10.1	2,338,494	2,963,429
	Property and equipment	10.2	48,040,043	43,904,506
			50,378,537	46,867,935
10.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		1,855,180	2,530,114
	Advances to suppliers		483,314	433,315
			2,338,494	2,963,429

					Dec	ember 31, 2018				
		Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building on Freehold Land	Building on Leasehold Land	Furniture and fixture	Electrical, office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Building Improvements (Rented Premises)	Total
						Rupees i	n '000			
10.2	Property and Equipment									
	At January 1, 2018									
	Cost / Revalued amount	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	1,675,822	11,631,268	824,980	3,501,922	54,506,316
	Accumulated depreciation	_	_	_	_	(874,675)	(7,194,647)	(535,393)	(1,997,095)	(10,601,810)
	Net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	801,147	4,436,621	289,587	1,504,827	43,904,506
	Year ended December 2018									
	Opening net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	801,147	4,436,621	289,587	1,504,827	43,904,506
	Additions	2,380,971	58,138	859,667	296,527	271,228	2,344,493	359,000	575,046	7,145,070
	Disposals cost	-	-	_	-	(17,878)	(429,181)	(28,822)	(90)	(475,971)
	Disposals accumulated depreciation	_	_			17,173	422,683	24,524	90	464,470
	Disposals	_	_	_	_	(705)	(6,498)	(4,298)	_	(11,501)
	Depreciation charge	_	_	(340,664)	(228,787)	(177,762)	(1,353,638)	(125,659)	(509,332)	(2,735,842)
	Exchange rate adjustments	_	_	_	_	(78)	(113)	-	_	(191)
	Other adjustments / transfers	(97,437)	(164,562)	_	_	_	_	-	_	(261,999)
	Closing net book value	17,564,604	10,962,212	6,779,980	4,329,381	893,830	5,420,865	518,630	1,570,541	48,040,043
	At December 31, 2018									
	Cost / Revalued amount	17.504.004	10,000,010	7 100 044	4.550.100	1 000 170	10 540 500	1.155.150	4.070.070	60,913,416
		17,564,604	10,962,212	7,120,644	4,558,168	1,929,172	13,546,580	1,155,158	4,076,878	
	Accumulated depreciation		-	(340,664)	(228,787)	(1,035,342)	(8,125,715)	(636,528)	(2,506,337)	(12,873,373)
	Net book value	17,564,604	10,962,212	6,779,980	4,329,381	893,830	5,420,865	518,630	1,570,541	48,040,043
	Rate of depreciation (percentage)	_	_	5%	5%	10%	14.28% –50%	20%	20%	_

for the year ended December 31, 2018

					Dec	ember 31, 2017	Electrical,		Building	
		Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Building on Freehold Land	Building on Leasehold Land	Furniture and fixture	office and computer equipment	Vehicles	Improvements (Rented Premises)	Total
		Land	Lund	Land	Land	Rupees i		vernoies	i remises)	Total
	At January 1, 2017									
	Cost / Revalued amount	12,157,409	3,303,825	5,514,533	3,097,922	1,400,514	9,818,440	819,019	2,622,036	38,733,6
	Accumulated depreciation			(873,444)	(285,426)	(714,654)	(6,321,899)	(448,947)	(1,613,646)	(10,258,0
	Net book value	12,157,409	3,303,825	4,641,089	2,812,496	685,860	3,496,541	370,072	1,008,390	28,475,6
	Year ended December 2017									
	Opening net book value	12,157,409	3,303,825	4,641,089	2,812,496	685,860	3,496,541	370,072	1,008,390	28,475,6
	Additions	2,146,874	716,833	980,765	639,744	284,548	2,055,662	66,427	880,062	7,770,9
	Movement in surplus on assets									
	revalued during the year	976,787	7,047,978	895,616	952,762	-	-	-	_	9,873,1
	Disposals cost	-	-	-	-	(9,240)	(242,834)	(60,466)	(176)	(312,7
	Disposals accumulated depreciation	-	_	-	-	8,467	239,691	54,122	176	302,4
	Disposals	-	-	_	-	(773)	(3,143)	(6,344)	-	(10,2)
	Depreciation charge	_	_	(256,493)	(143,361)	(168,474)	(1,112,411)	(140,568)	(383,625)	(2,204,9
	Exchange rate adjustments	_	_	_	_	(14)	(28)	_	_	(-
	Other adjustments / transfers	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	
	Closing net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	801,147	4,436,621	289,587	1,504,827	43,904,5
	At December 31, 2017									
	Cost / Revalued amount	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	1,675,822	11,631,268	824,980	3,501,922	54,506,3
	Accumulated depreciation	_	-	-	-	(874,675)	(7,194,647)	(535,393)	(1,997,095)	(10,601,8
	Net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	801,147	4,436,621	289,587	1,504,827	43,904,5
	Rate of depreciation (percentage)		-	5%	5%	10%	14.28% –50%	20%	20%	
0.3	Bank arranged for valuation of a Associates (Pvt.) Ltd, Unicorn In revalued amounts of properties h amount of revalued assets would	ternational ave been d	Surveyors determined	, Indus Su on the ba	rveyors (Pv	/t.) Limited	and Harve	ester Serv	rices (Pvt).	Ltd.}. T
									Rupee	s in '00
	- Land (Freehold and leasehold)								14.7	68,004
	– Building									96,683
	Dallaring									00,000
	Fair calca of anasasate and assista	ment exclu	ding land a	and buildin	gs is not e	expected to	be materia	ally differe	nt from the	ir carryi
0.4	Fair value of property and equipment.									
0.4						N	ote Dec	cember 31	, Dec	ember 3
).4						N	ote Dec	cember 31 2018		ember 3 201

			2018	2017
			Rupees in	'000
10.5	Incremental depreciation charged during the year			
	transferred to unappropriated profit	20.1	172,713	84,520
10.6	Restriction / discrepancy in the title of property			
	having a net book value of		57,694	59,131
10.7	The cost of fully depreciated assets that are still in use:			
	Furniture and fixtures		342,011	286,863
	Electrical, office and computer equipments		4,497,694	4,464,328
	Vehicles		327,935	285,809
	Leasehold Improvements		1,342,260	1,200,646

Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. 197.73 million (2017: Rs. 145.56 million) of under Rs.10,000 items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase.

			December 31,	December 31
			2018 Rupees i	2017 n '000
			· ·	
8.01	The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use		349,670	353,461
				000,401
0.9	The sale of fixed assets (otherwise than a regular auction) to re	lated parties are disclosed in A	Annexure III.	
1	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Capital work in progress	11.1	337,076	97,995
	Intangible Assets	11.2	1,411,978	1,361,099
			1,749,054	1,459,094
11.1	Capital work in progress			
	Softwares		180,132	72,255
	Advances for softwares to suppliers		156,944	25,740
			337,076	97,995
			December 31, 2018	
		Computer	011	Total
1.2	Intangible Assets	software	Others Rupees in '000	Iotai
1.2	Intangible Assets At January 1, 2018	sonware		iotal
1.2	-	2,689,905		
1.2	At January 1, 2018	2,689,905 (1,328,806)	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost	2,689,905	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	2,689,905 (1,328,806)	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value	2,689,905 (1,328,806)	Rupees in '000	2,689,900 (1,328,806 1,361,090
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099	Rupees in '000	2,689,900 (1,328,806 1,361,090
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098
11.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions:	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098 451,952 (401,073
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952	Rupees in '000	2,689,900 (1,328,806 1,361,090 1,361,090 451,950 (401,073
11.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased Amortisation charge	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952 (401,073)	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098 451,952 (401,073
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased Amortisation charge Closing net book value	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952 (401,073) 1,411,978	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098 451,952 (401,073 1,411,978
1.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased Amortisation charge Closing net book value At December 31, 2018 Cost	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952 (401,073)	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098 451,952 (401,073 1,411,978
11.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased Amortisation charge Closing net book value At December 31, 2018	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952 (401,073) 1,411,978	Rupees in '000	2,689,905 (1,328,806 1,361,095 1,361,095 451,952 (401,073 1,411,978 3,141,857 (1,729,879
11.2	At January 1, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Net book value Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value Additions: directly purchased Amortisation charge Closing net book value At December 31, 2018 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	2,689,905 (1,328,806) 1,361,099 1,361,099 451,952 (401,073) 1,411,978 3,141,857 (1,729,879)	Rupees in '000	2,689,908 (1,328,806 1,361,098 1,361,098 451,952 (401,073 1,411,978

			December 31, 2017	
		Computer software	Others	Total
		Software	Rupees in '000	IOtal
11.2	Intangible Assets			
	At January 1, 2018			
•	Cost	2,012,378	_	2,012,378
•	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,021,060)	_	(1,021,060)
•	Net book value	991,318		991,318
	Year ended December 2017			
•	Opening net book value	991,318	_	991,318
	Additions:			
	directly purchased	677,527	_	677,527
	Amortisation charge	(307,746)	_	(307,746)
•	Closing net book value	1,361,099		1,361,099
	At December 31, 2017			
•	Cost	2,689,905	_	2,689,905
•	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,328,806)	_	(1,328,806)
	Net book value	1,361,099		1,361,099
••••	Rate of amortisation (percentage)	14.28%		14.28%
	Useful life	7 Years		7 Years
			December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	ın '000
11.3	The cost of fully amortized assets that are still in use:			
	Intangible assets – software		306,326	282,187

^{11.4} Remaining amortization period of material intangible assets is from 3 to 5 years.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		Note	December 31,	December 31
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
2	OTHER ASSETS			
	Income / Mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision		11,777,626	15,530,697
	Income / Mark-up accrued in foreign currency - net of provision		293,994	266,574
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		883,302	943,391
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		4,626,194	4,752,964
	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	12.1	1,947,348	1,982,608
	Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts		2,698,766	2,227,080
	Acceptances		4,183,083	3,953,54
	Due from the employees' retirement benefit schemes			
	Benevolent fund	37.4	115,915	112,06
	Pension fund	37.4	4,560,065	3,692,03
	Fraud and forgeries		510,013	517,11
	Stationery and stamps in hand		190,398	196,23
	HRC agent receivable		111,098	61,20
	Overdue FBN / FBD		72,441	34,68
	Charges receivable		23,043	35,08
	Receivable from SBP – customers encashments		12,572	15,47
	ATM / POS settlement account	18	_	1,331,06
	Excise duty		11	1
	Others		3,561	2,12
			32,009,430	35,653,94
	Less: Provision held against other assets	12.2	(787,203)	(747,062
	Other assets (net of provision)		31,222,227	34,906,88
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired			
	in satisfaction of claims		2,159,958	1,601,42
	Other assets – net		33,382,185	36,508,30
2.1	Market value of non-banking assets acquired			
	in satisfaction of claims		4,107,306	3,584,03

Full-scope revaluation was carried out at December 31, 2018 through two independent valuers approved by Pakistan Banks' Association (Unicorn International Surveyors & Sadruddin Associates (Pvt) Limited). The revalued amounts of properties have been determined on the basis of market rates depending upon physical verification and general appearance of the site.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees in	
12.1.1	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		
	Opening balance	3,584,030	3,476,350
	Additions	52,482	38,041
	Revaluation	600,425	472,683
	Disposals / Transfers	(109,969)	(374,400)
	Depreciation	(19,662)	(18,938)
	Impairment	_	(9,706)
	Closing balance	4,107,306	3,584,030

	Note	December 31, 2018	December 31
		Rupees	
2.1.2	Gain / Loss on Disposal of Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	•	
	Disposal proceeds	3,542	447,750
	Less:	3,042	447,730
	Cost	(3,629)	(374,400
	Impairment / Depreciation	(3,029)	(374,400
	ітрантені / Бергесіацоп	(3,569)	(374,400
	(Loss) / gain	(3,369)	73,350
2.2	Provision held against other assets		
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments	209,506	102,342
	Provision against fraud and forgeries	507,977	517,112
	Overdue FBN / FBD	24,295	24,295
	Charges receivable	23,043	35,081
	Others	22,382	68,232
	Others	787,203	747,062
12.2.1	Movement in provision held against other assets	101,200	
	Opening balance	747,062	926,951
	Charge for the year	96,695	67,620
	Reversals	(12,000)	(224,478
	Written off / adjusted	(44,554)	(23,031
	Closing balance	787,203	747,062
13	CONTINGENT ASSETS		,
13	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31,	2017.	, ,
13		2017.	
	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31,	2017. 7,752,959	
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE		
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS		
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured		
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan	7,752,959	7,835,467
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8	7,752,959	7,835,467
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3	7,752,959	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462
	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP)	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.2 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from financial institutions 15.5 & 15.7	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798
4	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.2 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from financial institutions 15.5 & 15.7	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from financial institutions 15.5 & 15.7 Unsecured Call borrowings 15.6 Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.2 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from financial institutions 15.5 & 15.7 Unsecured Call borrowings 15.6 Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts Musharaka borrowing	7,752,959 7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563 11,861,797 9,987,849 243,624 -	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823 100,000
14	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15.1 & 15.8 Under export refinance scheme 15.2 Under long term financing facility 15.3 Under financing scheme for renewable energy 15.4 Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from financial institutions 15.5 & 15.7 Unsecured Call borrowings 15.6 Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts	7,752,959 3 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563 11,861,797 9,987,849	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823 100,000 41,172 22,469,428

for the year ended December 31, 2018

- 15.1 This represents local currency borrowing from the SBP against government securities, carrying mark-up at the rate of 10.21% (2017: 5.82% to 5.86%) per annum, maturing on January 04, 2019.
- 15.2 The Bank has entered into various agreements for financing with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for extending export finance to customers. As per agreements, the Bank has granted to SBP the right to recover the outstanding amount from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finance by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP. The borrowing carries mark–up at the rate of 1.00% to 2.00% (2017: 1.00% to 2.00%) per annum. These borrowings are repayable within six months from the deal date.
- 15.3 This represents Long Term Financing facility availed by the Bank for further extending the same to its customers, for a maximum period of 10 years. The borrowing carries mark—up at the rate of 4.50%, 3.50% and 3.00% (2017: 4.50%, 3.50% and 3.00%) per annum for financing up—to 3 years, 5 years & 10 years respectively.
- 15.4 These represent borrowings from the SBP availed by the Bank for financing power projects / facilities using alternative/ renewable energy (solar, wind, hydro, biogas, bio-fuels, bagasse cogeneration, and geothermal as fuel) for a maximum period of 12 years. The borrowing carries mark-up at the rate of 2% (2017: 2%) per annum for 10 years and 12 years.
- 15.5 These represent borrowings in local and foreign currency from local and foreign interbank markets against government securities, carrying mark—up at the rate of 10% to 10.21% (2017: 5.60% to 5.80%) per annum for local currency borrowings, and at the rate of 3.37% to 3.99% (2017: 2.80% to 2.85%) per annum for foreign currency borrowings. These borrowings are maturing on various dates, latest by February 7, 2019.
- 15.6 These represent unsecured borrowings in local and foreign currency from the local and foreign interbank markets, carrying markup at the rate of 8.10% to 10.10% (2017: 5.71%) per annum for local currency borrowings, and at the rate of 2.35% to 4.27% (2017: 1.92% to 4.39%) per annum for foreign currency borrowings. These borrowings are maturing on various dates, latest by June 26, 2019.
- **15.7** Note 8.2.1 includes the carrying amount of investments given as collateral.

					Decemb	per 31. [December 31,
						2018	2017
						Rupees in '0	00
15.8	Particulars of borrowings with respect to	currencies					
	In local currency				211,20)1,481 2	206,150,246
	In foreign currencies				14,68	31,505	17,406,137
					225,88	32,986 2	223,556,383
		De	cember 31, 20	018	Dec	cember 31, 2	2017
		In Local Currency	In Foreign Currencies	Total	In Local Currency	In Foreign Currencies	Total
				Rupees in	'000		
16	DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS						
	Customers					T. [-
	Current deposits	323,679,045	18,874,483	342,553,528	289,377,760	14,338,979	303,716,739
	Savings deposits	365,551,154	24,707,235	390,258,389	321,236,255	19,699,697	340,935,952
	Term deposits	120,847,788	50,092,266	170,940,054	141,015,687	44,529,569	185,545,256
		810,077,987	93,673,984	903,751,971	751,629,702	78,568,245	830,197,947
	Financial Institutions						
	Current deposits	21,057,705	27,949	21,085,654	12,600,736	17,958	12,618,694

54,634,073

4,950,750

80,642,528

890,720,515

54,634,073

5,003,485

80,723,212

984,475,183

52,735

80,684

93,754,668

33,337,527

7,529,715

53,467,978

805,097,680

33,337,527

7,586,541

53,542,762

883,740,709

56,826

74,784

78,643,029

Savings deposits

Term deposits

				December 31,	December 31
				2018	2017
				Rupees	in '000
16.1	Composition of deposits				
	Individuals			384,786,399	356,719,817
	Private Sector			287,469,596	263,573,489
	Government (Federal and Provincial)			117,892,648	108,592,43
	Public Sector Entities			113,603,058	101,311,990
	Non-Banking Financial Institutions			72,932,722	47,227,97
	Banking Companies			7,790,760	6,314,99
				984,475,183	883,740,70
16.2	This includes deposits eligible to be covered under in	nsurance arrangemer	nts amounting to R	s. 513,218 million.	
16.3	Not outstanding value against propaid eards is Do. 1	40 959 million on at r	raparting data		
10.5	Net outstanding value against prepaid cards is Rs. 1	40.000 million as at i	eporting date.		
			December 3	1 2018	
			2000111201	Recognised	
			Recognised in	in other	
		At January 1,	profit and loss	comprehensive	At Decembe
		2018	account	income	31, 201
		2018	account Rupees i	income	31, 201
17	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	2018		income	31, 201
17		2018		income	31, 201
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on	2018		income	31, 201
17		19,093		income	31, 201
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against:			income n '000	19,093
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments	19,093		income n '000	19,093 38,959
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets	19,093 38,959		income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations	19,093 38,959 14,824	Rupees i	income n '000	19,093 38,958 14,824 46,313
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869	Rupees i	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980	Rupees i	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246	Rupees i (556) - (393,039)	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595)	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989)	Rupees i (556) - (393,039)	income n '000	19,093 38,958 14,822 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376
17	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595)	income n '000	19,093 38,958 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376 (1,154,147 (2,792,338
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - Surplus on revaluation of investments	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262) (25,789)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595)	income n '000	19,093 38,958 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376 (1,154,147 (2,792,338 (23,962
117	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595)	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376 (1,154,147 (2,792,338 (23,962 (338,631
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets - Actuarial gains	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262) (25,789) (93,888)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595) 54,842	income n '000	
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - Surplus on revaluation of investments - Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets - Actuarial gains - Accelerated tax depreciation / amortization - Excess of investment in finance lease over	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262) (25,789) (93,888) (1,295,641)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595) 54,842	income n '000	19,093 38,958 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376 (1,154,147 (2,792,338 (23,962 (338,631 (1,385,520
7	Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against: - Investments - Other assets - Off balance sheet obligations - Advances - Post retirement medical benefits - Workers welfare fund Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - Surplus on revaluation of investments - Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets - Actuarial gains - Accelerated tax depreciation / amortization	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,869 42,980 1,183,246 1,345,971 (1,208,989) (5,650,262) (25,789) (93,888)	Rupees i (556) (393,039) (393,595) 54,842	income n '000	19,093 38,959 14,824 46,313 42,980 790,207 952,376 (1,154,147 (2,792,338 (23,962 (338,631

		December 3	1, 2017	
	At January 1,	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive	At December
	2017	account	income	31, 2017
		Rupees in	n '000	
Dadustible Tempovary Differences on				
 Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against:				
 - Investments	19,093			19,093
 - Other assets	38,959	_		38,959
 - Off balance sheet obligations	14,824	_	_	14,824
 - Advances	55,572	(9.702)		46,869
 Post retirement medical benefits		(8,703)		
	42,980	- 007.057		42,980
 - Workers welfare fund	915,389	267,857		1,183,246
 Tayahla Tamparan / Diffaranasa an	1,086,817	259,154	_	1,345,971
 Taxable Temporary Differences on	(E01 600)	00 500	(646,000)	(1,000,000)
 - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	(591,639)	29,582	(646,932)	(1,208,989)
 - Surplus on revaluation of investments	(9,721,104)	_	4,070,842	(5,650,262)
 - Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets	(13,930)	_	(11,859)	(25,789)
 – Actuarial gains	(613,973)	_	520,085	(93,888)
 Accelerated tax depreciation / amortization	(1,119,852)	(175,789)	_	(1,295,641)
 - Excess of investment in finance lease over				
 written down value of leased assets	(13,206)	_		(13,206)
	(12,073,704)	(146,207)	3,932,136	(8,287,775)
	(10,986,887)	112,947	3,932,136	(6,941,804)
			2018 Rupees i	201 [°] n '000
OTHER LIABILITIES				
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency			2,366,946	
 Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currenc				2,269,14
 IVIAIN-UP / TELUITI / IITLETESI PAYADIE IITTOTEIGIT CUITETIC	ies		343,307	
			343,307 123.294	264,305
 Unearned commission and income on bills discounted			123,294	264,305 111,358
 Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses			123,294 1,032,259	264,305 111,358 1,690,883
 Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable			123,294 1,032,259 306,416	264,305 111,358 1,690,88 264,520
 Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances			123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,548
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends			123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,526 3,953,545 246,258
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable			123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,545 246,258 18,292
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account			123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,545 246,258 18,292
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for:		37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134	264,308 111,358 1,690,88 264,520 3,953,548 246,258 18,292 272,344
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity		37.4 37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134	264,308 1111,358 1,690,881 264,520 3,953,548 246,258 18,292 272,344
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits		37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,545 246,255 18,292 272,344 511,915 1,240,250
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences			123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216	2,269,141 264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,545 246,259 18,292 272,344 511,919 1,240,250 570,128
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan		37.4 37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306	264,306 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,548 246,258 18,292 272,344 511,918 1,240,250 570,128 33,916
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342	264,305 111,358 1,690,887 264,520 3,953,545 246,259 18,292 272,344 511,919 1,240,250 570,128 33,916 306,342
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151	264,304 111,358 1,690,883 264,520 3,953,544 246,259 18,292 272,344 511,919 1,240,250 570,128 33,910 306,342
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account		37.4 37.4	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311	264,308 1111,358 1,690,881 264,520 3,953,548 246,258 18,292 272,344 511,919 1,240,250 570,128 33,916 306,342 662,862
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908	264,30£ 111,35£ 1,690,887 264,52€ 3,953,54€ 246,25€ 18,292 272,344 511,91€ 1,240,25€ 570,12€ 33,91€ 306,342 662,862
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 688,375	264,304 111,358 1,690,883 264,520 3,953,544 246,258 18,292 272,344 511,919 1,240,250 570,128 33,916 306,342 662,862 624,548 494,333
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 688,375 2,427,652	264,303 1111,356 1,690,88 264,520 3,953,544 246,253 18,293 272,344 511,919 1,240,256 570,123 33,910 306,343 662,863 494,333 2,030,198
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits Workers welfare fund payable		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 688,375 2,427,652 2,257,734	264,30£ 111,35£ 1,690,887 264,52€ 3,953,54€ 246,25€ 18,292 272,34€ 511,91€ 1,240,25€ 570,12€ 33,91€ 306,342 662,862 624,54€ 494,337 2,030,19€ 3,380,70€
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits		37.4 37.4 18.1	123,294 1,032,259 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 688,375 2,427,652	264,30 111,35 1,690,88 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 570,12 33,91 306,34 662,86 624,54 494,33 2,030,19

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
18.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		
	Opening balance	306,342	557,958
	Charge for the year	_	12,459
	Reversals	_	(264,075)
	Net reversal	_	(251,616)
	Closing balance	306,342	306,342

The above provision includes provisions made against letters of guarantee issued by the Bank.

19 SHARE CAPITAL

19.1 Authorized capital

December 31,	December 31,		December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017		2018	2017
No. of	shares		Rupees	in '000
1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	15,000,000	15,000,000

19.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

Fully paid-up Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each

December 31,	December 31,		December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017		2018	2017
No. o	f shares		Rupees	in '000
406,780,094	406,780,094	Fully paid in cash	4,067,801	4,067,801
720,745,186	720,745,186	Issued as bonus shares	7,207,452	7,207,452
1,127,525,280	1,127,525,280		11,275,253	11,275,253
		18,348,550 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, determined		
		pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation in accordance		
		with the swap ratio stipulated therein less 9,200,000		
		ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, held by Ibrahim		
9,148,550	9,148,550	Leasing Limited on the cut-off date (September 30, 2004)	91,486	91,486
		8,400,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, determined		
		pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of First Allied		
		Bank Modaraba with Allied Bank Limited in accordance		
8,400,000	8,400,000	with the share swap ratio stipulated therein.	84,000	84,000
1,145,073,830	1,145,073,830		11,450,739	11,450,739

Ibrahim Holdings (Private) Limited (holding company of the Bank), holds 967,911,610 (84.53%) [2017: 965,879,110 (84.35%)] ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each respectively, as at reporting date.

		Note	December 31,	Decembe	
			2018 Busses		2017
			Rupees	III 000	
20	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX				
	Surplus arising on revaluation of:				
	- fixed assets	20.1	15,755,409	16,004,	075
	 non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims 	20.2	2,135,995	1,575,	632
	 available–for–sale securities 	8.1	5,185,770	10,493,	344
	Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax		23,077,174	28,073,	051
20.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets acquired in satisfaction of claims				
	Surplus as at January 1, 2018		17,213,064	7,424,	441
	Surplus on revaluation during the year		37,226	9,873,	143
•	Surplus related to transfer / adjustments		(168,022)		_
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental				
	depreciation charged during the year – net of deferred tax		(112,263)	(54,9	
	Related deferred tax liability		(60,450)	(29,5	
		10.5	(172,713)	(84,5	
	Surplus on revaluation as at December 31, 2018		16,909,555	17,213,	064
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on :				
	Revaluation surplus as at January 1, 2018		(1,208,989)	(591,6	
	Deferred tax liability on revaluation surplus		(5,607)	(646,9	932)
	Deferred tax on incremental depreciation transferred				
	to profit and loss account		60,450		582
			(1,154,146)	(1,208,9	
			15,755,409	16,004,	075
20.2	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets				
	Surplus as at January 1, 2018		1,601,421	1,327,	010
	Curely an envelopment of wing the year		600,425	463,	400
	Surplus on revaluation during the year Surplus realised on disposal /transfer		(39,099)	(187,0	
	Surplus realised on disposal /transiel		(09,099)	(107,0	700)
***************************************	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental				
	depreciation charged during the year – net of deferred tax		(1,813)	(1,2	294)
•••••	Related deferred tax liability		(976)	(6	696)
			(2,789)	(1,9	990)
	Surplus on revaluation as at December 31, 2018		2,159,958	1,601,	421
•	Less: Related deferred tax liability on :				***************************************
	Revaluation surplus as at January 1, 2018		(25,789)	(13,9	930)
•	Deferred tax liability on revaluation surplus		(5,412)	(12,5	555)
•	Deferred tax on surplus on disposal/transfer		6,262		_
	Deferred tax on incremental depreciation transferred				
•	to profit and loss account		976		696
			(23,963)	(25,7	789)
			2,135,995	1,575,	632

	No.	ote	December 31,	December
			2018 Rupees	in '000
21	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	Guarantees 21	4	28,018,148	25,711,1
•		.1	342,770,483	201,555,4
		.2		8,638,6
	Other contingent liabilities 21	.0	8,738,009 379,526,640	235,905,1
21.1	Guarantees			
	Financial guarantees		4,434,872	4,096,7
•	Performance guarantees		6,656,657	6,807,1
	Other guarantees		16,926,619	14,807,2
	ethol gadrantosc		28,018,148	25,711,1
21.2	Commitments		-	
	Documentary credits and short term trade related transactions:			
	letters of credit		68,457,757	55,592,1
•				
	Commitments in respect of:			
•	forward foreign exchange contracts 21.		207,509,971	136,619,3
		2.2	57,768,858	
	operating leases 21.	2.3	6,018,458	6,279,9
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
	fixed assets		2,895,671	3,064,0
•	intangible assets		119,768	
			342,770,483	201,555,4
21.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts			
	Purchase		137,056,586	95,038,7
•	Sale		70,453,385	41,580,6
			207,509,971	136,619,3
21.2.2	Commitments in respect of forward government securities transactions			
	Purchase		57,768,858	
21.2.3	Commitments in respect of operating leases			
	Not later than one year		1,101,928	1,120,3
•••••	Later than one year and not later than five years		3,231,233	3,405,7
•••••	Later than five years		1,685,297	1,753,7
			6,018,458	6,279,9
21.3	Other contingent liabilities			
21.3.1	Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debt		8,738,009	8,638,6

for the year ended December 31, 2018

21.3.2 The income tax assessments of the Bank have been finalized upto and including tax year 2018 for local, Azad Kashmir and Gilgit Baltistan operations. While finalizing income tax assessments upto tax year 2018, income tax authorities made certain add backs with aggregate tax impact of Rs.24,332 million (2017: 24,332 million). As a result of appeals filed by the Bank before appellate authorities, most of the add backs have been deleted. However, the Bank and Tax Department are in appeals / references before higher forums against unfavorable decisions. Pending finalization of appeals / references no provision has been made by the Bank on aggregate sum of Rs. 24,332 million (2017: 24,332 million). The management is confident that the outcome of these appeals / references will be in favor of the Bank.

Tax Authorities have conducted proceedings of withholding tax audit under section 161/205 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2003 to 2006 and tax year 2008 to 2017 and created an arbitrary demand of Rs. 1,536 million (2017: 1,326 million). The Bank's appeals before CIR(A)/Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) are pending for adjudication. The management is confident that these appeals will be decided in favor of the Bank; therefore, no provision has been made against the said demand of Rs. 1,536 million (2017: 1,326 million).

Tax authorities have also issued orders under Federal Excise Act, 2005 / Sales Tax Act, 1990 and Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 for the year 2008 to 2017 thereby creating arbitrary aggregate demand of Rs. 900 million (2017: 893 million). The Bank's appeals before CIR(A)/Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) are pending for adjudication. The management is confident that aforesaid demand will be deleted by appellate authorities and therefore no provision has been made against the said demand of Rs. 900 million (2017: 893 million).

21.3.3 As a result of default by Fateh Textile Mills to terms of compromise decree passed in August 2002 by the Honourable High Court of Sindh, 16,376,106 shares of ABL were sold in accordance with section 19 (3) of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001, after complying with the due and complete transparent process. Sealed bids were invited from interested parties. The bidding process was scheduled for July 23, 2004 and the Rs. 25 per share was fixed reserve price. On the bid date, the highest offer for these shares was received at a rate of Rs. 25.51 per share. The bid was approved and the successful bidder had deposited an amount of Rs. 417.75 million with the Bank.

Fateh Textile Mills Limited filed suit in the High Court of Sindh challenging the above sale of shares. The High Court had not granted a stay order against the said sale. The sale of shares was, therefore; concluded.

21.3.4 While adjudicating foreign exchange repatriation cases of exporter namely: Fateh Textile Mills Limited, the Foreign Exchange Adjudicating Court (FEAC) of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has arbitrarily adjudicated penalties against various banks including Rs. 2,173 million in aggregate against Allied Bank Limited (the Bank). Against the said judgments, the Bank had filed appeals before the Appellate Board and Constitutional Petitions (CP) in the High Court of Sindh, Karachi. The Honorable High Court granted relief to the Bank by way of interim orders. Meanwhile, alongwith other banks, Bank filed a further CP whereby vires of section 23C of the FE Regulations Act, 1947 was sought to be declared ultra vires. On November 8, 2018, the Honorable court was pleased to order that the Appellate Board shall not finally decide the appeals. Based on merits of the appeals, the management is confident that these appeals shall be decided in favor of the Bank and therefore no provision has been made against the impugned penalty.

22 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Bank at present does not offer structured derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or FX Options. However, the Bank buys and sells derivative instruments such as:

- Forward Exchange Contracts
- Foreign Exchange Swaps
- Equity Futures
- Forward Contracts for Government Securities

Forward Exchange Contracts

Forward Exchange Contract (FEC) is a product which is offered to the obligor who transact internationally. These obligor use this product to hedge themselves from unfavorable movements in a foreign currency, however, by agreeing to fix the exchange rate, they do not benefit from favorable movements in that currency.

An FEC is a contract between the Obligor and the Bank in which both agree to exchange an amount of one currency for another currency at an agreed forward exchange rate for settlement over more than two business days after the FEC is entered into (the day on which settlement occurs is called the value date). FEC is entered with those Obligors whose credit worthiness has already been assessed, and they have underlined trade transactions.

If the relevant exchange rate moves un–favorably, Obligor will benefit from that movement because the Bank must exchange currencies at the FEC rate. In order to mitigate this risk of adverse exchange rate movement, the Bank hedges its exposure by taking opposite forward position in inter–bank FX.

Foreign Exchange Swaps

A Foreign Exchange Swap (FX Swap) is used by the Bank if it has a need to exchange one currency for another currency on one day and then re–exchange those currencies at a later date. Exchange rates and forward margins are determined in the "interbank" market and fluctuate according to supply and demand.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

An FX Swap prevents the Bank from gaining any benefit resulting from a favorable exchange rate movement in the relevant currency pair between the time Bank enters into the transaction deal and when settlement occurs. Cancellation of the swap may also result in exposure to market movements. The key advantage of an FX swap is that it provides the Bank with protection against unfavorable currency movements between the time it enters into the transaction and settlement. The term and amounts for FX Swap can also be tailored to suit the Bank's particular needs.

Equity Futures

An equity futures contract is a standardized contract, traded on a futures counter of the stock exchange, to buy or sell a certain underlying script at a certain date in the future, at a specified price.

The Bank may use equity futures as a hedging instrument to hedge its equity portfolio, in both 'held-for-trading' and 'available-for-sale', against equity price risk. Only selected shares are allowed to be traded on futures exchange. Equity futures give flexibility to the Bank either to take delivery on the future settlement date or to settle it by adjusting the notional value of the contract based on the current market rates. Maximum exposure limit to the equity futures is 10% of Tier I Capital of the Bank, based on prevailing SBP regulations.

The accounting policies used to recognize and disclose derivatives are given in Note 4.15.2. The risk management framework of derivative instruments is given in note 44.

_	Note	e December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
23	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED		
	Loans and advances	29,696,524	23,721,333
***************************************	Investments	37,204,167	41,615,667
•	Lendings to financial institutions	6,185,232	344,868
•	Balances with banks	188,238	26,889
		73,274,161	65,708,757
24	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED		
	Deposits	30,129,853	23,924,732
•	Borrowings	9,524,346	8,909,148
	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits	1,504,521	1,296,614
		41,158,720	34,130,494
25	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME		
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards)	1,328,622	1,158,632
	Branch banking customer fees	1,228,557	1,154,077
	Commission on remittances including home remittances	590,077	419,375
	Investment banking fees	524,226	580,449
	Commission on trade	362,470	357,832
•	Commission on cash management	120,102	109,229
•	Commission on guarantees	103,085	110,589
•	Commission on bancassurance	78,936	11,352
•	Credit related fees	20,270	13,500
•	Consumer finance related fees	4,196	2,367
		4,360,541	3,917,402
26	GAIN ON SECURITIES		
	Realised – net 26.	2,381,713	641,043
	Unrealised – held for trading	_	1,782
		2,381,713	642,825
26.1	Realised gain / (loss) on:		
	Federal government securities	1,775,998	641,043
•	Shares	606,868	_
•	Non Government debt securities	(1,153)	_
•		2,381,713	641,043

		Note	December 31, 2018	December 31
			Rupees	
0.7	OTHER INCOME			
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Recovery of written off mark-up and charges		172,074	-
***************************************	Gain on sale of fixed assets – net		34,903	53,012
	Other assets disposal		34,463	29,045
	Rent on property		5,582	6,780
	Fee for attending Board meetings		2,845	1,88
	Gain on disposal of islamic financing and related assets		2,629	
	(Loss) / gain on sale of non-banking assets	27.1	(27)	73,11
	· ,		252,469	163,82
27.1	This includes (loss) / gain on sale of two non-banking assets amounti (2017: gain of Rs. 73.350 million).	ng to Rs. (0.157) milli	on and Rs. 0.130 m	nillion respective
		Note	December 31,	December 3
			2018 Rupees	201 in '000
28	OPERATING EXPENSES		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Total compensation expense	28.1	12,197,712	10,944,42
	Property expense:			***************************************
	Depreciation		2,068,320	1,594,44
	Rent and taxes		1,736,688	1,532,65
	Utilities cost		996,508	949,11
	Security (including guards)		717,501	773,55
	Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)		558,166	542,35
	Insurance		64,293	64,31
	Information to almost any overage		6,141,476	5,456,43
	Information technology expenses:		631,926	521,36
	Network charges Depreciation		541,863	469,92
	Amortization		401,074	307,74
	Software maintenance		353,806	296,51
	Hardware maintenance		297,826	186,14
	Others		8,521	10,97
			2,235,016	1,792,67
	Other operating expenses:			
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity		642,873	586,25
	Insurance		567,053	171,98
	Outsourced service costs	36.1	534,151	466,61
	Cash in Transit service charge		415,560	405,97
	Stationery and printing		333,162	338,95
	Travelling and conveyance		178,971	182,78
	Legal and professional charges		140,230	115,30
	Postage and courier charges		126,877	155,09
	Depreciation	20.5	125,659	140,56
	Donations	28.3	113,238	54,20
	NIFT clearing charges		106,097	99,47
	Communication		87,952	116,68
	Directors fees and allowances	00.0	18,182	16,97
***************************************	Auditors Remuneration	28.2	17,727	17,56
	Othoro			
	Others		365,102 3,772,834	361,56 3,230,01

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
28.1	Total compensation expense		
	Salaries	8,038,512	7,665,477
	Fees And Allowances etc.	1,440,423	1,329,350
	Bonus and Awards	1,096,909	947,796
	Charge For Defined Benefit Plan	596,601	57,796
	Contribution To Defined Contribution Plan	310,235	297,696
	Conveyance expense	199,580	164,131
	Medical expense	113,576	143,925
	Staff Training	101,430	47,313
	Insurance	80,194	80,189
	Education Subsidy	30,200	31,913
	Hajj Expenses	23,531	15,624
	Staff Uniform	13,175	12,402
	Executive Club Membership	11,335	3,300
	Verification Charges Educational Documents	2,275	3,024
	Recruitment Charges	1,282	3,073
	Others	1,218	279
	Sub-Total	12,060,476	10,803,287
	Voluntary Retirement Scheme	137,236	141,139
	Grand Total	12,197,712	10,944,426

28.1.1 The Bank announced the Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) for its employees. Fifty three (53) employees (2017: 59) of the Bank opted for retirement under this scheme.

		December 31,	December 31,	
		2018	2017	
		Rupees	in '000	
28.2	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee	6,110	6,110	
	Fee for other statutory certifications	4,752	4,524	
	Fee for audit of foreign branches*	2,150	1,629	
	Half year review	2,535	2,535	
	Special certifications and sundry advisory services	_	500	
	Sales tax	628	653	
	Out-of-pocket expenses	1,552	1,612	
		17,727	17,563	

^{*}This includes audit fee amounting to Bahraini Dinar 5,500 (2017: 4,350) relating to Wholesale Bahrain Branch.

28.3 None of the directors, executives and their spouses had any interest in the donees, except Mr. Naeem Mukhtar (Chairman / Non-Executive Director) is director in National Management Foundation (LUMS). Further, spouse of a key management personnel also holds key position in RAAST Welfare Society.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	Note	December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
Acumen Fund Pakistan		10,000	_
Altaf Mahmood Foundation		_	1,000
Anjuman Himayat–i–Islam	28.3.1	5,065	4,577
Bakhtawar Amin Memorial Trust Hospital		1,000	_
Baluchistan Residential Colleges		_	989
Chaman (Center for Mentally Challenged Children)		1,000	1,695
COMKAR Command Improvement Fund		_	1,000
Children Hospital Faisalabad		1,730	_
Diamer – Bhasha and Mohmand Dam Fund		14,283	_
Fountain House Mental Health Association		500	_
Government Hospital Gawadar		_	923
Liver Foundation Trust		1,000	1,000
Namal Education Foundation		30,000	_
National Management Foundation (LUMS)		30,000	30,000
Bolan Cricket Stadium		_	500
Punjab Food Authority		337	4,500
RAAST Welfare Society		1,000	_
Rising Sun Institution for Special Children		200	_
Saleem Memorial Hospital		_	5,000
Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust		1,000	_
Sukkur Institute of Business Administration		_	1,000
Sundas Foundation		1,000	_
Taj Medical Complex & Hamdard University		_	25
Tamir Welfare Organization		2,500	2,000
Tehzeeb Social Welfare Organization		250	_
The Indus Hospital		10,000	_
University of Turbat		2,373	
		113,238	54,209

28.3.1 This represents charitable expenses on account of sadqa & feeding to under privileged.

29 WORKERS WELFARE FUND

Supreme Court of Pakistan vide order dated November 10, 2016 held that the amendments made in the law through Finance Act 2008, introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Worker Welfare Fund (WWF) were unlawful. Federal Board of Revenue filed review petition against the subject order, which is currently pending for adjudication.

However, based on the above referred order and legal opinion of the tax consultants, the Bank has reversed the provision against WWF for the period from January 2008 to December 2013, i.e. before levy of WWF by Sindh Provincial Government.

WWF provision from 2014 to 2018 has been maintained conservatively, based on tax advisor's opinion in view of provincial levy of WWF by Sindh with effect from 2014; which is under litigation.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
30	OTHER CHARGES		
	Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan	38,143	41,642
	Education cess	23,267	31,022
	Depreciation – non-banking assets	19,662	18,938
	Other assets written off	891	5,254
		81,963	96,856

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		December 31,	December 31
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
31	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET		
	Provision for diminution in the value of investments	109,019	8,804
	Reversal against loans and advances	(1,132,836)	(1,966,938)
	Provision / (reversal) against other assets	84,696	(156,858)
	Reversal against off balance sheet obligations	_	(251,616)
	Bad debts written off directly	_	_
		(939,121)	(2,366,608)
	Recovery of written off bad debts	(150,567)	(159,540)
		(1,089,688)	(2,526,148)

32 EXTRA-ORDINARY / UNUSUAL ITEM

Under the Suo Moto case SMC No. 20/2016, the Honorable Supreme Court had taken up the matter relating to pension arrangements of certain privatized banks including Allied Bank Limited. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan concluded the Suo Moto case on February 13, 2018, by using judicial discretion and fixed the minimum pension and indexation levels for eligible staff, on humanitarian grounds. In view of the underlying judgement, the Bank under the guidance of legal counsel, has booked the related past service cost amounting to Rs. 172 million; based on a latest actuarial valuation.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	s in '000
33	TAXATION		
	Current – for the year including super tax	7,707,277	7,295,083
	– for prior year	_	962,923
		7,707,277	8,258,006
	Deferred – current	428,632	(112,947)
		8,135,909	8,145,059
33.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Accounting profit for the year	21,016,427	20,878,695
	Tax on income @ 35% (2017: 35%)	7,355,749	7,307,543
	Super Tax @ 4%	790,490	962,923
	Others	(10,330)	(125,407)
	Tax charge for the year	8,135,909	8,145,059
34	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		
	Profit after taxation	12,880,518	12,733,636
		Number of Shares	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	1,145,073,830	1,145,073,830
		Rupees	
	Earnings per share – basic and diluted	11.25	11.12

There is no dilution effect on basic earnings per share.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
35	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	99,188,414	85,367,382
	Balances with other banks	6	2,575,055	648,765
	Overdrawn nostro accounts	15	(243,624)	(104,823)
			101,519,845	85,911,324
			Numb	oers
36	STAFF STRENGTH			
	Permanent		10,930	10,637
	Temporary / on contractual basis / trainee		276	438
	Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year		11,206	11,075
	Average number of employees		11,141	11,203

36.1 In addition to the above, 376 (2017: 319) employees of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Bank as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services. Further, 8 (2017: 10) employees were posted abroad. The rest were working domestically.

37 DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

37.1 General description

The Bank operates a funded gratuity scheme for all employees who opted for the staff retirement benefit scheme introduced by the management with effect from July 1, 2002. For those employees who did not opt for the new scheme, the Bank continues to operate a funded pension scheme.

The Bank also operates a contributory benevolent fund (defined benefit scheme – funded) and provides post retirement medical benefits (unfunded scheme) to eligible retired employees.

37.2 Number of employees and beneficiaries under the schemes

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme / plans are:

	December 31,	December 31
	2018	2017
	Num	bers
- Pension fund	922	1,193
- Gratuity fund	10,674	10,686
- Benevolent fund	76	88
- Post retirement medical benefits	10,623	10,637
- Employees' compensated absences	10,623	10,637
In addition, the number of beneficiaries covered under the following defined benefit scheme / plans are:		
- Pension fund	2,236	2,022
– Post retirement medical benefits	1,610	2.017

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuations were carried out for December 31, 2018 based on the Projected Unit Credit Method, using the following significant assumptions:

	Sources of estimation	December 31,	December 31
		2018	2017
Withdrawal rate			
Pension fund		Low	Low
Gratuity fund		High	High
Benevolent fund		High	High
Post retirement medical benefits		High	High
Employees' compensated absences		High	High
Mortality rate		Adjusted SLIC	Adjusted SLIC
		2001–2005	2001–2005
Discount rate	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Expected rate of return on plan ass	ets		
Pension fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Gratuity fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Benevolent fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Expected rate of salary increase	Rate of salary increase	11.25%	6.25%

The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends on the asset portfolio of the Bank, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of the related obligation.

37.4 Reconciliation of (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans / other long term benefits

			D	ecember 31, 20	18			D	ecember 31, 20	17	
	Note	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	tupees in '000				F	tupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	37.6	1,585,703	2,827,757	9,206	1,332,925	606,216	1,979,453	2,531,300	8,036	1,240,250	570,128
Fair value of plan's / scheme's assets	37.7	(6,145,768)	(2,383,102)	(241,036)	_	_	(5,671,485)	(2,019,381)	(232, 158)	-	-
Net (asset) / liability		(4,560,065)	444,655	(231,830)	1,332,925	606,216	(3,692,032)	511,919	(224,122)	1,240,250	570,128
Benefit of the surplus not available to											
the Bank		_	_	115,915	_	_	_	_	112,061	_	_
Net (asset) / liability		(4,560,065)	444,655	(115,915)	1,332,925	606,216	(3,692,032)	511,919	(112,061)	1,240,250	570,128

37.5 Movement in (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans

			D	ecember 31, 20	18			D	ecember 31, 20	17	
	Note	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000				R	upees in '000		
Opening balance		(3,692,032)	511,919	(112,061)	1,240,250	570,128	(4,614,727)	255,291	(106,116)	1,298,380	698,964
(Reversal) / charge for the year	37.9	(121,245)	391,019	(18,490)	144,612	244,446	(363,776)	306,687	(16,978)	129,178	37,189
Other comprehensive (income) / losses		(746,788)	(72,143)	14,636	105,031	_	1,286,471	250,516	11,033	(62,068)	-
Contribution to the fund / benefits paid		_	(386,040)	_	(156,968)	(208,358)	_	(300,575)	_	(125,240)	(166,025
Closing balance		(4,560,065)	444,755	(115,915)	1,332,925	606,216	(3,692,032)	511,919	(112,061)	1,240,250	570,128

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.6 Movement in defined benefit obligations

Fig.				De	ecember 31, 2018	8	
Copening balance						retirement	Employees' compensated absences
Current service cost				F	Rupees in '000		
Current service cost		Opening halance	1 070 453	2 531 300	8 036	1 2/0 250	570 128
Interest cost	•		1,979,400		0,000		
Benefits paid G81_231 G21_380 C2_041 I156_968 C208_358 Past Service Cost - Supreme Court T72_TT1			1/18 //0/		570		
Past Service Cost - Supreme Court							
Past Service Cost - Change in retirement age				(021,000)	(2,041)	(100,000)	(200,000)
WRS / settlement loss				33 851		22 075	18 252
Re-measurement (gain) / loss							
Closing balance							
Pension fund Pens							
Pension fund Rund		Closing balance	1,303,703	2,021,131	9,200	1,002,820	000,210
Fund							
Opening balance						retirement	Employees' compensated absences
Ourrent service cost				F	Rupees in '000		
Interest cost		Opening balance	2,001,618	2,285,523	8,776	1,298,380	698,964
Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) (125,240) (166,025) Past Service Cost-Supreme Court		Current service cost	_	280,153	_	29,182	37,697
Past Service Cost- Supreme Court		Interest cost	149,272	173,464	604	98,861	49,276
Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age		Benefits paid	(271,434)	(234,443)	(2,455)	(125,240)	(166,025)
VRS / settlement loss / (gain)		Past Service Cost– Supreme Court	_	_	_	_	_
Re-measurement loss / (gain) 94,595 20,492 1,111 (62,068) (71,640)	***************************************	Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age	_	_	_	_	_
Closing balance 1,979,453 2,531,300 8,036 1,240,250 570,128		VRS / settlement loss / (gain)	5,402	6,111	_	1,135	21,856
Novement in fair value of plan assets Pension fund Pension f		Re-measurement loss / (gain)	94,595	20,492	1,111	(62,068)	(71,640)
Pension fund Pension fund fund fund fund fund fund fund Pension fund fund fund fund fund fund fund fun		Closing balance	1,979,453	2,531,300	8,036	1,240,250	570,128
Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Post retirement medical Employees' compensated absences	37.7	Movement in fair value of plan assets					
Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Compensated absences					ecember 31, 2018	8	
Opening balance 5,671,485 2,019,381 232,158 -						retirement	Employees' compensated absences
Expected return on plan assets				F	Rupees in '000		
Bank's contribution		Opening balance	5,671,485	2,019,381	232,158	_	_
Benefits paid (361,231) (321,380) (2,041) - - - - - - - - -		Expected return on plan assets	452,997	153,342	19,069	_	_
Re-measurement gain / (loss) 382,517 145,719 (8,150) - - - - Closing balance 6,145,768 2,383,102 241,036 - - - Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund retirement medical retirement medical absences		Bank's contribution	_	386,040	_	_	_
Re-measurement gain / (loss) 382,517 145,719 (8,150) - - - - Closing balance 6,145,768 2,383,102 241,036 - - - Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund retirement medical retirement medical absences		Benefits paid	(361,231)	(321,380)	(2,041)	_	_
December 31, 2017 Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Post retirement medical Employees' compensated absences		Re-measurement gain / (loss)	382,517		(8,150)	_	_
Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Post retirement fund Employees compensated absences Rupees in '000 Opening balance 6,616,345 2,030,232 221,007 -		Closing balance	6,145,768	2,383,102	241,036	_	
fund fund fund fund retirement medical compensated absences Rupees in '000 Opening balance 6,616,345 2,030,232 221,007 - - - Expected return on plan assets 518,450 153,041 17,582 - - - Bank's contribution - 300,576 - - - - Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) - - - Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976) - - -				De	ecember 31, 201	7	
Opening balance 6,616,345 2,030,232 221,007 - - - Expected return on plan assets 518,450 153,041 17,582 - - Bank's contribution - 300,576 - - - Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) - - Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976) - -				•		retirement	Employees' compensated absences
Expected return on plan assets 518,450 153,041 17,582 - - Bank's contribution - 300,576 - - - - Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) - - Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976) - -				F	Rupees in '000		
Bank's contribution - 300,576 - - - - Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) - - - Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976) - - -		Opening balance	6,616,345	2,030,232	221,007	_	_
Benefits paid (271,434) (234,443) (2,455) - - - Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976) - - -	***************************************	Expected return on plan assets	518,450	153,041	17,582	-	_
Re-measurement loss (1,191,876) (230,025) (3,976)		Bank's contribution	_	300,576	_	_	_
		Benefits paid	(271,434)	(234,443)	(2,455)	-	_
Closing balance 5,671,485 2,019,381 232,158 – –		Re-measurement loss	(1,191,876)	(230,025)	(3,976)	_	_
		Closing balance	5,671,485	2,019,381	232,158	_	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.8 Components of plan assets

			De	ecember 31, 2018	8	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Equity securities	5,333,723	655,028	29,796	_	_
•	Government securities	_	_	_	_	_
•	Cash and cash equivalents	812,045	1,728,074	211,240	_	_
		6,145,768	2,383,102	241,036	_	_
37.8.1	Fair value of Bank's financial instruments included in plan assets					
	Shares of ABL	3,277,428	655,028	29,796	_	_
•	Term deposit receipts	664,594	1,693,708	193,345	_	_
•	Bank balances with ABL	147,451	34,366	17,895	_	_
		4,089,473	2,383,102	241,036	_	
			De	ecember 31, 201	7	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
				apose iii ooo		
	Equity securities	2,827,493	517,952	23,561	-	_
	Equity securities Government securities	2,827,493		·		
		2,827,493 - 2,843,992	517,952	·		
	Government securities	-	517,952 304,383	23,561	-	
37.8.2	Government securities	- 2,843,992	517,952 304,383 1,197,046	23,561 - 208,597	-	- - -
37.8.2	Government securities Cash and cash equivalents Fair value of Bank's financial instruments	- 2,843,992	517,952 304,383 1,197,046	23,561 - 208,597	-	
37.8.2	Government securities Cash and cash equivalents Fair value of Bank's financial instruments included in plan assets	- 2,843,992 5,671,485	517,952 304,383 1,197,046 2,019,381	23,561 - 208,597 232,158	- - -	- - - -
37.8.2	Government securities Cash and cash equivalents Fair value of Bank's financial instruments included in plan assets Shares of ABL	2,843,992 5,671,485 2,827,493	517,952 304,383 1,197,046 2,019,381	23,561 - 208,597 232,158		- - - -

^{37.8.3} Investment in term deposit receipts are subject to credit risk and interest rate risks, while equity securities are subject to price risk. These risks are regularly monitored by Trustees of the employee funds.

37.9 Charge for defined benefit plan

		De	ecember 31, 201	8	
	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
		F	Rupees in '000		
Current service cost	_	307,163	_	29,241	32,688
Interest cost	_	_	_	95,846	38,441
Net interest	(304,593)	42,333	(18,490)	_	_
Past Service Cost– Supreme Court	172,111	_	_	_	_
Past Service Cost– Change in retirement age	4,285	33,851	_	22,975	18,252
VRS loss / (gain)	6,952	7,672	_	(3,450)	17,215
Re-measurement loss recognised	_	_	_	_	137,850
	(121,245)	391,019	(18,490)	144,612	244,446

	_		De	ecember 31, 20	17	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Current service cost		280,153		29,182	37,697
	Interest cost		20,423		98,861	49,276
	Net interest	(369,178)	20,420	(16,978)	-	45,270
	Past Service Cost- Supreme Court	(000,170)		(10,970)		
	Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age	_				
	VRS loss	5,402	6,111		1,135	21,856
	Re-measurement gain recognised	-	-	_	-	(71,640
		(363,776)	306,687	(16,978)	129,178	37,189
37.10	Re-measurements recognized in other comprehensive	ve income				
			De	ecember 31, 20	18	
	-	Pension	Gratuity	Benevolent	Post	Employees
		fund	fund	fund	retirement medical	compensated
			F	Rupees in '000	medical	absences
	Re-measurement gain / (loss) on obligations - Experience adjustmen	ts 364.271	(73,576)	(2,632)	(105,031)	_
	Re-measurement gain / (loss) on assets	382,517	145,719	(8,150)		_
	Asset ceiling adjustment	_	_	(3,854)	_	_
	Re-measurement gain / (loss) in OCI	746,788	72,143	(14,636)	(105,031)	
	-			ecember 31, 20		
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Re-measurement gain / (loss) on obligations – Experience adjustmen	ts (94 594)	(20,491)	(1,112)	62,068	_
	Re-measurement loss on assets	(1,191,877)	(230,025)	(3,976)	02,000	
	Asset ceiling adjustment	-	(200,020)	(5,945)	_	
	Re-measurement (loss) / gain in OCI	(1,286,471)	(250,516)	(11,033)	62,068	
				Dec	ember 31,	December 31,
					2018	2017
					Rupees in	·000
37.11	Actual return / (loss) on plan assets					
37.11	Actual return / (loss) on plan assets - Pension fund				835,514	(673,427)
37.11	– Pension fund					
37.11					835,514 299,061 10,919	(673,427) (76,984) 13,607
	Pension fundGratuity fundBenevolent fund				299,061	(76,984)
	– Pension fund– Gratuity fund	e adjustment	ts		299,061	(76,984)
37.11	Pension fundGratuity fundBenevolent fund			Pension fund	299,061 10,919	(76,984) 13,607
	Pension fundGratuity fundBenevolent fund	e adjustment 2018	2017	Pension fund 2016 Rupees in '000	299,061	(76,984) 13,607
	 Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Five year data of defined benefit plan and experience	2018	2017 F	2016 Rupees in '000	299,061 10,919 2015	(76,984) 13,607
	Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Five year data of defined benefit plan and experience Present value of defined benefit obligation	2018 1,585,703	2017 F 1,979,453	2016 Rupees in '000 2,001,618	299,061 10,919 2015 1,971,233	(76,984) 13,607 2014 2,877,345
	 Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Five year data of defined benefit plan and experience	2018 1,585,703 (6,145,768)	2017 F 1,979,453 (5,671,485)	2016 Rupees in '000 2,001,618 (6,616,345)	299,061 10,919 2015 1,971,233 (5,770,403)	(76,984) 13,607 2014 2,877,345 (7,252,046)
	Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Five year data of defined benefit plan and experience Present value of defined benefit obligation	2018 1,585,703	2017 F 1,979,453	2016 Rupees in '000 2,001,618	299,061 10,919 2015 1,971,233	(76,984) 13,607 2014 2,877,345
	 Pension fund Gratuity fund Benevolent fund Five year data of defined benefit plan and experience Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	2018 1,585,703 (6,145,768)	2017 F 1,979,453 (5,671,485)	2016 Rupees in '000 2,001,618 (6,616,345)	299,061 10,919 2015 1,971,233 (5,770,403)	(76,984) 13,607 201 4 2,877,345 (7,252,046

for the year ended December 31, 2018

			Gratuity fund		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	lupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	2,827,757	2,531,300	2,285,523	2,043,833	1,725,573
Fair value of plan assets	(2,383,102)	(2,019,381)	(2,030,232)	(1,482,378)	(1,727,942)
	444,655	511,919	255,291	561,455	(2,369)
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets					
Re-measurement loss on obligation	(73,576)	(20,492)	36,036	(167,783)	(93,984)
Re-measurement gain / (loss) on assets	145,719	(230,025)	26,301	(168,935)	137,284
			Benevolent fu	nd	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	lupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	9,206	8,036	8,776	12,355	10,469
Fair value of plan assets	(278,393)	(232,158)	(221,007)	(205,166)	(197,461)
	(269,187)	(224,122)	(212,231)	(192,811)	(186,992)
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets					
Re-measurement (loss) / gain on obligation	(2,632)	(1,111)	931	(4,376)	(2,203)
Re-measurement (gain) / loss on assets	(8,150)	(3,976)	1,136	(10,841)	5,247
		Po	st retirement me	edical	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	lupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	1,332,925	1,240,250	1,298,380	1,217,945	970,060
Fair value of plan assets				_	_
	1,332,925	1,240,250	1,298,380	1,217,945	970,060
Experience adjustments on plan obligations					
Re-measurement (loss) / gain on obligation	(105,031)	62,068	(97,990)	(243,936)	(21,931)
		Employ	ees' compensat	ed absences	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	606,216	570,128	698,964	761,498	755,785
Fair value of plan assets	_	_	_	_	_
	606,216	570,128	698,964	761,498	755,785
Experience adjustments on plan obligations					

37.13 Expected contributions to be paid to the funds in the next financial year

The Bank contributes to the gratuity fund as per actuarial expected charge for the next financial year. No contributions are being made to pension / benevolent fund due to surplus of fair value of plan's assets over present value of defined obligation. Based on actuarial advice, management estimates that the charge / (reversal) in respect of defined benefit plans for the year ending December 31, 2019 would be as follows:

	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
		R	lupees in '000		
Expected (reversal) / charge for the next year	(604,209)	390,902	(30,717)	198,491	118,021

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.14 Sensitivity analysis

Description	+1% Discount Rate	-1% Discount Rate	+1% Salary Increase Rate	-1% Salary Increase Rate	+1% Indexation Rate	-1% Indexation Rate	+10% Withdrawal Rate	-10% Withdrawal Rate	1 Year Mortality age set back	1 Yea Mortality age set forward
	Hate	riate		upees in '000	nate	riate	riate	riate	Set back	Set forwar
Pension fund	1,542,089	1,633,835	_	_	1,613,786	1,560,502	1,585,770	1,585,770	1,585,526	1,586,45
Gratuity fund	2,657,769	3,019,456	3,034,769	2,641,515	_	_	2,841,692	2,812,580	2,826,721	2,828,78
Benevolent fund	8,807	9,648	-	_	_	-	-	-	8,416	9,99
Post retirement medical	1,244,926	1,432,565	1,362,228	1,302,797	1,377,358	1,296,130	1,330,584	1,335,438	1,331,688	1,334,1
Leave compensated absences	566,236	651,113	651,644	565,121	_	_	598,853	613,928	604,509	607,9

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

			De	ecember 31, 201	В	_
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
37.15	Maturity Profile					
	The weighted average duration of the obligation (in years)	2.89	6.39	4.57	7.04	7.00

37.16 Funding Policy

The Bank endeavours to ensure that liabilities under the various employee benefit schemes are covered by the Fund on any valuation date having regards to the various actuarial assumptions such as projected future salary increase, expected future contributions to the fund, projected increase in liability associated with future service and the projected investment income of the Fund.

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37.17 Risk associated with defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans may expose the bank to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, investment risk, salary increase risk and withdrawal rate risk as described below;

Longevity risks:

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

Investment risks:

The risk arises when the actual performance level of investment levels is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

Salary increase risk:

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the final benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectations and impact the liability accordingly.

Withdrawal Rate:

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

38 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Bank operates an approved contributory provident fund for 10,158 (2017: 10,236) employees where contributions are made by the Bank and employees at 8.33% per annum (2017: 8.33% per annum) of the basic salary every month.

39 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		President / C	hief Executive	Non-Execu	tive Directors	Execut	tives
		December	December	December	December	December	Decembe
	Note	31, 2018	31, 2017	31, 2018	31, 2017	31, 2018	31, 2017
				Rupees	s in '000		
Fees	39.1	_	_	16,500	16,950	_	-
Managerial remuneration		12,900	11,400	_	_	1,531,131	1,481,874
Charge for defined benefit plans		1,399	928	_	_	314,721	190,727
Contribution to defined contribution	on plan	1,075	950	_	_	127,544	123,440
Rent and house maintenance		7,740	6,840	_	-	894,126	843,943
Utilities		2,580	2,280	_	_	306,040	295,507
Medical		2,687	2,362	_	_	305,906	325,07
Bonus		20,000	17,000	_	_	520,303	549,803
Conveyance and others		3,374	3,293	_	_	690,873	780,849
		51,755	45,053	16,500	16,950	4,690,644	4,591,214
Number of persons		1	1	6	5	1.576	1,628

39.1 This represents meeting fee paid to directors (other than two sponsor directors) for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Board Committees held during the year.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

40 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

				Carrying Value		ecember 31, 20	716		Fair Value		
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to Maturity	Held for Trading	Available for Sale	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	То
	_					(Rupees in '	000) ———				
Financial assets – measured at fair value											
Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds			30,241,640				30,241,640	30,115,370	126,270		30,241,64
Federal Government Securities	_	_	609,053,323	_	_	_	609,053,323	-	609,053,323		609,053,32
Non Government Debt Securities	_	_	2,986,706	_	_	_	2,986,706	_	2,986,706	_	2,986,70
Financial assets – not measured at fair value											
Cash and balances with treasury banks	_		_	_	99,188,414	_	99,188,414	_	_		
Balances with other banks	_	_	_	_	2,575,055	_	2,575,055	_	_	_	
Lendings	_	_	_	53,785,769	_	_	53,785,769	_	_	_	
Advances		_		438,318,894	_	_	438,318,894	_	_		
Other assets					28,988,381		28,988,381		_		
Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares,	10.151.000		40.704.005				00 040 047				
Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries)	16,151,622 16,151,622		12,794,995 655,076,664	492,104,663	130,751,850		28,946,617 1,294,084,798		612,166,299		642,281,66
								-			
Financial liabilities - measured at fair value											
Trading Liability	_	9,987,849	_	_	_	_	9,987,849	_	9,987,849	_	9,987,84
Financial liabilities – not measured at fair valu	e										
Bills payable						7,752,959	7,752,959				
Borrowings	_	_	_		_	215,895,137	215,895,137	_	_		
Deposits and other accounts	_	_	_	_	_	984,475,183	984,475,183	_	_	_	
Other liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	19,848,238	19,848,238	_	_	_	
		9,987,849				1,227,971,517	1,237,959,366		9,987,849		9,987,84
Off-balance sheet financial instruments – measured at fair value											
Forward foreign exchange contracts		_		_	207,509,971	_	207,509,971		207,509,971		207,509,97
			(Carrying Value	С	ecember 31, 20	017		Fair Value		
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to	Held for	Available	Financing	Other	Other					
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to Maturity	Held for Trading					Total	Level 1	Fair Value	Level 3	Tot
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments			Available	Financing and	Other financial	Other financial	Total	Level 1		Level 3	Tot
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments Financial assets – measured at fair value			Available	Financing and	Other financial	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1		Level 3	Tot
			Available	Financing and	Other financial	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1		Level 3	Tot
Financial assets – measured at fair value			Available	Financing and	Other financial	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1		Level 3	Tot
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities	Maturity	Trading	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) — 33,346,294 577,003,001		Level 2 577,003,001		33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities	Maturity –	Trading	Available for Sale	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294		Level 2		33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value	Maturity –	Trading - 24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440	33,346,294	Level 2 577,003,001		33,346,2 ¹ 577,003,0 ¹
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks	Maturity –	24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks		Trading - 24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765	33,346,294			33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions			Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399	33,346,294	- 577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances			33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,29 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and belances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets			Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399	33,346,294	- 577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,2 ¹ 577,003,0 ¹
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances			33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,2 ¹ 577,003,0 ¹
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTIM, unlisted ordinary shares,			Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,25 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTIM, unlisted ordinary shares,			33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,25 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries)			33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,2 577,003,0 2,515,4 612,864,7
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds)	Maturity	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440 - - - - - 579,518,441		33,346,2 577,003,0 2,515,4 612,864,7
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value	Maturity	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039	33,346,294	577,003,001 2,515,440 - - - - - 579,518,441		33,346,21 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable	Maturity — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039	33,346,294			33,346,21 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings	Maturity — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Trading	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities (Rupees in '	33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039 1,976,436 7,835,467 221,579,947 883,740,709	33,346,294 	Level 2 577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,21 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	Maturity — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440 10,655,050 598,691,894	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039 1,976,436 7,835,467 221,579,947 221,579,947 283,740,709 803,740,709 803,740,709	33,346,294 	Level 2 577,003,001 2,515,440		33,346,21 577,003,00 2,515,44 612,864,73
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities	Maturity — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039 1,976,436 7,835,467 221,579,947 221,579,947 283,740,709 803,740,709 803,740,709	33,346,294			33,346,22 577,003,00 2,515,42 612,864,73 1,976,43
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other assets Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	Maturity — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Trading	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities — (Rupees in '	Total 000) 33,346,294 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,367,382 648,765 8,694,399 372,037,714 32,531,714 85,217,330 1,197,362,039 1,976,436 7,835,467 221,579,947 221,579,947 283,740,709 803,740,709 803,740,709	33,346,294 	Level 2 577,003,001 2,515,440		

40.1 Valuation Techniques used in determination of Fair Valuation of Financial Instruments within Level 2

Item	Valuation approach and input used
Federal Government Securities	Marked to Market on the basis of PKRV rates.
Non-Government Debt Securities	Marked to Market on the basis of MUFAP rates.
Foreign exchange contracts	Marked to Market on the basis of SBP rates.
Open ended mutual funds	Marked to Market on the basis of MUFAP rates.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

41 SEGMENT INFORMATION

41.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

			December 31,	2018		
	Corporate & Investment	Commercial and Retail	Trading & Sale	Islamic Banking	Other	Tota
	Banking	Banking	(Treasury) Rupees in '	000		
Profit & Loss						
Net mark-up/return/profit	27,917,656	(28,096,467)	31,526,565	655,849	111,838	32,115,44
Inter segment revenue - net	(27,412,947)	56,996,482	(27,126,100)	000,049	(2,457,435)	32,113,44
Non mark-up / return / interest income	4,610,156	2,879,344	3,460,206	79,343	260,391	11,289,44
Total Income	5,114,865	31,779,359	7,860,671	735,192	(2,085,206)	43,404,88
Segment direct expenses	540,139	13,782,024	108,445	1,083,994	7,963,540	23,478,14
Total expenses	540,139	13,782,024	108,445	1,083,994	7,963,540	23,478,14
Provisions / (Reversals)	(234,885)	(3,418)	-	8	(851,393)	(1,089,688
Profit before tax	4,809,611	18,000,753	7,752,226	(348,810)	(9,197,353)	21,016,42
Balance Sheet						
Cash & Bank balances	79,354	44,090,551	47,880,283	4,157,592	5,555,689	101,763,46
Investments	53,748,130	-	606,731,062	10,249,093	500,000	671,228,28
Net inter segment Lending/Borrowing	(402,000,239)	893,698,327	(529,115,678)	1,705,552	35,712,038	
Lendings to financial institutions	3,610,409	_	50,255,680	3,529,999	(3,610,409)	53,785,67
Advances - performing	394,141,673	27,977,670	-	6,927,022	8,672,957	437,719,32
Advances - non-performing	415,941	183,631	-	-	-	599,57
Others	4,772,402	7,977,518	2,236,843	1,641,756	68,881,257	85,509,77
Total Assets	54,767,670	973,927,697	177,988,190	28,211,014	115,711,532	1,350,606,103
Borrowings	42,470,266	3,912,691	183,088,196	-	(3,588,167)	225,882,986
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits & other accounts	-	957,686,063	-	24,632,633	2,156,487	984,475,18
Net inter segment borrowing		-	- (0.000.040)	-	-	00 040 40
Others	2,326,844	12,328,943	(3,680,842)	326,877	21,641,279	32,943,10
Total liabilities	44,797,110	973,927,697	179,407,354	24,959,510	20,209,599	1,243,301,27
Equity/Reserves Total Equity & liabilities	9,970,560	973,927,697	(1,419,164)	3,251,504	95,001,933	1,350,606,103
Total Equity & Habilities	04,707,070	010,021,001	177,000,100	20,211,017	110,711,002	1,000,000,100
Contingencies & Commitments	83,808,051	12,033,029	265,278,829	582,318	17,824,413	379,526,64
			December 31,	2017		
	Corporate &	Commercial	Trading &	Islamic		
	Investment	and Retail	Sale	Banking	Other	Tota
	Banking	Banking	(Treasury) Rupees in '	000		
			nubees III	000		
D. CLOI			nupees III	000		
Profit & Loss Net mark-up/return/profit	21 884 218	(22 486 973)	-		697 229	31 418 724
Net mark-up/return/profit	21,884,218 (19,894,855)	(22,486,973) 45,217,795	30,988,158	336,092	697,229 (2.859.081)	31,418,72
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net	(19,894,855)	45,217,795	30,988,158 (22,463,859)	336,092	(2,859,081)	
Net mark-up/return/profit			30,988,158			8,871,800
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888	336,092 - 42,072 378,164	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901)	8,871,80 40,290,52
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888	336,092 - 42,072 378,164	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals)	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864)	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547)	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960)	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738)	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,69
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960)	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,69
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888 253,992 58,590,024	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130 45,806,721 630,790,305	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960) 1,124,915 8,303,563	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479 398,174	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,69
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending/borrowing	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130 45,806,721 630,790,305 (510,811,919)	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960) 1,124,915 8,303,563 557,392	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,69 86,016,14 698,082,06
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending/borrowing Lendings to financial institutions	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888 253,992 58,590,024 (342,527,341)	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375 33,996,040	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130 45,806,721 630,790,305	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960) 1,124,915 8,303,563 557,392 1,914,968	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479 398,174 38,514,757	8,871,80 40,290,52 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,69 86,016,14 698,082,06
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending/borrowing Lendings to financial institutions Advances - performing	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888 253,992 58,590,024 (342,527,341) - 332,342,878	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375 33,996,040 - 814,267,111 - 24,547,759	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130 45,806,721 630,790,305 (510,811,919)	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960) 1,124,915 8,303,563 557,392	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479 398,174	8,871,800 40,290,520 21,937,97 21,937,97 (2,526,148 20,878,690 86,016,14 698,082,060 8,694,390 369,562,710
Net mark-up/return/profit Inter segment revenue - net Non mark-up / return / interest income Total Income Segment direct expenses Total expenses Provisions / (Reversals) Profit before tax Balance Sheet Cash & Bank balances Investments Net inter segment lending/borrowing Lendings to financial institutions	(19,894,855) 4,505,299 6,494,662 534,638 534,638 (1,234,864) 7,194,888 253,992 58,590,024 (342,527,341)	45,217,795 2,589,889 25,320,711 12,809,073 12,809,073 137,263 12,374,375 33,996,040	30,988,158 (22,463,859) 1,417,589 9,941,888 104,758 104,758 - 9,837,130 45,806,721 630,790,305 (510,811,919)	336,092 - 42,072 378,164 760,124 760,124 - (381,960) 1,124,915 8,303,563 557,392 1,914,968	(2,859,081) 316,951 (1,844,901) 7,729,384 7,729,384 (1,428,547) (8,145,738) 4,834,479 398,174 38,514,757	31,418,724 8,871,800 40,290,524 21,937,977 (2,526,148 20,878,699 86,016,141 698,082,060 8,694,399 369,562,718 2,474,990 84,835,333

			December 31,	2017		
	Corporate & Investment Banking	Commercial and Retail Banking	Trading & Sale (Treasury)	Islamic Banking	Other	Tota
			Rupees in '	000		
Borrowings	38,223,390	3,257,139	181,968,813	500,000	(392,959)	223,556,383
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits & other accounts	-	867,018,332	-	15,546,966	1,175,411	883,740,709
Others	3,332,606	10,729,064	(3,011,120)	326,321	24,275,342	35,652,213
Total liabilities	41,555,996	881,004,535	178,957,693	16,373,287	25,057,794	1,142,949,305
Equity/Reserves	13,750,872	-	2,772,542	1,534,266	88,658,673	106,716,353
Total Equity & liabilities	55,306,868	881,004,535	181,730,235	17,907,553	113,716,467	1,249,665,658
Contingencies & Commitments	48,982,812	31,576,925	136,619,348	743,534	17,982,562	235,905,18

41.2 **Geographical Segment Analysis**

Domestic			
Domestic	Middle		
Operations	East	China	Total
	Rupees in '0	000	
31,309,237	543,312	_	31,852,549
_	262,892	_	262,892
11,461,765	(172,326)	_	11,289,439
42,771,002	633,878	_	43,404,880
(23,349,830)	(97,631)	(30,680)	(23,478,141)
_	_	_	_
(23,349,830)	(97,631)	(30,680)	(23,478,141)
(1,109,600)	19,912	_	(1,089,688)
20,530,772	516,335	(30,680)	21,016,427
101,730,996	32,473	_	101,763,469
660,984,862	10,243,423	_	671,228,285
_	3,609,107	_	3,609,107
50,176,572	_	_	50,176,572
436,399,282	1,388,468	_	437,787,750
531,144	_	_	531,144
85,384,347	125,429	_	85,509,776
1,335,207,203	15,398,900	_	1,350,606,103
209,636,299	12,637,580	_	222,273,879
_	_	_	_
983,988,816	486,367	_	984,475,183
3,609,107	_	_	3,609,107
32,918,156	24,945		32,943,101
1,230,152,378	13,148,892	_	1,243,301,270
105,054,825	2,250,008		107,304,833
1,335,207,203	15,398,900	_	1,350,606,103
	31,309,237 - 11,461,765 42,771,002 (23,349,830) - (23,349,830) (1,109,600) 20,530,772 101,730,996 660,984,862 - 50,176,572 436,399,282 531,144 85,384,347 1,335,207,203 209,636,299 - 983,988,816 3,609,107 32,918,156 1,230,152,378 105,054,825	Rupees in 'C 31,309,237 543,312 - 262,892 11,461,765 (172,326) 42,771,002 633,878 (23,349,830) (97,631) (23,349,830) (97,631) (1,109,600) 19,912 20,530,772 516,335 101,730,996 32,473 660,984,862 10,243,423 - 3,609,107 50,176,572 - 436,399,282 1,388,468 531,144 - 85,384,347 125,429 1,335,207,203 15,398,900 209,636,299 12,637,580 983,988,816 486,367 3,609,107 - 32,918,156 24,945 1,230,152,378 13,148,892 105,054,825 2,250,008	Rupees in '000 31,309,237 543,312 262,892 - 11,461,765 (172,326) - 42,771,002 633,878 - (23,349,830) (97,631) (30,680) (23,349,830) (97,631) (30,680) (1,109,600) 19,912 - 20,530,772 516,335 (30,680) 101,730,996 32,473 - 660,984,862 10,243,423 3,609,107 - 50,176,572 436,399,282 1,388,468 - 531,144 85,384,347 125,429 - 1,335,207,203 15,398,900 - 209,636,299 12,637,580 983,988,816 486,367 - 983,988,816 486,367 - 3,609,107 209,636,299 12,637,580 983,988,816 486,367 - 3,609,107 32,918,156 24,945 - 1,230,152,378 13,148,892 - 105,054,825 2,250,008 -

		December 31,	2017	
	Domestic	Middle		
	Operations	East	China	Tota
		Rupees in '0	000	
Profit & Loss				
Net mark-up/return/profit	30,995,945	572,947	_	31,568,892
Inter segment revenue – net	_	9,371	_	9,371
Non mark-up / return / interest income	8,765,309	106,492	_	8,871,801
Total Income	39,761,254	688,810	_	40,450,064
Segment direct expenses	(21,422,859)	(86,181)	(20,463)	(21,529,503)
Inter segment expense allocation	_	_	_	_
Total expenses	(21,422,859)	(86,181)	(20,463)	(21,529,503
Provisions	(1,958,134)	_	-	(1,958,134
Profit before tax	20,296,529	602,629	(20,463)	20,878,695
Balance Sheet				
Cash & Bank balances	85,978,936	37,211	_	86,016,147
Investments	684,458,129	13,623,937	_	698,082,066
Net inter segment lendings	_		_	-
Lendings to financial institutions	8,694,399		_	8,694,399
Advances – performing	349,486,795	4,499,170	_	353,985,96
Advances – non-performing	18,051,749	_	_	18,051,749
Others	84,642,654	192,678	_	84,835,332
Total Assets	1,231,312,662	18,352,996	_	1,249,665,658
Borrowings	207,955,537	15,600,846	_	223,556,383
Subordinated debt	_	_	-	-
Deposits & other accounts	883,270,332	470,377	-	883,740,709
Net inter segment borrowing	_	_	_	
Others	35,566,308	85,905	_	35,652,213
Total liabilities	1,126,792,177	16,157,128	_	1,142,949,30
Equity	104,520,485	2,195,868	_	106,716,35
Total Equity & liabilities	1,231,312,662	18,352,996	_	1,249,665,65
Contingencies and commitments	235,324,778	580,403	_	235,905,18
<u> </u>	/- /:	,		,,

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Bank has related party relationships with its parent, subsidiary, companies with common directorship, directors, employee benefit plans and key management personnel including their associates.

Contributions to the accounts in respect of staff retirement benefits are made in accordance with actuarial valuation / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration of the key management personnel are in accordance with the terms of their employment. Other transactions are at agreed terms.

			n	December 31, 2018	8					ŏ	December 31, 2017	7		
	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Subsidiaries Associates'	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties
							(Rupe	(Rupees in '000)						
Balances with other banks														
In current accounts	1	I	I	1	I	1	1	I	-	ı	-	I	ı	1
In deposit accounts	1	1	ı	1	-	1		1	1	1	1	-	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	1	1
Lendings to financial institutions														
Opening balance	1	1	ı	1	-	1		1	1	1	1	-	1	1
Addition during the year	-	-	I	-	1	-			-	I	-	-	1	I
Repaid during the year	-	-	I	-	1	-			-	I	-	-	1	I
Transfer in / (out) – net	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I
Closing balance	I	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-
Investments														
Opening balance	1	1	ı	200,000	351	1		1	1	1	200,000	351	1	1
Investment made during the year	I	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı	I	1	1	1
Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	ı	ı
Transfer in / (out) – net	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	25,000	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı
Closing balance	I	1	1	200,000	351	1	25,000	1	T	1	200,000	351	1	-
Provision for diminution in value of investments	1	1	1	1	4,649	1	1	1	1	1	1	4,649	1	1
Advances														
Opening balance	I	17,029	252,674	ı	1	1	(57)	ı	24,137	253,417	I	1	1	459
Addition during the year	1	13,304	112,248	I	1	ı	8,011	I	63,948	86,852	1	1	ı	5,470
Repaid during the year	1	(21,629)	(102,179)	1	1	1	(7,361)	-	(47,103)	(146,588)	-	1	1	(5,986)
Transfer in / (out) – net	1	1	1,661	1	1	1	ı	1	(23,953)	58,993	T	1		1
Closing balance	1	8,704	264,404	1	T	T	593	1	17,029	252,674	T	T.	1	(24)
Provision held against advances	1	1	I	ı	1	ı	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	1
Other Assets														
Interest / mark-up accrued	ı	13,143	66,580	ı	1	ı	1	ı	12,631	81,472	ı	1	ı	ı
Receivable from staff retirement fund	I	ı	ı	I	1	ı	4,204,441	ı	I	ı	I	1	ı	3,255,453
Other receivable	ı	1	ı	1,824	ı	ı	1	1	ı	T	1,908	ı	1	1
Provision against other assets	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

	Parent	Directors	Key (management personnel	Subsidiaries Associates*	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key (management personnel	Subsidiaries Associates*	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties
							(Rup	(Rupees in '000)						
Borrowings														
Opening balance		ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Borrowings during the year	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Settled during the year	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Transfer in / (out) - net	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	
Closing balance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Subordinated debt														
Onening balance		1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1		ı		ı	1	
Issued / Purchased during the year														
Redemption / Sold during the year	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	
Closing balance	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Deposits and other accounts														
Opening balance	1,202	262,709	61,889	38,653	85,690	ı	9,246,496	403	53,177	42,152	25,508	245,464	ı	13,246,181
Received during the year	9,623,398	99,342	622,197	1,006,553	8,614,444	1	226,189,869	6,779,403	420,062	576,075		41,545,204	- 1	136,989,015
Withdrawn during the year	(9,622,816)	(337,996)	(616,342)	(1,033,090)	(8,617,739)	-	(217,149,184)	(6,778,604)	(193,798)	(551,327)	(871,793)	(41,705,028)	- (1)	(140,985,984)
Transfer in / (out) – net	1	369	2,643	1	(14)	1	6,339	ı	(16,732)	(5,011)	1	50		(2,716)
Closing balance	1,784	24,424	70,387	12,116	82,381	1	18,296,520	1,202	262,709	61,889	38,653	85,690	1	9,246,496
Other Liabilities														
Interest / mark-up payable		2,506	625	1,570	757	1	651,581	1	2,457	512	1,204	2,725	1	366,203
Payable to staff retirement fund	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	546,795	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	212,116
Other labilities														
Contingencies and Commitments														
Other contingencies	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS														
Mark-up / retum / interest earned	_	513	13,475	1	-	1	-	1	1,115	13,037	-	-	-	
Fee and commission income	2	10	101	9,458	83	1	423	2	17	64	8,257	69	1	633
Dividend income	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	
Net loss on sale of securities	1	I	I	ı	I	ı	(262)	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Rental Income	1	1	1	5,581	1	1	1	1	1	-	3,443	3,336	ı	
Other Income	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Expense														
Mark-up / return / interest paid	1	2,506	625	1,570	757	ı	651,581	1	2,457	512	1,204	2,725	ı	366,203
Directors meeting fee	1	16,500	- 254 720	1	1	1	1	1	16,950	- 250 011	-	1	1	
Other expenses**	-	10465	1	1	32.006	1	1	1) I	- 1	1	31,082	-	
Rent expense***	1	ı	ı	ı	11,896	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	11,193	ı	
Charge in respect of staff retirement												-		
benefit funds	I	ı	ı	ı	1	-	546,795	1	1	-	-	-	-	212,116
Insurance premium paid	1	8	244	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	66	221	ı	-	ı	

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Shares held by the holding company, outstanding at the end of year are included in note 19 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

arm's length with prior permission of State Bank of Pakistan.

During the year ended December 31, 2018; certain moveable assets having cumulative net book value of Rs. 171,228 were disposed off for Rs. 309,071 to the Key Management Personnel of the Bank.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
43	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS		
	Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
	Paid-up capital (net of losses)	11,450,739	11,450,739
	Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
	Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital	75,040,687	71,682,627
	Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital		_
	Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital	75,040,687	71,682,627
	Eligible Tier 2 Capital	21,171,279	23,230,388
	Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	96,211,966	94,913,015
	Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):		
	Credit Risk	317,173,241	309,897,584
	Market Risk	38,020,880	34,237,478
	Operational Risk	77,614,260	79,857,656
	Total	432,808,381	423,992,718
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	17.34%	16.91%
	Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.34%	16.91%
	Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	22.23%	22.39%

In order to strengthen the solvency of Banks / Development Financial Institutions (DFI), SBP through its BSD Circular No. 07 of 2009 dated April 15, 2009 has asked the Banks to raise their minimum paid up capital to Rs. 10 billion free of losses.

Further, SBP through its BPRD Circular # 6 of 2013 dated August 15, 2013 has asked Banks to maintain the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 11.90% on standalone as well as on consolidated basis till December 31, 2018. A phase in arrangement has been put in place whereby the banks are required to maintain the following ratios on an ongoing basis:

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Common Equity Tier-1 - CET1	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
Additional Tier-1	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Tier 1	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Total Capital	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
*Capital Conservation Buffer – CCB	0.25%	0.65%	1.275%	1.90%	2.50%
Total Capital plus CCB	10.25%	10.65%	11.275%	11.90%	12.50%

^{*} Consisting of CET1 only.

The paid up capital and CAR of the Bank stands at Rs. 11.451 billion and 22.23% of its total risk weighted assets as at December 31, 2018, respectively. The Bank has complied with all externally imposed capital requirements as at year end. Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Credit and Market risk, whereas, Basic Indicator Approach is used for Operational Risk in the Capital Adequacy Calculation.

^{*} Associated companies are as per IAS 24 'Related Party Disclosures'.

^{**}Other expenses mainly include donation of Rs. 30 million to National Management Foundation for construction of hostel building.
***Rent expense of ABL Branch with associated company (Ibrahim Fibres Limited) was carried out on terms other than that of

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,	December 31
	2018	2017
	Rupees	s in '000
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligible Tier-1 Capital	75,040,687	71,682,627
Total Exposures	1,633,878,538	1,532,543,176
Leverage Ratio	4.59%	4.68%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Total High Quality Liquid Assets	397,968,465	375,217,205
Total Net Cash Outflow	262,615,154	263,470,318
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	151.54%	142.41%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	913,354,244	875,382,010
Total Required Stable Funding	489,559,799	475,042,584
Net Stable Funding Ratio	186.57%	184.27%

43.1 The link to the full disclosure is available at https://www.abl.com/investor-relations/.

or technological changes.

43.2 The impact of acceptances being accounted for as financial asset and financial liability for the purpose of calculation of Capital Adequacy Ratio, Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio is taken in 2018 only.

44 RISK MANAGEMENT

The principal risks associated with ABL's business are credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, reputational risk and operational risk. The Risk Management Framework (henceforth to be referred to as 'The Framework') provides principles for identifying, assessing, and monitoring risk within the Bank. The Framework specifies the key elements of the risk management process in order to maximize opportunities, minimize adversities and to achieve improved outputs based on informed decision making.

The Bank performs risk measurement, monitoring and control functions through use of various risk procedures and models. To give it a formal structure, all the policies and guidelines are approved by the Board and relevant management committees.

Categories of Risk

Categories of hisk	
Credit Risk	This risk is defined as the possibility of loss due to unexpected default or a deterioration of credit worthiness of a business partner.
	Credit Risk includes Country Risk i.e., the risks that counterparty is unable to meet its foreign currency obligations as a result of adverse economic conditions or actions taken by governments in the relevant country.
Market Risk	The risk of loss generated by adverse changes in the price of financial assets or contracts currently held by the Bank (this risk is also known as price risk).
Liquidity Risk	The risk that the Bank is unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due and to replace funds when they are withdrawn; the consequences of which may be the failure to meet obligations to repay depositors and fulfill commitments to lend.
Operational Risk	Operational Risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, and systems or from external events. The definition excludes reputational risk.
Reputational Risk	The risk of failing to meet the standards of performance or behaviour required or expected by stakeholders in commercial activities or the way in which business is conducted.
Information Security & Governance Risk	Information Security Governance Risk Management involves the identification of an organization's information assets and the development, documentation, and implementation of policies, standards, procedures and guidelines that ensure confidentiality, integrity, and availability.
Strategic Risk	Risk of an adverse impact on strategic goals. Strategic risk mainly arises from strategic decisions, improper implementation of those decisions, or lack of responsiveness of Bank to industry, economic

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Risk Responsibilities

- The Board of Directors are accountable for overall supervision of the risk management process. The Board is responsible for determining the manner in which risk authorities are set, as well as the approval of all risk policies and ensuring that these are properly implemented. Further, the Board shall also seek appointment of senior management personnel capable of managing the risk activities conducted by the Bank.
- The Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) is responsible for ensuring that the overall risk strategy and appetite of the Bank is appropriately defined in the Strategic Plan and recommend the same to the Board of Directors.
- The CEO and Group Chiefs are accountable for the management of risk collectively through their membership of Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO) and Risk Management Committee (RMC). Independent supervision of risk management activities is provided by the Audit Committee.
- The Risk Management Group is headed by a Group Chief responsible to set-up and implement the Risk Framework of the Bank.

Risk Management Group Organization

Risk management functions have been segregated by business specialization, i.e., Credit Risk, Credit Administration, Technical Appraisal, Information security and Enterprise Risk which interalia includes Risk Architecture, Operational Risk and Market & Liquidity Risk. All these functions are operating in tandem to monitor the health of assets and liabilities, while ensuring risk mitigants against cyber and information system threats.

44.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk, the potential default of one or more debtors, is a major source of risk for the Bank. The Bank is exposed to credit risk through its lending and investment activities. The Bank's credit risk function is divided into Corporate and Financial Institutions Risk and Commercial, SME and Consumer Risk. The functions operate within an integrated framework of credit policies, guidelines and processes. The credit risk management activities are governed by the Credit Policy of the Bank that defines the respective roles and responsibilities, the credit risk management principles and the Bank's credit risk strategy. The policy is supported by a comprehensive Credit Procedures Manual.

The Bank manages three principal sources of credit risk:

- i) Sovereign credit risk on its public sector advances
- ii) Counterparty credit risk on its private sector advances
- iii) Counterparty credit risk on interbank limits

Sovereign Credit Risk

When the Bank lends to public sector borrowers, it prefers obtaining a full sovereign guarantee or the equivalent from the Government of Pakistan (GOP). However, certain public sector enterprises have a well defined cash flow stream and appropriate business model, based on which the lending is secured through collaterals other than GOP guarantee.

Counterparty credit risk on its private sector advances

Each borrower's credit worthiness is analyzed on the Credit Application Package that incorporates a formalized and structured approach for credit analysis and directs the focus of evaluation towards a balanced assessment of credit risk with identification of proper mitigates. These risks include Industry Risk, Business Risk, Financial Risk, Security Risk and Account Performance Risk.

Financial analysis is further strengthened through use of separate financial spread sheet templates that have been designed for manufacturing / trading concerns, financial institutions and insurance companies.

Counter Party Credit Risk on Interbank Limits

In the normal course of its business, the Bank's Treasury utilizes products such as Reverse REPO and call lending to meet the needs of interbank borrowers and manage its exposure to fluctuations in market, interest and currency rates. Further, these products are also used to temporarily invest Bank's liquidity prior to disbursement. All of these financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, the risk that the counterparty in the transaction may be unable to meet its obligation to the Bank.

Reflecting a preference for minimizing exposure to counterparty credit risk, the Bank maintains eligibility criteria that link the exposure limits to counterparty credit ratings by external rating agencies. For example, the minimum rating for counterparties to be eligible for a banking relationship with the Bank is

A. Country Risk

The Bank has in place a Country Risk Management Framework which has been approved by the Board. This framework focuses on providing detailed roles and responsibilities with respect to country risk assessment as well as limit setting, exposure management and reporting of cross border exposure undertaken by the Bank. The Bank utilizes S&P, Fitch and Moody's country ratings as well as other macroeconomic and external risk factors in assigning a country risk limit. The Financial Institutions Division is responsible for monitoring of country exposure limits.

Credit Administration

Credit Administration is involved in minimizing losses that could arise due to security and documentation deficiencies. The Credit Administration Function constantly monitors the security and documentation risks inherent in the existing credit portfolio through four regional credit administration departments located all over the country.

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44.1.1 Lending to financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

	Gross le	endings	Non-perform	ning lendings	Provisio	n held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Public/ Government	_	214,968	_	_	_	_
Private	53,785,679	8,479,431	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
	53,785,679	8,694,399	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000

44.1.2 Investment in debt securities

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross In	vestments	Non-performir	ng Investments	Provisi	on held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	Decembe 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Basic metals (iron, steel)	500,000	_	_	_	_	
Financial	6,081,881	4,994,217	_	_	_	-
Hotel, restaurant & clubs	248,085	_	_	_	_	-
Power, gas, water & sanitary	4,881,010	4,155,945	_	_	_	-
Sugar	10,487	10,499	10,487	10,499	10,487	10,499
Textile – Spinning	51,345	53,222	51,345	53,222	51,345	53,222
Textile – Weaving	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Government	626,834,650	623,245,609	9,756,796	_	21,248	-
Others	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329
	638,912,787	632,764,821	10,123,957	369,050	388,409	369,050
Credit risk by public / private sector						
Public/ Government	630,584,650	625,845,609	9,756,796	_	21,248	-
Private	8,328,137	6,919,212	367,161	369,050	367,161	369,05
	638,912,787	632,764,821	10,123,957	369,050	388,409	369,050

44.1.3 Advances

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross /	Advances	Non-perform	ing Advances	Provision	n held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Agriculture, Forestry and Hunting	78,511,776	61,558,861	624,049	547,602	596,596	494,710
Basic metals (iron, steel)	7,220,441	2,705,732	151,863	229,849	151,863	229,849
Cement / clay & ceramics	16,781,544	14,416,693	74,089	75,089	74,089	75,089
Chemical & pharmaceutical	23,965,746	20,702,251	376,479	714,158	376,479	714,158
Construction	6,958,964	8,108,971	120,529	148,384	120,529	147,259
Education	124,885	115,335	123	123	123	123
Financial	22,710,967	20,487,988	72,454	72,454	72,454	72,454
Footwear & leather garments	2,212,093	1,148,700	116,953	75,014	108,133	74,419
Furniture & sports goods	1,118,853	1,275,838	265,990	266,103	265,990	266,103
Grains, food & beverages	12,750,666	11,719,839	1,917,020	1,766,277	1,766,367	1,760,202
Health & social welfare	52,122	55,713	3,478	5,984	3,478	5,984
Hotel, restaurant & clubs	1,000,000	1,400,000	7,664	7,664	7,664	7,664
Individuals	10,034,356	9,916,565	361,566	449,729	361,501	448,329
Machinery & equipment	4,200,452	1,864,567	1,157,834	1,206,611	1,157,834	1,206,611
Manufacture of transport equipment	844,246	389,289	140,522	211,014	140,522	211,014
Paper & paper boards	5,632,472	6,218,078	210,574	210,574	210,574	210,574
Petroleum products	13,291,165	10,515,762	13,228	1,201,469	13,228	309,149
Power, gas, water & sanitary	140,719,800	122,133,670	637,015	637,015	637,015	637,015
Printing, publishing & allied	1,121,462	114,390	10,056	10,838	10,056	10,838
Real estate, renting, and business activities	5,485,741	4,790,686	_	-	_	_
Rubber & plastic	295,588	778,824	233,068	235,068	233,068	235,068
Sugar	7,365,203	6,034,307	51,066	51,216	51,066	51,216

		Gross	Advances	Non-perform	ing Advances	Provis	ion held
		December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
				Rupees	s in '000		
	Textile –Manufacture of made up & ready						
	made garments	25,684,060	21,251,761	3,003,575	2,966,776	3,003,575	2,966,776
	Textile – Finishing	16,456,503	14,557,321	2,884,586	2,889,512	2,884,586	2,869,986
	Textile – Spinning	18,618,930	13,299,514	1,141,751	1,352,423	1,141,751	1,343,41
	Textile – Weaving	1,664,289	1,731,836	38,632	60,493	38,632	49,560
	Transport, storage & communication	12,439,987	14,112,816	428,077	468,945	127,149	140,024
	Wholesale & retail trade	9,220,564	8,579,749	977,027	1,096,493	948,802	1,071,49
	Others	7,385,384	8,766,595	1,045,374	1,094,872	1,030,374	1,093,14
		453,868,259	388,751,651	16,064,642	18,051,749	15,533,498	16,702,23
	Credit risk by public / private sector						
	Public/ Government	177,970,051	149,693,772	135,180	135,180	135,180	135,18
	Private	275,898,208	239,057,879	15,929,461	17,916,569	15,398,317	16,567,05
		453,868,259	388,751,651	16,064,641	18,051,749	15,533,497	16,702,23
					Dece	mber 31,	December 3
						2018 Amount in R	201
4.1.4	Contingencies and Commitments					7 anount m r	
	Credit risk by industry sector						
	Agriculture, Forestry and Hunting				1	748,522	1,454,51
	Basic metals (iron, steel)					298,302	2,325,26
	Cement/clay & ceramics					491,703	6,227,92
	Chemical & pharmaceutical					168,652	3,629,06
	Construction						
					٥,	532,782	4,394,720
	Education				070	55,461	55,46
	Financial Footback & loather germents					292,661	143,715,21
	Footwear & leather garments					248,281	510,89
	Furniture & sports goods					25,375 58,426	5,57
	Grains, food and beverages Health & social welfare						39,44
					1,	993,444	1,977,62
	Hotel, restaurant & clubs					960	96
	Individuals				••••••	027,620	11,032,05
	Machinery & equipment				38,	708,740	17,239,29
	Manufacture of transport equipment					87,725	99,08
	Paper & paper boards					275,184	1,969,61
	Petroleum products					777,157	8,824,75
	Power, gas, water & sanitary					569,562	8,814,28
	Printing, publishing & allied					136,729	110,19
	Real estate, renting and business activit	ies				018,458	6,279,91
	Rubber & plastic					106,775	41,38
	Sugar					26,740	19,60
	Textile – Manufacture of madeup & read	ly made garmen	ts			275,109	573,86
	Textile – Finishing				1,	589,863	5,434,75
	Textile – Spinning					56,195	118,34
	Textile - Weaving					65,702	211,470
	Transport, storage & communication				5,	315,605	6,845,68
	Wholesale & retail trade					957,570	1,859,92
	Others				1,	617,336	2,094,30
					379,	526,639	235,905,18
	A						
	Credit risk by public / private sector				00	704.000	00.000.07
	Credit risk by public / private sector Public/ Government Private					704,889 821,751	26,886,670 209,018,51

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.1.5 Concentration of Advances

The bank top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded expsoures) aggregated to Rs. 220,201.42 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 180,003.81 million) are as following:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Rupees	in '000
Funded	184,180,778	151,366,645
Non Funded	36,020,642	28,637,168
Total Exposure	220,201,420	180,003,813

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposure aggregated to Rs. 255,278.34 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 236,485.33 million).

44.1.6 Advances – Province/Region–wise Disbursement & Utilization

	Disbursements				Utilization		
							AJK including
		Punjab	Sindh	KPK	Balochistan	Islamabad	Gilgit-
				including			Baltistan
				FATA Rupees	in '000		
Province/Region							
Punjab	591,723,087	522,554,625	34,494,817	_	_	34,673,645	_
Sindh	802,485,680	42,048,213	656,714,012	4,851,487	_	98,871,968	_
KPK including FATA	1,429,676	686,026	_	743,650	_	_	_
Balochistan	525,809	-	_	_	525,809	-	_
Islamabad	8,766,970	-	-	_	_	8,766,970	_
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	551,587	_	_	-	_	-	551,587
Total	1,405,482,809	565,288,864	691,208,829	5,595,137	525,809	142,312,583	551,587
		Di	uring the year er	nded Decemb	or 31 2017		
	Disbursements	D(anng the year er	idea Deceillo	Utilization		
					<u> </u>		AJK
							including
		Punjab	Sindh	KPK	Balochistan	Islamabad	Gilgit-
				including			Baltistan
				FATA			
				Rupees	in '000		
Province/Region		1	1			T	
Punjab	549,306,791	507,020,988	17,876,188	_	_	24,409,615	_
Sindh	686,305,373	36,838,177	554,387,445	5,188,085	_	89,891,666	_
KPK including FATA	1,306,828	427,859	_	878,969	_	-	_
Balochistan	924,727	_	_	_	924,727	_	-
Islamabad	10,328,348	_	_	_	_	10,328,348	-
		1				1	
AJK including Gilgit–Baltistan Total	669,094 1,248,841,161	544,287,024	572,263,633	6,067,054	924,727	124,629,629	669,09 ⁴

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.2 Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of loss in earnings and capital due to adverse changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions. Thus market risk can be further described into Interest Rate Risk, Foreign Exchange Risk and Equity Position Risk.

Market Risk performs risk measurement, monitoring and control functions through use of various risk procedures and models. To give it a formal structure, all the policies and guidelines are approved by the Board and relevant management committees. The Bank appointed services of a foreign risk advisory firm for assistance in establishment of Market Risk Management Framework.

The Bank uses three types of risk management tools to measure the Bank's Market Risk: Value—at Risk (VaR), Expected Shortfall (ES) and Stress Testing. In addition, control limits are utilized to maintain the risks within acceptable levels.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover all interest rate risks falling under the "Trading Book" as well as "Banking Book", as defined by Basel capital accord. The Bank uses Standardized Approach in determining credit risk, market risk and operational risk exposures in the capital adequacy calculation. In Market risk exposures, Maturity method is used to calculate charge on Interest rate risk and FX risk.

In its pursuit of automation, the Bank has successfully implemented Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application (OFSAA) Market Risk Module to automate the risk monitoring and reporting activities pertaining to Market Risk, which allows for more efficient risk monitoring and increased focus on risk analysis to help in making more informed decisions.

44.2.1 Market Risk Pertaining to the Trading Book

Trading Book

The Trading Book of the Bank consists of positions in financial instruments held either with trading intent or in order to hedge other elements of the trading book. To be eligible for trading book, financial instruments must be held with the intent of trading and free of any restrictive covenants on their tradability. In addition, positions need to be frequently and accurately valued and the portfolio should be actively monitored and managed accordingly.

The Bank's trading book includes securities classified as 'Held-For-Trading', 'Open Ended Mutual Fund' and non strategic listed equity placed in 'Available-For-Sale'. These positions are exposed to all forms of market risk, therefore, are managed actively.

Risk Pertaining to Banking Book Investment Portfolio

All investments excluding trading book are considered as part of banking book. Banking book includes:

- i) Available-for-sale securities (other than non-strategic listed equity)
- ii) Held-to-maturity securities

Treasury investments parked in the banking book include:

- i) Government securities
- ii) Capital market investments
- iii) Investments in bonds, debentures, etc.

Due to the diversified nature of investments in banking book, it is subject to interest rate risk, equity price risk and FX risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Banking Book

Government securities (PIBs, Sukuks & T–Bills), Bonds, Debentures, etc. and other money market investments are subject to interest rate risk. To capture the risk associated with these securities, extensive modelling is being done with respect to duration analysis. Stress testing and scenario models are also in place to capture the sensitivity of the portfolio to adverse movement in interest rates. For prudent risk management, all money market investments are marked to market to assess changes in the market value of investments due to interest rate movements.

Stress Testing

The Bank also conducts Stress Testing of the Bank's investment portfolio to ascertain the impact of various scenarios on the capital adequacy and sustainability of the Bank. The exercise assumes various stress conditions, with respect to Market Risk (Rise or Fall in Interest Rates, leading to interest rate risk), Equity Price Risk resulting from Stock Market movements, FX Rate Risk leading from adverse movements in exchange rates and Liquidity Risk (ability to meet short–term obligations if there is a run on deposits). Stress testing is also conducted on various macro–economic scenarios to test the resilience of the Bank.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

			Current year	r		Prior year	
		Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
				Rupees in	·000		
44.2.2 Ba	alance sheet split by trading and ba	anking books					
Ca	ash and balances with treasury banks	99,188,414	_	99,188,414	85,367,382	_	85,367,382
Ba	alances with other banks	2,575,055	_	2,575,055	648,765	_	648,765
Le	ndings to financial institutions	53,785,679	_	53,785,679	8,694,399	_	8,694,399
Inv	vestments	655,534,518	15,693,767	671,228,285	656,266,488	41,815,578	698,082,066
Ad	dvances	438,318,894	_	438,318,894	372,037,714	_	372,037,714
Fix	ced assets	50,378,537	_	50,378,537	46,867,935	_	46,867,935
Int	angible assets	1,749,054	_	1,749,054	1,459,094	_	1,459,094
De	eferred tax assets	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ot	her assets	33,382,185	_	33,382,185	36,508,303	_	36,508,303
		1,334,912,336	15,693,767	1,350,606,103	1,207,850,080	41,815,578	1,249,665,658

44.2.3 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign Exchange Risk is the risk of loss arising from fluctuations in exchange rates. The Bank's FX Risk is largely mitigated by following a matched funding policy whereas for any mismatched exposures, the Bank utilizes appropriate derivative instruments such as Forwards and Swaps.

The majority of the Bank's net foreign currency exposure is in US Dollars and the Bank uses system—based monitoring of it's intra—day Net Open Position for effective risk management. The Bank carefully monitors the net foreign currency exposure and the effect of exchange rate fluctuations by conducting sensitivity analysis and stress testing, as well as utilizing the currency forwards and swaps to hedge the related exposure.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover against foreign exchange risks.

The bank undertakes foreign exchange exposures in the shape of FX Forwards and Swaps in order to hedge its foreign currency deposits and advances, after incorporating the impact of it's NOSTRO and Cash Reserve balances.

		31, 2018			December:	31, 2017	
Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure	Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
	Rupee	s in '000			Rupees	in '000	
1,299,896,799	1,125,946,991	(66,414,629)	107,535,179	1,197,945,310	1,038,022,140	(53,340,095)	106,583,075
50,030,348	109,211,476	58,937,581	(243,547)	46,967,686	92,784,942	45,931,305	114,049
283,035	5,309,004	5,026,143	174	319,361	5,307,053	4,988,957	1,265
4,317	975	(2,521)	821	10,415	761	(10,568)	(914)
326,332	2,826,096	2,502,163	2,399	371,402	2,856,405	2,487,262	2,259
65,272	6,728	(48,737)	9,807	97,939	24,459	(56,861)	16,619
50,709,304	117,354,279	66,414,629	(230,346)	47,766,803	100,973,620	53,340,095	133,278
1,350,606,103	1,243,301,270	_	107,304,833	1,245,712,113	1,138,995,760	_	106,716,353
	1,299,896,799 50,030,348 283,035 4,317 326,332 65,272 50,709,304	Currency Assets Currency Liabilities Rupee 1,299,896,799 1,125,946,991 50,030,348 109,211,476 283,035 5,309,004 4,317 975 326,332 2,826,096 65,272 6,728 50,709,304 117,354,279	Currency Assets Currency Liabilities sheet items 1,299,896,799 1,125,946,991 (66,414,629) 50,030,348 109,211,476 58,937,581 283,035 5,309,004 5,026,143 4,317 975 (2,521) 326,332 2,826,096 2,502,163 65,272 6,728 (48,737) 50,709,304 117,354,279 66,414,629	Currency Assets Currency Liabilities sheet items voucexposure currency exposure 1,299,896,799 1,125,946,991 (66,414,629) 107,535,179 50,030,348 109,211,476 58,937,581 (243,547) 283,035 5,309,004 5,026,143 174 4,317 975 (2,521) 821 326,332 2,826,096 2,502,163 2,399 65,272 6,728 (48,737) 9,807 50,709,304 117,354,279 66,414,629 (230,346)	Curency Assets Currency Liabilities sheet items exposure currency exposure Currency Assets 1,299,896,799 1,125,946,991 (66,414,629) 107,535,179 1,197,945,310 50,030,348 109,211,476 58,937,581 (243,547) 46,967,686 283,035 5,309,004 5,026,143 174 319,361 4,317 975 (2,521) 821 10,415 326,332 2,826,096 2,502,163 2,399 371,402 65,272 6,728 (48,737) 9,807 97,939 50,709,304 117,354,279 66,414,629 (230,346) 47,766,803	Curency Assets Curency Liabilities sheet items exposure currency exposure Currency Assets Currency Liabilities 1,299,896,799 1,125,946,991 (66,414,629) 107,535,179 1,197,945,310 1,038,022,140 50,030,348 109,211,476 58,937,581 (243,547) 46,967,686 92,784,942 283,035 5,309,004 5,026,143 174 319,361 5,307,053 4,317 975 (2,521) 821 10,415 761 326,332 2,826,096 2,502,163 2,399 371,402 2,856,405 65,272 6,728 (48,737) 9,807 97,939 24,459 50,709,304 117,354,279 66,414,629 (230,346) 47,766,803 100,973,620	Curency Assets Currency Liabilities sheet items exposure Currency Assets Currency Liabilities Sheet items exposure Currency Assets Currency Liabilities Sheet items exposure Currency Assets Currency Liabilities Currency Liabilities Sheet items exposure Currency Assets Currency Liabilities Rupes Liabilities Currency Liabilities

	December 3	31, 2018	December 3	1, 2017
_	Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading
	book	book	book	book
		Rupees in '0	00	
After tax Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on:				
- Profit and loss account	_	(1,604,197)	_	872,510
- Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_
	_	(1,604,197)	_	872.510

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.2.4 Equity position Risk

Equity risk is the potential for incurring losses due to adverse changes in stock prices. ABL holds a diversified portfolio of equity investments in order to minimize non–systematic risk while retaining acceptable systematic risk. ALCO ensures that equity price risk is mitigated through prudent portfolio management.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover against equity price risks. Equity investments classified as "Held-For-Trading" as well as listed non-strategic equity investments classified as "Available-For-Sale" are part of the "Trading Book" and subject to market risk change as specified by the Basel Framework. Un-listed and listed strategic equity investment are part of "Banking Book" and are therefore subject to credit risk charge as specified by the Basel Framework.

	Decemi	per 31, 2018	Dece	mber 31, 2017
	Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading
	book	book	book	book
		Rupees ii	n '000	
After tax Impact of 5% change in equity prices on				
- Profit and loss account	_	_	_	_
- Other comprehensive income	(606,660,345)	(510,047,451)	(662,371,540)	(552,099,819)

44.2.5 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel II Specific

Interest rate / Rate of return risk is the current or prospective risk of losses, to both the Bank's capital and earnings, arising from movements in interest rates / rates of return. The losses may be due to earnings deterioration or capital erosion.

The Bank has a robust system in place to monitor Interest rate risk and ALCO regularly analyses the interest rate scenario and devises strategies to minimize adverse impact of interest rate risk to the Bank's equity and profits.

Interest rate risk is measured through "duration" of an instrument. To assess the interest rate risk at Balance Sheet and Income Statement level, gap analysis on "re-pricing schedule" is utilized. Re-pricing schedule is a distribution of interest-sensitive assets, liabilities, and Off-Balance Sheet positions into a number of predefined time bands according to their maturity (if fixed-rate) or time remaining to their next re-pricing (if floating-rate), and is calculated in compliance with SBP instructions. For non-contractual assets and liabilities, an ALCO approved methodology is utilized to place these assets and liabilities in the re-pricing schedule. This methodology is based on the results of a behavioral analysis which statistically models the historical trends of the last 5 years.

Government securities (PIBs & T-Bills, Sukuks), Bonds, Debentures, etc. and other money market investments are subject to interest rate / rate of return risk. To capture the risk associated with these securities, extensive modelling is being done with respect to duration analysis. Stress testing and scenario-based models are also in place to capture the sensitivity of the portfolio to adverse movement in interest rates. For prudent risk management, all money market investments are marked to market to assess changes in the market value of investments due to interest rate movements. Yield/ Interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

Yield Risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

In accordance with BSD Circular No.03 of 2011, issued by the SBP, the Group is required to report interest rate sensitivity gap of assets and liabilities on the basis of an objective and systematic behavioural study approved by ALCO committee.

	December	31, 2018	Decembe	er 31, 2017
	Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading
	book	book	book	book
		Rupees in	'000	
After tax Impact of increase in interest rates by 1%				
- Net Interest Income	1,636,784	652,483	724,623	428,497

44.2.6 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities

	Effective					Fxnosed to V	Exposed to Vield/ Interest risk	_				Non-interest
						2000000		4				
	Yield/	Total	Loto 1	Over 1	Over 3	Over 6 Months to	Over 1	Over 2	Over 3	Over 5	Ahove	bearing financial
	rate	30	Month	Months	Months	1 Year	Years	Years	Years	Years	10 Years	instruments
						Œ	Rupees in '000					
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		99,188,414	14,128,800	1	1	I	ī	ī	ı	1	I	85,059,614
Balances with other banks		2,575,055	-	1	1	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	2,575,055
Lending to financial institutions	7.95%	53,785,679	50,998,579	2,787,100	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	
Investments	7.94%	671,228,285	230,869,328	324,040,190	19,584,532	31,803,113	893,744	5,816,244	7,291,693	16,569,201	ı	34,360,240
Advances	7.35%	438,318,894	40,863,019	237,269,509	96,023,436	35,017,394	1,246,393	3,497,541	7,318,886	11,972,215	4,824,548	285,953
Other assets		28,988,381	- 206 060 706	- 200 200	116 807 089		1 01 00 1 00	- 0 040 705		1 200 541 416	1 000 640	28,988,381
Liabilities		007,400,462,1	00000	000,000	000,000,00	00,020,000	6,140,101	00 1000	0.000	014,140,04	040,430,4	£4,603,101
Bills payable		7,752,959	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	7,752,959
Borrowings	5.89%	225,882,986	173,702,776	27,973,227	10,161,557	40	282,296	641,607	1,556,729	11,564,754	ı	
Deposits and other accounts	3.51%	984,475,183	121,296,471	229,412,178	295,508,730	53,568,188	19,398,720	825,194	876,633	534,810	80,108	262,974,151
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	
Subordinated debt		1	1	I	-	1	1	1	I	ı	I	
Other liabilities		19,848,238	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	I	1	19,848,238
		1,237,959,366	294,999,247	257,385,405	305,670,287	53,568,228	19,681,016	1,466,801	2,433,362	12,099,564	80,108	290,575,348
On-balance sheet gap		56,125,342	41,860,479	306,711,394	(190,062,319)	13,252,279	(17,540,879)	7,846,984	12,177,217	16,441,852	4,744,440	(139,306,105)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
#2000 1000 #20000#1000		08 475 005	10 705 990	970 609	20 410 166	94 044 400	90 900 EEA	1 005 624	77 230	7 500	1 172 955	
nade-related transactions		5	12,700,000	000,000	02,410,100	004,446,12	±00,000,00	1,000,000,1	000	000	0000	
CONTINUINE IN TESPECT OF PURCHASE OF.												
 forward foreign exchange contracts 		137,056,586	46,875,838	55,520,667	34,407,428	252,653	I	I	I	I	I	
 forward government securities transactions 		57,768,858	54,219,284	3,549,574	I	I	I	ī	I	I	I	
– derivatives		-	1	1	1	I	ı	ı	I	ı	I	
– forward lending		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	
		194,825,444	101,095,122	59,070,241	34,407,428	252,653	I	1	I	I	I	
Commitments in respect of sale of:												
 forward foreign exchange contracts 		70,453,385	33,140,303	16,724,966	20,561,418	26,698	I	I	I	I	I	
 forward government securities transactions 		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	
- derivatives		I	1	1	1	ı	I	1	I	1	I	
- forward lending		-	-	1	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	1	
		70,453,385	33,140,303	16,724,966	20,561,418	26,698	_		-	_	_	
Other commitments		27,762,282	13,998,922	4,536,571	2,459,295	1,850,964	802,808	802,808	1,615,617	1,685,297	1	
Off-balance sheet gap		248,610,246	94,659,580	53,752,454	48,715,471	24,021,319	21,008,372	1,893,442	1,692,956	1,692,797	1,173,855	
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		304,735,588	136,520,059	360,463,848	(141,346,848)	37,273,598	3,467,493	9,740,426	13,870,173	18,134,649	5,918,295	(139,306,105)

							200, 201,					
	Effective					Exposed to)	Exposed to Yield/ Interest risk	3K				Non-interest
	Yield/ Interest rate	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	bearing financial instruments
						- CC	Rupees in '000					
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks		85,367,382	11,667,460	-	_	_	-	1	-	-	-	73,699,922
Balances with other banks		648,765	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	I	648,765
Lending to financial institutions	5.65%	8,694,399	8,479,431	ı	214,968	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
Investments	7.48%	698,082,066	207,838,771	254,965,360	4,859,782	76,666,335	69,068,252	911,023	12,335,225	31,594,411	2,474,558	37,368,349
Advances	6.58%	372,037,714	37,897,626	185,934,596	98,280,747	25,215,173	1,858,041	1,695,652	3,631,683	12,710,559	4,775,923	37,714
Other assets		32,531,714	_	_			_	_	_	-	-	32,531,714
		1,197,362,040	265,883,288	440,899,956	103,355,497	101,881,508	70,926,293	2,606,675	15,966,908	44,304,970	7,250,481	144,286,464
Liabilities												
Bills payable		7,835,467	ı	I	I	ı	ī	I	I	I	I	7,835,467
Borrowings	5.14%	223,556,383	187,022,240	18,928,986	5,135,191	1,889,389	24,603	424,408	1,130,910	9,000,656	1	
Deposits and other accounts	3.02%	883,740,709	114,815,490	179,108,142	277,712,372	54,121,362	10,708,471	1,643,439	672,985	279,725	72,895	244,605,828
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		ı	ı	I	-	_	ī	I	ı	ı	ı	1
Subordinated debt		ı	1	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Other liabilities		20,296,255	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	20,296,255
		1,135,428,814	301,837,730		282,847,563	56,010,751	10,733,074	2,067,847	1,803,895	9,280,381	72,895	272,737,550
On-balance sheet gap		61,933,226	(35,954,442)	242,862,828	(179,492,066)	45,870,757	60,193,219	538,828	14,163,013	35,024,589	7,177,586	(128,451,086)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Documentary credits and short-term												
trade-related transactions		81,303,270	10,374,686	9,834,147	29,912,375	15,789,295	14,156,377	913,869	18,254	7,500	296,767	•
77												
Commitments in respect of purchase of:		26 000 706	17 065 101	44 070 645	030 370 9	10 040						
- forward to legal excitation contracts - forward conservant sociution transactions		95,056,705	47,000,104	010,870,14	500,070,0	10,043	1	I	ı	1	1	
Solvana government socialists and socialists												
- derives - forward landing		1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1 1	1	
D		95,038,705	47,065,184	41,879,615	6,075,063	18,843				-		1
Commitments in respect of sale of:												
 forward foreign exchange contracts 		41,580,643	22,932,197	15,865,960	2,531,882	250,604	ı	I	I	ı	ļ	ı
 forward government securities transactions 		ı	I	I	_		1	I	I	ı	I	I
derivatives		ı	1	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I	ı	I	ı
- forward lending		I	I	I		I	I	I	ı	-	I	
		41,580,643	22,932,197	15,865,960	2,531,882	250,604	ı	I	I	1	I	I
Other commitments		31,592,555	14,969,156	5,748,217	5,018,468	697,197	851,431	851,431	1,702,862	1,753,793	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap		166,353,887	49,476,829	41,596,019	38,474,024	16,254,731	15,007,808	1,765,300	1,721,116	1,761,293	296,767	I
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		228,287,113	13,522,387	284,458,847 (141,018,042)	(141,018,042)	62,125,488	75,201,027	2,304,128	15,884,129	36,785,882	7,474,353	(128,451,086)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		228,287,113	13,522,387	297,981,234	156,963,192 219,088,680	219,088,680	294,289,707	296,593,835 312,477,964	312,477,964	349,263,846	356,738,199	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Reconciliation to total assets	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	Reconciliation to total liabilities	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Rupees in '000)	(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)	(Rupees in '000)
Balance as per balance sheet	1,350,606,103	1,249,665,658	Balance as per balance sheet	1,243,301,270	1,142,949,305
Less: Non financial assets			Less: Non financial liabilities		
Fixed assets	52,127,591	48,327,029	Deferred tax liabilities	4,755,428	6,941,804
Other assets	4,393,804	3,976,589	Other liabilities	586,476	578,687
	56,521,395	52,303,618		5,341,904	7,520,491
Total financial assets	1,294,084,708	1,197,362,040	Total financial liabilities	1,237,959,366	1,135,428,814

44.3 Operational Risk

The Bank, like all financial institutions, is exposed to many types of operational risks, including the potential losses arising from internal activities or external events caused by breakdowns in information, communication, physical safeguards, business continuity, supervision, transaction processing, settlement systems and the execution of legal, fiduciary and agency responsibilities.

In accordance with the BoD approved Operational Risk Policy, Bank maintains a system of internal controls designed to keep operational risk at appropriate levels, in view of the bank's financial strength and the characteristics of the activities and market in which it operates. These internal controls are periodically updated to conform to industry best practice.

Further, detailed data of operational losses is being maintained, in conformance with regulatory guidelines. Major Operational Risk events are also analyzed from the control breaches perspective and mitigating controls are assessed on design and operating effectiveness. Quarterly updates on Operational Risk events are presented to senior management and Board's Risk Management Committee & BoD.

The Bank has also developed a Business Continuity Plan applicable to all its functional areas. The Bank updates functional BCPs on annual basis or at any process change.

The Bank is also implementing internationally accepted Integrated Framework on Internal Control issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Tread way Commission (COSO), with a view to consolidate and enhance the existing internal control processes.

The Bank with permission of SBP is conducting a parallel run for Alternate Standardized Approach (ASA) for Basel II – Operational Risk Capital Charge Reporting, which signifies readiness of the Bank to move to advance approach.

44.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Bank is unable to fund its current obligations and operations in the most cost efficient manner. The Bank's BoD has delegated the responsibility to ALCO for ensuring that Bank's policy for liquidity management is adhered to on a continual basis. ALCO uses gap analysis based on "maturity schedule" to assess the Bank's liquidity risk and devise strategies accordingly. The Bank also has various limits and triggers in place to monitor liquidity risk on a periodic basis, whille it also utilizes stress testing & scenario analysis to assess adequacy of Bank's liquid assets. The Bank also complies with SBP's instructions on Liquidity Standards as prescribed under the Basel III Framework.

The Bank has in place a robust Liquidity Crisis Contingency Plan in place to deal with any liquidity crisis in the most efficient and effective manner.

Liquidity Management Framework

Daily liquidity management is carried out centrally by the Asset and Liability Management ("ALM") Desk in Treasury Group which regulates the day to day liquidity needs of the Bank. Funding and liquidity management strategies are regularly discussed during Asset and Liability Committee "ALCO" meetings. Such discussions include analysis on composition of deposits and tenure, funding gaps and concentration, monitoring of short and long-term liquidity ratios (including LCR and NSFR). The Bank utilizes internal Management Action Triggers and Limits which act as early warning indicators and safeguards to ensure sufficient liquidity buffers at all times. Additionally, external and internal liquidity stress tests are performed to evaluate available liquidity under a range of adverse scenarios and to identify potential vulnerabilities in portfolios. The Bank also has in place contingency funding plans that identify specific management action that can be invoked in times of liquidity crisis.

Liquidity Risk Mitigation Techniques

The Bank uses the following tools to identify and mitigate Liquidity Risk:

- Gap Analysis
- Liquidity Ratio
- Liquidity Stress Testing
- Liquidity Contingency Plan
- Risk Control Limits (RCLs)

Over 5 Years

Over 3 to 5 Years

Upto 3 years

Upto 2 years

Upto 1 year

Upto Over 3 Over 6 3 Months to 6 Months to 9 Months

Upto 2 Months

Upto 1 Month

Upto 14 days

Upto 7 days

Upto 1 Day

Total

December 31, 2018

44.4.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

00000														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	99,188,414	99,188,414	T	I	T	I	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	
Balances with other banks	2,575,055	2,575,055								1		ı	ı	
Lending to financial institutions	53,785,679	1	48,468,580	500,000	2,029,999	2,787,100	1	1		1	1		1	
Investments – net	671,228,285	34,360,240	220,417,989		8,071,443	317,394,215	32,888	16,947,301	25,667,744	6,135,369	1,135,813	7,051,206	8,471,835	25,542,242
Advances – net	438,318,894	70,461,195	2,033,096	194,526	13,017,204	6,728,176	10,881,528	30,015,383	16,467,670	101,842,831	58,047,337	46,898,309	50,431,751	31,299,888
Fixed assets	50,378,537	13,826	82,959	96,785	235,050	428,620	428,621	1,285,861	1,285,861	1,285,862	2,777,178	2,750,793	2,137,177	37,569,944
Intangible assets	1,749,054	671	4,029	4,700	11,414	20,814	20,814	62,441	62,441	62,441	249,765	249,765	499,530	500,229
Deferred tax assets		I	I	I	I	I	_	I	-	I	1	I	I	
Other assets – net	33,382,185	346,336	2,078,016	2,424,352	5,887,713	1,900,406	5,647,584	4,119,201	1,404,043	1,378,006	586,758	586,758	2,732,176	4,290,836
	1,350,606,103	206,945,737	273,084,669	3,220,363	29,252,823	329,259,331	17,011,435	52,430,187	44,887,759	110,704,509	62,796,851	57,536,831	64,272,469	99,203,139
Liabilities														
Bills payable	7,752,959	7,752,959	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	I	I	
Borrowings	225,882,986	-	159,079,594	3,277,502	6,624,376	14,289,234	12,434,236	16,132,619	-	40	282,296	641,607	1,556,729	11,564,753
Deposits and other accounts	984,475,183	809,687,661	10,413,217	14,158,732	30,324,819	27,831,940	13,976,360	37,210,046	12,590,619	23,771,946	2,193,097	825,194	876,633	614,919
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	ı	I	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Subordinated debt	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	
Deferred tax liabilities – net	4,755,428	6,272	37,629	43,900	106,615	1,359,344	43,166	214,988	255,541	166,219	176,080	197,040	146,666	2,001,968
Other liabilities	20,434,714	364,185	2,185,108	2,549,293	6,191,140	718,160	685,178	1,015,410	898,464	883,536	1,044,424	773,156	895,342	2,231,318
	1,243,301,270	817,811,077	171,715,548	20,029,427	43,246,950	44,198,678	27,138,940	54,573,063	13,744,624	24,821,741	3,695,897	2,436,997	3,475,370	16,412,958
Net assets	107,304,833	(610,865,340)	101,369,121	(16,809,064)	(13,994,127)	285,060,653	(10,127,505)	(2,142,876)	31,143,135	85,882,768	59,100,954	55,099,834	60,797,099	82,790,181
Share capital	11,450,739													
Reserves	20,276,515													
Unappropriated profit	52,500,405													
Surplus on revaluation of assets net of tax	23,077,174													
	107,304,833													

						De	December 31, 2017	7						
	Total	Upto 1 Day	Upto 7 days	Upto 14 days	Upto 1 Month	Upto 2 Months	Upto 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Upto 1 year	Upto 2 years	Upto 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
							(Rup	(Rupees in '000)						
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	85,367,382	85,367,382	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I
Balances with other banks	648,765	648,765	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I
Lending to financial institutions	8,694,399	ı	7,879,431	000'009	I	ı	ı	214,968	ı	I	I	I	ı	ı
Investments – net	698,082,066	37,368,350	110,829,309	-	95,423,880	139,040,676	112,975,715	245,898	75,414,184	1,252,151	69,157,669	1,159,932	14,638,525	40,575,777
Advances – net	372,037,714	53,084,410	346,168	304,380	40,622,206	3,775,802	8,892,953	22,658,737	10,385,002	48,011,535	44,495,360	51,380,735	57,345,524	30,734,902
Fixed assets	46,867,935	14,394	86,363	100,756	244,694	446,207	446,208	1,338,622	1,338,622	1,338,622	2,364,751	2,339,760	1,916,454	34,892,482
Intangible assets	1,459,094	260	3,360	3,921	9,522	17,363	17,363	52,090	52,090	52,089	208,359	208,359	416,717	417,301
Deferred tax assets	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I
Other assets – net	36,508,303	534,058	3,204,348	3,738,407	9,078,987	1,940,931	4,502,609	3,793,777	1,420,575	1,418,492	512,004	512,004	2,292,040	3,560,071
	1,249,665,658	177,017,919	122,348,979	4,747,464	145,379,289	145,220,979	126,834,848	28,304,092	88,610,473	52,072,889	116,738,143	55,600,790	76,609,260	110,180,533
Liabilities														
Bills payable	7,835,467	7,835,467	I	I	1	I	I	ı	1	I	I	I	ı	ı
Borrowings	223,556,383	-	172,679,291	3,769,066	8,255,121	9,244,075	9,684,911	5,135,191	4,208,110	40	24,603	424,409	1,130,911	9,000,655
Deposits and other accounts	883,740,709	699,607,137	22,779,027	7,768,373	17,034,748	24,054,313	26,521,973	37,753,203	15,180,412	29,302,479	1,070,000	1,643,439	672,985	352,620
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	1	ı	ı	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	I	I	I	I
Subordinated debt	-	ı	-	ı	ı	I	I	l	ı	I	I	I	ı	l
Deferred tax liabilities – net	6,941,804	16,057	96,345	112,402	272,976	1,150,792	937,111	90,796	701,199	98,610	750,669	207,312	225,073	2,282,462
Other liabilities	20,874,942	347,363	2,084,176	2,431,538	5,905,165	1,042,528	988,981	1,170,431	1,197,406	1,153,501	905,767	747,185	912,453	1,988,448
	1,142,949,305	707,806,024	197,638,839	14,081,379	31,468,010	35,491,708	38,132,976	44,149,621	21,287,127	30,554,630	2,751,039	3,022,345	2,941,422	13,624,185
Net assets	106,716,353	(530,788,105)	(75,289,860)	(9,333,915)	113,911,279	109,729,271	88,701,872	(15,845,529)	67,323,346	21,518,259	113,987,104	52,578,445	73,667,838	96,556,348
Share capital	11,450,739													
Reserves	17,980,116													
Unappropriated profit	49,212,447													
Surplus on revaluation of assets net of tax	28,073,051													
	106,716,353													

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.4.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities – based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

				Dec	cember 31, 201	8				
	Total	Upto	Over 1 to	Over 3	Over 6 Months	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over 5 to	Above
		1 Month	3 Months	to 6 Months	to 1 Year Rupees	2 Years in '000	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years
					nupees	111 000				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	99,188,414	27,339,089	10,192,026	4,908,440	4,104,803	1,973,027	2,007,802	-	-	48,663,227
Balances with other banks	2,575,055	2,575,055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	53,785,679	50,998,579	2,787,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments – net	671,228,285	229,565,085	317,427,104	16,947,301	31,803,113	9,798,775	14,898,089	8,471,835	40,401,983	1,915,000
dvances – net	438,318,894	22,697,105	21,999,270	32,819,525	121,876,130	75,463,863	64,314,835	67,848,278	26,482,007	4,817,881
Exed assets	50,378,537	428,620	857,241	1,285,861	2,571,723	2,777,178	2,750,793	2,137,177	2,391,543	35,178,401
ntangible assets	1,749,054	20,814	41,628	62,441	124,882	249,765	249,765	499,530	500,229	-
Deferred tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
her assets – net	33,382,185	10,736,417	7,547,990	4,119,201	2,782,049	586,758	586,758	2,732,176	4,290,836	-
	1,350,606,103	344,360,764	360,852,359	60,142,769	163,262,700	90,849,366	84,808,042	81,688,996	74,066,598	90,574,509
Liabilities										
Bills payable	7,752,959	7,752,959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
orrowings	225,882,986	168,981,472	26,723,469	16,132,619	40	282,296	641,607	1,556,729	11,564,754	-
eposits and other accounts	984,475,183	121,296,471	173,849,475	83,725,237	70,017,278	35,847,810	35,073,079	876,633	534,810	463,254,390
Subordinated debt	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
eferred tax liabilities – net	4,755,428	194,416	1,402,510	214,988	421,760	176,080	197,040	146,666	280,666	1,721,302
ther liabilities	20,434,714	11,289,726	1,403,338	1,015,410	1,782,000	1,044,424	773,156	895,342	2,231,318	-
	1,243,301,270	309,515,044	203,378,792	101,088,254	72,221,078	37,350,610	36,684,882	3,475,370	14,611,548	464,975,692
let assets	107,304,833	34,845,720	157,473,567	(40,945,485)	91,041,622	53,498,756	48,123,160	78,213,626	59,455,050	(374,401,183)
21	11 150 700									
Share capital	11,450,739									
Reserves	20,276,515									······
nappropriated profit	52,500,405									
urplus on revaluation of assets net of tax	23,077,174									
Of assets fiel of tax	107,304,833									
	101,001,000									
	Total	Upto	Over 1 to		Over 6 Months	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 2 to	Over 5 to	About
	Total	1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	to 1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	10 Years	Above 10 Years
										10 fears
					Rupees	in '000				10 fears
					Rupees	in '000				10 fears
					·	in '000				
Cash and balances with treasury banks	85,367,382	21,881,468	6,787,778	2,985,981	2,697,175	in '000	4,072,263	-	_	46,942,717
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	648,765	648,765	6,787,778	-	·	in '000	4,072,263	-		
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions	648,765 8,694,399	648,765 8,479,431	-	- 214,968	2,697,175		_	-	-	46,942,717 - -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842	- - 252,016,391	214,968 245,898	2,697,175 - - 76,666,335	- - - 77,651,512	- - 10,561,003	- - 14,638,525	54,583,935	46,942,717 - - 4,389,625
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks ending to financial institutions rivestments – net udvances – net	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221	252,016,391 17,433,921	214,968 245,898 25,540,795	2,697,175 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 77,651,512 57,053,229	- 10,561,003 63,938,603	69,903,392	25,860,418	46,942,717 - - - 4,389,625 4,874,484
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Iiwed assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415	214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622	2,697,175 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760	69,903,392 1,916,454	25,860,418 2,242,495	46,942,717 - - 4,389,625
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Tixed assets Intangible assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221	252,016,391 17,433,921	214,968 245,898 25,540,795	2,697,175 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 77,651,512 57,053,229	- 10,561,003 63,938,603	69,903,392	25,860,418	46,942,717 - - - 4,389,625 4,874,484
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726	214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090	2,697,175 - 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 -	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777	2,697,175 - 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 - 2,839,067	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 512,004	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071	46,942,717 - - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726	214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090	2,697,175 - 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 -	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777	2,697,175 - 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 - 2,839,067	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 512,004	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - 88,856,813
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131	2,697,175 - -76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 - 2,839,067 146,556,651	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220	46,942,717 - - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - -
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets Bills payable Borrowings	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771	214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131	2,697,175 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 2,839,067 146,556,651	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - 88,856,813
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intrangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131	2,697,175 - -76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 - 2,839,067 146,556,651	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - 88,856,813
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771 - 18,928,986 111,946,744	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131	2,697,175 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 2,839,067 146,556,651 4,208,150 77,493,792	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 428,963,104
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Lixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 — 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 — 497,780	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771 - 18,928,986 111,946,744 - 2,087,903	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796	2,697,175 76,666,335 61,572,651 2,677,244 104,179 2,839,067 146,556,651 4,208,150 77,493,792 799,809	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - 88,856,813
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Lixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Dither assets – net Liabilities Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804 20,874,942	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 — 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 — 497,780 10,768,242	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771 - 18,928,986 111,946,744 - 2,087,903 2,031,509	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431	2,697,175 	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Berrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 - 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804 20,874,942	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 17,363 — 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 — 497,780 10,768,242	- 252,016,391 17,433,921 892,415 34,726 - 6,443,540 283,608,771 - 18,928,986 111,946,744 - 2,087,903 2,031,509	- 214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 - 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431	2,697,175 	77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intragible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Net assets Share capital Reserves	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - - 6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305 106,716,353	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - - 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305 106,716,353	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - - 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Net assets Net assets Share capital Reserves Unappropriated profit	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - - 6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305 106,716,353	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - - 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves Unappropriated profit Surplus on revaluation	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 -36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 -6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305 106,716,353 11,450,739 17,980,116 49,212,447	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 - 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 - - - 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Net assets	648,765 8,694,399 698,082,066 372,037,714 46,867,935 1,459,094 36,508,303 1,249,665,658 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,740,709 - 6,941,804 20,874,942 1,142,949,305 106,716,353	648,765 8,479,431 207,328,842 45,860,221 446,207 11,363 - 16,555,800 301,218,097 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,815,490 497,780 10,768,242 318,620,458		214,968 245,898 25,540,795 1,338,622 52,090 3,793,777 34,172,131 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,796 1,170,431 88,653,303	2,697,175 	- 77,651,512 57,053,229 2,364,751 208,359 - 512,004 137,789,855 - 24,603 34,080,901 - 750,669 905,767 35,761,940	- 10,561,003 63,938,603 2,339,760 208,359 - 512,004 81,631,992 - 424,408 33,231,083 - 207,312 747,185 34,609,988	69,903,392 1,916,454 416,717 - 2,292,040 89,167,128 - 1,130,911 672,985 - 225,073 912,453 2,941,422	25,860,418 2,242,495 417,301 - 3,560,071 86,664,220 - 9,000,655 279,725 - 555,526 1,988,448 11,824,354	46,942,717 4,389,625 4,874,484 32,649,987 88,856,813 - 428,963,104 - 1,726,936 - 430,690,040

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.5 Derivative Risk

Market & Liquidity Risk Division under Risk Management Group is responsible for assessing and monitoring the derivative risk emanating from Bank's exposures.

The Bank's Treasury Group buys and sells derivative instruments, for hedging and market making purposes, such as:

- Forward Exchange Contracts
- Foreign Exchange Swaps
- Equity Futures
- Forward Contracts for Government Securities

The Bank's Risk Management Group, ALCO & BRMC monitor the risk emanating from the Bank's portfolio of derivatives exposures on a periodic basis and uses Off-Balance Sheet gap analysis to implement prudent asset liability management of the Bank's derivatives exposures.

45 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

- 45.1 The Board of Directors of the Bank in its meeting held on February 13, 2019 has proposed a final cash dividend in respect of 2018 of Rs. 2.00 per share (2017: cash dividend Rs. 1.75 per share). This appropriation will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for in the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019.
- **45.2** Federal Government vide Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Bill, 2019 (Bill) dated January 23, 2019, has proposed to amend rate of Super Tax for Banks for Tax Year 2018 (Accounting Year ended 31 December, 2017) from "0%" to "4%". As a result, the proposed implementation shall result in a retrospectively levy. The proposed bill is under debate in the Parliament and would take effect only upon approval by the Parliament.

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of this new proposed levy, which would be accounted for in the year ending December 31, 2019 as past year tax charge; if the proposed bill which is under debate in the Parliament is approved by the Parliament.

46 GENERAL

- **46.1** Captions as prescribed by BPRD circular no.2 of 2018 issued by SBP, in respect of which there are no amounts, have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for caption of the statement of financial position and profit and loss account.
- **46.2** Comparative figures have been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these financial statements wherever necessary to facilitate comparison and better presentation in accordance with new format prescribed by SBP vide BPRD circular no. 2 of 2018.

47 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on February 13, 2019 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Chief Financial Officer	President and Chief Executive	Director
Director	Chairman	

Amount in Million

OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND OR ABOVE FROM (JANUARY 1, 2018 TO DECEMBER 31, 2018) STATEMENT SHOWING WRITTEN OFF LOANS OR ANY OTHER FINANCIAL RELIEF

PRINCIPAL INTEREST OTHER TOTAL	INTEREST TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL	. INTERESTY OTHER TOTAL MARK-UP 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 7 86 7 9252 7 86 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9252 7 9253	. INTERESTY OTHER TOTAL MARK-UP 6	. INTERESTY OTHER TOTAL MARK-UP 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 7 8 7 8 9 3.356 7 8 9 3.252 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL	MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL MARK-UP TOTAL TOTAL	NTERESTY OTHER TOTAL	252 252 252 252 256 246 248 886 886 886 886 886 886 886 886 886 246 246 246 246 246 246 246 246 246 24
8.703 - 7 8 1.980 - 12.683 31.386 1.980 - 1.282 3.282 7.986 - 12.783 30.769 0.475 - 0.538 1.013 1.044 - 2.549 3.583 3.786 - 2.252 6.048	8.703 7 8 1.262 31.356 1.990 - 1.262 3.252 7.986 - 12.783 30.769 0.475 - 0.538 1.013 1.044 - 2.549 3.583 3.796 - 2.252 6.048 5.000 - 3.886 8.886	1262 31356 1390 - 1262 31356	12.62 31.356 1.262 31.356 1.262 31.356 1.262 32.52 1.262 32.52 1.264 1.264 1.264 1.265 1	12.653 31.356 1.262 3.252 1.262 3.252 1.262 3.252 1.263 31.356 1.264 1.265 1	- 12.653 31.356 - 12.62 32.52 - 12.783 30.769 - 2.549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593	- 12.62 31.356 - 12.62 32.52 - 12.649 35.93 - 2.549 3.593 - 2.549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.5549 3.593 - 2.255 6.048 - 2.255 6.048 - 2.255 7.246 - 5.358 21.968 - 5.368 21.968	- 1262 31.356 - 1.262 32.52 - 1.2783 30.769 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.549 3.583 - 2.540 7.46 - 3.886 8.886 - 3.886 8.886 - 0.580 2.076 - 0.880 2.076 - 0.880 2.076	- 12.653 31.356 - 1.262 32.52 - 1.2783 30.769 - 2.549 3.553 - 2.549 3.553 - 2.546 7.246 - 5.529 19.129 - 5.529 19.129 - 6.048 - 7.246 7.246 - 6.3886 8.886 - 7.246 7.246 - 1.975 2.076 - 1.975 5.773
6 7 8 8,703 - 12,653 31 1,290 - 1,262 3 7,386 - 12,783 30 0,475 - 0,538 1 1,044 - 2,549 3 3,796 - 2,252 6	6 7 8 8,703 - 12,653 31 1,290 - 1,262 3 7,286 - 12,783 30 0,475 - 0,538 1 1,044 - 2,549 3 3,796 - 2,252 6 5,000 - 3,886 8	6 7 8 8,703 - 12,653 31 1,990 - 1,262 3 0,475 - 0,538 1 1,044 - 2,549 3 3,796 - 2,222 6 5,000 - 3,886 8 - - 7,246 7	6 7 8 8 1.2.653 31 1.2.653 31 1.2.653 31 1.2.62 31 1.2.6	6 7 6 7 7 86 12.653 12.653 12.653 12.653 12.653 12.758 12.	- 1262 - 1263 - 1264 - 2549 - 2549 - 2529 - 2529 - 2529 - 2529 - 2529 - 2529	- 1262 - 1263 - 1264 - 2549 - 2529 - 5368 - 5368 - 5368	- 12653	- 12653
0.475	17.986 0.475 1.044 3.796 5.000	17,398	0.475	0.475 0.475 1.044 3.796 5.000 113.600	3.600 3.600 3.600 3.600	88	986 144 156	
			7					
35202-4626468-1 MUHAMMAD JALEEL 33100-5743862-7 SHEIKH REHMAT ULLAH 35202-2958849-9 MUHAMMAD IOBAL								
33100–5743962–7 SHEIKH 35202–2958849–9 MUHAW								
ABDUL WAHEED 33100-3 MUHAMMAD AFZAL 35202-3				D ZAL AHI AHI ZWAN ZWAN	ZAL AHI AHI ZWAN ZWAN AB- SPRIETOR) ZWAN	ZAL AHI AHI ZWAN ZWAN HUSSAIN	D 72AL AHII AHII AHII AHII AHII AB-DPRIETORI) DPRIETORI) AD ALII HUSSAIN AAD BILAL	D ZAL AHI AHI ZWAN ZWAN HUSSAIN HUSSAIN AFA
+						Phousing Society, Lahore r No.8-F, Industerial Area RRES (PVT) UTD., d Rajkan, Tehsil Mandi ed Pur East. (PVT) UTD. d Rajkan, Tehsil Mandi ed Pur East.		PHOSING Society, Lahore r No.8-F, Industerial Area r No.8-F, Industerial Area ded Pur East. (PVT) LTD. ded Rajkan, Tehsil Mandi ed Pur East. t, Multan d. colony No. 2, Zeeshan d. 3-8
	MEHIMOOD ELLAHI 42301-3568581-1	МЕНМООD ЕЦАНІ 42301-3568581-1 ВАSHIR ULLAH КНАМ АВ- BASI (SOLE PROPRIETOR)	MEHMOOD ELLAHI 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- BASI (SOLE PROPRIETOR) IMAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 TAHIR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3 TAHIR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3	MEHMOOD ELLAHI 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002176-9 BASI (SOLE PROPRIETOR) IMAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 TAHR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3 TAHR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3 TAHR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3 TAHR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3	MEHMOOD ELLAH 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002176-9 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002176-9 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002176-9 IMAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 IMAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 TAHIR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3 TAHIR JAMMAD ALI 36102-6832434-3	MEHMOOD ELLAHI 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR UILAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002176-9 BASHI (SOLE PROPRIETOR) MAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 TAHIR JAMEEL 31201-7371833-3	MEHMOOD ELLAHI 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR ULLAH KIHAN AB- BASHIR ULLAH KIHAN AB- BASHIR ULLAH KIHAN AB- BASHIR ULLAH KIHAN AB- BASHIR SOLE PROPRIETOR) MAM UD DIN MAM UD DIN MAM UD DIN MAM AMAD BIZWAN 31201-7371833-3 TAHRI JAMEEL MUHAMMAD RIZWAN 31201-7371833-3 RAO MUHAMMAD ALL MR. MANZOOR HUSSAIN 32102-2832434-3 HARIZ MUHAMMAD BILAL 33100-3324387-3	MEHMOOD ELLAH 42301-3568581-1 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002178-9 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002178-9 BASHIR ULLAH KHAN AB- 61101-2002178-9 IMAM UD DIN 31201-7371833-3 IMAM AD DIN 31201-7371833-3 IMAM ANZOOR HUSSAIN 32102-2037285-7 HAFIZ MUHAMMAD BILAL 33100-3824397-3 GHULAM MUSTAFA 35101-2859288-9

S. o.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF BORROWER	NAME OF INDIVIDUALS/PARTNERS/ DIRECTORS	NERS/ DIRECTORS	FATHER'S NAME	OUTSTANDI	OUTSTANDING LIABILITIES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	THE BEGINNIN OD	IG OF THE	PRINCIPAL WRITTEN-OFF	INTEREST/ MARK- UP WRITTEN-OFF	OTHER FINANCIAL RELIEF PROVIDED	TOTAL 9+10+11
		NAME OF DIRECTORS	NIC NOS.		PRINCIPAL	INTEREST/ MARK-UP	OTHER	TOTAL				
-	2	ဧ		4	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12
9	DIAMOND POLYMERS (PVT) LTD., Plot No.12-A. New Industrial Area, Mirpur Azad Jammu & Kashmir	WAQAR A SHAFFI FTIKHAR AHMED SHAFFI M. H. PERVAIZ SHARIQ IFTIKHAR	35202-2895546-1 35202-9167282-7 270-30-040953 35202-2633803-1	S.M. SHAFFI MUHAMMAD SHAFFI M. SHAREEF IFTKHAR A. SHAFFI	53.357	ı	36.696	90.053	1	1	36.696	36.696
7	SHARI CHEMICAL, ND. (PVT) LTD. Pot No.2, Gadoon Anazai Industrial Estate, Topi Ganduf Road, Swabi, KPK	WAOAR A SHAFH SEEMA FITIKHAR SEEMA FITIKHAR MH PERWAZ AWAN ULLAR GULZAR MRS FARAH WAOAR SOHALI MALIK MRS FARAH WAOAR	35202-2833803-1 35202-2833803-1 35202-2814170-0 270-30-40053 35202-3839119-9 35202-7790323-8 35202-1522893-5 35202-1522893-8	S.M. SHAFFI THEWARA SHAFFI FITKHARA SHAFFI M. SHARIE GULZAR AHMED WAQARA SHAFFI MLZAFFAR MALK WAQARA SHAFFI WAQARA SHAFFI WAQARA SHAFFI WAQARA SHAFFI WAQARA SHAFFI	49.992	1	14.307	64.299	-1	1	14.307	14.307
48	CRESCENT NDUSTRIAL GADOON (PVT) LTD. Plot No.32/3, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate, Topi, Ganduf Road, Swabi, KPK	"IFTIKHAR AHMED SHAFFI SHARIQ IFTIKHAR	"35202–9167282–7 35202–2633803–1	"MUHAMMAD SHAFI IFTIKHAR A.SHAFFI	10.031	-	8.364	18.395	ı	1	8.364	8.364
19	"HARIZ ANEES UR REHIMAN House # 89, measuring 20 marlas, situated at Block H-3, Wapda Town, Lahore"	HAFIZ ANEES-UR-REHMAN	32304–1607078–5	HAFIZ BASHIR AHMED	3.807	1	3.335	7.142	ı	1	2.051	2.051
20	"AHMED AND CO., Shadman Colony Pattoki, Distt. Kasur	MUHAMMAD AKMAL	35103-1725199-7	MUHAMMAD HASSAN	6.315	-	2.921	9.236	-	-	1.586	1.586
21	"AHSAN SHAFI & CO. Block No.164/B, Block-C, Latifabad, Hyderabad	AHSAN SHAFI	41304–2662071–7	MUHAMMAD SHAFIULLAH	7.996	-	4.438	12.434	-	-	3.628	3.628
22	"REHMAN AGENCIES House No.268, Block-3, Satellite Town, Quetta	ABDULLAH	54400-3628134-7	RIAZ MUHAMMAD	0.025	I	0.924	0.949	-	ı	0.537	0.537
23	"CATKO ENGINEERING Cresent Star Road Pindi Bypass G.T.Road Gujranwala	MIRZA MUNIR AHMED	34101–1210296–9	MIRZA MUHAMMAD SADIQ	3.647	-	2.512	6.159	-	1	0.988	0.988
24	"HELICON PHARMA CENTRE 5-T, Gulberg-li, Lahore	"FAFAQAT ALI MUHAMMAD NAWAZ KHAN	"33100-2209951-5 33100-6883248-1	"TUFAIL MUHAMMAD MUHAMMAD BASHIR	12.750	ı	23.716	36.466	ı	ı	8.562	8.562
52	"POPULAR IRON STORE Thana Road, Jalal Pur Bhattian, Hafizabad.	ZAHID MUNIR	34302-1210905-3	MUHAMMAD MUNIR	1.599	-	1.095	2.694	-	-	0.844	0.844
56	"MLW INDUSTRIES (PVT) LTD. 18-km, Raiwind Road, Lahore	"MUHAMMAD NASEEM NIAZ MUHAMMAD WALEED NIAZ LARAIB NIAZ	35202-0794596-7 35202-7141671-1 35202-8696238-8	"CH. NIAZ MUHAMMAD MUHAMMAD NASEEM NIAZ MUHAMMAD NASEEM NIAZ"	71.736	-	66.371	138.107	31.736	1	9.427	41.163
27	HUSNAIN COTEX LIMITED	Directors before settlement approval as per form 29 dated 13.11.2015	I	1	67.815		70.260	138.075	ı	-	45.829	45.829
	242-Ahmed Block,	HUSNAIN YOUSAF	33202-0601133-3	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF								
	New Garden Town, Lahore	MAHMOOD-UL-HASSAN QURESHI	35202-2628237-5	HAKIM DOST MUHAMMAD								
		MST. RAZIA BEGUM	35202-6312974-4	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		MST. DILSHAD AKHTAR	35201-0307898-6	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		MUHAMMAD YAQOOB SHEIKH	35201-9482496-5	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		MUHAMMAD AYUB SHEIKH	35201-1544971-3	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		MUHAMMAD YOUNAS SHEIKH	35202-0624157-7	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		MUHAMMAD RAMZAN SHEIKH	35201-9041208-1	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		HUSNAIN HAIDER SHEIKH	35201-9499182-3	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		ADNAN YOUSAF SHEIKH	35201-7360083-9	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								

Sr. No.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF BORROWER	NAME OF INDIVIDUALS/PARTNERS/ DIRECTORS	'NERS' DIRECTORS	FATHER'S NAME	OUTSTANDII	OUTSTANDING LIABILITIES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	THE BEGINNING	IG OF THE	PRINCIPAL WRITTEN-OFF	INTEREST/ MARK- UP WRITTEN-OFF	OTHER FINANCIAL RELIEF PROVIDED	TOTAL 9+10+11
		NAME OF DIRECTORS	NIC NOS.		PRINCIPAL	INTEREST/ MARK-UP	ОТНЕВ	TOTAL				
1	2	8		4	5	9	2	8	6	01	11	12
		Sponsors /Directors at the time of final adjustment as per form 29 dated 03.05.2018										
		MUHAMMAD RAMZAN SHEIKH	35201-9041208-1	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
		JAHANZEB MASOOD	33202-1186603-7	MUHAMMAD MASOOD								
		AMMARALI	35202-8834511-1	MUHAMMAD AAMER YAMEEN KHAN								
		SAJJAD HUSSAIN	42401-3665606-9	NOOR MUHAMMAD								
		MUHAMMAD RAMZAN SHEIKH	35201-9041208-1	MUHAMMAD YOUSAF SHEIKH								
28	"AL HAMD RICE MILLS 2-KM Jhang Road, Garti More, Lahore	"MUHAMMAD ASLAM YASIR SHAHZAD FAISAL SHAHZAD QAISER SHAHZAD	"33203-0737780-1 33204-0351624-9 33204-0340587-7 33204-0350211-1	"GHULAM NABI MUHAMMAD ASLAM MUHAMMAD ASLAM MUHAMMAD ASLAM"	1	I	4.605	4.605	I	-	1.990	1.990
53	"SHAMSI BUILDERS, 803, Kashif Centre, Karachi	"ARSHAD ALAM HASHMI SHOAIB ALAM HASHMI	"42000–2649514–9 42201–7624776–1	"MUHAMMAD YOUSF MUHAMMAD YOUSF	32.240	1	15.353	47.593	ı	ı	5.992	5.992
8	"AL CADIR FILLING STATION Street number 13, Ghang Road, Stadium Park, Sheikh- upura	ZULFIQAR RABBANI JUTT	35401–7135160–7	GHULAM QADIR	3.294	1	1.895	5.189	1	ı	0.736	0.736
31	"GATEWAY COMPUTERS Shop No. 1, G-2, Lower ground, Usman Centre, Hall Road, Lahore.	SHAHZAD MANSOOR	35202-0462209-9	RAO MANSOOR ALI	2.000	I	0.899	2.899	I	ı	0.598	0.598
					555.070	ı	506.945	1,062.015	31.736	ı	372.429	404.165

ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS

The Bank is operating 117 (2017: 117) Islamic Banking Branches and 10 (2017: Nil) Islamic Banking Windows at the end of the year.

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2018

	Note	December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks		2,111,510	1,093,706
Balances with other banks		2,046,081	31,209
Due from financial institutions	1	3,529,999	1,914,968
Investments	2	10,249,093	8,303,563
Islamic financing and related assets - net	3	6,927,022	4,662,326
Fixed assets		1,139,785	959,241
Intangible assets		893	_
Due from Head Office	4	799,045	_
Other assets		501,078	385,148
Total Assets		27,304,506	17,350,161
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable		146,954	124,270
Due to financial institutions		_	500,000
Deposits and other accounts	5	24,632,632	15,546,966
Due to Head Office	4	_	65,013
Subordinated debt		_	_
Other liabilities		179,923	137,038
		24,959,509	16,373,287
NET ASSETS		2,344,997	976,874
REPRESENTED BY			
Islamic Banking Fund		3,200,000	1,450,000
Reserves		(305)	_
Surplus/ (Deficit) on revaluation of assets		51,504	84,266
Accumulated Losses	7	(906,202)	(557,392)
		2,344,997	976,874

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

8

ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended December 31, 2018

	Note	December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
Profit / return earned	9	1,257,179	707,065
Profit / return expensed	10	601,330	370,973
Net Profit / return		655,849	336,092
OTHER INCOME			
Fee and commission income		74,463	43,396
Dividend income		_	_
Foreign exchange income / (loss)		3,302	(1,097)
Income / (loss) from derivatives		_	_
Gain / (loss) on securities		(1,347)	(301)
Other income		2,925	74
Total other income		79,343	42,072
TOTAL INCOME		735,192	378,164
OTHER EXPENSES			
Operating expenses		1,083,994	760,124
Workers welfare fund		_	_
Other charges		_	_
Total other expenses		1,083,994	760,124
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE PROVISIONS		(348,802)	(381,960)
Provisions and write offs – net		8	_
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		(348,810)	(381,960)
Taxation		_	_
PROFIT/ (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION		(348,810)	(381,960)

ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS Notes to the Annexure II For the year ended December 31, 2018

			Dec	embe	r 31, 2018	3		Dec	ember 3	31, 20 [.]	17
		In Loc Curren		In Fo Curre	•	Total		ocal ency	In Fore Currence		Total
						Rupees i	n '000				
1	DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS										
	Bai Muajjal Receiveable from other										
	Financial Institutions	1,029	,999		-	1,029,999)	_		-	-
	Bai Muajjal Receiveable from										
	State Bank of Pakistan		-		_	_	- 21	4,968		-	214,968
	Musharaka Lending	2,500	,000		_	2,500,000	1,10	00,000		-	1,100,000
	Modaraba Lending		-		-	_	- 60	00,000		-	600,000
		3,529	,999		-	3,529,999	1,91	4,968			1,914,968
			Dece	ember 31	, 2018			Dec	cember 31, 2	017	
		Cost / Amortized cost	Provision diminu		Surplus / (Deficit)	Carrying Value	Cost / Amortized cost	Provisi dimin		Surplus / Deficit)	Carrying Value
		COST				Rupees in					
	INVESTMENTS BY SEGMENTS Federal Government Securities:										
	–ljarah Sukuks	3,350,837		_	(16,997)	3,333,840	2,845,696		_	15,455	2,861,15
		3,350,837		_	(16,997)	3,333,840	2,845,696		_	15,455	2,861,15
	Non Government Debt Securities										
	-Listed -Unlisted	172,579 6,743,516			(842)	171,737 6,743,516	223,034 5,219,911			(533)	222,50 5,219,91
	O martico	6,916,095		_	(842)	6,915,253	5,442,945		-	(533)	5,442,412
	Total Investments	10,266,932		-	(17,839)	10,249,093	8,288,641		-	14,922	8,303,563
						No	ote D	ecemb	er 31.	De	cember 31
									2018		2017
									Rupees	in '000)
	ISLAMIC FINANCING AND RELATED AS	SETS									
	ljarah					3	.1	26	8,514		1,637,694
	Murabaha					3	.2	7	4,796		25,297
	Diminishing Musharaka							2,62	8,167		260,759
	Salam							2	0,643		_
	Business Musharka – Financings							3,62	6,407		2,643,053
	Staff Ijarah							27	2,629		95,523
	Staff – DM								5,874		_
	Gross Islamic financing and related assets							6,92	7,030		4,662,326
	Less: provision against Islamic financings										
	– Specific								-		_
	– General		/						8		_
									8		_
	Islamic financing and related assets - net c	f provision	ı					6,92	7,022		4,662,326

				Dece	ember 31, 2018			
			Cost		Acc	umulated Depreci	iation	
		As at Jan 01, 2018	Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31, 2018	As at Jan 01, 2018	Charge for the year	As at Dec 31, 2018	Book Value as at 31 Dec 2018
					Rupees in '00	0		
3.1	Ijarah							
	Vehicles	198,603	132,638	331,241	53,777	28,405	82,182	249,059
•••••	Equipment	1,600,000	(1,577,770)	22,230	107,132	(104,357)	2,775	19,455
	Total	1,798,603	(1,445,132)	353,471	160,909	(75,952)	84,957	268,514
				Dece	ember 31, 2017			
			Cost			umulated Depreci		
		As at Jan 01,	Additions / (deletions)	As at Dec 31,	As at Jan 01,	Charge for the	As at Dec 31,	Book Value as at
		2017		2017	2017	year	2017	31 Dec 2017
					Rupees in '00	0		
	Vehicles	120,731	77,872	198,603	15,132	38,645	53,777	144,826
•••••	Equipment	-	1,600,000	1,600,000		107,132	107,132	1,492,868
	Total	120,731	1,677,872	1,798,603	15,132	145,777	160,909	1,637,694
			Dece	mber 31, 2018		Dec	ember 31, 2017	
			Not later Later t		Total	Not later Later than 1 1 year 8		ve Total
			year than 5 y			year than 5	years	
	Future Ijarah payments receivable		7,722 178	3,212 –	Rupees in 'C		3,772	- 1,611,186
		_	7,722 178	3,212 –		1,577,414 3:	er 31, I	December 31
		_	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934	1,577,414 3:		December 31 2017
3.2		_	7,722 178	3,212 –	185,934	1,577,414 3:	er 31, I 2018	December 31, 2017
3.2	ljarah rental receivables Murabaha	_	7,722 178	3,212 –	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0	December 31 2017 00
3.2	ljarah rental receivables	_	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934	1,577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018	December 31 2017 00 18,687
3.2	ljarah rental receivables Murabaha Murabaha financing	_	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0	December 31, 2017 00 18,687
3.2	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha	_	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 – 6,610
3.2	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha		7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 – 6,610
3.2	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha		7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1.577,414 3: e Decemb	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297
	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha		7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 74 2 74	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796 - 4,796 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297
	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income	sets	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 74 2 74	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297
	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as	sets	7,722 178	3,212 -	185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 7.4 2 7.4 4 (1	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796 - 4,796 4,796	December 31 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297 18,687 (50)
	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 7.4 2 7.4 4 (1	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 7.4 2 7.4 4 (1	er 31, I 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	December 31, 2017 00 18,687 - 6,610 25,297 18,687 (50)
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as: Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 7/4 2 7/4 4 (1)	er 31,	18,687 - 6,610 25,297 - 18,637
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as: Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina Opening balance Sales during the year				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 74 2 74 4 (1) 73 18 133	er 31, 1 2018 Rupees in '0 4,796	18,687
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as: Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 74 2 74 4 (1) 138 (79)	er 31,	18,687
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as: Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 74 2 74 4 (1) 73 118 138 (79 74	er 31,	18,687 - 6,610 25,297 18,687 (50) - 18,637 - 595,108 (576,421) 18,687
3.2.1	Murabaha Murabaha financing Inventory for Murabaha Advances for Murabaha Murabaha receivable – gross Less: Deferred murabaha income Profit receivable shown in other as: Murabaha financings The movement in Murabaha fina Opening balance Sales during the year Adjusted during the year				185,934 Note	1,577,414 3: Per December 1 7,4 2 7,4 4 (1) 7,5 113,5 7,4 13,1 14,1 15,1 16,1 17,1 17,1 18,1	er 31,	18,687 - 6,610 25,297 - 18,637 595,108 (576,421)

					Decemb	per 31,	December 31,
						2018	2017
						Rupees in '0	000
3.2.4	Deferred murabaha income						
	Opening balance					50	
•	Arising during the year					3,464	5,483
	Less: Recognised during the year				<u></u>	1,834)	(5,433)
	Closing balance					1,680	50
4	DUE FROM/ (DUE TO) HEAD OFFICE						
	Pak Account Daily settlement with Head (Office			70	9,045	(65,013)
	Fak Account Daily Settlement With Feat C	JIIICE			78	9,043	(00,010)
		De	cember 31, 20	18	Dec	ember 31,	2017
		In Local	In Foreign		In Local	In Foreign	
		Currency	Currencies	Total		Currencies	Total
				Rupees in '	000		
5	DEPOSITS						
	Customers					TT	11
	Current deposits	6,792,805	404,381	7,197,186	2,994,591	_	2,994,591
	Savings deposits	9,426,409	31,623	8,358,032	5,299,337	330,392	5,629,629
	Term deposits	1,237,301		1,237,301	1,388,372		1,388,372
	Pii-ll	17,456,515	436,004	17,892,519	9,682,200	330,392	10,012,592
	Financial Institutions	0.000		2.000	E00.0E0	П	E00.0E0
	Current deposits	3,822	_	3,822	500,050	_	500,050
	Savings deposits	6,736,291	_	6,736,291	5,034,324	_	5,034,324
	Term deposits	6,740,113		6,740,113	5,534,374		5,534,374
		24,196,628	436,004	24,632,632	15,216,574	330,392	15,546,966
			<u>'</u>				
					Decemb	per 31.	December 31,
						2018	2017
						Rupees in '0	000
5.1	Composition of deposits						
•							
	– Individuals				6,89	3,387	5,452,340
	- Government /				4,71	3,978	2,030,015
	- Public Sector Entities					100	1,343
	 Banking Companies 					8,173	17,060
	 Non–Banking Financial Institutions 					1,940	5,517,317
	- Private Sector					5,054	2,528,891
					24,63	2,632	15,546,966

^{5.2} This includes deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs. 7,342 million.

	Note	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
		Rupees	
6	CHARITY FUND		
	Opening Balance	1	2
	Opening Editino	1	
	Additions during the period		_
	Received from customers on account of delayed payment	933	22
	Dividend purification amount	_	-
	Other Non-Shariah compliant income	45	_
	Profit on charity saving account	9	_
		988	24
	Payments / utilization during the period		
	Education	500	12
	Health	485	11
		985	23
	Closing Balance	3	1
7	ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS UNAPPROPRIATED PROFIT	(557,000)	(4.75, 400)
	Opening Balance	(557,392)	(175,432)
	Add: Islamic Banking profit for the period	(348,810)	(381,960)
	Less: Taxation	(040,010)	(001,000)
	Less: Reserves		
	Less: Transferred / Remitted to Head Office	_	
	2000. Individual of the control of t		_
•	Closing Balance	(906.202)	(557.392)
	Closing Balance	(906,202)	(557,392)
8	Closing Balance CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	(906,202)	(557,392)
8			
8	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	(906,202) 96,846 485,472	4,577
8	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments	96,846	4,577
8	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees	96,846	(557,392) 4,577 738,959 – 743,536
9	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT	96,846 485,472	4,577 738,959
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities	96,846 485,472 - 582,318	4,577 738,959 - 743,536
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing	96,846 485,472 - 582,318	4,577 738,959 - 743,536
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on:	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782	4,577 738,959 - 743,536 130,343 549,380
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100	4,577 738,959 - 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782	4,577 738,959 - 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342
9	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100	4,577 738,959 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342
9	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments Placements	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100	4,577 738,959
Ð	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments Placements PROFIT ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100 1,257,179	4,577 738,959 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342 707,065
9	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments Placements PROFIT ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED Deposits and other accounts	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100 1,257,179	4,577 738,959 - 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342 707,065
	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS -Guarantees -Commitments -Other contingent liabilities PROFIT/RETURN EARNED OF FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND PLACEMENT Profit earned on: Financing Investments Placements PROFIT ON DEPOSITS AND OTHER DUES EXPENSED Deposits and other accounts Due to Financial Institutions	96,846 485,472 - 582,318 382,297 689,782 185,100 1,257,179 297,719 256,159	4,577 738,959 - 743,536 130,343 549,380 27,342 707,065

11 POOL MANAGEMENT

Allied Bank Limited – Islamic Banking is maintaining following pools for profit distribution under Modaraba, Wakala and Musharka modes:

- 1- General Pool for Local Currency Depositors (Modaraba)
- 2- FCY Pool for Foreign Currency (USD, GBP and EURO) depositors (Modaraba)
- 3- Specific Pools (Modaraba)
- 4- Treasury related FI Pools (Modaraba/Musharka/Wakala)

1- General Pool for Local Currency Depositors (Modaraba)

Under this pool category, The Bank acts as Manager (Mudarib) and accepts funds in local currency from general depositors (Rab-ul-Maal) on the principals of mudarba and invests the same in Shariah compliant modes of financings, investments and placements. The Bank may commingle its own equity in this pool, Bank prioritizes the funds received from depositors over the funds generated from own sources.

The profit of General Pool is calculated after deducting the directly incurred expenses, if any, from the income earned on all the remunerative assets managed by the pool. No provision against any non–performing asset of the pool are passed on to the pool except on the actual loss / write–off of such non–performing asset as per SBP guidelines. The profit of the pool is shared between equity and other members of the pool at gross level (before charging of mudarib fee) as per the investment ratios. After charging of agreed mudarib fee, The profit of the pool is shared among the members of the pool on profit weightages i.e. announced before start of profit calculation period.

2- FCY Pool for Foreign Currency (USD, GBP and EURO) depositors (Modaraba)

FCY pools are being maintained in USD, GBP, EURO currencies, All FCY deposits are parked in these pool(s) and return is shared among FCY deposit holders on the principals of mudarba according to the weightages of respective pool.

3- Specific Pools (Modaraba)

Specific pool(s) are created where the customers desire to invest in high yield assets. Profit rates of these pool(s) are usually different from the general pool depending on the assets. In case of loss in special pool, the loss will be borne by the Special pool members. The distributable profit is derived by deduction of direct costs from the gross return earned on the pool and then profit is paid to the Mudarib in the ratio of the Mudarib's equity in the pool (if any) and mudarib fee to the total pool, rest of the profit is distributable profit.

4- Treasury related FI Pools (Modaraba/Musharka/Wakala)

Treasury Pools are created, to manage liquidity, on the basis of Musharaka / Modaraba / Wakala modes, wherein ABL-IBG and Financial Institutions share actual return earned by the pool according to pre-defined profit sharing ratio.

The risk characteristic of each pool mainly depends on the assets and liability profile of each pool.

Parameters associated with risk & rewards:

Following are the considerations attached with risk & reward of Modaraba based pools:

- Period, return, safety, security and liquidity of investment
- Change in deposit base due to withdrawals of deposits according to the maturities
- SBP rules, guidelines & Shariah Clearance.
- Mobilization of further deposit as a result of focused marketing efforts of ABL-IBG.
- Maturities of funds obtained from Principal Office, Islamic Banking Institutions and Shariah compliant organizations.
- Risk annexed to various types of investments.

The deposits and funds accepted under the above mentioned pools are invested in diversified sectors and avenues of the economy / business along with investment in Government of Pakistan backed ljarah Sukuks & other Shariah Compliant assets.

						D	ecember 31,	December 31,
							2018	2017
							Rupees i	n '000
11.1	Avenues / secto	ors where Mod	araba based de	eposits have b	een deployed			
	Production & Tra	ansmission of Er	nergy				2,971,679	2,643,053
	Manufacturing						748,676	_
	Chemicals & Allie	ed Products					52,598	231,544
	Petroleum and G	as					1,812,676	1,589,841
	Leather / Leathe	r products					3,061	5,106
	Financial Instituti	ons					429,185	51,414
	Agriculture & Foo	od Products					22,839	2,340
	Transportation &	Logistics					28,647	40,406
	Auto & Allied Pro	oducts					13,588	_
	Cotton Processir	ng					20,643	_
	Metal products						499,996	_
	Others						323,442	98,622
	Total Gross Fina	ancing & Relat	ed Assets				6,927,030	4,662,326
	GOP ljarah Suku	 .lk					3,333,840	2,861,151
	Power/Energy G	eneration					4,880,168	4,155,412
	Financial Instituti	ons					1,287,000	1,287,000
	Hotel Business						248,085	_
	Steel Processing]					500,000	_
	Total Investmen	nts & Placemer	nts				10,249,093	8,303,563
	Total Invested F	unds					17,176,123	12,965,889
11.2	Profit / (loss) dis	stribution to de	epositor's pool					
	Remunerative Depositor's Pool	Profit rate and weightage	Profit rate return earned on earning assets	Profit sharing ratio	Mudarib share	Profit rate return distributed to	Percentage of Mudarib share transferred	Amount of Mudarib Share

Remunerative Depositor's Pool	Profit rate and weightage announcement period	Profit rate return earned on earning assets	Profit sharing ratio	Mudarib share	Profit rate return distributed to remunerative deposits (Savings and Fixed)	Percentage of Mudarib share transferred through Hiba	Amount of Mudarib Share transferred through Hiba
				Rupees in '000'			Rupees in '000'
General Pool	Monthly	7.26%	50%	362,687	3.97%	18.12%	65,731

Details of Disposal of Fixed Assets to Related Party For the year ended December 31, 2018

Annexure III

The particulars of disposal of fixed assets to related parties are given below:

Description	Original	Accumulated	Book	Sale	Mode of	Particulars of purchaser*
	cost	depreciation	value	proceeds	disposal	
		R	upees in '0	00		
Electrical & Computer Equipments	194	194	-	19	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Raffat
	85	85	-	9	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Idrees
	94	94	-	9	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Shahzad Sadiq
	85	85	-	9	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Shahzad Sadiq
	153	70	83	102	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Shahzad Sadiq
	85	28	57	67	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Shahzad Sadiq
	83	83	-	8	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Tabrayz Agha
	65	65	-	7	As Per Bank Policy	Abid Anwar
	96	96	-	10	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Mohsin
	82	79	3	14	As Per Bank Policy	Imran Farooqui
	85	57	28	39	As Per Bank Policy	Imran Farooqi
	-	-	-	9	As Per Bank Policy	Muhammad Mohsin
	-	_	-	9	As Per Bank Policy	Tariq Javed Ghumman

^{*} They are Key Management Personnel of the Bank.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Directors' Report on Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2018

On behalf of the Board, we are pleased to present the consolidated annual report of Allied Bank Limited (holding company) and ABL Asset Management Company Limited (subsidiary company)

The operating results and appropriations, as recommended by the Board are given below:

	2018	2017	Growth
	Rs. Ir	Million	
Profit after tax for the year	13,032	12,926	1%
Accumulated profits brought forward	50,546	47,632	6%
Effect of re-measurement of defined benefit plans-net of tax	454	(966)	147%
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets – net of tax	112	55	104%
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax	3	188	(98%)
Profit available for appropriation	64,147	59,835	7%
Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 at Rs. 1.75 per share			
(2017: Year ended December 31, 2016 at Rs. 1.75 per share)	(2,004)	(2,004)	0%
1st interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at			
Rs. 2.00 per ordinary share (2017: Rs. 1.75 per share)	(2,290)	(2,004)	14%
2nd interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at			
Rs. 2.00 per ordinary share (2017: Rs. 1.75 per share)	(2,290)	(2,004)	14%
3rd interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 at			
Rs. 2.00 per ordinary share (2017: Rs. 1.75 per share)	(2,290)	(2,004)	14%
Transfer to statutory reserves	(1,288)	(1,273)	1%
Accumulated profits carried forward	53,985	50,546	7%
Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Rs.)	11.38	11.29	1%

Pattern of shareholding

The pattern of shareholding as at December 31, 2018 is included in the Annual Report.

For and on behalf on the Board

Mohammad Naeem Mukhtar

Chairman Board of Directors

Faisalabad

Dated: February 13, 2019

Tahir Hassan Qureshi Chief Executive Officer

Independent Auditor's Report To the members of Allied Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Allied Bank Limited and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
		Checking on a sample basis, the accuracy of specific provision made against non-performing advances and of general provision by recomputing the provision amount in accordance with the criteria prescribed under the PRs;
		• Examining the credit history, account movement, financial ratios, report on security maintained in respect of advances where the management has not identified indicators displaying impairment, on a sample basis and challenging the management's assessment based on our view of the credit from the review of credit file.
2	Valuation of Investments	
	Refer to note 8 and the accounting policies in notes 2.4.3 and 4.3 to the consolidated financial statements.	Our procedures in respect of valuation of investments, amongst others, included the following:
	As at 31 December 2018, the Group has investments classified as "Available-for-sale", "Held for trading", "Held to maturity" and "Investment in subsidiary" amounting to Rs. 672,587 million which in aggregate represent 49.7% of	Obtaining an understanding of and testing the design and operation effectiveness of the controls relating to the valuation of investments;
	the total assets of the Group. Investments are carried at cost or fair value in accordance with the Group's accounting policy relating to their recognition. Provision against investment is made based on impairment policy of the Group which includes both objective and subjective factors.	 Checking on a sample basis, the valuation of investments to supporting documents, externally quoted market prices and break-up values; Evaluating the Group's assessment of available for sale and held to maturity investments for any additional impairment in accordance with the Group's accounting policies and performed an independent of
	We identified assessing the valuation of investments as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and because assessing the key impairment assumptions involves a significant degree of management judgement.	 the assumptions; and Considering the Group's disclosures of investments, to the guidelines laid down by the State Bank of Pakistan regarding forms and disclosures.
3	Change in the format of the annual financial statements	
	Refer to note 2.2 to the consolidated financial statements. The revised format for the preparation of annual financial statements of banks have been introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan, which became effective from the accounting year ending 31 December 2018. Accordingly, the Group has prepared these consolidated financial statements on the new format.	Our audit procedures to ensure compliance with the requirements of the SBP's amended format of the annual financial statement for banks included the following: Considering the management's process to identify the changes required in the consolidated financial statements to comply with the new format; and
	The adoption to the new format required certain recognition requirements and reclassification of certain financial information. The amended format also introduced certain new disclosures in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.	Obtaining relevant underlying supports relating to changes required in the consolidated financial statements consequent to the adoption of the new format to assess their appropriateness and verified then on test basis.
	As part of this transition to the new format, the management performed a gap analysis to identify differences between the previous and the current financial reporting format.	
	In view of the significant impact of the first time adoption of the revised format on the consolidated financial statements, we considered this as a key audit matter.	

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's Annual Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Kamran Iqbal Yousafi.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Date: 13 February 2019

Lahore

Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position

as at December 31, 2018

	(Restated)				(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US \$	in '000			Rupees	in '000
		ASSETS			
714,295	614,679	Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	99,188,414	85,355,555
18,466	4,677	Balances with other banks	6	2,564,202	649,512
387,332	62,612	Lendings to financial institutions	7	53,785,679	8,694,399
4,843,570	5,036,109	Investments – net	8	672,587,309	699,323,690
3,156,790	2,679,501	Advances – net	9	438,357,880	372,080,555
362,949	337,679	Fixed assets	10	50,399,773	46,890,760
12,647	10,551	Intangible assets	11	1,756,127	1,465,124
_	_	Deferred tax assets		_	_
243,055	265,130	Other assets – net	12	33,751,113	36,816,553
9,739,104	9,010,938			1,352,390,497	1,251,276,148
		LIABILITIES			
55,832	56,426	Bills payable	14	7,752,959	7,835,467
1,626,674	1,609,919	Borrowings	15	225,882,986	223,556,383
7,089,512	6,363,891	Deposits and other accounts	16	984,463,067	883,702,056
_	_	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		_	_
_	_	Sub-ordinated debt		_	_
34,216	49,986	Deferred tax liabilities – net	17	4,751,359	6,941,206
149,431	152,605	Other liabilities	18	20,750,315	21,191,004
8,955,665	8,232,827			1,243,600,686	1,143,226,116
783,439	778,111	NET ASSETS		108,789,811	108,050,032
-					
		REPRESENTED BY	***************************************		
82,461	82,461	Share capital	19	11,450,739	11,450,739
146,020	129,482	Reserves		20,276,515	17,980,116
166,188	202,165	Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax	20	23,077,174	28,073,051
388,770	364,003	Unappropriated profit		53,985,383	50,546,126
783,439	778,111			108,789,811	108,050,032
				**	

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

21

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended December 31, 2018

December 31,	December 31,		Note	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US \$ i	in '000			Rupees	in '000
527,686	473,208	Mark-up / return / interest earned	23	73,275,474	65,710,553
296,390	245,779	Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24	41,157,150	34,129,289
231,296	227,429	Net mark-up / interest income		32,118,324	31,581,264
		NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME			
35,872	32,827	Fee and commission income	25	4,981,220	4,558,429
20,369	23,454	Dividend income		2,828,478	3,256,829
10,832	5,488	Foreign exchange income		1,504,189	762,059
_	_	Income from derivatives		_	_
16,703	4,403	Gain on securities – net	26	2,319,341	611,369
1,778	1,155	Other income	27	246,888	160,386
85,554	67,327	Total non-markup / interest income		11,880,116	9,349,072
316,850	294,756	Total income		43,998,440	40,930,336
		NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSES			
178,014	156,941	Operating expenses	28	24,719,299	21,793,123
(8,052)	3,046	Workers welfare fund – net	29	(1,118,156)	422,979
590	697	Other charges	30	81,963	96,856
170,552	160,684	Total non-markup / interest expenses		23,683,106	22,312,958
146,298	134,072	Profit before provisions		20,315,334	18,617,378
(7,848)	(18,192)	Net reversal against provisions and write offs	31	(1,089,688)	(2,526,148)
1,239		Extra-ordinary / unusual items	32	172,111	
152,907	152,264	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		21,232,911	21,143,526
59,060	59,180	Taxation	33	8,201,094	8,217,755
93,847	93,084	PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		13,031,817	12,925,771
In U	JS\$			In Ru	pees
0.08	0.08	Basic and diluted earnings per share	34	11.38	11.29

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2018

	(Restated)			(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,		December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017		2018	2017
US \$	in '000		Rupees	in '000
93,847	93,084	Profit after taxation for the year	13,031,817	12,925,771
		Other comprehensive income		
		Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss		
		account in subsequent periods:		
7,262	1,248	Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches	1,008,347	173,267
		Movement in deficit on revaluation of		
(38,222)	(54,444)	investments – net of tax	(5,307,574)	(7,560,135)
(30,960)	(53,196)		(4,299,227)	(7,386,868)
		Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		
		account in subsequent periods:		
		Re-measurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit		
3,273	(6,956)	obligations – net of tax	454,522	(965,870)
		Movement in (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of		
(982)	66,442	fixed assets – net of tax	(136,403)	9,226,210
		Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking		
4,057	3,247	assets – net of tax	563,393	450,933
6,348	62,733		881,512	8,711,273
69,235	102,621	Total comprehensive income	9,614,102	14,250,176

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President and Chief Executive

Director

Director

Chairman

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	(Restated)				(Restated)
December 31,	December 31,	N	lote	December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017			2018	2017
US \$	in '000			Rupees	in '000
		CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
152,907	152,263	Profit before taxation		21,232,911	21,143,526
(20,369)	(23,233)	Less: Dividend income		(2,828,478)	(3,226,146)
132,538	129,030			18,404,433	17,917,380
		Adjustments:	r		
22,434	17,150	Depreciation		3,115,251	2,381,518
2,910	2,216	Amortization		404,071	307,746
(6,763)	(17,043)		31	(939,121)	(2,366,608)
449	302	Unrealized loss on revaluation of 'held-for-trading' securities		62,372	41,912
(8,052)	3,046	(Reversal) / Provision for workers' welfare fund – net		(1,118,156)	422,979
(251)	(382)	Gain on sale of fixed assets		(34,903)	(53,012)
(39)	(579)	Gain on sale of non-banking assets / other assets		(5,485)	(80,419)
10,688	4,710			1,484,029	654,116
143,226	133,740			19,888,462	18,571,496
		(Increase) / decrease in operating assets	r		
(324,720)	13,095	Lendings to financial institutions		(45,091,280)	1,818,353
178,783	(179,664)	Held-for-trading securities		24,826,109	(24,948,471)
(471,664)	(292,796)	Advances		(65,496,094)	(40,658,277)
30,062	(6,672)	Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		4,174,455	(926,486)
(587,539)	(466,037)			(81,586,810)	(64,714,881)
		Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities	······································		
(594)	(14,499)	Bills payable		(82,508)	(2,013,328)
15,755	699,588	Borrowings		2,187,802	97,146,144
725,411	566,116	Deposits		100,732,013	78,611,982
4,267	9,375	Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		592,523	1,301,835
744,839	1,260,580			103,429,830	175,046,633
300,526	928,283			41,731,482	128,903,248
(56,634)	(65,734)	Income tax paid	······································	(7,864,272)	(9,127,888)
243,892	862,549	Net cash flow generated from operating activities		33,867,210	119,775,360
		CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	r		
(465,638)	(767,389)	Net investments in 'available-for-sale' securities		(64,659,309)	(106,561,084)
420,639	82,311	Net realizations from 'held-to-maturity' securities		58,410,682	11,429,857
20,521	24,505	Dividend received		2,849,652	3,402,747
(51,125)	(59,292)	Investments in fixed assets		(7,099,357)	(8,233,382)
335	579	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		46,526	80,414
7,262	1,248	Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches		1,008,347	173,267
(68,006)	(718,038)	Net cash flow used in investing activities		(9,443,459)	(99,708,181)
		CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
(63,480)	(57,518)	Dividend paid		(8,815,003)	(7,987,116)
(63,480)	(57,518)	Net cash flow used in financing activities		(8,815,003)	(7,987,116)
(31,524)	(5,094)	Effect of exchange rate changes on opening cash and cash equivalents	3	(4,377,475)	(707,403)
80,882	81,899	Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year		11,231,273	11,372,660
650,206	536,703	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		90,277,719	74,527,584
731,088	618,602	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	35	101,508,992	85,900,244

The annexed notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer President and Chief Executive Director

Director Chairman

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2018

	-	Capital reserv	/e _	Revenue reserve	Surplus	on revaluation	on of		
	Share capital	Exchange translation reserve	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Investments	Fixed assets	Non- banking assets	Un- appropriated profit	Total
				F	Rupees in '000)			
Balance as at January 01, 2017 - Restated	11,450,739	57,687	16,469,798	6,000	18,053,478	6,832,802	1,313,080	47,631,788	101,815,37
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2017	7 –	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,925,771	12,925,771
Other Comprehensive Income – net of tax									
Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	-	-	-	_	(7,560,135)	-		-	(7,560,135
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets – net of tax	_	-	_	_	_	9,226,210	_	_	9,226,210
Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax	_	_	_	-	_	_	263,846	187,087	450,933
Re-measurement loss on defined benefit obligation									
- net of tax	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(965,870)	(965,870
Effect of translation of net investment in			-						170.00
foreign branches		173,267		_	(7.500.105)	-	-		173,267
Transfer to stat the reason of		173,267	1 070 004	_	(7,560,135)	9,226,210	263,846	(778,783)	1,324,40
Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental	_	_	1,273,364	_	_	_	_	(1,273,364)	-
depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated									
profit – net of tax						(54.937)		54,937	
Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental	_		_	_	_	(07,501)	_	J+,50 <i>1</i>	-
depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated									
profit – net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,293)	1,293	-
								.,	
Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity									
Final cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2016 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
First interim cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
Second interim cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	(2,003,879)	(2,003,879
Third interim cash dividend for the year ended									
December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)			_	_	_		_	1. L.	L:
Balance as at December 31, 2017 - Restated	11,450,739	230.954	17,743,162	6,000	10,493,343	16,004,075	1,575,633	(8,015,516) 50,546,126	
Profit after taxation for the year ended December 31, 2018	-		-	- 0,000	-	-			
Tioncard to add on the year of acceptation of 1, 2010								10,001,011	10,001,011
Other Comprehensive Income - net of tax									
Deficit on revaluation of investments – net of tax	_	-1	_	_	(5,307,574)	-	_	-	(5,307,574
Deficit on revaluation of fixed assets – net of tax	_	-	_	-	_	(136,403)	_	-	(136,403
Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax	_	_	_	-	_	-	562,176	1,217	563,393
Re-measurement gain on defined benefit obligation									
- net of tax	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	454,522	454,522
									4 000 04-
foreign branches	_	1,008,347		-		-	-	-	
foreign branches		1,008,347	_		(5,307,574)	(136,403)	562,176	455,739	
Transfer to statutory reserve			1,288,052		(5,307,574)	(136,403) -			
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental		1,008,347	_				562,176		
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated		1,008,347	_			_	562,176	(1,288,052)	
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax		1,008,347	_				562,176		
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental		1,008,347	_			_	562,176	(1,288,052)	
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax		1,008,347	_			_	562,176	(1,288,052)	
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax	_	1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052)	
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity	_	1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052)	
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended	_	1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813	(3,417,715
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share)	_	1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052)	(3,417,715
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended		1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813	(2,003,879
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share)	_	1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813	(2,003,879
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non-banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended			1,288,052		-	(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813 (2,003,879) (2,290,148)	(2,003,879
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share)		1,008,347	1,288,052			(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813	(2,003,879
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Third interim cash dividend for the year ended			1,288,052		-	(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813 (2,003,879) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)	(2,003,879
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Third interim cash dividend for the year ended		1,008,347	1,288,052		-	(112,263)	(1,813)	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813 (2,003,879) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)	(2,003,879 (2,290,148 (2,290,148
foreign branches Transfer to statutory reserve Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of fixed assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transferred from surplus in respect of incremental depreciation of non–banking assets to unappropriated profit – net of tax Transactions with owners recognized directly in equity Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2017 (Rs. 1.75 per ordinary share) First interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share) Second interim cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Rs. 2 per ordinary share)			1,288,052		-	(112,263)	562,176	(1,288,052) 112,263 1,813 (2,003,879) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) (2,290,148) (2,290,148)	(2,290,148)

The annexed notes 1 to 47 $\,$ form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer	President and Chief Executive	Director
Director	Chairman	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The "Group" consist of:

Holding Company

Allied Bank Limited ("the Bank"), incorporated in Pakistan, is a scheduled bank, engaged in commercial banking and related services. The Bank is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank operates a total of 1,343 (2017: 1,250) branches in Pakistan including 117 (2017: 117) Islamic banking branches, 1 branch (2017:1) in Karachi Export Processing Zone and 1 Wholesale banking branch (2017: 1) in Bahrain. The long term credit rating of the Bank assigned by the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) is 'AAA'. Short term rating of the Bank is 'A1+'.

Ibrahim Holdings (Private) Limited is the parent company of the Bank and it's registered office is in Pakistan.

The Bank is the holding company of ABL Asset Management Company Limited.

The registered office of the Bank is situated at 3 - Tipu Block, Main Boulevard, New Garden Town, Lahore.

Subsidiary Company

ABL Asset Management Company Limited ("the Company") is a public unlisted company, incorporated in Pakistan as a limited liability company on October 12, 2007 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company has received certificate of commencement of business on 31 December, 2007. The Company has obtained licenses from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to carry out Asset Management Services and Investment Advisory Services as a Non–Banking Finance Company (NBFC) under Non–Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 as amended through S.R.O.1131[I] 2007 (the NBFC Rules). The Company has also obtained license to carry out business as Pension Fund Manager, under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005. The registered office of the Company is situated at Plot no. 14, Main Boulevard, DHA Phase VI, Lahore (previously at 11–B Lalazar, M.T Khan Road Karachi). The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allied Bank Limited (the holding company).

The management quality rating of the Company, as assigned by JCR-VIS Crediting Rating Company Limited, is AM2++ (Stable) in December 2018.

ABL Asset Management company is managing following funds:

ABL Income Fund Launched on September 20, 2008 ABL Stock Fund Launched on June 28, 2009 ABL Cash Fund Launched on July 30, 2010 ABI Islamic Income Fund Launched on July 30, 2010 ABL Government Securities Fund Launched on November 30, 2011 ABL Islamic Stock Fund Launched on June 12, 2013 ABL Pension Fund Launched on August 20, 2014 ABL Islamic Pension Fund Launched on August 20, 2014 ABL Islamic Financial Planning Fund Launched on December 22, 2015 ABL Financial Planning Fund Launched on December 31, 2015 ABL Islamic Dedicated stock fund Launched on December 19, 2016 Allied Capital Protected Fund Launched on February 19, 2018 ABL Islamic Asset Allocation Fund Launched on May 31, 2018 Allied Finergy Fund Launched on November 30, 2018

2 a) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These consolidated financial statements consist of holding company and its subsidiary company for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has issued various circulars from time to time. Permissible forms of trade-related modes of financing include purchase of goods by banks from their customers and immediate resale to them at appropriate mark—up in price on deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and the appropriate portion of mark—up thereon.

The financial results of the Islamic banking branches have been consolidated in these financial statements for reporting purposes, after eliminating inter-branch transactions / balances. Key financial figures of the Islamic banking branches are disclosed in Annexure II to these financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistan Rupees (PKR), which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates and functional currency of the Bank, in that environment as well. The amounts are rounded to nearest thousand.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

The US Dollar amounts reported in the statement of financial position, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flow are stated as additional information, solely for the convenience of the users of financial statements. For the purpose of translation to US Dollar, spot rate of Rs. 138.8619 per US Dollar has been used for 2018 and 2017, as it was the prevalent rate on reporting date

b) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The assets and liabilities of subsidiary company have been consolidated on a line by line basis and the carrying value of investment in subsidiary held by the Bank is eliminated against the shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) & the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).
- 2.1.1 Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS and IFAS the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.
- 2.1.2 The SBP, vide BSD Circular No. 10, dated August 26, 2002 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (IAS 39) and International Accounting Standard 40 'Investment Property' (IAS 40) for banking companies till further instructions. Further, according to a notification of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) dated April 28, 2008, International Financial Reporting Standard 7 'Financial Instruments Disclosure' (IFRS 7), has not been made applicable for banks. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. However, investments have been classified and disclosed in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars.

2.1.3 IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

IFRS-9 has been globally adopted from January 01,2018. The standard stipulates a paradigm shift from incurred loss model to expected loss model (ECL). The prudential regulations currently allows provisioning against bad debts on the incurred loss model. There is also a major shift in subsequent measurement of investments with reference to booking of realized and unrealized gains / losses

As part of the adoption process of this IFRS-9, SBP advised the banks to initially conduct an impact assessment based on the cut-off for the year ended December 31, 2017 and submit the same after verification by the respective external auditors.

Bank complied with the SBP's instructions and have submitted the external auditor's verified impact assessment to SBP, which is the now in the process of compiling and finalizing the results of the impact analysis at industry level.

Based on the final assessment, SBP is expected to announce the implementation plan for IFRS-9 during the year ending December 31, 2019. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 are therefore prepared on the existing prudential regulations for domestic operations.

The adoption of the said standard by the overseas branch as per the requirement of regulatory regime, has resulted in additional ECL provisioning requirement of Rs. 22.7 million. The amount of additional provision has been accounted for in the profit for the current period and opening balance of retained earnings has not been adjusted as the amount is not material. There is no effect on the statement of cash flow of the Bank.

- 2.1.4 The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 56 (1) / 2016 dated January 28, 2016, has notified that the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (IFRS 10) and section 228 of the Companies Act, 2017 will not be applicable with respect to the investment in mutual funds established under Trust structure.
- 2.1.5 The State Bank of Pakistan through BPRD Circular No. 04 of 2015 dated February 25, 2015 has deferred applicability of Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 3 'Profit & Loss Sharing on Deposits' (IFAS-3) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and notified by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), vide their SRO No. 571 of 2013 dated June 12, 2013 for Institutions offering Islamic Financial Services (IIFS). The standard will result in certain new disclosures in the financial statements of the Bank.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

2.2 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS OF AND AMENDMENTS TO THE PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE EFFECTIVE IN THE CURRENT YEAR

There are certain new and amended standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

State Bank of Pakistan prescribed a new format for financial statements of banks effective from the year ended December 31, 2018. Accordingly, these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the new format. The changes impacting (other than certain presentation changes) these financial statements include:

- Recording of acceptances on-balance sheet (previously disclosed as off-balance sheet) (note 12 and 18).
- Inclusion of surplus / deficit on revaluation of investments as part of equity (previously shown below equity).
- Other reversal of provisions / write offs have now been combined under provisions and write offs net (note 30).

In addition, Companies Act 2017 also became effective for the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. As the Bank's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by SBP, it did not have a direct impact on the financial statements.

2.3 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS OF AND AMENDMENTS TO THE PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019:

- IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective for annual period beginning on or after January 01, 2019). IFRS 16 replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS17 'Leases', IFRIC4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.
- The actual impact of applying IFRS 16 on the financial statements in the period of initial application will depend on future economic conditions, the development of the Bank's leases portfolio, the Bank's assessment of whether it will exercise any lease renewal options and the extent to which the Bank chooses to use practical expedients and recognition exemptions. The nature of expenses related to the leases will now change because IFRS 16 replaces the straight line operating lease expense with a depreciation charge for right-of-use assets and profit expense on lease liabilities.
- The matter of adopting IFRS-16 has been taken by Banks with SBP, based upon the factors involved in its applications and its adoption is dependent upon the directives issued by SBP in this regard.
- IFRIC 23' Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'(effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements
- IFRS 15' Revenue from contracts with customers' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018). IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts' and IFRIC 13' Customer Loyalty Programmes'. The Bank is currently in the process of assessing the impact of this standard on the financial statements of the Group and expects that the amendments are not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements.
- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018 and January 1, 2019 respectively). IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, an expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. The Bank has carried out an impact assessment as at December 31, 2017 which has been submitted to State Bank of Pakistan. However, this assessment has not been updated to December 31, 2018 pending notification as to date the standard is applicable for banks.
- Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and JointVentures' Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2019). The amendment will affect companies that finance such entities with preference shares or with loans for which repayment is not expected in the foreseeable future (referred to as long-term interests or 'LTI'). The amendment and accompanying example state that LTI are in the scope of both IFRS 9 and IAS 28 and explain the annual sequence in which both standards are to be applied. The application of this amendment is not likely to have impact on the Bank's financial statements.

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- Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019). The amendments clarify that on amendment, curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan, a company now uses updated actuarial assumptions to determine its current service cost and net interest for the period; and the effect of the asset ceiling is disregarded when calculating the gain or loss on any settlement of the plan and is dealt with separately in other comprehensive income. The application of amendments is not likely to have an impact on the Bank's financial statements.
- Amendment to IFRS 3 'BusinessCombinations' Definition of a Business (effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2020). The IASB has issued amendments aiming to resolve the difficulties that arise when an entity determines whether it has acquired a business or a group of assets. The amendments clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments include an election to use a concentration test. The amendment is effective for transactions in the future and therefore would not have an impact on past financial statements.
- "Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020). The amendments are intended to make the definition of material in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgments when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 - 2017 Cycle. The new cycle of improvements addresses improvements to following accounting and reporting standards:

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 JointArrangement the amendment aims to clarify the accounting treatment when a company increases its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business. A company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business. A company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.
- IAS 12 IncomeTaxes the amendment clarifies that all income tax consequences of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognized consistently with the transaction that generates the distributable profits.
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs the amendment clarifies that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

The above amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on Group's financial statements.

2.4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates, underlying assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

2.4.1 Classification of investments

- In classifying investments as 'held-for-trading' the Group has determined securities which are acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short term market / interest rate movements and are to be sold within 90 days.
- In classifying investments as 'held-to-maturity' the Group follows the guidance provided in SBP circulars on classifying non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity.
- The investments, other than those in subsidiary, which are not classified as 'held-for-trading' or 'held-to-maturity' are classified as 'available-for-sale'.

2.4.2 Provision against non-performing loans and advances and debt securities classified as investments

The Group reviews its loan portfolio and debt securities classified as investments to assess amount of non-performing loans and advances and debt securities and provision required there-against. While assessing this requirement various factors including the delinquency in the account, financial position of the borrower and the requirements of the Prudential Regulations are considered. The amount of general provision is determined in accordance with the requirements set out in Prudential Regulations.

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2.4.3 Valuation and impairment of 'available-for-sale' equity investments

The Group determines that 'available-for-sale' equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. This determination of what is significant and prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in share price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

2.4.4 Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Group, the management looks at the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities. In determination of deferred taxes, estimates of the Group's future taxable profits are taken into account.

2.4.5 Fair value of derivatives

The fair values of derivatives which are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques take into account the relevant interest rates in effect at the reporting date and the rates contracted.

2.4.6 Depreciation / amortization

In making estimates of the depreciation / amortization, the management uses method which reflects the pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Group and estimates the useful life. The method applied and useful lives estimated are reviewed at each financial year end and if there is a change in the expected pattern or timing of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, the estimate would be changed to reflect the change in pattern. Such a change is accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with International Accounting Standard 8 – Accounting Policies, 'Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.

2.4.7 Defined benefits plan

Liability is determined on the basis of actuarial advice using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the liability and related expense are disclosed in note 37.

2.4.8 Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities

The fair value of the assets and liabilities is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Group categorizes fair value measurements within the following fair value hierarchy:

a) Level 1

These are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

b) Level 2

These are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

c) Level 3

These are input for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable Inputs).

3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the following which are stated at revalued amounts / fair values / present values:

- Investments (Note 4.3);
- Certain fixed assets (Note 4.5);
- Staff retirement and other benefits (Note 4.7);
- Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims (Note 4.8); and
- Derivative financial instruments (Note 4.15.2).

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements of the Group, except for the following:

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Upto December 31, 2017, surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of fixed assets were being measured under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The surplus arising on the revaluation is credited to the surplus on revaluation of fixed asset account. Any deficit arising on subsequent revaluation of fixed assets is adjusted against the balance in the surplus account. With effect from January 1, 2018, the Bank has revised its accounting policy in respect of measurement of 'surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of fixed assets' which are now accounted for in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard IAS-16 'Property, Plant and Equipment'. The revaluation is measured on individual assets where the surplus is taken to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account. The deficit on revaluation of the asset is charged to profit and loss account after netting of any surplus already recorded on that asset. The management of the Bank believes that the impact of change in policy is not material, therefore, no adjustments are being taken.

Significant accounting policies are enumerated as follows:

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks (net of overdrawn nostro balances) in current and deposit accounts.

4.2 Lendings to / borrowings from financial institutions

The Group enters into transactions of borrowing (re-purchase) from and lending (reverse re-purchase) to financial institutions, at contracted rates for a specified period of time. These are recorded as under:

a. Sale under re-purchase agreements

Securities sold subject to a re-purchase agreement are retained in the financial statements as investments and the counter party liability is included in borrowings from financial institutions. The differential in sale and re-purchase value is accrued on a prorata basis and recorded as mark-up expense.

b. Purchase under resale agreements

Securities purchased under agreement to resell (reverse re-purchase) are included in lendings to financial institutions. The differential between the contracted price and resale price is amortized over the period of the contract and recorded as mark-up income.

Securities held as collateral are not recognized in the financial statements, unless these are sold to third parties, in which case the obligation to return them is recorded at fair value as a trading liability under borrowings from financial institutions.

In Bai Muajjal, the Group sells Shariah Compliant instruments including sukuks on credit to other financial institutions. The credit price is agreed at the time of sale and such proceeds are received at the end of the credit period. Expected profit expense is recognized on accrual basis.

In Musharaka / Modaraba, the Group invests in the Shariah compliant business pools of the financial institutions at the agreed profit and loss sharing ratio. Expected profit is recognized on accrual basis.

Other borrowings including borrowings from SBP are recorded at the proceeds received. Mark-up on such borrowings is charged to the profit and loss account on a time proportion basis.

Lendings are stated net of provision. Return on such lending is accrued to the profit and loss account on a time proportion basis except mark-up on impaired/ delinquent lendings, which is recognized on receipt basis.

4.3 Investments

- **4.3.1** The Group at the time of purchase classifies its investment portfolio as mentioned in note 2.4.1.
- **4.3.2** Investments are initially recognized at fair value which, in case of investments other than 'held-for-trading', includes transaction cost associated with the investments. Transaction cost on 'held-for-trading' investments are expensed as incurred.

All 'regular way' purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of investments that require settlement within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

4.3.3 In accordance with the requirements of the SBP, quoted securities, other than those classified as 'held-to-maturity' and investments in subsidiaries, are carried at market value. Investments classified as 'held-to-maturity' are carried at amortized cost

Unrealized surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of the Group's 'held-for-trading' investment portfolio is taken to the profit and loss account. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities classified as 'available-for-sale' is kept in a separate account shown in the statement of financial position. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal or when the investment is considered to be impaired.

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Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. The break-up value of these securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. A decline in the carrying value is charged to the profit and loss account. A subsequent increase in the carrying value, upto the cost of the investment, is credited to the profit and loss account. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment, if any.

Provision for diminution in the value of securities (except for debentures, participation term certificates, sukuks and term finance certificates) is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value. Provision for diminution in value of debentures, participation term certificates, sukuks and term finance certificates is made in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP.

4.3.4 Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment.

4.4 Advances

a. Loans and advances

Loans and advances are stated net of general and specific provisions. Specific provision against loans is determined in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations and other directives issued by SBP and charged to the profit and loss account. General provision is maintained in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by SBP and charged to the profit and loss account. Advances are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

b. Net investment in finance lease

Leases, where the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessee are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments, including un–guaranteed residual value, if any. Finance lease receivables are included in advances to the customers.

c. Islamic financing and related assets

The Group provides Islamic financing and related assets mainly through Murabaha, Ijarah, Diminishing Musharakah, Business Musharakah and Salam. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The profit on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. The Group determines specific and general provisions against Islamic financing and related assets in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. The net provision made / reversed during the year is charged to profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against Islamic financing and related assets are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

4.5 Fixed assets and depreciation

a. Tangible assets

Property and equipment owned by the Group, other than land which is not depreciated, are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at revalued amount.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method, except buildings which are depreciated using the reducing balance method, to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The rates at which the fixed assets are depreciated are disclosed in note 10.2. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if required. Adjustments in residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are treated as change in accounting estimates.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

When an asset or class of assets is revalued, any increase in the carrying amount arising on revaluation is recorded through other comprehensive income and credited to the revaluation reserve in equity. However, the increase shall be recognized in the profit and loss account to the extent it reverses previously recognised revaluation decrease/impairment loss of the same asset in the profit and loss account, net of amortization or depreciation had no revaluation decrease/impairment been required for the asset in prior years. A decrease resulting from a revaluation is initially charged directly against any related revaluation surplus held in respect of that asset and the remaining portion being charged as an expense.

The surplus on revaluation of fixed assets to the extent of incremental depreciation (net of deferred tax) charged on the related assets is transferred directly to un–appropriated profit.

Revaluation of entire class of assets is carried out by independent professionally qualified valuers with sufficient regularity (every third year) to ensure that the carrying amount of the entire class of assets does not differ materially from their fair value.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in the profit and loss account in the year the asset is derecognized, except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred tax) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

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Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account.

b. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of intangible assets is amortized over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. Amortization is charged from the month the assets are available for use at the rate stated in note 11.2. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

c. Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.6 Taxation

a. Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing laws for taxation. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profits for the year.

b. Prior

The taxation charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge relating to prior years, arising from assessments/changes in laws and changes in estimates made during the current year.

c. Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences, at the reporting date between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the difference will reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The Group also recognizes a deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of fixed assets, non-banking assets and securities which is adjusted against the related deficit / surplus in accordance with the requirements of IAS-12 'Income Taxes'.

4.7 Staff retirement and other benefits

4.7.1 Staff retirement schemes

a. For employees who opted for the 2002 scheme introduced by the management

An approved pension scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits on the basis of frozen basic salary, service length and age as on June 30, 2002 are payable to all employees whose date of joining the Group is on or before July 01, 1992, i.e., who have completed ten years of continuous service as on June 30, 2002.

During the year, the pensioners were given a voluntary option to settle their monthly pension with a lump sum payment. Those who will not opt for the lump sum option, will continue to receive monthly pension (defined benefit scheme).

An approved gratuity scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits are payable as under:

- i. For members whose date of joining the Group is on or before July 01, 1992, their services would be calculated starting from July 01, 2002 for gratuity benefit purposes.
- ii. For members whose date of joining the Group is after July 01, 1992 their services would be taken at actual for the purpose of calculating the gratuity benefit. This rule will be applicable upon retirement or in service death only, in case of resignation gratuity will be payable from July 01, 2002, even if he or she had joined the Group before July 01, 2002.

A contributory provident fund scheme to which equal contributions are made by the Group and the employees (defined contribution scheme).

b. For employees who did not opt for 2002 scheme

An approved pension scheme (defined benefit scheme) under which the benefits on the basis of frozen basic salary as on June 30, 2002 are payable to all employees opting continuation of the previous scheme and whose date of joining the Bank is on or before July 01, 1992, i.e., who had completed ten years of continuous service as on June 30, 2002.

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In the light of decision of Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan in SMC No. 20/2016 dated 13th February 2018 read with Order dated 3rd April 2018 passed in CRP No.72/2018 and Order dated 7th August 2018 in Crl.O.No. 98 and 99 of 2018 and after consultation with Bank's legal counsel, the monthly pension of eligible pensioners has been fixed with indexation levels for eligible pensioners effective from February 13, 2018.

c. Benevolent Fund

Until December 31, 2008 the Group operated a contributory benevolent fund, which was discontinued for active employees. The beneficiaries as on that date were also given an option to settle their monthly grant with a lump sum payment. Those who have not opted for the lump sum option will continue to receive benevolent grant (Defined benefit scheme).

d. Post-retirement medical benefits

The Group provides post-retirement medical benefits to eligible retired employees. Provision is made annually to meet the cost of such medical benefits on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Annual contributions towards the defined benefit schemes are made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains / losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income in the period of occurrence.

4.7.2 Other long term benefits

a. Employees' compensated absences

Employees' entitlement to annual leave is recognized when they accrue to employees, upto a maximum of 60 days. A provision is made for estimated liability for annual leaves as a result of services rendered by the employee against unavailed leaves, as per terms of service contract, up to the reporting date, based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains / losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in Profit and Loss account in the period of occurrence.

b. Compensation to certain class of employees

Bank has revised its retirement policy by reducing the retirement age to 58 years for class of employees effective January 01, 2018. Consequent to the revision, these employees shall be compensated with gross salary along with employer's contribution on provident fund and gratuity for the remaining period up to 60 years in addition to already defined postemployment benefits, payable at the time of retirement, if any.

4.8 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Non-banking assets (NBA) acquired in satisfaction of claims are carried at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation (excluding land). Revaluation by independent professionally qualified valuers, is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that their net carrying value does not differ materially from their fair value. Surplus arising on revaluation of NBA is credited to the 'surplus on revaluation of assets' account through statement of comprehensive income and any deficit arising on revaluation is taken to profit and loss account directly. Legal fees, transfer costs and direct costs of acquiring title to property are charged to profit and loss account and not capitalised.

4.9 Deposits

Deposits are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is accrued to the profit and loss account on time proportion basis. Deposits mobilized under Islamic Banking operations are generated under two modes i.e. 'Qard' and 'Modaraba'. Deposits taken on Qard basis are classified as 'Current accounts' and Deposits generated on Modaraba basis are classified as 'Saving deposits / Fixed deposits'.

4.10 Impairment

a. Available-for-sale equity securities

The Group determines that 'available-for-sale' equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of these investments below their cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in share price in the case of listed equity securities. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial condition of the investee, industry and sector performance and changes in technology.

b. Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Group's assets (other than deferred tax assets) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account except for an impairment loss on revalued assets which is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the revaluation surplus. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized.

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4.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provision against identified losses on non-funded exposure is recognized when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Group to settle the obligation. The loss is charged to the profit and loss account net of expected recovery and is classified under other liabilities.

Provisions are reviewed at the reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.12 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise of undertakings by the Group to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. Acceptances are recognised as financial liability in the statement of financial position with a contractual right of reimbursement from the customer as a financial asset. Therefore, commitments in respect of acceptances have been accounted for as financial assets and financial liabilities.

4.13 Dividend distribution and appropriations

Bonus and cash dividend and other appropriations (except for the appropriations required by law), declared / approved subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting event and are not recorded in financial statements of the current year. These are recognized in the period in which these are declared / approved.

4.14 Foreign currencies

a) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the foreign exchange rates ruling on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange ruling on the reporting date. Foreign bills purchased are valued at spot rate and forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at forward rates applicable to their respective maturities.

b) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operating branches are translated to Pakistan Rupee (PKR) at exchange rates prevailing at reporting date. The results of foreign operations are translated at the average exchange rate for the period.

c) Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses arising on revaluation of net investments in foreign operations are taken to equity under "Exchange Translation Reserve" through Other Comprehensive Income and on disposal are recognised in profit and loss account. Regular translation gains and losses are taken to profit and loss account.

d) Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward contracts disclosed in these financial statements are translated at forward rates applicable to their respective maturities. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing on the reporting date.

4.15 Financial instruments

4.15.1 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets are de–recognised when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of the asset. Financial liabilities are de–recognised when obligation specific in the contract is extinguished. Any gain or loss on de–recognition of the financial asset and liability is recognised in the profit and loss account of the current period. The particular recognition and subsequent measurement methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

4.15.2 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re—measured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the profit and loss account.

4.16 Off setting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to off set and the Group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

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4.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. These are recognised as follows:

a. Advances and investments

Mark-up / return on regular loans / advances and investments is recognized on a time proportion basis. Where debt securities are purchased at premium or discount, the same is amortized through the profit and loss account using the effective interest rate method.

Interest or mark-up recoverable on classified loans, advances and investments is recognized on receipt basis. Interest / return / mark-up on classified rescheduled / restructured loans and advances and investments is recognized as permitted by the regulations of the SBP.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Gains and losses on sale of investments are recognized in the profit and loss account.

b. Lease financing

Financing method is used in accounting for income from lease financing. Under this method, the unearned lease income (excess of the sum of total lease rentals and estimated residual value over the cost of leased assets) is deferred and taken to income over the term of the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in lease. Unrealised income on classified leases is recognized on receipt basis.

Gains / losses on termination of lease contracts and other lease income are recognized when realized.

c. Islamic financing and related assets

Profit on Business Musharakah financing is booked on accrual basis and is adjusted upon declaration of profit by Musharakah partners.

ljarah and Diminishing Musharakah income is recognised on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due.

Murabaha and Salam income is recognised on deferred income basis.

d. Fees, brokerage and commission

Fee, Commission and Brokerage income is recognized on an accrual basis except where, in the opinion of management, it would not be prudent to do so.

4.18 Business Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. A business segment is one that is engaged either in providing certain products or services, whereas a geographical segment is one engaged in providing certain products or services within a particular economic environment. Segment information is presented as per the Bank's functional and management reporting structure. The Group's primary segment reporting is based on following business segments:

a. Corporate & investment banking

This segment offers a wide range of financial services to medium and large sized public and private sector entities and also covers overseas operation of the Group. These services include, providing and arranging tenured financing, corporate advisory, underwriting, cash management, trade products, corporate finance products and customer services on all Group related matters.

b. Trading and sales (Treasury)

This segment undertakes the Group's treasury and money market activities.

c. Commercial & retail banking

Commercial and retail banking provides services to commercial and retail customers including agriculture sector. It includes loans, deposits and other transactions with commercial and retail (conventional and Islamic) customers.

d. Others

Others includes functions which cannot be classified in any of the above segments.

4.19 Geographical Segment Reporting

Geographically the Bank operates in Pakistan, Middle East and China.

4.20 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Note	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Rupees	in '000

5 CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS

In hand			
Local currency		15,271,580	12,20
Foreign currencies		1,008,439	88
		16,280,019	13,1
Remittances in transit		591,133	5
With State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in			
Local currency current accounts	5.1	38,599,518	37,79
Foreign currency current account	5.2	81,311	
		38,680,829	37,79
Foreign currency deposit accounts			
Non-remunerative	5.1	4,722,714	3,8
Remunerative	5.3	14,128,800	11,66
		18,851,514	15,56
With National Bank of Pakistan in			
Local currency current accounts		24,610,744	18,1
Prize Bonds		174,175	1
		99,188,414	85,3

- **5.1** Deposits with SBP are maintained to comply with the cash reserve requirement, under section 22 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and SBP statutory requirements issued from time to time.
- 5.2 This represents US Dollar settlement account maintained with SBP.
- 5.3 This represents special cash reserve maintained with SBP. The return on this account is declared by SBP on a monthly basis and carries mark-up at the rate of 0.56% to 1.35% (2017: 0.37%) per annum.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees in '000	
6	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
	In Pakistan			
	In deposit accounts	6.1	2,000,000	747
	Outside Pakistan			
	In current accounts	6.2	257,659	326,579
	In deposit accounts	6.2	306,543	322,186
			2,564,202	649,512

- **6.1** This represents local currency deposit placement by Islamic banking business with an Islamic bank at expected profit of 10.60% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on January 24, 2019.
- 6.2 These are nostro balances placed with other banks.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	Note	December 31,	December 31	
		2018	2017	
		Rupees	in '000	
LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS				
 Call money lendings	7.1	5,500,000	1,000,000	
Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repo)	7.2 & 7.8	44,455,680	5,779,431	
Musharaka lendings	7.3	2,500,000	1,100,000	
Modaraba lending		_	600,000	
Bai muajjal receivable from:				
– State Bank of Pakistan		_	214,968	
 - other financial institutions	7.4	1,029,999	_	
 Certificates of investment	7.5	70,000	70,000	
 Letters of placement	7.6	300,000	_	
		53,855,679	8,764,399	
 Less: Provision held against lendings to financial institutions	7.5 & 7.9	(70,000)	(70,000)	
 Lendings to financial institutions – net of provision		53,785,679	8,694,399	

- 7.1 These represent local currency call money lending at the mark-up rate of 10.35% to 10.70% (2017: local currency lending at the rate of 5.90%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by February 13, 2019.
- 7.2 These are short–term local currency lendings to financial institutions against government securities as shown in note 7.8 below. These carry mark–up at the rate of 10.10% to 10.40% (2017: 5.95% to 6.10%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by February 1, 2019.
- 7.3 These represent local currency lendings by Islamic banking business under Musharaka agreement at expected profit of 9.50% to 9.70% (2017: 5.83% to 5.85%) per annum, maturing on various dates, latest by January 18, 2019.
- 7.4 This represents local currency lending by Islamic banking business under Bai Muajjal agreement with an islamic bank at expected profit of 9.80% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on January 21, 2019.
- 7.5 This represents local currency classified certificates of investment and related provisioning, amounting to Rs. 70 million (2017: Rs. 70 million).
- 7.6 These represent local currency letters of placement with a financial institution at the mark-up rate of 10.70% (2017: Nil) per annum, maturing on February 01, 2019.

					Decemb	er 31,	December 31,	
						2018	2017	
						Rupees in '	000	
7.7	Particulars of lending							
	In local currency				53,85	5,679	8,764,399	
	In foreign currencies					_	_	
					53,85	5,679	8,764,399	
		Dec	cember 31, 2	018	Dec	ember 31,	1, 2017	
		Held by Group	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by Group	Further given as collateral	Total	
			Rupees	in '000				
7.8	Securities held as collateral against lending to financial institutions							
	Market Treasury Bills	33,500,000	_	33,500,000	800,000	_	800,000	
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	11,000,000	_	11,000,000	5,000,000	_	5,000,000	
		44,500,000	_	44,500,000	5,800,000	_	5,800,000	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

						Decemb	per 31, 201	8 De	ecember	31, 2017
						Classified Lending	Hel	d Le	ssified ending	Provision Held
							Rup	ees in '00	00	
7.9	Category of classification									
	Domestic									
	Other Assets Especially Mentioned					_		_	_	_
	Substandard					_		_	_	_
	Doubtful	***************************************				_		_	_	_
	Loss		***************************************		***************************************	70,000	70,0	00 7	0,000	70,000
		***************************************				70,000	70,0		0,000	70,000
			Cost /	December 3 Provision for	1, 2018 Surplus /	Carrying	Cost /	December Provision for	31, 2017 Surplus /	Carrying
		Note	Amortized cost	diminution	(Deficit)	Value	Amortized cost	diminution	(Deficit)	Value
			COST			Rupees i				
	INVESTMENTS									
.1										
	Investments by type:									
	Held-for-trading securities Federal Government Securities				_	TT _1	24,826,109	_	1,78	2 24,827,8
	Open Ended Mutual Funds/ Pension Funds		1,912,351		(53,328)	1,859,023	1,785,318		(43,694	
	·	***************************************	1,912,351		(53,328)	1,859,023	26,611,427	-	(41,912	<u> </u>
	Available-for-sale securities						.,			
	Federal Government Securities		610,683,028	(21,248)	(1,608,457)	609,053,323	548,683,329	_	3,491,78	
	Shares		25,390,404	(2,266,130)	9,572,004	32,696,278	25,513,458	(2,336,353)	12,653,55	
	Non Government Debt Securities		11,732,046	(21,071)	(47,874)	11,663,101	9,173,111	(22,948)	(1,728	
	Foreign Securities Open Ended Mutual Funds		1,037,692 63,834		62,436	1,037,692 126,270	1,037,692			1,037,6
		8.4	648,907,004	(2,308,449)	7,978,109	654,576,664	584,407,590	(2,359,301)	16,143,60	5 598,191,8
	Held-to-maturity securities									
	Federal Government Securities		16,151,622	_	_	16,151,622	74,562,280	-		- 74,562,2
	Non Government Debt Securities		346,090	(346,090)	_		346,102	(346,102)		
		8.5	16,497,712	(346,090)	_	16,151,622	74,908,382	(346,102)		- 74,562,2
	Total Investments		667,317,067	(2,654,539)	7,924,781	672,587,309	685,927,399	(2,705,403)	16,101,69	4 699,323,6
_										
2	Investments by segments:									
	Federal Government Securities:		543,454,941		(01.700)	E40 400 151	000 005 471		(37,270	390,348,2
	Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds		64.695.276		(21,790)	543,433,151 63,297,903	390,385,471 237,630,509		2,811,59	
	ljarah Sukuks		3,350,848	_	(16,997)	H	2,845,696	_	15,45	
	GOP Sukuks (US\$)		9,756,796	(21,248)	(191,642)	9,543,906	12,214,033	-	184,26	
	Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)		5,576,788	_	19,346	5,596,134	4,996,009	-	519,51	5,515,5
			626,834,649	(21,248)	(1,608,456)	625,204,945	648,071,718	-	3,493,56	4 651,565,2
	Shares:		22,646,719	(0.100.051)	0.570.000	30,115,371	22.057.522	(0.064.700)	12,653,55	2 22 246 2
	Listed Companies Unlisted Companies		22,646,719	(2,103,351)	9,572,003	2,580,907	22,957,532 2,555,926	(2,264,790)	12,003,05	2 33,346,2 2,484,3
	Units of open-ended mutual funds		1,976,185	(102,110)	9,108	1,985,293	1,785,318	- (, 1,000)	(43,694	
			27,366,590	(2,266,130)	9,581,111	34,681,571	27,298,776	(2,336,353)	12,609,85	
	Non Government Debt Securities					TT	T		11	77
	Listed		3,139,909	(105,329)	(47,874)	2,986,706	2,622,497	(105,329)	(1,728	
	Unlisted		8,938,227 12,078,136	(261,832)	(47,874)	8,676,395 11,663,101	6,896,716 9,519,213	(263,721)	(1,728	- 6,632,9 9,148,4
	Foreign Securities		12,010,100	(507,101)	(41,014)	11,000,101	J,J 18,Z 13	(303,000)	(1,720	9, 140,4
	g					1.007.000	1 007 000			1 027 6
	Equity securities		1,037,692	_	_	1,037,692	1,037,692	_		- 1,037,69
	Equity securities Total Investments		1,037,692	(2,654,539)	7,924,781	672,587,309	685,927,399	(2,705,403)	16,101,69	

 $^{^{\}star}$ Provision for diminution against federal government securities represents expected credit loss provisioning under IFRS 9 on portfolio parked in overseas branch.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

			Note	December 31,	December 31,
				2018	2017
				Rupees	in '000
3.2.1	Investments given as collateral				
	Market Treasury Bills			158,411,120	75,663,516
	Pakistan Investment Bonds			10,077,521	100,554,745
	GOP Foreign Currency Sukuks (US\$)			4,451,600	1,577,089
	GOP Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)			710,569	_
	Total Investments given as collateral			173,650,810	177,795,350
8.3	Provision for diminution in value of investments				
3.3.1	Opening balance			2,705,403	2,696,599
	Exchange adjustments			1,557	
	Charge / reversals				
	Charge for the year			112,794	22,581
	Reversals for the year			(3,776)	(13,777
	Reversal on disposals			(161,439)	-
				(52,421)	8,804
	Closing Balance			2,654,539	2,705,403
		December	31, 2018	Decembe	r 31, 2017
		NPI	Provision	NPI	Provision
			Rupees	in '000	
3.3.2	Particulars of provision against debt securities				
	Category of classification				
	Domestic				
	Other assets especially mentioned	_	_	_	_
	Substandard	_	_	_	_
	Doubtful	_	_	_	_
		0.07	007 404	000 050	
	Loss	367,161	367,161	369,050	369,050
	Loss	367,161 367,161	367,161	369,050	369,050 369,050
	Overseas	367,161	367,161		
	Overseas Not past due but impaired*	······································			
	Overseas Not past due but impaired* Overdue by:	367,161	367,161		
	Overseas Not past due but impaired* Overdue by: Upto 90 days	367,161	367,161		
	Overseas Not past due but impaired* Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days	9,756,796	367,161 21,248		
	Overseas Not past due but impaired* Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days	367,161 9,756,796	367,161 21,248	369,050	
	Overseas Not past due but impaired* Overdue by: Upto 90 days 91 to 180 days	367,161 9,756,796	21,248 -	369,050	

 $^{^{\}star}$ Provision represents expected credit loss provisioning in overseas branch.

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has not granted any relaxation in any classification / provisioning during the year ended December 31, 2018.

			1	December 31,	December 3
				2018 Co	201
				Rupees	
				Паросо	000
.4	Quality of Available for Sale Securities				
	Details regarding quality of Available for Sale (AFS) securities a	are as follows:			
	Federal Government Securities – Government guaranteed				
	Market Treasury Bills			543,454,941	365,679,30
	Pakistan Investment Bonds			48,543,655	164,056,43
	GOP Sukuks (US\$)			9,756,796	11,105,89
	Foreign Currency Bonds (US\$)			5,576,788	4,996,00
	GOP ljarah Sukuks			3,350,848	2,845,69
				610,683,028	548,683,32
	Shares				······································
	Listed Companies Power Generation and Distribution			8,991,081	8,992,52
	Oil & Gas Exploration Companies			5,093,607	5,681,86
	Fertilizer				
				3,701,965	3,701,96
	Commercial Banks			2,900,903	2,575,48
	Oil & Gas Marketing Companies			1,043,460	1,043,46
	Real Estate Investment Trust			455,851	455,85
	Chemical			268,289	268,28
	Leasing Companies			89,322	97,02
	Close-end Mutual Funds			51,603	90,43
	Investment Banks			50,000	50,00
	Cement			638	63
				22,646,719	22,957,53
		Decembe	r 31, 2018	Decen	nber 31, 2017
		Cost	Breakup value	Cost	Breakup valu
			Rupees i	n '000	
	Unlisted Companies Security General Insurance Limited	1,075,653	147.61	1,075,653	140.51
	3	1,035,922	-	1,075,055	
	Habib Allied Holding Limited		211.41		179.09
	Nishat Hotels And Properties Limited	944,970	8.64	944,970	9.60
	Atlas Power Limited	355,000	23.93	355,000	21.48
	Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Co. Limited	200,000	10.02	12,240	
	1 Link Guarantee Limited	50,000	_	50,000	-
	Central Depository Company	40,300	38.94	40,300	36.72
	ISE Towers REIT Management Company Limited	30,346	14.09	30,346	12.13
	First Women Bank Limited	21,200	9.35	21,200	9.96
	LSE Financial Services Limited	8,440	21.70	8,440	18.29
	SME Bank Limited	5,250	(1.82)	5,250	0.09
	Arabian Saa Cauntry Club Ltd	5,000	0.70	5,000	0.70
	Arabian Sea Country Club Ltd.		_	5,000	_
	Eastern Capital Limited	5,000			
		5,000 1,770	677,701	1,770	499,351
	Eastern Capital Limited		677,701 26.06	1,770 1,527	499,351 24.62
	Eastern Capital Limited SWIFT	1,770			

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Co	
	Rupees	in '000
Non Government Debt Securities		
Listed		
- AAA	383,308	383,463
- AA+, AA, AA-	2,618,458	2,133,705
- A+, A, A-	32,813	_
	3,034,579	2,517,168
Unlisted		
– AAA	3,750,000	2,600,000
- AA+, AA, AA-	3,080,965	2,033,959
- A+, A, A-	1,845,431	1,719,911
- Unrated	21,071	302,073
	8,697,467	6,655,943
Open Ended Mutual Funds		
HBL Growth Fund – Class B Segment	38,834	_
Allied Finergy Fund	25,000	_
	63,834	_
Foreign Securities		
Equity Securities – Unlisted		
Habib Allied Holding Limited	1,035,922	1,035,922
SWIFT	1,770	1,770
	1,037,692	1,037,692
8.5 Particulars relating to Held to Maturity securities are as follows:		
Federal Government Securities – Government guaranteed		
Pakistan Investment Bonds	16,151,622	73,454,137
GOP Sukuks (US\$)	_	1,108,143
	16,151,622	74,562,280
Non Government Debt Securities		
Listed		
– Unrated	105,329	105,329
Unlisted		
- Unrated	240,761	240,773

^{8.5.1} The market value of securities classified as held-to-maturity as at December 31, 2018 amounted to Rs. 15,579.4 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 78,655.2 million).

				Performi	ng	Non P	erforming			Total	
		Note		ember 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 3 2018		mber 31, 017		ember 31, 2018	December 31 2017
						Rupees	s in '000				
9	ADVANCES										
9	ADVANCES										
	Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.	9.1		,933,543	363,567,812	14,569,294	16,51			02,837	380,080,460
	Islamic financing and related assets Bills discounted and purchased	A-III. 3		,927,030 ,982,031	4,662,326 2,512,605	1,495,347	1.53	9,101		927,030 177,378	4,662,326
	Advances – gross	9.2		,842,604	370,742,743	16,064,641	18,05			07,245	388,794,492
	Provision against advances										
	Specific	9.3 & 9.4		-	-	(15,533,497)	(16,702	2,236)	(15,5	33,497)	(16,702,236)
	General	9.4		(15,868)	(11,701)	(15,533,497)	(16,702	-		15,868) 49,365)	(11,701)
	Advances – net of provision		437	,826,736	370,731,042	531,144		9,513		357,880	(16,713,937 372,080,555
				December 31					mber 3		T
		Not la than o		Later than one and	Over five years	Total	Not later than one	Later the		Over five years	Total
		yea	r	less than			year	less th			
				five years		Rupees in '	000	five yea	ars		
9.1	Includes Net investment in finance lease as described below										
	Lease rentals receivable	631	,223	1,504,537	116,221	2,251,981	548,697	1,335,	126	194,666	2,078,489
	Residual value	42	,542	460,880	188,280	691,702	63,787	375,	705	178,991	618,483
	Minimum lease payments	673	,765	1,965,417	304,501	2,943,683	612,484	1,710,8	331	373,657	2,696,972
	Financial charges for future periods	(66,	148)	(133,067)	(130,661)	(329,876)	(37,398)	(142,7	'59)	(136,242)	(316,399
	Present value of minimum lease payments	607	,617	1,832,350	173,840	2,613,807	575,086	1,568,0	072	237,415	2,380,570
							D	ecembe		De	cember 31,
									2018		2017
									Rupe	es in '000	
9.2	Particulars of advances (Gross)										
004								40.000	040	07/	2 24 2 222
9.2.1	In local currency							43,682			3,216,223
	In foreign currencies							10,224			0,578,269
•							4	53,907	,245	300	3,794,492
9.3	Advances include Rs. 16,064.641 million detailed below:	n (2017: R	ls. 18	3,051.749	million) whic	ch have beer	n placed	under r	non-p	oerformin	ıg status as
					Decemb	er 31, 2018			Dece	ember 3	1, 2017
				_	Non	·		No	n		
					Performing	Speci	ific	Perfor	ming	, S	pecific
									เทธ	Pr	ovision
					Loans	Provis	ion	Loa			
							ion ipees in				
	Category of Classification										
	Category of Classification Domestic										
						Ru		'000	9,80	5	1,054
	Domestic				Loans	Ru	231	' 000	9,80£		1,054 122,297
	Domestic Other Assets Especially Mentioned				Loans 38,425	R u	231 035 0	3 49		1	
	Domestic Other Assets Especially Mentioned Substandard				38,425 436,938	2, 109,	231 035 047	3 49	2,96 ⁻ 7,93 ²	1 4	122,297

for the year ended December 31, 2018

9.3.1 'The Bank has participated in government guaranteed syndicated long term loan facilities, granted to Power Holding (Pvt.) Limited, with the Bank's outstanding share being Rs. 6,757 million. State Bank of Pakistan has extended relaxation against classification of the exposure vide Letter No. BPRD/ BRD (Policy)/ 021574/ 2018 dated October 03, 2018 till December 31, 2018; with instructions to recognize mark—up on receipt basis.

			Dec	ember 31, 2	018	Dece	ember 31, 2	2017
		Note	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
					Rupees in	'000		
9.4	Particulars of provision aga	inst advances	;					
	Opening balance		16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937	18,720,563	63,309	18,783,872
	Charge for the year		500,412	4,167	504,579	365,854	_	365,854
***************************************	Reversals	9.5	(1,637,415)	_	(1,637,415)	(2,281,184)	(51,608)	(2,332,792)
***************************************			(1,137,003)	4,167	(1,132,836)	(1,915,330)	(51,608)	(1,966,938)
	Amounts written off	9.6	(31,736)	_	(31,736)	(102,997)	_	(102,997)
	Closing balance		15,533,497	15,868	15,549,365	16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937
9.4.1	In local currency		15,207,403	15,868	15,223,271	16,442,940	11,701	16,454,641
	In foreign currencies		326,094	_	326,094	259,296	_	259,296
			15,533,497	15,868	15,549,365	16,702,236	11,701	16,713,937

- 9.4.2 No benefit of forced sale value of the collaterals held by the Bank has been taken while determining the provision against non-performing loans as allowed under BSD circular No. 01 dated October 21, 2011.
- 9.5 This includes reversal of provision on account of a non performing loan, classified as loss, settled against Debt Property Swap amounting to Rs. 29.2 million (2017: Rs. 32.5 million).

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
9.6	Particulars of write-offs			
9.6.1	Against provisions		31,736	102,997
	Directly charged to Profit and Loss account		_	_
•			31,736	102,997
9.6.2	Write-offs of Rs. 500,000 and above - Domestic	9.7	31,736	102,997
	Write-offs of below Rs. 500,000		_	_
			31,736	102,997

9.7 Details of loan write-off of Rs. 500,000/- and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees and above allowed to a person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2018 is given in Annexure-'I'. However, these write-offs do not affect the Bank's right to recover debts from these customers.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
10	FIXED ASSETS			
	Capital work-in-progress	10.1	2,338,494	2,963,429
-	Property and equipment	10.2	48,061,279	43,927,331
			50,399,773	46,890,760

							Dec	cember 31, 2018	Dece	ember 31, 2017
								Rupe	es in '000	
10.1	Capital work-in-progress									
	Civil works							1,855,180	2	,530,114
	Advances to suppliers							483,314		433,315
	Advances to suppliers							2,338,494		.963,429
								2,000,404		,000,420
					Dece	ember 31, 2018				
							Electrical,		Building	
		Freehold	Leasehold	Building on Freehold	Building on Leasehold	Furniture and	office and computer		mprovements (Rented	
		Land	Land	Land	Land	fixture Rupees in	equipment 1 '000	Vehicles	Premises)	Total
10.2	Proporty and Equipment									
10.2	Property and Equipment									
	At January 1, 2018	J= AA		0.000.5==	400.000		44.0=0.1=1	00=0	0.501.533	
	Cost / Revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	1,682,198 (878,225)	11,676,459 (7,220,730)	827,965 (537,487)	3,501,922 (1,997,095)	54,560,868
	Net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	803,973	4,455,729	290,478	1,504,827	43,927,33
	Year ended December 2018 Opening net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	803,973	4,455,729	290,478	1,504,827	43,927,331
	Additions	2,380,971	58,138	859,667	296,527	273,610	2,347,406	359,000	575,046	7,150,365
	Disposals cost	-	- 1	-	-	(17,878)	(429,280)	(28,822)	(90)	(476,070
	Disposals accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	17,173	422,746	24,524	90	464,530
	Disposals	_	_	-	_	(705)	(6,534)	(4,298)	-	(11,537
	Depreciation charge	_	_	(340,664)	(228,787)	(178,517)	(1,359,445)	(125,945)	(509,332)	(2,742,690
	Exchange rate adjustments	(07, 407)	(104.500)	-	-	(78)	(113)	-	_	(191
	Other adjustments / transfers Closing net book value	(97,437) 17,564,604	(164,562) 10,962,212	6,779,980	4,329,381	898,283	5,437,043	519,235	1,570,541	48,061,279
	At December 31, 2018 Cost / Revalued amount	17,564,604	10,962,212	7,120,644	4,558,168	1,937,930	13,594,585	1,158,143	4,076,878	60,973,164
	Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(340,664)	(228,787)	(1,039,647)	(8,157,542)	(638,908)	(2,506,337)	(12,911,885
	Net book value	17,564,604	10,962,212	6,779,980	4,329,381	898,283	5,437,043	519,235	1,570,541	48,061,279
	Rate of depreciation (percentage)	_	-	5%	5%	10%	14.28% -50%	20%	20%	_
					Dece	ember 31, 2017				
				Dellation on			Electrical,		Building	
		Freehold	Leasehold	Building on Freehold	Building on Leasehold	Furniture and	office and computer		(Rented	
		Land	Land	Land	Land	fixture Rupees ir	equipment 1 '000	Vehicles	Premises)	Total
	At January 1, 2017 Cost / Revalued amount	12,157,409	3,303,825	5,514,533	3,097,922	1,405,607	9,853,134	822,004	2,622,036	38,776,470
	Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(873,444)	(285,426)	(717,576)	(6,342,334)	(450,677)	(1,613,646)	(10,283,103
	Net book value	12,157,409	3,303,825	4,641,089	2,812,496	688,031	3,510,800	371,327	1,008,390	28,493,367
	V									
	Year ended December 2017 Opening net book value	12,157,409	3,303,825	4,641,089	2,812,496	688,031	3,510,800	371,327	1,008,390	28,493,367
	Additions	2,146,874	716,833	980,765	639,744	285,831	2,066,344	66,427	880,062	7,782,880
	Movement in surplus on assets					_		_		-
	revalued during the year	976,787	7,047,978	895,616	952,762	_	_	-	_	9,873,143
	Disposals cost		-	-	-	(9,240)	(243,019)	(60,466)	(176)	(312,901
	Disposals accumulated depreciation		-]	-]	-]]	8,467	(3,256)	54,122 (6,344)	176	302,528
	Disposals Depreciation charge			(256,493)	(143,361)	(773)	(1,118,131)	(140,932)	(383,625)	(10,373
	Exchange rate adjustments	_	_	-	-	(14)	(28)	-	-	(42
	Other adjustments / transfers	_	_	_	_		-	_	_	
	Closing net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	803,973	4,455,729	290,478	1,504,827	43,927,33
	At December 31, 2017									
	Cost / Revalued amount	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	1,682,198	11,676,459	827,965	3,501,922	54,560,868
	Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	(878,225)	(7,220,730)	(537,487)	(1,997,095)	(10,633,537)
	Net book value	15,281,070	11,068,636	6,260,977	4,261,641	803,973	4,455,729	290,478	1,504,827	43,927,331
	Rate of depreciation (percentage)		_	5%	5%	10%	14.28% -50%	20%	20%	-

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Bank arranged for valuation of all Land and Buildings as at December 31, 2017 from four independent valuers {Sadruddin Associates (Pvt.) Ltd, Unicorn International Surveyors, Indus Surveyors (Pvt.) Limited and Harvester Services (Pvt). Ltd.}. The revalued amounts of properties have been determined on the basis of market value. Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of revalued assets would have been as follows:

				Rupees in '000
	- Land (Freehold and leasehold)			14,768,004
	– Building			7,796,683
10.4	Fair value of property and equipment excluding land and building amount.	gs is not expected to be i	materially different fi	rom their carrying
		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
10.5	Incremental depreciation charged during the year			
	transferred to unappropriated profit	20.1	172,713	84,520
10.6	Restriction / discrepancy in the title of property			
	having a net book value of		57,694	59,131
10.7	The cost of fully depreciated assets that are still in use:			
	Furniture and fixtures		342,011	286,863
			4 407 004	4 40 4 000
	Electrical, office and computer equipments		4,497,694	4,464,328
	Electrical, office and computer equipments Vehicles		327,935	285,809
	Vehicles	197.73 million (2017: Rs.	327,935 1,342,260	285,809 1,200,646
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs.	197.73 million (2017: Rs.	327,935 1,342,260	285,809 1,200,646
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs.		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs.		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017
10.8	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase.		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017
10.8	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs.		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use		327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use INTANGIBLE ASSETS	Note	327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000
	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use INTANGIBLE ASSETS Capital work in progress	Note	327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees 349,670	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000
11	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use INTANGIBLE ASSETS Capital work in progress	Note	327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees 349,670	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000 353,461 99,361 1,365,763
11	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use INTANGIBLE ASSETS Capital work in progress Intangible Assets Capital work in progress	Note	327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of 1 December 31, 2018 Rupees 349,670	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000 353,461
110.8	Vehicles Leasehold Improvements Amount of fully depreciated assets includes depreciation of Rs. items which are fully depreciated in the month of purchase. The carrying amount of property and equipment that have retired from active use INTANGIBLE ASSETS Capital work in progress Intangible Assets	Note	327,935 1,342,260 145.56 million) of the second of the s	285,809 1,200,646 under Rs.10,000 December 31, 2017 in '000 353,461 99,361 1,365,763 1,465,124

			ecember 31, 2018	
		Computer software	Others	Total
		Soliware	Rupees i	
1.2	Intangible Assets			
	At January 1, 2018			
	Cost	2,714,595		2,714,595
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,348,832)	_	(1,348,832)
	Net book value	1,365,763		1,365,763
	Year ended December 2018			
	Opening net book value	1,365,763		1,365,763
	Additions:			, ,
	directly purchased	453,444	_	453,444
	Amortisation charge	(404,070)	_	(404,070
	Closing net book value	1,415,137	_	1,415,137
	At December 31, 2018			
	0 1	0.400.000		0.100.000
	Cost	3,168,039	_	3,168,039
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,752,902)	_	(1,752,902
	Net book value	1,415,137		1,415,137 14.28%
	Rate of amortisation (percentage) Useful life	7 Years		7 Years
			December 31, 2017	
		Computer software	Others	Total
		Soliware	Rupees i	
	At January 1, 2017			
	Cost	2,033,515		2,033,515
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,036,915)	_	(1,036,915)
	Net book value	996,600		996,600
	Year ended December 2017			
	Opening net book value	996,600		996,600
	Additions:	,		
	directly purchased	681,082		681,082
	Amortisation charge	(311,919)	_	(311,919
	Closing net book value	1,365,763		1,365,763
	At December 31, 2017			
	711 DOGGTTBGT GT, 2017			
	Cost	2,714,597		2,714,597
		2,714,597 (1,348,834)		
	Cost			(1,348,834)
	Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(1,348,834)		2,714,597 (1,348,834) 1,365,763 14.28%

		Note	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	
			· iupoco	
11.3	The cost of fully amortized assets that are still in use:			
	Intangible assets – software		306,326	282,187
11.4	Remaining amortization period of material intangible assets is from 3 to 5 years.			
12	OTHER ASSETS			
	Income / Mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision		11,777,626	15,530,697
	Income / Mark-up accrued in foreign currency - net of provision		293,994	266,574
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		1,254,352	1,257,201
	Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		4,624,072	4,747,404
	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	12.1	1,947,348	1,982,608
	Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts		2,698,766	2,227,080
	Acceptances	***************************************	4,183,083	3,953,545
	Due from the employees' retirement benefit schemes		.,	2,230,040
	Benevolent fund	37.4	115,915	112,061
	Pension fund	37.4	4,560,065	3,692,032
		07.4		
	Fraud and forgeries		510,013	517,113
	Stationery and stamps in hand		190,398	196,230
	HRC agent receivable		111,098	_
	Overdue FBN / FBD		72,441	_
	Charges receivable		23,043	_
	Receivable from SBP – customers encashments		12,572	15,476
	ATM / POS settlement account	18	_	1,331,063
	Excise duty		11	11
	Others		3,561	133,098
			32,378,358	35,962,193
	Less: Provision held against other assets	12.2	(787,203)	(747,062)
	Other assets (net of provision)	***************************************	31,591,155	35,215,131
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired		01,001,100	00,210,101
			0.150.050	1 601 400
	in satisfaction of claims		2,159,958	1,601,422
	Other assets – net		33,751,113	36,816,553
12.1	Market value of non-banking assets acquired			
	in satisfaction of claims		4,107,306	3,584,030
	Full-scope revaluation was carried out at December 31, 2018 through two index Association (Unicorn International Surveyors & Sadruddin Associates (Pvt) Limit been determined on the basis of market rates depending upon physical verification	ted). The r	revalued amounts o	f properties hav
			December 31,	December 31
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
1211	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Non balliang accept acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Opening balance		3,584,030	3,476,350
	Additions		52,482	38,041
	Revaluation		600,425	472,683
	Disposals / Transfers		(109,969)	(374,400)
	·			······································
	Depreciation		(19,662)	(18,938)
	Impairment Clarica training			(9,706
	Closing balance		4,107,306	3,584,030

		Note	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	in '000
12.1.2	Gain / Loss on Disposal of Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	;		
	Disposal proceeds		3,542	447,750
	Less:			
•••••	Cost		(3,629)	(374,400)
	Impairment / Depreciation		60	_
			(3,569)	(374,400)
	(Loss) / gain		(27)	73,350
12.2	Provision held against other assets			
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		209,506	102,342
	Provision against fraud and forgeries		507,977	517,112
	Overdue FBN / FBD		24,295	24,295
	Charges receivable		23,043	35,081
	Others		22,382	68,232
•			787,203	747,062
12.2.1	Movement in provision held against other assets			
	Opening helenes		747.062	006 051
	Opening balance		96,695	926,951
	Charge for the year Reversals		,	67,620
	Written off / adjusted		(12,000)	(224,478)
	whiten on 7 adjusted		(44,004)	(23,031)
	Closing balance		787 203	
13	Closing balance CONTINGENT ASSETS		787,203	747,062
13	CONTINGENT ASSETS	mher 31 2		
	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2018 a	nber 31, 2		
	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE	nber 31, 2	017.	747,062
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan	nber 31, 2		747,062
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE	nber 31, 2	017.	747,062
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan	nber 31, 2	017.	747,062
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan	-	017. 7,752,959	747,062 7,835,467
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings	5.1 & 15.7	7,752,959 157,248,800	747,062 7,835,467 169,225,901
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15 Under export refinance scheme	5.1 & 15.7 15.2	7,752,959 7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15 Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3	7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy	5.1 & 15.7 15.2	7,752,959 7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462
13 14 15	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15 Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3	7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP)	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3	7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15.	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	017. 7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 – 189,216,118	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15 Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings 15 Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured Call borrowings	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563	7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured Call borrowings Trading liability	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563 11,861,797 9,987,849	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured Call borrowings Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured Call borrowings Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts Musharaka borrowing	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	7,752,959 157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563 11,861,797 9,987,849 243,624 -	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823 100,000
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2018 and December BILLS PAYABLE In Pakistan BORROWINGS Secured Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan Repurchase agreement borrowings Under export refinance scheme Under long term financing facility Under financing scheme for renewable energy Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce (FFSAP) Repurchase agreement borrowings from Financial Institutions 15. Unsecured Call borrowings Trading liability Overdrawn nostro accounts	5.1 & 15.7 15.2 15.3 15.4	157,248,800 17,913,692 13,894,674 158,952 - 189,216,118 14,559,563 11,861,797 9,987,849	7,835,467 7,835,467 169,225,901 13,583,114 10,584,203 13,462 5,477 193,412,157 7,674,798 20,246,997 1,976,436 104,823

This represents local currency borrowing from the SBP against government securities, carrying mark-up at the rate of 10.21% (2017: 5.82% to 5.86%) per annum, maturing on January 04, 2019.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

- 15.2 The Bank has entered into various agreements for financing with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for extending export finance to customers. As per agreements, the Bank has granted to SBP the right to recover the outstanding amount from the Bank at the date of maturity of the finance by directly debiting the current account maintained by the Bank with the SBP. The borrowing carries mark–up at the rate of 1.00% to 2.00% (2017: 1.00% to 2.00%) per annum. These borrowings are repayable within six months from the deal date.
- 15.3 This represents Long Term Financing facility availed by the Bank for further extending the same to its customers, for a maximum period of 10 years. The borrowing carries mark-up at the rate of 4.50%, 3.50% and 3.00% (2017: 4.50%, 3.50% and 3.00%) per annum for financing up-to 3 years, 5 years & 10 years respectively.
- 15.4 These represent borrowings from the SBP availed by the Bank for financing power projects / facilities using alternative/ renewable energy (solar, wind, hydro, biogas, bio-fuels, bagasse cogeneration, and geothermal as fuel) for a maximum period of 12 years. The borrowing carries mark-up at the rate of 2% (2017: 2%) per annum for 10 years and 12 years.
- 15.5 These represent borrowings in local and foreign currency from local and foreign interbank markets against government securities, carrying mark—up at the rate of 10% to 10.21% (2017: 5.60% to 5.80%) per annum for local currency borrowings, and at the rate of 3.37% to 3.99% (2017: 2.80% to 2.85%) per annum for foreign currency borrowings. These borrowings are maturing on various dates, latest by February 7, 2019.
- 15.6 These represent unsecured borrowings in local and foreign currency from the local and foreign interbank markets, carrying markup at the rate of 8.10% to 10.10% (2017: 5.71%) per annum for local currency borrowings, and at the rate of 2.35% to 4.27% (2017: 1.92% to 4.39%) per annum for foreign currency borrowings. These borrowings are maturing on various dates, latest by June 26, 2019.
- 15.7 Note 8.2.1 includes the carrying amount of investments given as collateral...

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
15.8	Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies			
	In local currency		211,201,481	206,150,246
	In local currency In foreign currencies		211,201,481 14,681,505	206,150,246 17,406,137

De	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		17
	In Foreign Currencies	Total		In Foreign Currencies	Total
		Runees in	1000		

16 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

Customers

Current deposits – non–remunerative	323,679,045	18,874,483	342,553,528	289,377,760	14,338,979	303,716,739
Savings deposits	365,551,154	24,707,235	390,258,389	321,236,255	19,699,697	340,935,952
Term deposits	120,847,788	50,092,266	170,940,054	141,015,687	44,529,569	185,545,256
	810,077,987	93,673,984	903,751,971	751,629,702	78,568,245	830,197,947
Financial Institutions						
Current deposits – non–remunerative	21,057,705	27,949	21,085,654	12,600,736	17,958	12,618,694
Savings deposits	54,621,957	_	54,621,957	33,298,874	_	33,298,874
Term deposits	4,950,750	52,735	5,003,485	7,529,715	56,826	7,586,541
	80,630,412	80,684	80,711,096	53,429,325	74,784	53,504,109
	890,708,399	93,754,668	984,463,067	805,059,027	78,643,029	883,702,056

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
16.1	Composition of deposits		
	Individuals	384,786,399	356,719,817
***************************************	Private Sector	287,469,596	263,573,489
	Government (Federal and Provincial)	117,892,648	108,592,437
	Public Sector Entities	113,603,058	101,311,990
	Non-Banking Financial Institutions	72,920,606	47,189,325
	Banking Companies	7,790,760	6,314,998
		984,463,067	883,702,056

^{16.2} This includes deposits eligible to be covered under insurance arrangements amounting to Rs. 513,218 million.

16.3 Net outstanding value against prepaid cards is Rs. 140.858 million as at reporting date.

			December 3	1, 2018	
		At January 1,	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in other comprehensive income	At December 31, 2018
			Rupees i		,
17	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		Пароссі		

DEFERRED IAX LIABILITIES				
Deductible Temporary Differences on				
Provision against:				
– Investments	19,093	_	_	19,093
- Other assets	38,959	_	_	38,959
 Off balance sheet obligations 	14,824	_	_	14,824
– Advances	46,869	(556)	_	46,313
 Post retirement medical benefits 	42,980	_	_	42,980
 Workers welfare fund 	1,183,246	(393,039)	_	790,207
	1,345,971	(393,595)	_	952,376
Taxable Temporary Differences on				
 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets 	(1,208,989)	54,842	_	(1,154,147
 Surplus on revaluation of investments 	(5,650,262)	4,833	2,857,924	(2,787,505
 Surplus on revaluation on non banking a 	assets (25,789)	_	1,827	(23,962
– Actuarial gains	(93,888)	_	(244,743)	(338,631
 Accelerated tax depreciation / amortizat 	ion (1,295,641)	(90,643)	_	(1,386,284
 Excess of investment in finance lease over over the content of the content	/er			
written down value of leased assets	(13,206)	_	_	(13,206
	(8,287,775)	(30,968)	2,615,008	(5,703,735
	(6,941,804)	(424,563)	2,615,008	(4,751,359

		December 31	1, 2017	
	At January 1,	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive	At December
	2017	account	income	31, 2017
		Rupees in	ı '000	
Daductible Tempover Differences on				
Deductible Temporary Differences on Provision against:				
- Investments	19,093			19,093
- Other assets	38,959	_		
	14,824	_		38,959
Off balance sheet obligations Advances	55,572	(9.703)		14,824 46,869
Advances Post retirement medical benefits	42,980	(8,703)		42,980
Workers welfare fund		067.057	_	
- workers wellare lund	915,389	267,857		1,183,246
Tarable Tarabase Differences	1,086,817	259,154	_	1,345,971
Taxable Temporary Differences on - Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	(591,639)	29,582	(646,932)	(1 200 000
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,208,989
- Surplus on revaluation of investments	(9,721,104)	1,835	4,070,842	(5,648,427
- Surplus on revaluation on non banking assets	(13,930)		(11,859)	(25,789
- Actuarial gains	(613,973)	(4.77,000)	520,085	(93,888
- Accelerated tax depreciation / amortization	(1,119,852)	(177,026)	_	(1,296,878
- Excess of investment in finance lease over	(40,000)			(40,000
written down value of leased assets	(13,206)	(4.45,000)		(13,206
	(12,073,704)	(145,609)	3,932,136	(8,287,177
	1111 USA 8871			
	(10,986,887)	113,545	3,932,136	(0,941,200
	(10,986,887)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(10,986,887)	Note	December 31, 2018	(6,941,206) December 31
	(10,986,887)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31,	December 3
OTHER LIABILITIES	(10,986,887)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2018	December 3
	(10,986,887)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2018	December 3 201 in '000
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2018 Rupees 2,366,946	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14
	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2018 Rupees 2,366,946 343,307	December 3 20° in '000 2,269,14
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currence Unearned commission and income on bills discounted	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31, 2018 Rupees 2,366,946 343,307 123,294	December 3 20: in '000 2,269,14 264,30
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822	December 3 20 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounte Accrued expenses Retention money payable	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416	December 3 20: in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounte Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083	December 3 20° in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currence Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816	December 3 20° in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currence Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currence Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account	ies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounte Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for:	ies	Note	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity	ies	Note	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits	ies	Note 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currence Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences	ies	Note	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	ies	Note 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounte Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 690,598	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75 306,34 662,86
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 18.1	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 690,598 2,427,652	December 3 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30 1,764,62 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75 306,34 662,86
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits Workers welfare fund payable	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 37.4	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 690,598 2,427,652 2,297,057	December 3' 201 in '000 2,269,14 264,30: 1,764,62: 264,52: 3,953,54: 246,25: 18,29: 272,34: 511,91: 1,240,25: 571,75: 306,34: 662,86: 2,064,11 3,415,60:
Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted Accrued expenses Retention money payable Acceptances Unclaimed dividends Dividend payable Branch adjustment account Provision for: Gratuity Employees' medical benefits Employees' compensated absences Payable to defined contribution plan Provision against off-balance sheet obligations Security deposits against lease ATM / POS settlement account Home Remittance Cell overdraft With-holding tax payable Sundry deposits	ies	37.4 37.4 37.4 18.1	2,366,946 343,307 123,294 1,101,822 306,416 4,183,083 291,816 32,055 280,134 444,655 1,332,925 606,216 3,306 306,342 693,151 932,311 701,908 690,598 2,427,652	December 3 201 in 1000 2,269,14 264,30 264,52 3,953,54 246,25 18,29 272,34 511,91 1,240,25 571,75 306,34 662,86 2,064,11

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
18.1	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations			
	Opening balance		306,342	557,958
	Charge for the year		_	12,459
	Reversals		_	(264,075)
	Net reversal		_	(251,616)
	Closing balance		306,342	306,342

The above provision includes provisions made against letters of guarantee issued by the Bank.

19 SHARE CAPITAL

19.1 Authorized capital

December 31,	December 31,		December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017		2018	2017
No. of sh	nares		Rupees i	in '000
1,500,000,000 1,5	500,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	15,000,000_	15,000,000

19.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

Fully paid-up Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each

December 31	, December 31,		December 31,	December 31,
2018	2017		2018	2017
No. o	of shares		Rupees	in '000
406,780,094	406,780,094	Fully paid in cash	4,067,801	4,067,801
720,745,186	720,745,186	Issued as bonus shares	7,207,452	7,207,452
1,127,525,280	1,127,525,280		11,275,253	11,275,253
		18,348,550 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, determined		
		pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation in accordance		
		with the swap ratio stipulated therein less 9,200,000		
		ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, held by Ibrahim		
9,148,550	9,148,550	Leasing Limited on the cut-off date (September 30, 2004)	91,486	91,486
		8,400,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, determined		
		pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of First Allied		
		Bank Modaraba with Allied Bank Limited in accordance		
8,400,000	8,400,000	with the share swap ratio stipulated therein.	84,000	84,000
1,145,073,830	1,145,073,830		11,450,739	11,450,739

Ibrahim Holdings (Private) Limited (holding company of the Bank), holds 967,911,610 (84.53%) [2017: 965,879,110 (84.35%)] ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each respectively, as at reporting date.

		Note	December 31, 2018	December 3
			Rupees	
20	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS – NET OF TAX			
	Surplus arising on revaluation of:			
	- fixed assets	20.1	15,755,409	16,004,0
•	non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	20.2	2,135,995	1,575,60
•	- available-for-sale securities	8.1	5,185,770	10,493,34
	Surplus on revaluation of assets – net of tax		23,077,174	28,073,0
20.1	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
	Surplus as at January 1, 2018		17,213,064	7,424,4
•	Surplus on revaluation during the year		37,226	9,873,14
	Surplus related to transfer / adjustments		(168,022)	0,070,1
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental			
	depreciation charged during the year – net of deferred tax		(112,263)	(54,93
	Related deferred tax liability		(60,450)	(29,58
•		10.5	(172,713)	(84,52
	Surplus on revaluation as at December 31, 2018		16,909,555	17,213,06
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on :			-
	Revaluation surplus as at January 1, 2018		(1,208,989)	(591,63
•	Deferred tax liability on revaluation surplus		(5,607)	(646,93
•	Deferred tax on incremental depreciation transferred			
	to profit and loss account		60,450	29,58
			(1,154,146)	(1,208,98
•			15,755,409	16,004,0
20.2	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets			
	Surplus as at January 1, 2018		1,601,421	1,327,0
•	Surplus on revaluation during the year		600,425	463,48
•	Surplus realised on disposal /transfer		(39,099)	(187,08
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental			
	depreciation charged during the year – net of deferred tax		(1,813)	(1,29
	Related deferred tax liability		(976)	(69
			(2,789)	(1,99
	Surplus on revaluation as at December 31, 2018		2,159,958	1,601,42
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on :			T
	Revaluation surplus as at January 1, 2018		(25,789)	(13,93
	Deferred tax liability on revaluation surplus		(5,412)	(12,55
	Deferred tax on surplus on disposal/transfer		6,262	
	Deferred tax on incremental depreciation transferred			
	to profit and loss account		976	69
			(23,963)	(25,78
			2,135,995	1,575,63

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018 Rupees	2017 in '000
21	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		·	
	Cuaranteea	01.1	20 010 140	05 711 104
		21.1 21.2	28,018,148	25,711,134
		21.2	342,770,483 8,738,009	201,555,442 8,638,605
	Other contingent liabilities	21.3	379,526,640	235,905,181
21.1	Guarantees			
	Financial guarantees		4,434,872	4,096,744
	Performance guarantees		6,656,657	6,807,170
	Other guarantees		16,926,619	14,807,220
	Office guarantees		28,018,148	25,711,134
21.2	Commitments			-
	Documentary credits and short term trade related transactions:			
	letters of credit		68,457,757	55,592,136
	Commitments in respect of:			
	0 0	21.2.1	207,509,971	136,619,348
		21.2.2	57,768,858	_
	operating leases 2	21.2.3	6,018,458	6,279,911
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
***************************************	fixed assets		2,895,671	3,064,047
	intangible assets		119,768	_
			342,770,483	201,555,442
21.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts			
	Purchase		137,056,586	95,038,705
	Sale		70,453,385	41,580,643
			207,509,971	136,619,348
21.2.2	Commitments in respect of forward government securities transactions			
	Purchase		57,768,858	_
21.2.3	Commitments in respect of operating leases			
21.2.3	Commitments in respect of operating leases Not later than one year		1,101,928	1,120,394
21.2.3			1,101,928 3,231,233	1,120,394 3,405,724
21.2.3	Not later than one year			3,405,724
21.2.3	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years		3,231,233	3,405,724 1,753,793
21.2.3	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years		3,231,233 1,685,297	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

21.3.2 The income tax assessments of the Group have been finalized up to and including tax year 2018 for local, Azad Kashmir and Gilgit Baltistan operations. While finalizing income tax assessments up to tax year 2018, income tax authorities made certain add backs with aggregate tax impact of Rs. 24,344 million (2017: 24,344 million). As a result of appeals filed by the Group before appellate authorities, most of the add backs have been deleted. However, the Group and Tax Department are in appeals / references before higher forums against unfavorable decisions. Pending finalization of appeals / references no provision has been made by the Group on aggregate sum of Rs. 24,344 million (2017: 24,344 million). The management is confident that the outcome of these appeals / references will be in favor of the Group.

Tax Authorities have conducted proceedings of withholding tax audit under section 161/205 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2003 to 2006 and tax year 2008 to 2017 and created an arbitrary demand of Rs. 1,556 million (2017: 1,440 million). The Group's appeals before CIR(A)/Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) are pending for adjudication. The management is confident that these appeals will be decided in favor of the Group; therefore, no provision has been made against the said demand of Rs. 1,556 million (2017: 1,440 million).

Tax authorities have also issued orders under Federal Excise Act, 2005 / Sales Tax Act, 1990 and Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 for the year 2008 to 2017 thereby creating arbitrary aggregate demand of Rs. 900 million (2017: 893 million). The Group's appeals before CIR(A)/Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) are pending for adjudication. The management is confident that aforesaid demand will be deleted by appellate authorities and therefore no provision has been made against the said demand of Rs. 900 million (2017: 893 million).

21.3.3 As a result of default by Fateh Textile Mills to terms of compromise decree passed in August 2002 by the Honourable High Court of Sindh, 16,376,106 shares of ABL were sold in accordance with section 19 (3) of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001, after complying with the due and complete transparent process. Sealed bids were invited from interested parties. The bidding process was scheduled for July 23, 2004 and the Rs. 25 per share was fixed reserve price. On the bid date, the highest offer for these shares was received at a rate of Rs. 25.51 per share. The bid was approved and the successful bidder had deposited an amount of Rs. 417.75 million with the Bank.

Fateh Textile Mills Limited filed suit in the High Court of Sindh challenging the above sale of shares. The High Court had not granted a stay order against the said sale. The sale of shares was, therefore; concluded.

21.3.4 While adjudicating foreign exchange repatriation cases of exporter namely: Fateh Textile Mills Limited, the Foreign Exchange Adjudicating Court (FEAC) of the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has arbitrarily adjudicated penalties against various banks including Rs. 2,173 million in aggregate against Allied Bank Limited (the Bank). Against the said judgments, the Bank had filed appeals before the Appellate Board and Constitutional Petitions (CP) in the High Court of Sindh, Karachi. The Honorable High Court granted relief to the Bank by way of interim orders. Meanwhile, alongwith other banks, Bank filed a further CP whereby vires of section 23C of the FE Regulations Act, 1947 was sought to be declared ultra vires. On November 8, 2018, the Honorable court was pleased to order that the Appellate Board shall not finally decide the appeals. Based on merits of the appeals, the management is confident that these appeals shall be decided in favor of the Bank and therefore no provision has been made against the impugned penalty.

DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS 22

The Bank at present does not offer structured derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or FX Options. However, the Bank buys and sells derivative instruments such as:

- Forward Exchange Contracts
- Foreign Exchange Swaps
- **Equity Futures**
- Forward Contracts for Government Securities

Forward Exchange Contracts

Forward Exchange Contract (FEC) is a product which is offered to the obligor who transact internationally. These obligor use this product to hedge themselves from unfavorable movements in a foreign currency, however, by agreeing to fix the exchange rate, they do not benefit from favorable movements in that currency.

An FEC is a contract between the Obligor and the Bank in which both agree to exchange an amount of one currency for another currency at an agreed forward exchange rate for settlement over more than two business days after the FEC is entered into (the day on which settlement occurs is called the value date). FEC is entered with those Obligors whose credit worthiness has already been assessed, and they have underlined trade transactions.

If the relevant exchange rate moves un-favorably, Obligor will benefit from that movement because the Bank must exchange currencies at the FEC rate. In order to mitigate this risk of adverse exchange rate movement, the Bank hedges its exposure by taking opposite forward position in inter-bank FX.

Foreign Exchange Swaps

A Foreign Exchange Swap (FX Swap) is used by the Bank if it has a need to exchange one currency for another currency on one day and then re-exchange those currencies at a later date. Exchange rates and forward margins are determined in the "interbank" market and fluctuate according to supply and demand.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

An FX Swap prevents the Bank from gaining any benefit resulting from a favorable exchange rate movement in the relevant currency pair between the time Bank enters into the transaction deal and when settlement occurs. Cancellation of the swap may also result in exposure to market movements. The key advantage of an FX swap is that it provides the Bank with protection against unfavorable currency movements between the time it enters into the transaction and settlement. The term and amounts for FX Swap can also be tailored to suit the Bank's particular needs.

Equity Futures

An equity futures contract is a standardized contract, traded on a futures counter of the stock exchange, to buy or sell a certain underlying script at a certain date in the future, at a specified price.

The Bank may use equity futures as a hedging instrument to hedge its equity portfolio, in both 'held-for-trading' and 'available-for-sale', against equity price risk. Only selected shares are allowed to be traded on futures exchange. Equity futures give flexibility to the Bank either to take delivery on the future settlement date or to settle it by adjusting the notional value of the contract based on the current market rates. Maximum exposure limit to the equity futures is 10% of Tier I Capital of the Bank, based on prevailing SBP regulations.

The accounting policies used to recognize and disclose derivatives are given in Note 4.15.2. The risk management framework of derivative instruments is given in note 44.

		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
23	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED			
	Loans and advances		29,697,818	23,722,450
	Investments		37,204,167	41,615,667
•	Lendings to financial institutions		6,185,232	344,868
	Balances with banks		188,257	27,568
			73,275,474	65,710,553
24	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Deposits		30,128,283	23,923,527
	Borrowings		9,524,346	8,909,148
•	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currency deposits		1,504,521	1,296,614
			41,157,150	34,129,289
25	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME			
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards)		1,328,552	1,158,585
	Branch banking customer fees		1,849,638	1,795,474
	Commission on remittances including home remittances		590,077	419,375
	Investment banking fees		524,226	580,449
	Commission on trade		362,470	357,832
	Commission on cash management		119,770	108,906
	Commission on guarantees		103,085	110,589
	Commission on bancassurance		78,936	11,352
	Credit related fees		20,270	13,500
	Consumer finance related fees		4,196	2,367
			4,981,220	4,558,429
26	GAIN ON SECURITIES			
	Realised – net	26.1	2,372,668	653,281
	Unrealised – held for trading		(53,327)	(41,912)
			2,319,341	611,369
26.1	Realised gain / (loss) on:			
	Federal government securities		1,775,998	641,043
	Shares		606,868	
	Non Government debt securities		(1,153)	_
	Open ended mutual funds		(9,045)	12,238
			2,372,668	653,281

		Note	December 31, 2018	December 20
			Rupees	in '000
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Recovery of written off mark-up and charges		172,074	
•	Gain on sale of fixed assets – net		34,903	53,0
	Other assets disposal		34,464	29,0
	Rent on property		-	3,3
	Fee for attending Board meetings		2,845	1,8
	Gain on disposal of islamic financing and related assets other assets – net		2,629	
	(Loss) / gain on sale of non-banking assets	27.1	(27) 246,888	73,1 160,3
27.1	This includes (loss) / gain on sale of two non-banking assets amounting to Rs. (2017: gain of Rs. 73.350 million).	(0.157) milli	····	
		Note	December 31, 2018	December 20
			Rupees	
28	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Total compensation expense	28.1	12,439,299	11,151,6
	Property expense:			
	Depreciation		2,068,320	1,594,4
	Rent and taxes		1,755,132	1,548,6
	Utilities cost		1,012,681	962,1
	Security (including guards)		717,501	773,5
	Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)		564,580	548,6
	Insurance		68,064	67,6
	Information toohnology expenses:		6,186,278	5,495,0
	Information technology expenses:		621.026	521,3
	Network charges Depreciation		631,926 548,711	476,6
	Amortization		404,071	311,9
	Software maintenance		353,806	296,5
	Hardware maintenance		297,826	186,1
	Others		8,521	10,9
			2,244,861	1,803,5
	Other operating expenses:			
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity		654,441	605,5
	Insurance		567,053	171,9
	Outsourced service costs	36.1	534,151	466,6
	Cash in Transit service charge		415,560	405,9
	Stationery and printing		334,409	340,4
	Travelling and conveyance		193,607	200,3
	Legal and professional charges		141,709	119,1
	Postage and courier charges		126,877	155,0
	Depreciation	00.0	125,659	140,5
	Donations NICT classing pharms	28.3	113,238	54,2
	NIFT clearing charges		106,097	99,4
	Communication		87,952	116,6
	D'anton formandalla anno		00 700	
	Directors fees and allowances	00.0	29,736	21,3
	Auditors Remuneration	28.2	19,611	20,1
		28.2		

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
28.1	Total compensation expense		
	Salaries	8,280,099	7,872,718
	Fees And Allowances etc.	1,440,423	1,329,350
	Bonus and Awards	1,096,909	947,796
	Charge For Defined Benefit Plan	596,601	57,796
	Contribution To Defined Contribution Plan	310,235	297,696
	Conveyance expense	199,580	164,131
	Medical expense	113,576	143,925
	Staff Training	101,430	47,313
	Insurance	80,194	80,189
	Education Subsidy	30,200	31,913
	Hajj Expenses	23,531	15,624
	Staff Uniform	13,175	12,402
	Executive Club Membership	11,335	3,300
	Verification Charges Educational Documents	2,275	3,024
	Recruitment Charges	1,282	3,073
	Others	1,218	278
	Sub-Total	12,302,063	11,010,528
***************************************	Voluntary Retirement Scheme	137,236	141,139
	Grand Total	12,439,299	11,151,667

28.1.1 The Bank announced the Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) for its employees. Fifty three (53) employees (2017: 59) of the Bank opted for retirement under this scheme.

'		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
28.2	Auditors' remuneration		
	Audit fee	6,450	6,448
	Fee for other statutory certifications	4,752	4,524
	Fee for audit of foreign branches*	2,150	1,629
	Half year review	2,620	2,610
	Special certifications and sundry advisory services	1,359	2,500
	Sales tax	628	653
	Out-of-pocket expenses	1,652	1,737
		19,611	20,101

^{*}This includes audit fee amounting to Bahraini Dinar 5,500 (2017: 4,350) relating to Wholesale Bahrain Branch.

28.3 None of the directors, executives and their spouses had any interest in the donees, except Mr. Naeem Mukhtar (Chairman / Non-Executive Director) is director in National Management Foundation (LUMS). Further, spouse of a key management personnel also holds key position in RAAST Welfare Society.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	Note	December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
Acumen Fund Pakistan		10,000	_
Altaf Mahmood Foundation		_	1,000
Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam	28.3.1	5,065	4,577
Bakhtawar Amin Memorial Trust Hospital		1,000	_
Baluchistan Residential Colleges		_	989
Chaman (Center for Mentally Challenged Children)		1,000	1,695
COMKAR Command Improvement Fund		_	1,000
Children Hospital Faisalabad		1,730	_
Diamer – Bhasha and Mohmand Dam Fund		14,283	_
Fountain House Mental Health Association		500	_
Government Hospital Gawadar		_	923
iver Foundation Trust		1,000	1,000
Namal Education Foundation		30,000	_
National Management Foundation (LUMS)		30,000	30,000
Bolan Cricket Stadium		_	500
Punjab Food Authority		337	4,500
RAAST Welfare Society		1,000	_
Rising Sun Institution for Special Children		200	_
Saleem Memorial Hospital		_	5,000
Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust		1,000	_
Sukkur Institute of Business Administration		_	1,000
Sundas Foundation		1,000	_
Taj Medical Complex & Hamdard University		_	25
Tamir Welfare Organization		2,500	2,000
Tehzeeb Social Welfare Organization		250	
The Indus Hospital		10,000	
University of Turbat		2,373	
		113,238	54,209

28.3.1 This represents charitable expenses on account of sadga & feeding to under privileged.

29 WORKERS WELFARE FUND

Supreme Court of Pakistan vide order dated November 10, 2016 held that the amendments made in the law through Finance Act 2008, introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Worker Welfare Fund (WWF) were unlawful. Federal Board of Revenue filed review petition against the subject order, which is currently pending for adjudication.

However, based on the above referred order and legal opinion of the tax consultants, the Bank has reversed the provision against WWF for the period from January 2008 to December 2013, i.e. before levy of WWF by Sindh Provincial Government.

WWF provision from 2014 to 2018 has been maintained conservatively, based on tax advisor's opinion in view of provincial levy of WWF by Sindh with effect from 2014; which is under litigation.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	in '000
30	OTHER CHARGES		
	Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan	38,143	41,642
	Education cess	23,267	31,022
	Depreciation – non-banking assets	19,662	18,938
•	Other assets written off	891	5,254
		81,963	96,856

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		Note	December 31,	December 31,
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
1	PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET			
	Provision for diminution in the value of investments		109,019	8,804
	Reversal against loans and advances		(1,132,836)	(1,966,938)
	Provision / (reversal) against other assets		84,696	(156,858)
	Reversal against off balance sheet obligations		_	(251,616)
	Bad debts written off directly		_	_
			(939,121)	(2,366,608)
	Recovery of written off bad debts		(150,567)	(159,540)
			(1,089,688)	(2,526,148)

32 EXTRA-ORDINARY / UNUSUAL ITEM

Under the Suo Moto case SMC No. 20/2016, the Honorable Supreme Court had taken up the matter relating to pension arrangements of certain privatized banks including Allied Bank Limited. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan concluded the Suo Moto case on February 13, 2018, by using judicial discretion and fixed the minimum pension and indexation levels for eligible staff, on humanitarian grounds. In view of the underlying judgement, the Bank under the guidance of legal counsel, has booked the related past service cost amounting to Rs. 172 million; based on a latest actuarial valuation.

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Rupees	s in '000
33	TAXATION		
	Current – for the year including super tax	7,780,029	7,389,100
	– for prior year	(4,096)	956,441
		7,775,933	8,345,541
	Deferred – current	425,161	(127,786)
		8,201,094	8,217,755
33.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
***************************************	Accounting profit for the year	21,232,911	21,143,526
	Tax on income @ 35% (2017: 35%)	7,431,519	7,400,234
	Super Tax @ 4%	790,490	962,923
	Others	(20,915)	(125,407)
	Tax charge for the year	8,201,094	8,237,750
34	EARNINGS PER SHARE – BASIC AND DILUTED		
	Profit after taxation	13,031,817	12,925,771
		Number	of Shares
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	1,145,073,830	1,145,073,830
		Rup	oees
	Earnings per share – basic and diluted	11.38	11.29

There is no dilution effect on basic earnings per share.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

		Note	December 31,	December 31
			2018	2017
			Rupees	in '000
35	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	5	99,188,414	85,355,555
	Balances with other banks	6	2,564,202	649,512
	Overdrawn nostro accounts	15	(243,624)	(104,823)
			101,508,992	85,900,244
			Numl	pers
36	STAFF STRENGTH			
	Permanent		11,122	10,805
	Temporary / on contractual basis / trainee		276	438
	Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year		11,398	11,243
	Average number of employees		11,321	11,363

36.1 In addition to the above, 376 (2017: 319) employees of outsourcing services companies were assigned to the Bank as at the end of the year to perform services other than guarding and janitorial services. Further, 8 (2017: 10) employees were posted abroad. The rest were working domestically.

37 **DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS**

37.1 General description

The Bank operates a funded gratuity scheme for all employees who opted for the staff retirement benefit scheme introduced by the management with effect from July 1, 2002. For those employees who did not opt for the new scheme, the Bank continues to operate a funded pension scheme.

The Bank also operates a contributory benevolent fund (defined benefit scheme - funded) and provides post retirement medical benefits (unfunded scheme) to eligible retired employees.

37.2 Number of employees and beneficiaries under the schemes

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme / plans are:

	December 31,	December 31
	2018	2017
	Numl	bers
- Pension fund	922	1,193
- Gratuity fund	10,674	10,686
- Benevolent fund	76	88
- Post retirement medical benefits	10,623	10,637
- Employees' compensated absences	10,815	10,805
In addition, the number of beneficiaries covered under the following defined benefit scheme / plans are:		
- Pension fund	2,236	2,022
- Post retirement medical benefits	1,610	2,017

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

The actuarial valuations were carried out for December 31, 2018 based on the Projected Unit Credit Method, using the following significant assumptions:

	Sources of estimation	December 31,	December 31
		2018	2017
Withdrawal rate			
Pension fund		Low	Low
Gratuity fund		High	High
Benevolent fund		High	High
Post retirement medical benefits		High	High
Employees' compensated absences		High	High
Mortality rate		Adjusted SLIC	Adjusted SLIC
		2001–2005	2001–2005
Discount rate	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Expected rate of return on plan ass	ets		
Pension fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Gratuity fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Benevolent fund	Yield on investments in Government Bonds	13.25%	8.25%
Expected rate of salary increase	Rate of salary increase	11.25%	6.25%

The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends on the asset portfolio of the Bank, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of the related obligation.

37.4 Reconciliation of (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans / other long term benefits

			D	ecember 31, 20	18			0	ecember 31, 20	17	
	Note	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees compensated absences
		Rupees in '000						F	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	37.6	1,585,703	2,827,757	9,206	1,332,925	606,880	1,979,453	2,531,300	8,036	1,240,250	571,757
Fair value of plan's / scheme's assets	37.7	(6,145,768)	(2,383,102)	(241,036)	_	_	(5,671,485)	(2,019,381)	(232,158)	_	_
Net (asset) / liability		(4,560,065)	444,655	(231,830)	1,332,925	606,880	(3,692,032)	511,919	(224,122)	1,240,250	571,757
Benefit of the surplus not available to											
the Bank				115,915	_	_	_		112,061	_	
Net (asset) / liability		(4,560,065)	444,655	(115,915)	1,332,925	606,880	(3,692,032)	511,919	(112,061)	1,240,250	571,757

37.5 Movement in (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans

			December 31, 2018					D	ecember 31, 20	17	
	Note	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
		Rupees in '000 Rupees in '000									
Opening balance		(3,692,032)	511,919	(112,061)	1,240,250	571,757	(4,614,727)	255,291	(106,116)	1,298,380	700,997
(Reversal) / charge for the year	37.9	(121,245)	391,019	(18,490)	144,612	244,446	(363,776)	306,687	(16,978)	129,178	38,016
Other comprehensive (income) / losses		(746,788)	(72,143)	14,636	105,031	-	1,286,471	250,516	11,033	(62,068)	-
Contribution to the fund / benefits paid		_	(386,040)	_	(156,968)	(209,323)	-	(300,575)	_	(125,240)	(167,256)
Closing balance		(4.560.065)	444,755	(115.915)	1.332.925	606,880	(3,692,032)	511.919	(112.061)	1,240,250	571.757

37.6 Movement in defined benefit obligations

			De	ecember 31, 2018	3	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Opening balance	1,979,453	2,531,300	8,036	1,240,250	571,757
***************************************	Current service cost	-	307,163	_	29,241	32,688
	Interest cost	148,404	195,575	579	95,846	38,441
•	Benefits paid	(361,231)	(321,380)	(2,041)	(156,968)	(209,323)
***************************************	Past Service Cost- Supreme Court	172,111	_		_	
	Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age	4,285	33,851	_	22,975	18,252
•	VRS / settlement loss	6,952	7,672	_	(3,450)	17,215
•	Re-measurement (gain) / loss	(364,271)	73,576	2,632	105,031	137,850
	Closing balance	1,585,703	2,827,757	9,206	1,332,925	606,880
			De	ecember 31, 201	7	
		Pension	Gratuity	Benevolent	Post	Employees
		fund	fund	fund	retirement medical	compensated
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Opening balance	2,001,618	2,285,523	8,776	1,298,380	700,997
•	Current service cost	_	280,153	_	29,182	38,524
	Interest cost	149,272	173,464	604	98,861	49,276
	Benefits paid	(271,434)	(234,443)	(2,455)	(125,240)	(167,256)
•	Past Service Cost- Supreme Court	-	_	_	_	-
	Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age	_	_	_	_	-
•	VRS / settlement loss / (gain)	5,402	6,111	_	1,135	21,856
•••••	Re-measurement loss / (gain)	94,595	20,492	1,111	(62,068)	(71,640)
	Closing balance	1,979,453	2,531,300	8,036	1,240,250	571,757
37.7	Movement in fair value of plan assets					
			De	ecember 31, 2018	3	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement	Employees'
			F	Rupees in '000	medical	absences
	0	5.074.405	0.010.001			
	Opening balance	5,671,485	2,019,381	232,158	_	
•	Expected return on plan assets Bank's contribution	452,997	153,342	19,069		
•			(321,380)	(2,041)		
	Benefits paid	(361,231)				
•	Re-measurement gain / (loss) Closing balance	382,517 6,145,768	2,383,102	(8,150)		_
	Oldsii ig balance	0,140,700				
		Pension	De Gratuity	Benevolent	7 Post	Employees ⁵
		fund	fund	fund	retirement medical	compensated
			F	Rupees in '000	-	
	Opening balance	6,616,345	2,030,232	221,007	_	-
	Expected return on plan assets	518,450	153,041	17,582	_	-
•	Bank's contribution		300,576		_	-
•	Benefits paid	(271,434)	(234,443)	(2,455)	_	_
***************************************	Re-measurement loss	(1,191,876)	(230,025)	(3,976)	_	_
***************************************	Closing balance	5,671,485	2,019,381	232,158	_	_

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37.8 Components of plan assets

			De	ecember 31, 201	8	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Equity securities	5,333,723	655,028	29,796	_	_
***************************************	Government securities		_		_	_
	Cash and cash equivalents	812,045	1,728,074	211,240	_	_
	- T-	6,145,768	2,383,102	241,036	_	
37.8.1	Fair value of Bank's financial instruments included in plan assets					
	Shares of ABL	3,277,428	655,028	29,796	_	_
	Term deposit receipts	664,594	1,693,708	193,345	_	-
	Bank balances with ABL	147,451	34,366	17,895	_	_
		4,089,473	2,383,102	241,036	_	_
			De	ecember 31, 201	7	
		Pension	Gratuity	Benevolent	Post	Employees'
		fund	fund	fund	retirement medical	compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
	Equity securities	2,827,493	517,952	23,561	_	_
•	Government securities		304,383			
	Cash and cash equivalents	2,843,992	1,197,046	208,597		_
	·	5,671,485	2,019,381	232,158	_	_
37.8.2	Fair value of Bank's financial instruments included in plan assets					
	Shares of ABL	2,827,493	517,952	23,561	_	_
	Term deposit receipts	2,408,733	972,064	164,907		_
•••••	Bank balances with ABL	435,259	224,982	43,690	-	-
		5,671,485	1,714,998	232,158	_	_

^{37.8.3} Investment in term deposit receipts are subject to credit risk and interest rate risks, while equity securities are subject to price risk. These risks are regularly monitored by Trustees of the employee funds.

37.9 Charge for defined benefit plan

		De	ecember 31, 201	В	
	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
		F	Rupees in '000		
Current service cost	_	307,163	_	29,241	32,688
nterest cost	_	_	_	95,846	38,441
Net interest	(304,593)	42,333	(18,490)	_	_
Past Service Cost- Supreme Court	172,111	_	_	_	_
Past Service Cost- Change in retirement age	4,285	33,851	_	22,975	18,252
VRS loss / (gain)	6,952	7,672	_	(3,450)	17,215
Re-measurement loss recognised	_	_	_	_	137,850
	(121,245)	391,019	(18,490)	144,612	244,446

			De	ecember 31, 20	17	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
C	current service cost	_	280,153	_	29,182	38,524
•	nterest cost	_	20,423	_	98,861	49,276
•	let interest	(369,178)		(16,978)	-	
	ast Service Cost- Supreme Court	-	_	(10,010)	_	_
	ast Service Cost- Change in retirement age	_	_	_	_	_
	RS loss	5,402	6,111		1,135	21,856
R	e-measurement gain recognised		_	-	_	(71,640)
		(363,776)	306,687	(16,978)	129,178	38,016
37.10 R	te-measurements recognized in other comprehensi	ve income				
			De	ecember 31, 20	18	
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000	medical	absences
	e-measurement gain / (loss) on obligations – Experience adjustments	264.074	(73,576)	(0.600)	(105,031)	
		364,271	145.719	(2,632)	(105,031)	
•	e-measurement gain / (loss) on assets sset ceiling adjustment	302,317	145,719	(8,150)		
	le-measurement gain / (loss) in OCI	746,788	72,143	(14,636)	(105,031)	
				(: :,)	(100,001)	
				ecember 31, 20		
		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
R	e-measurement (loss) / gain on obligations – Experience adjustments	(94,594)	(20,491)	(1,112)	62,068	_
	le-measurement loss on assets	(1,191,877)	(230,025)	(3,976)	-	_
	sset ceiling adjustment		(===,===,	(5,945)	_	
	le-measurement (loss) / gain in OCI	(1,286,471)	(250,516)	(11,033)	62,068	_
				Dec	ember 31,	December 31,
					2018 Rupees in	'000
37.11 A	actual return / (loss) on plan assets					
_	Pension fund				835,514	(673,427)
•	Gratuity fund				299,061	(76,984)
•	Benevolent fund				10,919	13,607
07.10 F	ive year data of defined benefit plan and experienc		±			
37.12 F	ive year data of defined benefit plan and experience	e adjustmen	ıs			
		0010	0047	Pension fund	0045	0044
		2018	2017 F	2016 Rupees in '000	2015	2014
Pi	resent value of defined benefit obligation	1,585,703	1,979,453	2,001,618	1,971,233	2,877,345
•	air value of plan assets	(6,145,768)	(5,671,485)	(6,616,345)	(5,770,403)	(7,252,046)
		(4,560,065)	(3,692,032)	(4,614,727)	(3,799,170)	(4,374,701)
E	xperience adjustments on plan obligations / assets	, ,,/	(-,)	(,- · · , ·)	(-,,)	(,
R	e-measurement gain / (loss) on obligation	364,271	(94,595)	(172,722)	(152,852)	(316,213)

for the year ended December 31, 2018

			Gratuity fund		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	2,827,757	2,531,300	2,285,523	2,043,833	1,725,573
Fair value of plan assets	(2,383,102)	(2,019,381)	(2,030,232)	(1,482,378)	(1,727,942)
	444,655	511,919	255,291	561,455	(2,369)
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets					
Re-measurement loss on obligation	(73,576)	(20,492)	36,036	(167,783)	(93,984)
Re-measurement gain / (loss) on assets	145,719	(230,025)	26,301	(168,935)	137,284
		Ве	nevolent fund		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		F	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	9,206	8,036	8,776	12,355	10,469
Fair value of plan assets	(278,393)	(232,158)	(221,007)	(205,166)	(197,461)
	(269,187)	(224,122)	(212,231)	(192,811)	(186,992)
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets					
Re-measurement (loss) / gain on obligation	(2,632)	(1,111)	931	(4,376)	(2,203)
Re-measurement (gain) / loss on assets	(8,150)	(3,976)	1,136	(10,841)	5,247
		Po	st retirement m	edical	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		F	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	1,332,925	1,240,250	1,298,380	1,217,945	970,060
Fair value of plan assets	_	_	_	_	_
	1,332,925	1,240,250	1,298,380	1,217,945	970,060
Experience adjustments on plan obligations					
Re-measurement (loss) / gain on obligation	(105,031)	62,068	(97,990)	(243,936)	(21,931)
			ees' compensat	ted absences	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		Н	Rupees in '000		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	606,880	571,757	700,997	763,257	755,785
Fair value of plan assets	_		_		_
	606,880	571,757	700,997	763,257	755,785
Experience adjustments on plan obligations	(107.055)	7.0.0	4.000	(45.7.0)	/-= 0.5 ->
Re-measurement (loss) / gain on obligation	(137,850)	71,640	11,662	(45,712)	(47,308)

37.13 Expected contributions to be paid to the funds in the next financial year

The Bank contributes to the gratuity fund as per actuarial expected charge for the next financial year. No contributions are being made to pension / benevolent fund due to surplus of fair value of plan's assets over present value of defined obligation. Based on actuarial advice, management estimates that the charge / (reversal) in respect of defined benefit plans for the year ending December 31, 2019 would be as follows:

	Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
		F	Rupees in '000		
Expected (reversal) / charge for the next year	(604,209)	390,902	(30,717)	198,491	118,021

for the year ended December 31, 2018

37.14 Sensitivity analysis

Description	+1% Discount Rate	-1 % Discount Rate	+1% Salary Increase Rate	-1% Salary Increase Rate	+1% Indexation Rate	-1% Indexation Rate	+10% Withdrawal Rate	-10% Withdrawal Rate	1 Year Mortality age set back	1 Year Mortality age set forward		
Rupees in '000												
Pension fund	1,542,089	1,633,835	_	_	1,613,786	1,560,502	1,585,770	1,585,770	1,585,526	1,586,45		
Gratuity fund	2,657,769	3,019,456	3,034,769	2,641,515	_	_	2,841,692	2,812,580	2,826,721	2,828,78		
Benevolent fund	8,807	9,648	_	_	_	_	-	-	8,416	9,99		
Post retirement medical	1,244,926	1,432,565	1,362,228	1,302,797	1,377,358	1,296,130	1,330,584	1,335,438	1,331,688	1,334,15		
Leave compensated absences	566,236	651,113	651,644	565,121	_	_	598,853	613,928	604,509	607,95		

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

		Pension fund	Gratuity fund	Benevolent fund	Post retirement medical	Employees' compensated absences
			F	Rupees in '000		
37.15	Maturity Profile					
	The weighted average duration of the obligation (in years)	2.89	6.39	4.57	7.04	7.00

37.16 Funding Policy

The Bank endeavours to ensure that liabilities under the various employee benefit schemes are covered by the Fund on any valuation date having regards to the various actuarial assumptions such as projected future salary increase, expected future contributions to the fund, projected increase in liability associated with future service and the projected investment income of the Fund.

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37.17 Risk associated with defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans may expose the bank to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, investment risk, salary increase risk and withdrawal rate risk as described below;

Longevity risks:

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

Investment risks:

The risk arises when the actual performance level of investment levels is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

Salary increase risk:

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the final benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectations and impact the liability accordingly.

Withdrawal Rate:

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

38 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Group operates an approved contributory provident fund for 10,270 (2017: 10,357) employees where contributions are made by the Bank and employees at 8.33% to 10% per annum (2017: 8.33% to 10% per annum) of the basic salary every month.

39 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	President / C	hief Executive	Non-Execu	tive Directors	Executives		
No	December te 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
			Rupees	s in '000			
Fees 39	.1 –	_	18,700	18,300	_	_	
Managerial remuneration	12,900	11,400	_		1,568,578	1,528,975	
Charge for defined benefit plans	1,399	928	_	_	315,532	191,117	
Contribution to defined contribution plan	1,075	950	_	_	131,037	128,397	
Rent and house maintenance	7,740	6,840	_	_	894,126	843,943	
Utilities	2,580	2,280	_	_	306,040	295,507	
Medical	2,687	2,362	_	_	305,906	325,071	
Bonus	20,000	17,000	_	_	549,653	579,758	
Conveyance and others	3,374	3,293	_	_	732,227	850,542	
	51,755	45,053	18,700	18,300	4,803,099	4,743,310	
Number of persons	1	1	12	11	1,591	1,683	

39.1 This represents meeting fee paid to directors (other than two sponsor directors) for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Board Committees held during the year.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

40 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

•				Carrying Value		ecember 31, 20	710		Fair Value		
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to Maturity	Held for Trading	Available for Sale	Financing and	Other financial	Other financial	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tot
				receivables	assets	liabilities —— (Rupees in	'000) ————				
						(Hapood III	000)				
Financial assets – measured at fair value											
Investments											
Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds	_	1,859,024	30,241,640	_	_	_	32,100,664	30,115,370	1,985,294	_	32,100,66
Federal Government Securities	_	_	609,053,323	_	_	_	609,053,323	_	609,053,323	_	609,053,32
Non Government Debt Securities	_	_	2,986,706	_	_	_	2,986,706	_	2,986,706	_	2,986,70
Financial assets – not measured at fair value	_				99,188,414	_	99,188,414			_	
Cash and balances with treasury banks					2,564,202		2,564,202				
Balances with other banks		_		53,785,679		_	53,785,679	_	_	_	
Lendings	_	_	_	438,357,880	_	_	438,357,880	_	_	_	
Advances	_	_	_	_	28,986,261	_	28,986,261	_	-	_	
Other asset											
Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares,	16,151,622	_	12,294,995	_	_	_	28,446,617				
Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries)	16,151,622	1,859,024	654,576,664	492,143,559	130,738,877		1,295,469,746	30,115,370	614,025,323		644,140,69
Financial liabilities – measured at fair value	10,131,022	1,009,024	004,070,004	492,140,009	130,730,077		1,250,405,740	30,113,370	014,020,020		044,140,08
Trading Liability		9,987,849				_	9,987,849		9,987,849		9,987,84
Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value				_							
The state of the s											
Bills payable	_	_	_	_	_	7,752,959	7,752,959	_	_	_	
Borrowings				_		225,882,986	225,882,986				
Deposits and other accounts	_	_	_	_	_	984,463,067	984,463,067	-	_	_	***************************************
Other liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	20,165,409	20,165,409	_	_	_	
		9,987,849			_	1,238,264,421	1,248,252,270		9,987,849	_	9,987,84
Off-balance sheet financial instruments -											
measured at fair value Forward foreign exchange contracts	_				207,509,971	_	207,509,971		207,509,971		207,509,97
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to	Held for	Available	Carrying Value Financing	Other	Other			Fair Value		
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments	Held to Maturity	Held for Trading			Other financial assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Fair Value Level 2	Level 3	Tot
On–Balance sheet Financial Instruments			Available	Financing and	financial	financial		Level 1		Level 3	Tot
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments			Available	Financing and	financial	financial				Level 3	Tot
On-Balance sheet Financial Instruments Financial assets – measured at fair value			Available	Financing and	financial	financial				Level 3	Tot
Financial assets – measured at fair value			Available	Financing and	financial	financial				Level 3	Tot
Financial assets – measured at fair value		Trading	Available for Sale	Financing and	financial	financial	(Rupe	es in '000) —	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds	Maturity -		Available	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	(Rupe				35,087,91 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities	Maturity -	1,741,625	Available for Sale	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	(Rupe	33,346,294	Level 2		35,087,9° 577,003,00
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities	Maturity -	1,741,825 24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,91 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets		1,741,625 24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value		1,741,625 24,827,891	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks		1,741,625 24,827,891 -	Available for Sale 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555	33,346,294 ————————————————————————————————————	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and belances with treasury banks Balances with other banks		1,741,625 24,827,891 ————————————————————————————————————	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512	33,346,294 	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 35,2175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with reasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Achances Other asset		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440		35,087,9° 577,003,00°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares,		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 35,2175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with reasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Achances Other asset		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 35,2175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00 2,515,44
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries)		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - - - - -	35,087,91
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865	33,346,294 33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 	- - - - - - - - -	35,087,97 577,003,00 2,515,44 614,606,36
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - - - - -	35,087,97 577,003,00 2,515,44 614,606,36
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds)	Maturity	1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 	- - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,0° 2,515,44 614,606,36° 1,976,43°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds)	Maturity	1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 - - - - - 581,260,066	- - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9 577,003,00 2,515,4 614,606,30 1,976,4
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Actvances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Paksitan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865 1,976,436 7,835,467 223,556,383	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 - - - - - 581,260,066	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,087,97 577,003,00 2,515,42 614,606,36
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Invancial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440 10,155,050 598,191,894	Financing and receivables	65,355,555 649,512 	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865 1,976,436 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00° 2,515,44° 614,606,36° 1,976,45°
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Actvances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Paksitan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings	Maturity	1,741,625 24,827,891 26,569,516 1,976,436	33,346,294 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865 1,976,436 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 20,612,318	33,346,294	Level 2 1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 581,260,066 1,976,436	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9*577,003,00 2,515,42 614,606,36 1,976,45
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with reasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities		1,741,625 24,827,891	33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440 10,155,050 598,191,894	Financing and receivables	65,355,555 649,512 	financial liabilities	35,087,919 577,003,001 2,515,440 2,515,440 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865 1,976,436 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056	33,346,294	1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00° 2,515,4-1 614,606,30° 1,976,4-1
Financial assets – measured at fair value Investments Shares / Open Ended Mutual Funds Federal Government Securities Non Government Debt Securities Other assets Financial assets – not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to Financial institutions Advances Other asset Investments (HTM, unlisted ordinary shares, Term finance certificate, sukuks, subsidiaries) Financial liabilities – measured at fair value Trading Liability (Pakistan Investment Bonds) Financial liabilities – not measured at fair value Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	Maturity	1,741,625 24,827,891 26,569,516 1,976,436	33,346,294 33,346,294 552,175,110 2,515,440	Financing and receivables	financial assets	financial liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 372,080,555 32,526,154 84,717,330 1,198,629,865 1,976,436 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 20,612,318	33,346,294	Level 2 1,741,625 577,003,001 2,515,440 581,260,066 1,976,436	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,087,9° 577,003,00° 2,515,44° 614,606,36° 1,976,45°

40.1 Valuation Techniques used in determination of Fair Valuation of Financial Instruments within Level 2

Item	Valuation approach and input used
Federal Government Securities	Marked to Market on the basis of PKRV rates.
Non-Government Debt Securities	Marked to Market on the basis of MUFAP rates.
Foreign exchange contracts	Marked to Market on the basis of SBP rates.
Open ended mutual funds	Marked to Market on the basis of MUFAP rates.

41 **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

41.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

			Decembe	r 31, 2018			
	Corporate & Investment Banking	Commercial and Retail Banking	Trading & Sale (Treasury)	Islamic Banking	Asset Management	Other	Total
			Rupee	es in '000			
Profit & Loss							
Net mark-up/return/profit	27,902,619	(28,096,467)	31,526,565	655,849	2,883	111,838	32,103,287
Inter segment revenue - net	(27,412,947)	56,996,482	(27,126,100)	-		(2,457,435)	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income	4,610,156	2,879,344	3,460,206	79,343	605,713	260,391	11,895,153
Total Income	5,099,828	31,779,359	7,860,671	735,192	608,596	(2,085,206)	43,998,440
Segment direct expenses	525,101	13,782,024	108,445	1,083,994	392,113	7,963,540	23,855,217
Total expenses	525,101	13,782,024	108,445	1,083,994	392,113	7,963,540	23,855,217
Provisions / (Reversals)	(234,885)	(3,418)	-	8	_	(851,393)	(1,089,688)
Profit before tax	4,809,612	18,000,753	7,752,226	(348,810)	216,483	(9,197,353)	21,232,911
Balance Sheet							
Cash & Bank balances	79,354	44,090,551	47,880,283	4,157,592	1,263	5,543,573	101,752,616
Investments	53,748,130	-	606,731,062	10,249,093	1,859,024	-	672,587,309
Net inter segment Lending/Borrowing	(402,000,239)	893,698,327	(529,115,678)	1,705,552	_	35,712,038	-
Lendings to financial institutions	3,610,409	_	50,255,680	3,529,999	_	(3,610,409)	53,785,679
Advances - performing	394,141,674	27,977,670	_	6,927,022	38,985	8,672,957	437,758,308
Advances - non-performing	415,941	183,631	_	_	_	_	599,572
Others	4,772,403	7,977,518	2,236,843	1,641,756	406,822	68,871,671	85,907,013
Total Assets	54,767,672	973,927,697	177,988,190	28,211,014	2,306,094	115,189,830	1,352,390,497
Borrowings	42,470,267	3,912,691	183,088,196	-	-	(3,588,168)	225,882,986
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits & other accounts	-	957,686,064		24,632,633	=	2,144,370	984,463,067
Others	2,326,845	12,328,942	(3,680,842)	326,877	321,117	21,631,694	33,254,633
Total liabilities	44,797,112	973,927,697	179,407,354	24,959,510	321,117	20,187,896	1,243,600,686
Equity/Reserves	9,970,560	-	(1,419,164)	3,251,504	1,984,977	95,001,934	108,789,811
Total Equity & liabilities	54,767,672	973,927,697	177,988,190	28,211,014	2,306,094	115,189,830	1,352,390,497
Contingencies & Commitments	83,806,271	12,033,028	265,278,829	582,318	1,780	17,824,414	379,526,640
			Decembe	r 31, 2017			
	Corporate & Investment	Commercial and Retail	Trading & Sale	Islamic Banking	Asset Management	Other	Total
	Banking	Banking	(Treasury)	es in '000			
			Парос				
Profit & Loss	01 001 010	(22 496 072)	3U 000 1E0	336 000	ა ი∩-	607 200	Q1 /O1 70F
Net mark-up/return/profit	21,884,218	(22,486,973)	30,988,158	336,092	3,001	697,229	31,421,725
Inter segment revenue - net	(19,894,855)	45,217,795	(22,463,859)	_	_	(2,859,081)	_
Non mark-up / return / interest income	4,505,299	2,589,889	1,417,589	42,072	648,511	316,951	9,520,311
Total Income	6,494,662	25,320,711	9,941,888	378,164	651,512	(1,844,901)	40,942,036
Segment direct expenses	534,638	12,809,073	104,758	760,124	386,681	7,729,385	22,324,658
	534,638	12,809,073	104,758	760,124	386,681	7,729,385	22,324,658
Total expenses		,,					
Provisions / (Reversals)	(1,234,864)	137,263	_		_	(1,428,547)	(2,526,148)

			Decembe	r 31, 2017			
	Corporate & Investment Banking	Commercial and Retail Banking	Trading & Sale (Treasury)	Islamic Banking	Asset Management	Other	Tota
			Rupee	es in '000			
Balance Sheet							
Cash & Bank balances	253,992	33,996,040	45,806,721	1,124,915	27,573	4,795,826	86,005,06
Investments	58,590,024	-	630,790,305	8,303,563	1,741,623	(101,825)	699,323,69
Net inter segment lending/borrowing	(342,527,341)	814,267,111	(510,811,919)	557,392	-	38,514,757	
Lendings to financial institutions	-	-	6,779,431	1,914,968	-	-	8,694,39
Advances - performing	332,342,878	24,547,759	-	4,662,326	42,842	8,009,754	369,605,55
Advances - non-performing	1,955,663	519,333	-	-	-	-	2,474,99
Others	4,691,652	7,674,292	9,165,697	1,344,389	345,172	61,951,235	85,172,43
Total Assets	55,306,868	881,004,535	181,730,235	17,907,553	2,157,210	113,169,747	1,251,276,1
Borrowings	38,223,390	3,257,139	181,968,813	500,000	-	(392,959)	223,556,38
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Deposits & other accounts	-	867,018,332	-	15,546,966	-	1,136,758	883,702,05
Others	3,332,606	10,729,064	(3,011,120)	326,321	323,531	24,267,275	35,967,67
Total liabilities	41,555,996	881,004,535	178,957,693	16,373,287	323,531	25,011,074	1,143,226,1
Equity/Reserves	13,750,872	-	2,772,542	1,534,266	1,833,679	88,158,673	108,050,03
Total Equity & liabilities	55,306,868	881,004,535	181,730,235	17,907,553	2,157,210	113,169,747	1,251,276,1
Contingencies & Commitments	48,981,202	31,576,925	136,619,348	743,534	1,610	17,982,562	235,905,18

41.2 **Geographical Segment Analysis**

		December 31, 2	2018	
	Domestic	Middle		
	Operations	East	China	Total
		Rupees in '0	000	
Profit & Loss				
Net mark-up/return/profit	31,312,120	543,312	_	31,855,432
Inter segment revenue – net	_	262,892	_	262,892
Non mark-up / return / interest income	12,052,442	(172,326)	_	11,880,116
Total Income	43,364,562	633,878	_	43,998,440
Segment direct expenses	(23,726,906)	(97,631)	(30,680)	(23,855,217)
Inter segment expense allocation	_	_	_	_
Total expenses	(23,726,906)	(97,631)	(30,680)	(23,855,217)
Provisions	(1,109,600)	19,912	_	(1,089,688)
Profit before tax	20,747,256	516,335	(30,680)	21,232,911
Balance Sheet				
Cash & Bank balances	101,720,143	32,473	_	101,752,616
Investments	662,343,886	10,243,423	_	672,587,309
Net inter segment lendings	1,302	3,609,107	_	3,610,409
Lendings to financial institutions	53,785,679	_	_	53,785,679
Advances – performing	436,438,268	1,388,468	_	437,826,736
Advances – non–performing	531,144	_	_	531,144
Others	85,783,154	125,429	_	85,908,583
Total Assets	1,340,603,576	15,398,900	_	1,356,002,476

Subordinated debt	Tota 882,986 - 463,067 610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476 526,640 Tota
Borrowings 213,245,406 12,637,580 - 225,	-463,067 610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476
Subordinated debt	-463,067 610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476
Subordinated debt	-463,067 610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476
Deposits & other accounts 983,976,700 486,367 - 984,	610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476 526,640
Net inter segment borrowing 3,610,409 - - 3, Others 33,231,258 24,945 - 33, Total liabilities 1,234,063,773 13,148,892 - 1,247, Equity 106,539,803 2,250,008 - 108, Total Equity & liabilities 1,340,603,576 15,398,900 - 1,356, Contingencies and commitments 379,041,027 485,613 - 379,	610,409 256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476 526,640
Others 33,231,258 24,945 - 33, Total liabilities 1,234,063,773 13,148,892 - 1,247, Equity 106,539,803 2,250,008 - 108, Total Equity & liabilities 1,340,603,576 15,398,900 - 1,356, Contingencies and commitments 379,041,027 485,613 - 379, December 31, 2017 Domestic Operations Middle Middle Middle Operations China China Rupees in '000 - 379,	256,203 212,665 789,811 002,476 526,640
Total liabilities	212,665 789,811 002,476 526,640
Equity 106,539,803 2,250,008 - 108, Total Equity & liabilities 1,340,603,576 15,398,900 - 1,356, Contingencies and commitments 379,041,027 485,613 - 379, December 31, 2017 Domestic Operations Middle East China Rupees in '000 Profit & Loss Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, - Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,61,61) Inter segment expenses allocation - - Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,51,62)	789,811 002,476 526,640
Total Equity & liabilities	002,476 526,640
Contingencies and commitments 379,041,027 485,613 - 379, 379,	
December 31, 2017	
Domestic Operations Middle East China Rupees in '000 Profit & Loss Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, - - - Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463) Inter segment expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463) Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463)	Tota
Profit & Loss Rupees in '000 Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,403) Inter segment expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,403)	Tota
Rupees in '000 Profit & Loss Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,5 Inter segment expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,5 Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,5	Tota
Profit & Loss Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, - - - Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463) Inter segment expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463) Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463)	
Net mark-up/return/profit 30,998,946 572,947 - 31, Inter segment revenue – net - 9,371 - Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, - - - - - - Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50,463)	
Inter segment revenue – net – 9,371 – Non mark–up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 – 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 – 41, - – – – 1,000,463 (21,500,463) (21,5	
Non mark-up / return / interest income 9,402,120 106,492 - 9, Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, - - - - - - 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,	571,893
Total Income 40,401,066 688,810 - 41, Segment direct expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50) Inter segment expense allocation - - - - - Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,50) <td< td=""><td>9,371</td></td<>	9,371
Country	508,612
Inter segment expense allocation - - - - Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,68)	089,876
Total expenses (21,797,840) (86,181) (20,463) (21,5	904,484)
	_
	904,484)
Provisions 1,958,134 – – 1,	958,134
	143,526
Balance Sheet	
Datalice Sileet	
Cash & Bank balances 85,967,856 37,211 - 86,	005,067
	323,690
Net inter segment lendings – – –	-
Lendings to financial institutions 8,694,399 – – 8,	694,399
Advances – performing 349,529,636 4,499,170 – 354,	028,806
	051,749
	218,892
	322,603
Borrowings 207,955,537 15,600,846 – 223,	556,383
Borrowings 207,955,537 15,600,846 - 223, Subordinated debt	000,000
	702.056
	702,056
Net inter segment borrowing – – – – – Others	-
	014,132
	070 [74
	272,571
Total Equity & liabilities 1,228,969,607 18,352,996 - 1,247,	050,032
Contingencies and commitments 235,326,388 580,403 - 235,	

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	De	December 31, 2018	_					De	December 31, 2017			
	Parent	Directors	Key	Associates	Joint	Other	Parent	Directors	Key /	Associates	Joint	Other
			personnel			parties			personnel			parties
						(Rupees in '000)	—— (000, u					
Balances with other banks												
In current accounts	I	I	I	I	I	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
In deposit accounts	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	[
Lendings to financial institutions												
Opening balance			1					ı	ı	ı		
Addition during the year		-	1	-	1	-	1	ı	ı	1	-	
Repaid during the year		-	1	-	1	-	1	ı	ı	1	-	
Transfer in / (out) – net		-	1	-	1	-	1	ı	ı	1	-	
Closing balance		1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	[
Investments												
Opening balance	ı	-	-	351	1	1,785,318	ı	I	-	351	1	1,390,368
Investment made during the year		-	-	-	ı	1,772,598	-				1	3,038,015
Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year		-	1	-	1	(1,652,072)	1	ı	ı	1	- (2	(2,698,608)
Surplus	_	ı	ı	1	1	(18,493)	1	ı	ı	1	ı	55,543
Transfer in / (out) - net	_	ı	ı	1	1	25,000	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1
Closing balance	1	1	1	351	1	1,912,351	1	1	1	351	-	1,785,318
Description for alministration of a subsequent				0 8 40						7 640		-
FTOVISION FOR GITTINGOLD IN VALUE OF HIVESTITIENTS		1	1	4,049	ı	1	'	1	1	4,049		
Advances												
Opening balance		17,029	252,674	I	I	(57)	1	24,137	253,417	-	ı	459
Addition during the year	1	13,304	112,248	ı	1	8,011	-	63,948	86,852	ı	ı	5,470
Repaid during the year	_	(21,629)	(102,179)	1	1	(7,361)	1	(47,103)	(146,588)	1	ı	(2,986)
Transfer in / (out) – net		ı	1,661	ı	1	-	ı	(23,953)	58,993	ı	ı	ĺ
Closing balance	ı	8,704	264,404	1	1	593	ı	17,029	252,674	1	1	(57)
Provision held against advances		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	
Other Assets												
Interest / mark-up accrued	1	13,143	66,580	1	I	330.776	I	12.631	81,472	I	I	288,594
Receivable from staff retirement fund	ı	ı		ı		4.204.441	ı			1	I	3,255,453
Other receivable	1	I	I	I	I	1	I	ı	1	I		
Provision against other assets		1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	

	Parent	Directors ma	Key management personnel	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties	Parent	Directors	Key management personnel	Associates*	Joint	Other related parties
						(Rupees in '000)	(000,					
Borrowings	***************************************											
Odel III g balai ce		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Borrowings during the year	I	ı	I	1	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	
Settled during the year	1	1	I.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Transfer in / (out) – net	1	1	I	ı	T.	1	I	ı	I	I	ı	
Closing balance	I	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	
Subordinated debt												
Opening balance	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Issued / Purchased during the year	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Redemption / Sold during the year		1	I	1	1	ı	I	1	1	1	ı	
Closing balance	1	1	ı	-	ı		1	1	I	1	I	
Deposits and other accounts												
Opening balance	1,202	262,709	61,889	85,690	1	9,246,496	403	53,177	42,152	245,464	- 1	13,246,181
Received during the year	9,623,398	99,342		8,614,444	1	226,189,869	6,779,403	420,062	576,075	41,545,204	- 16	136,989,015
Withdrawn during the year	(9,622,816)	(337,996)		(8,617,739)	1	(217,149,184)	(6,778,604)	(193,798)	(551,327)	(41,705,028)	- (1)	(140,985,984)
Transfer in / (out) – net	I	369	2,643	(14)	1	6,339	ı	(16,732)	(5,011)	20		(2,716)
Closing balance	1,784	24,424	70,387	82,381	1	18,296,520	1,202	262,709	61,889	85,690	1	9,246,496
Other Liabilities												
Interest / mark-up payable	1	2,506	625	757	-	651,581	1	2,457	512	2,725	1	366,203
Payable to staff retirement fund		I	ı	1	ı	546,795	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	212,116
Other liabilities												
Contingencies and Commitments												
Other contingencies	1	ı	I.	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	
Related Party Transactions												
Income												
Mark-up / return / interest earned	-	513	13,475		1	- 708.80	I	1,115	13,037		I	- 50 130
Fee and commission income	6	10	101	83	I	483.477	6	17	64	69	ı	491 946
Dividend income		2 1	1	1	ı	1	1 1	: 1	j 1	1	ı	2
Net loss on sale of securities		I	ı	ı	1	(262)						
Rental Income							ı	I	ı	3,336	ı	
Other Income	-	-	1	-	1	2,237						
Expense												
Mark-up / return / interest paid	-	2,506	625	757	1	651,581	1	2,457	512	2,725	1	366,203
Directors meeting fee	1	18,700	1	1	1	1	1	18,300	1	1	1	
Remuneration	1	49,281	376,005	1	1	1	-	43,175	377,245	ı	1	
Other expenses**	1	1	1	32,006	1	-	1	1	1	31,082	1	
Rent expense***		ı	ı	26,363	ı	1 10 711	ı	-	1	26,619	1	1
Charge in respect of staff retirement benefit funds	1	1	1	1	1	769,166	ı	1	1	ı	-	215,783
Insurance premium paid								c	č			

for the year ended December 31, 2018

During the year ended December 31, 2018; certain moveable assets having cumulative net book value of Rs. 171,228 were disposed off for Rs. 309,071 to the Key Management Personnel of the bank.

Rupees in '000			December 31,	December 31,
CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR): Paid-up capital (net of losses) 11,450,739 11,450,739 Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR): Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital - - Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): - - Credit Risk 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019			2018	2017
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR): Paid—up capital (net of losses) 11,450,739 11,450,739 Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR): 11,450,739 Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital - - Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): - - Credit Risk 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019			Rupees	in '000
Paid-up capital (net of losses) 11,450,739 11,450,739 Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR): Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital - - Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17,33% 17,019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17,33% 17,019	43	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS		
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR): Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital - - Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): - 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital - Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): 78,800,062 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Paid-up capital (net of losses)	11,450,739	11,450,739
Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital — Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88; Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,540 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): Credit Risk 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,840 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,617 Total 434,992,408 424,451,799 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital 75,372,381 72,204,65 Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,88 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,54 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,84 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital	75,372,381	72,204,657
Eligible Tier 2 Capital 20,564,931 22,779,883 Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) 95,937,312 94,984,544 Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,844 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,617 Total 434,992,408 424,451,794 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019	43	Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	_	_
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2) Pissk Weighted Assets (RWAs): Credit Risk Market Risk Operational Risk Operational Risk Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 95,937,312 94,984,546 315,518,950 308,576,33 40,673,396 34,852,846 40,673,396 34,852,846 434,992,408 424,451,796 17.019		Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital	75,372,381	72,204,657
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs): Credit Risk 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,844 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Eligible Tier 2 Capital	20,564,931	22,779,883
Credit Risk 315,518,950 308,576,33 Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,844 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,794 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	95,937,312	94,984,540
Market Risk 40,673,396 34,852,846 Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,794 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):		
Operational Risk 78,800,062 81,022,61 Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Credit Risk	315,518,950	308,576,331
Total 434,992,408 424,451,79 Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Market Risk	40,673,396	34,852,846
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio 17.33% 17.019 Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Operational Risk	78,800,062	81,022,617
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio 17.33% 17.019		Total	434,992,408	424,451,794
	13	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	17.33%	17.01%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio 22.05% 22.389	•	Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.33%	17.01%
		Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	22.05%	22.38%

In order to strengthen the solvency of Banks / Development Financial Institutions (DFI), SBP through its BSD Circular No. 07 of 2009 dated April 15, 2009 has asked the Banks to raise their minimum paid up capital to Rs. 10 billion free of losses.

Further, SBP through its BPRD Circular # 6 of 2013 dated August 15, 2013 has asked Banks to maintain the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 11.90% on standalone as well as on consolidated basis till December 31, 2018. A phase in arrangement has been put in place whereby the banks are required to maintain the following ratios on an ongoing basis:

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Common Equity Tier-1 - CET1	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
Additional Tier-1	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Tier 1	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Total Capital	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
*Capital Conservation Buffer – CCB	0.25%	0.65%	1.275%	1.90%	2.50%
Total Capital plus CCB	10.25%	10.65%	11.275%	11.90%	12.50%

^{*} Consisting of CET1 only.

The paid up capital and Consolidated CAR of the Bank stands at Rs. 11.451 billion and 22.05% of its total risk weighted assets as at December 31, 2018, respectively. The Bank has complied with all externally imposed capital requirements as at year end. Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Credit and Market risk, whereas, Basic Indicator Approach is used for Operational Risk in the Capital Adequacy Calculation.

^{*} Associated companies are as per IAS 24 'Related Party Disclosure'.

^{**}Other expenses mainly include donation of Rs. 30 million to National Management Foundation for construction of hostel building.

^{***}Rent expense of ABL Branch with associated company (Ibrahim Fibres Limited) was carried out on terms other than that of arm's length with prior permission of State Bank of Pakistan.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Rupees	in '000
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Leverage Ratio (LR): Eligible Tier-1 Capital	75,372,381	72,204,657
. ,	75,372,381 1,634,600,480	72,204,657 1,534,209,065

- 43.1 The link to the full disclosure is available at https://www.abl.com/investor-relations/.
- **43.2** The impact of acceptances being accounted for as financial asset and financial liability for the purpose of calculation of Capital Adequacy Ratio, Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio is taken in 2018 only.

44 RISK MANAGEMENT

The principal risks associated with ABL's business are credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, reputational risk and operational risk. The Risk Management Framework (henceforth to be referred to as 'The Framework') provides principles for identifying, assessing, and monitoring risk within the Bank. The Framework specifies the key elements of the risk management process in order to maximize opportunities, minimize adversities and to achieve improved outputs based on informed decision making.

The Bank performs risk measurement, monitoring and control functions through use of various risk procedures and models. To give it a formal structure, all the policies and guidelines are approved by the Board and relevant management committees.

Categories of Risk

Credit Risk	This risk is defined as the possibility of loss due to unexpected default or a deterioration of credit
	worthings of a husiness partner

Credit Risk includes Country Risk i.e., the risks that counterparty is unable to meet its foreign currency obligations as a result of adverse economic conditions or actions taken by governments in the relevant

coun

Market Risk The risk of loss generated by adverse changes in the price of financial assets or contracts currently

held by the Bank (this risk is also known as price risk).

Liquidity Risk The risk that the Bank is unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due and to replace

funds when they are withdrawn; the consequences of which may be the failure to meet obligations to

repay depositors and fulfill commitments to lend.

Operational Risk Operational Risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, and

systems or from external events. The definition excludes reputational risk.

Reputational Risk The risk of failing to meet the standards of performance or behaviour required or expected by

stakeholders in commercial activities or the way in which business is conducted.

Information Security & Information Security Governance Risk Management involves the identification of an organization's information assets and the development, documentation, and implementation of policies, standards,

procedures and guidelines that ensure confidentiality, integrity, and availability.

Strategic Risk Risk of an adverse impact on strategic goals. Strategic risk mainly arises from strategic decisions,

improper implementation of those decisions, or lack of responsiveness of Bank to industry, economic

or technological changes.

Risk Responsibilities

- The Board of Directors are accountable for overall supervision of the risk management process. The Board is responsible for determining the manner in which risk authorities are set, as well as the approval of all risk policies and ensuring that these are properly implemented. Further, the Board shall also seek appointment of senior management personnel capable of managing the risk activities conducted by the Bank.
- The Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC) is responsible for ensuring that the overall risk strategy and appetite of the Bank is appropriately defined in the Strategic Plan and recommend the same to the Board of Directors.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

- The CEO and Group Chiefs are accountable for the management of risk collectively through their membership of Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO) and Risk Management Committee (RMC). Independent supervision of risk management activities is provided by the Audit Committee.
- The Risk Management Group is headed by a Group Chief responsible to set-up and implement the Risk Framework of the Bank.

Risk Management Group Organization

Risk management functions have been segregated by business specialization, i.e., Credit Risk, Credit Administration, Technical Appraisal, Information security and Enterprise Risk which interalia includes Risk Architecture, Operational Risk and Market & Liquidity Risk. All these functions are operating in tandem to monitor the health of assets and liabilities, while ensuring risk mitigants against cyber and information system threats.

44.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk, the potential default of one or more debtors, is a major source of risk for the Bank. The Bank is exposed to credit risk through its lending and investment activities. The Bank's credit risk function is divided into Corporate and Financial Institutions Risk and Commercial, SME and Consumer Risk. The functions operate within an integrated framework of credit policies, guidelines and processes. The credit risk management activities are governed by the Credit Policy of the Bank that defines the respective roles and responsibilities, the credit risk management principles and the Bank's credit risk strategy. The policy is supported by a comprehensive Credit Procedures Manual.

The Bank manages three principal sources of credit risk:

- i) Sovereign credit risk on its public sector advances
- ii) Counterparty credit risk on its private sector advances
- iii) Counterparty credit risk on interbank limits

Sovereign Credit Risk

When the Bank lends to public sector borrowers, it prefers obtaining a full sovereign guarantee or the equivalent from the Government of Pakistan (GOP). However, certain public sector enterprises have a well defined cash flow stream and appropriate business model, based on which the lending is secured through collaterals other than GOP guarantee.

Counterparty credit risk on its private sector advances

Each borrower's credit worthiness is analyzed on the Credit Application Package that incorporates a formalized and structured approach for credit analysis and directs the focus of evaluation towards a balanced assessment of credit risk with identification of proper mitigates. These risks include Industry Risk, Business Risk, Financial Risk, Security Risk and Account Performance Risk.

Financial analysis is further strengthened through use of separate financial spread sheet templates that have been designed for manufacturing / trading concerns, financial institutions and insurance companies.

Counter Party Credit Risk on Interbank Limits

In the normal course of its business, the Bank's Treasury utilizes products such as Reverse REPO and call lending to meet the needs of interbank borrowers and manage its exposure to fluctuations in market, interest and currency rates. Further, these products are also used to temporarily invest Bank's liquidity prior to disbursement. All of these financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, the risk that the counterparty in the transaction may be unable to meet its obligation to the Bank.

Reflecting a preference for minimizing exposure to counterparty credit risk, the Bank maintains eligibility criteria that link the exposure limits to counterparty credit ratings by external rating agencies. For example, the minimum rating for counterparties to be eligible for a banking relationship with the Bank is

A. Country Risk

The Bank has in place a Country Risk Management Framework which has been approved by the Board. This framework focuses on providing detailed roles and responsibilities with respect to country risk assessment as well as limit setting, exposure management and reporting of cross border exposure undertaken by the Bank. The Bank utilizes S&P, Fitch and Moody's country ratings as well as other macroeconomic and external risk factors in assigning a country risk limit. The Financial Institutions Division is responsible for monitoring of country exposure limits.

Credit Administration

Credit Administration is involved in minimizing losses that could arise due to security and documentation deficiencies. The Credit Administration Function constantly monitors the security and documentation risks inherent in the existing credit portfolio through four regional credit administration departments located all over the country.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.1.1 Lendings to financial institutions

Credit risk by public / private sector

	Gross le	endings	Non-perform	ning lendings	Provisio	n held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Public/ Government	_	214,968	_	_	_	_
Private	53,785,679	8,479,431	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
	53,785,679	8,694,399	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000

44.1.2 Investment in debt securities

Credit risk by industry sector

	Gross In	vestments	Non-performir	ng Investments	Provisi	on held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	Decembe 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Basic metals (iron, steel)	500,000	_	_	_	_	
Financial	6,081,881	4,994,217	_	_	_	
Hotel, restaurant & clubs	248,085	_	_	-	_	•
Power, gas, water & sanitary	4,881,010	4,155,945	_	_	_	-
Sugar	10,487	10,499	10,487	10,499	10,487	10,499
Textile – Spinning	51,345	53,222	51,345	53,222	51,345	53,222
Textile - Weaving	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Government	626,834,650	623,245,609	9,756,796	_	21,248	-
Others	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329	105,329
	638,912,787	632,764,821	10,123,957	369,050	388,409	369,050
	Gross	endings	Non-perform	ning lendings	Provisio	n held
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
			Rupees	s in '000		
Credit risk by public / private sector						
Public/ Government	630,584,650	625,845,609	9,756,796	_	21,248	
Private	8,328,137	6,919,212	367,161	369,050	367,161	369,050
	638,912,787	632,764,821	10.123.957	369.050	388.409	369.050

		Gross I	endings	Non-perform	ming lendings	Provisio	n held
		December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
				Rupee	s in '000		
44.1.3 A	Advances						
c	Credit risk by industry sector						
Δ	Agriculture, Forestry and Hunting	78,511,776	61,558,861	624,049	547,602	596,596	494,710
Е	Basic metals (iron, steel)	7,220,441	2,705,732	151,863	229,849	151,863	229,849
C	Cement / clay & ceramics	16,781,544	14,416,693	74,089	75,089	74,089	75,089
C	Chemical & pharmaceutical	23,965,746	20,702,251	376,479	714,158	376,479	714,158
C	Construction	6,958,964	8,108,971	120,529	148,384	120,529	147,259
Е	Education	124,885	115,335	123	123	123	123
F	- Financial	22,710,967	20,487,988	72,454	72,454	72,454	72,454
F	ootwear & leather garments	2,212,093	1,148,700	116,953	75,014	108,133	74,419
F	Furniture & sports goods	1,118,853	1,275,838	265,990	266,103	265,990	266,103
G	Grains, food & beverages	12,750,666	11,719,839	1,917,020	1,766,277	1,766,367	1,760,202
H	Health & social welfare	52,122	55,713	3,478	5,984	3,478	5,984
H	Hotel, restaurant & clubs	1,000,000	1,400,000	7,664	7,664	7,664	7,664
Ir	ndividuals	10,034,356	9,916,565	361,566	449,729	361,501	448,329
N	Machinery & equipment	4,200,452	1,864,567	1,157,834	1,206,611	1,157,834	1,206,611
N	Manufacture of transport equipment	844,246	389,289	140,522	211,014	140,522	211,014
F	Paper & paper boards	5,632,472	6,218,078	210,574	210,574	210,574	210,574
F	Petroleum products	13,291,165	10,515,762	13,228	1,201,469	13,228	309,149
F	Power, gas, water & sanitary	140,719,800	122,133,670	637,015	637,015	637,015	637,015
F	Printing, publishing & allied	1,121,462	114,390	10,056	10,838	10,056	10,838
F	Real estate, renting, and business activities	5,485,741	4,790,686	_	_	_	_
F	Rubber & plastic	295,588	778,824	233,068	235,068	233,068	235,068
S	Sugar	7,365,203	6,034,307	51,066	51,216	51,066	51,216
Т	Fextile –Manufacture of made up & ready						
	made garments	25,684,060	21,251,761	3,003,575	2,966,776	3,003,575	2,966,776
Т	Fextile – Finishing	16,456,503	14,557,321	2,884,586	2,889,512	2,884,586	2,869,986
T	Fextile – Spinning	18,618,930	13,299,514	1,141,751	1,352,423	1,141,751	1,343,415
Т	Fextile – Weaving	1,664,289	1,731,836	38,632	60,493	38,632	49,563
Т	Fransport, storage & communication	12,439,987	14,112,816	428,077	468,945	127,149	140,024
V	Wholesale & retail trade	9,220,564	8,579,749	977,027	1,096,493	948,802	1,071,495
C	Others	7,385,384	8,766,595	1,045,374	1,094,872	1,030,374	1,093,149
		453,868,259	388,751,651	16,064,642	18,051,749	15,533,498	16,702,236
C	Credit risk by public / private sector						
F	Public/ Government	177,970,051	149,693,772	135,180	135,180	135,180	135,180
	Private	275,898,208	239,057,879	15,929,461	17,916,569	15,398,317	16,567,056
		453,868,259	388,751,651	16,064,641	18,051,749	15,533,497	16,702,236

		December 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
		Amount in	n Rs '000
44.1.4	Contingencies and Commitments		
	Credit risk by industry sector		
	Agriculture, Forestry and Hunting	1,748,522	1,454,511
	Basic metals (iron, steel)	2,298,302	2,325,262
	Cement/clay & ceramics	2,491,703	6,227,925
***************************************	Chemical & pharmaceutical	1,168,652	3,629,067
***************************************	Construction	3,532,782	4,394,720
	Education	55,461	55,461
	Financial	272,292,661	143,715,218
	Footware & leather garments	248,281	510,891
	Furniture & sports goods	25,375	5,577
	Grains, food and beverages	58,426	39,448
	Health & social welfare	1,993,444	1,977,624
	Hotel, restaurant & clubs	960	960
	Individuals	11,027,620	11,032,051
	Machinery & equipment	38,708,740	17,239,296
	Manufacture of transport equipment	87,725	99,084
	Paper & paper boards	275,184	1,969,615
	Petroleum products	17,777,157	8,824,756
	Power, gas, water & sanitary	9,569,562	8,814,281
	Printing, publishing & allied	136,729	110,197
	Real estate, renting and business activities	6,018,458	6,279,911
	Rubber & plastic	106,775	41,385
	Sugar	26,740	19,600
	Textile - Manufacture of madeup & ready made garments	275,109	573,861
	Textile – Finishing	1,589,863	5,434,753
	Textile – Spinning	56,195	118,344
	Textile – Weaving	65,702	211,476
	Transport, storage & communication	5,315,605	6,845,681
	Wholesale & retail trade	957,570	1,859,924
••••••	Others	1,617,337	2,094,292
		379,526,640	235,905,181
	Credit risk by public / private sector		
	Public/ Government	89,704,889	26,886,670
	Private	289,821,751	209,018,511
***************************************		379,526,640	235,905,181

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.1.5 Concentration of Advances

The bank top 10 exposures on the basis of total (funded and non-funded expsoures) aggregated to Rs. 220,201.42 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 180,003.81 million) are as following:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	Rupees	in '000
Funded	184,180,778	151,366,645
Non Funded	36,020,642	28,637,168
Total Exposure	220,201,420	180,003,813

The sanctioned limits against these top 10 exposure aggregated to Rs. 255,278.34 million (December 31, 2017: Rs. 236,485.33

44.1.6 Advances - Province/Region-wise Disbursement & Utilization

	During the year ended December 31, 2018						
Disbursements		Utilization					
					AJK		
					including		
	Punjab	Sindh	KPK Balochistan	Islamabad	Gilgit-		
			including		Baltistan		
			FATA				
			Rupees in '000				

Province/	/R	eq	ion
	-	- 5	

Punjab	591,723,087	522,554,625	34,494,817	_	-	34,673,645	-
Sindh	802,485,680	42,048,213	656,714,012	4,851,487	_	98,871,968	_
KPK including FATA	1,429,676	686,026	_	743,650	_	_	_
Balochistan	525,809	-	_	_	525,809	-	_
Islamabad	8,766,970	_	_	_	_	8,766,970	_
AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	551,587	-	_	_	_	_	551,587
Total	1,405,482,809	565,288,864	691,208,829	5,595,137	525,809	142,312,583	551,587

			AJK
including	Balochistan	Islamabad	including Gilgit– Baltistan
	in '000		
	including FATA	including	including FATA

_ D	rovino	o/Do	aion
	TOVITIC	e/ne	gion

	Punjab	549,306,791	507,020,988	17,876,188	_	_	24,409,615	-
-	Sindh	686,305,373	36,838,177	554,387,445	5,188,085	-	89,891,666	-
	KPK including FATA	1,306,828	427,859	_	878,969	-	-	-
	Balochistan	924,727	-	_	_	924,727	-	-
-	Islamabad	10,328,348	_	_	-	-	10,328,348	-
	AJK including Gilgit-Baltistan	669,094	-	-	_	-	-	669,094
	Total	1,248,841,161	544,287,024	572,263,633	6,067,054	924,727	124,629,629	669,094

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.2 Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of loss in earnings and capital due to adverse changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and market conditions. Thus market risk can be further described into Interest Rate Risk, Foreign Exchange Risk and Equity Position Risk.

Market Risk performs risk measurement, monitoring and control functions through use of various risk procedures and models. To give it a formal structure, all the policies and guidelines are approved by the Board and relevant management committees. The Bank appointed services of a foreign risk advisory firm for assistance in establishment of Market Risk Management Framework.

The Bank uses three types of risk management tools to measure the Bank's Market Risk: Value—at Risk (VaR), Expected Shortfall (ES) and Stress Testing. In addition, control limits are utilized to maintain the risks within acceptable levels.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover all interest rate risks falling under the "Trading Book" as well as "Banking Book", as defined by Basel capital accord. The Bank uses Standardized Approach in determining credit risk, market risk and operational risk exposures in the capital adequacy calculation. In Market risk exposures, Maturity method is used to calculate charge on Interest rate risk and FX risk.

In its pursuit of automation, the Bank has successfully implemented Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application (OFSAA) Market Risk Module to automate the risk monitoring and reporting activities pertaining to Market Risk, which allows for more efficient risk monitoring and increased focus on risk analysis to help in making more informed decisions.

44.2.1 Market Risk Pertaining to the Trading Book

Trading Book

The Trading Book of the Bank consists of positions in financial instruments held either with trading intent or in order to hedge other elements of the trading book. To be eligible for trading book, financial instruments must be held with the intent of trading and free of any restrictive covenants on their tradability. In addition, positions need to be frequently and accurately valued and the portfolio should be actively monitored and managed accordingly.

The Bank's trading book includes securities classified as 'Held-For-Trading', 'Open Ended Mutual Fund' and non strategic listed equity placed in 'Available-For-Sale'. These positions are exposed to all forms of market risk, therefore, are managed actively.

Risk Pertaining to Banking Book Investment Portfolio

All investments excluding trading book are considered as part of banking book. Banking book includes:

- i) Available-for-sale securities (other than non-strategic listed equity)
- ii) Held-to-maturity securities

Treasury investments parked in the banking book include:

- i) Government securities
- ii) Capital market investments
- iii) Investments in bonds, debentures, etc.

Due to the diversified nature of investments in banking book, it is subject to interest rate risk, equity price risk and FX risk.

Interest Rate Risk - Banking Book

Government securities (PIBs, Sukuks & T–Bills), Bonds, Debentures, etc. and other money market investments are subject to interest rate risk. To capture the risk associated with these securities, extensive modelling is being done with respect to duration analysis. Stress testing and scenario models are also in place to capture the sensitivity of the portfolio to adverse movement in interest rates. For prudent risk management, all money market investments are marked to market to assess changes in the market value of investments due to interest rate movements.

Stress Testing

The Bank also conducts Stress Testing of the Bank's investment portfolio to ascertain the impact of various scenarios on the capital adequacy and sustainability of the Bank. The exercise assumes various stress conditions, with respect to Market Risk (Rise or Fall in Interest Rates, leading to interest rate risk), Equity Price Risk resulting from Stock Market movements, FX Rate Risk leading from adverse movements in exchange rates and Liquidity Risk (ability to meet short–term obligations if there is a run on deposits). Stress testing is also conducted on various macro–economic scenarios to test the resilience of the Bank.

for the year ended December 31, 2018

	De	cember 31, 2	2018	Dec	2017	
	Banking book	Trading book	Total	Banking book	Trading book	Total
			Rupees in	ı '000		
14.2.2 Balance sheet split by trading	and banking books					
Cash and balances with treasury ba	nks 99,188,414	_	99,188,414	85,355,555	-	85,355,555
Balances with other banks	2,564,202	_	2,564,202	649,512	_	649,512
Lendings to financial institutions	53,785,679	_	53,785,679	8,694,399	_	8,694,399
Investments	655,034,518	17,552,791	672,587,309	655,766,488	43,557,202	699,323,690
Advances	438,357,880	_	438,357,880	372,080,555	_	372,080,555
Fixed assets	50,399,773	_	50,399,773	46,890,760	_	46,890,760
Intangible assets	1,756,127	_	1,756,127	1,465,124	_	1,465,124
Deferred tax assets	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other assets	33,751,113	_	33,751,113	36,816,553	_	36,816,553
	1,334,837,706	17,552,791	1,352,390,497	1,207,718,946	43,557,202	1,251,276,148

44.2.3 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign Exchange Risk is the risk of loss arising from fluctuations in exchange rates. The Bank's FX Risk is largely mitigated by following a matched funding policy whereas for any mismatched exposures, the Bank utilizes appropriate derivative instruments such as Forwards and Swaps.

The majority of the Bank's net foreign currency exposure is in US Dollars and the Bank uses system—based monitoring of it's intra—day Net Open Position for effective risk management. The Bank carefully monitors the net foreign currency exposure and the effect of exchange rate fluctuations by conducting sensitivity analysis and stress testing, as well as utilizing the currency forwards and swaps to hedge the related exposure.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover against foreign exchange risks.

The bank undertakes foreign exchange exposures in the shape of FX Forwards and Swaps in order to hedge its foreign currency deposits and advances, after incorporating the impact of it's NOSTRO and Cash Reserve balances.

		December 31, 2018				December 31, 2017			
	Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure	Foreign Currency Assets	Foreign Currency Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure	
		Rupee	s in '000			Rupees	s in '000		
Pakistani Rupee	1,301,681,193	1,126,246,407	(66,414,629)	109,020,157	1,203,509,345	1,042,252,496	(53,340,095)	107,916,754	
United States Dollar	50,030,348	109,211,476	58,937,581	(243,547)	46,967,686	92,784,942	45,931,305	114,049	
Great Britain Pound Sterling	283,035	5,309,004	5,026,143	174	319,361	5,307,053	4,988,957	1,265	
Japanese Yen	4,317	975	(2,521)	821	10,415	761	(10,568)	(914)	
Euro	326,332	2,826,096	2,502,163	2,399	371,402	2,856,405	2,487,262	2,259	
Other currencies	65,272	6,728	(48,737)	9,807	97,939	24,459	(56,861)	16,619	
	50,709,304	117,354,279	66,414,629	(230,346)	47,766,803	100,973,620	53,340,095	133,278	
	1,352,390,497	1,243,600,686	-	108,789,811	1,251,276,148	1,143,226,116	-	108,050,032	

	December 3	December 31, 2018		1, 2017
_	Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading book
	book	book	book	
		Rupees in '0	00	
After tax Impact of 1% change in foreign exchange rates on:				
- Profit and loss account	_	(1,604,197)	_	872,510
- Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_
	_	(1,604,197)	_	872,510

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.2.4 Equity position Risk

Equity risk is the potential for incurring losses due to adverse changes in stock prices. ABL holds a diversified portfolio of equity investments in order to minimize non–systematic risk while retaining acceptable systematic risk. ALCO ensures that equity price risk is mitigated through prudent portfolio management.

The Bank maintains adequate regulatory capital to cover against equity price risks. Equity investments classified as "Held-For-Trading" as well as listed non-strategic equity investments classified as "Available-For-Sale" are part of the "Trading Book" and subject to market risk change as specified by the Basel Framework. Un-listed and listed strategic equity investment are part of "Banking Book" and are therefore subject to credit risk charge as specified by the Basel Framework.

	Decem	ber 31, 2018	Decem	December 31, 2017		
	Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading		
	book	book	book	book		
	Rupees in '000					
After tax Impact of 5% change in equity prices on						
- Profit and loss account	_	_	_	_		
Other comprehensive income	(590,410,345)	(526,955,764)	(646,121,540)	(565,849,509)		

44.2.5 Yield / Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)-Basel II Specific

Interest rate / Rate of return risk is the current or prospective risk of losses, to both the Bank's capital and earnings, arising from movements in interest rates / rates of return. The losses may be due to earnings deterioration or capital erosion.

The Bank has a robust system in place to monitor Interest rate risk and ALCO regularly analyses the interest rate scenario and devises strategies to minimize adverse impact of interest rate risk to the Bank's equity and profits.

Interest rate risk is measured through "duration" of an instrument. To assess the interest rate risk at Balance Sheet and Income Statement level, gap analysis on "re-pricing schedule" is utilized. Re-pricing schedule is a distribution of interest-sensitive assets, liabilities, and Off-Balance Sheet positions into a number of predefined time bands according to their maturity (if fixed-rate) or time remaining to their next re-pricing (if floating-rate), and is calculated in compliance with SBP instructions. For non-contractual assets and liabilities, an ALCO approved methodology is utilized to place these assets and liabilities in the re-pricing schedule. This methodology is based on the results of a behavioral analysis which statistically models the historical trends of the last 5 years.

Government securities (PIBs & T–Bills, Sukuks), Bonds, Debentures, etc. and other money market investments are subject to interest rate / rate of return risk. To capture the risk associated with these securities, extensive modelling is being done with respect to duration analysis. Stress testing and scenario-based models are also in place to capture the sensitivity of the portfolio to adverse movement in interest rates. For prudent risk management, all money market investments are marked to market to assess changes in the market value of investments due to interest rate movements. Yield/ Interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet instruments is based on the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on settlement date.

Yield Risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

In accordance with BSD Circular No.03 of 2011, issued by the SBP, the Group is required to report interest rate sensitivity gap of assets and liabilities on the basis of an objective and systematic behavioural study approved by ALCO committee.

December 31	December 31, 2018		31, 2017		
Banking	Trading	Banking	Trading		
book	book	book	book		
Rupees in '000					
1,636,879	658,525	724,882	434,157		
(1,934,221)	(94,006)	(3,552,425)	(70,864)		
	Banking book	Banking Trading book book Rupees in 1,636,879 658,525	Banking book Trading book book book Rupees in '000 1,636,879 658,525 724,882		

44.2.6 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities

Fffective Total Upto 1 Nonth	Over 1 Months 2,787,100 2,787,100 324,350,027 237,269,909 237,269,909	Over 3 to 6 Months Months Lo. 1049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 116,073,322 295,508,730 295,508,730 10,181,595,985)	Pover 6 Months to 1 Year 1 Year 1 Year 2 32.732.625 35.018.571 67,751,196 67,751,196 67,751,196 63,568,188 67,751,196 67,75	And the second of the second o	Over 2 to 3 Years Years Years 2 5,816,244 3,499,197	Over 3 to 5 Vears	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-interest bearing financial instruments
vield/ rate Total Upto 1 Interest rate 1000 1 1000 1 99,188,414 14,128,800 7,95% 53,785,79 50,998,579 7,94% 672,587,309 231,024,247 7,35% 438,337,880 40,865,140 7,35% 438,37,880 40,865,140 1,295,469,745 337,016,766 5,89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 5,89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 20,163,840 1,238,285 294,987,131 1,238,282,882 294,987,131 57,206,893 42,029,635 96,475,905 12,705,838		0	Over 6 1 Year 1 Year 1 Year 1 Year 2	Over 1 to 2 Years Vears Log 1000	Over 2 to 3 Years Years Years 2	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	bearing financial instruments
99,188,414 14,128,800 2,564,202 -		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 10,161,557 286,508,730 10,161,557 10,161,557	732,625 018,571 751,196 668,188 568,188 182,968	2,142,091 2,142,091 2,1398,720 19,398,720 19,398,720					
99,188,414 14,128,800		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 10,161,567 10,161,567 10,161,567 10,161,567	732,625 018,571 751,196 751,196 668,188 668,228	893,744 1,248,347 1,248,347 2,142,091 2,282,296 19,398,720 19,681,016	- 5,816,244 3,499,197	1 1		1	
2,564,202 2,564,202 7,95% 653,785,679 60,988,579 7,35% 40,265,7309 231,024,247 7,35% 40,285,7309 231,024,247 7,752,969 40,865,140 1,295,469,745 337,016,766 3,51% 984,463,067 121,284,355 20,163,840 121,284,355 1,238,222,852 294,987,131 57,206,883 42,029,635 96,475,905 12,705,838		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,567 295,508,508 189,596,965)	732,62 018,57 751,19 751,19 668,18 568,22	893,744 1,248,347 1,248,347 2,142,091 282,296 19,398,720 19,681,016	- 5,816,244 3,499,197	1 1		1	
99,188,414 14,128,800		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 295,508,730 	732,62 018,57 751,19 751,19 668,18 668,22	893,744 1,248,347 2,142,091 2,142,091 19,398,720 19,681,016	- - 5,816,244 3,499,197	1 1		1	
2.564.202 7.365% 6.53,785,679 7.34% 6.53,785,679 7.34% 6.52,887.309 2.81,986,261 1,295,469,745 3.51% 984,463,067 112,284,355 3.51% 984,463,067 112,284,355 3.51% 984,463,067 121,284,355 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,222,885 1,238,262,885 1,238,262,885 1,238,262,885 1,337,066,883 42,029,635		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 285,508,730 195,595,505,985	732,62 018,57 751,19 751,19 568,18 568,18	893,744 1,248,347 2,142,091 2,142,091 2,142,091 19,398,720	- - 5,816,244 3,499,197	1 1		1	
2,564,202 7,95% 53,785,679 7,34% 672,587,309 7,35% 438,357,880 40,865,140 1,295,489,745 5,89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 5,89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 20,163,840 1,238,262,852 20,183,940 1,238,262,852 20,183,940 1,238,262,852 29,987,131 57,206,883 42,029,635		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 295,508,508 189,596,965)	732,62 018,57 751,19 751,19 668,18 568,22 182,96	893,744 1,248,347 2,142,091 282,296 19,398,720 19,681,016	- 5,816,244 3,499,197	1	1		85,059,614
7.35% 67.268.739 50.398,579 7.35% 67.2687.309 231.024.247 7.35% 438.357,880 40,865,140 1.28,966,261 1.28,469,745 337,016,766 3.51% 984,463,067 121,284,355 2.0163,840 1.28,626,862 294,987,131 57,206,883 42,029,635		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 	732,62 018,57 751,19 751,19 568,18 568,22 182,96	893,744 1,248,347 2,142,091 282,296 19,398,720 	5,816,244 3,499,197	74	1	-	2,564,202
7.35% 672,587,309 231,024,247 7.35% 438,357,880 40,865,140 1.295,469,745 337,016,766 5.89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 3.51% 984,463,067 121,284,355 20,163,840		20,049,288 96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 10,16	732,62 018,57 751,19 568,18 568,22 568,22	2,142,091 2,142,091 2,1338,720 19,398,720 19,681,016	5,816,244 3,499,197	I	I	ı	
7.35% 438,357,880 40,865,140 28,886,261 1,295,469,745 3.51% 225,882,986 1,284,355 20,163,840 20,163,840 1,288,282,862 20,163,840 1,288,282,862 96,475,905 12,705,838		96,024,034 116,073,322 10,161,557 285,508,730 	751,19 751,19 568,18 568,22 182,96	2,142,091 2,142,091 2,82,296 19,398,720 	3,499,197	7,291,693	16,569,201	I	33,860,240
28.966.261		116,073,322 10,161,557 285,508,730 	751,19 568,18 568,22 568,22	2,142,091		7,321,457	11,978,040	4,847,232	285,953
1,295,489,745,337,016,766 5,89% 225,882,986 173,702,776 3,51% 984,463,067 121,284,355 20,163,840 1,288,282,862 20,487,131 57,206,883 42,029,635 96,475,906 12,705,838		116,073,322 10,161,567 295,508,730 	568,18 568,18 568,22 182,96	2,142,091 282,296 19,398,720 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	ī	1	1	1	28,986,261
5.89% 225.882,986 173,702,776 225.882,986 173,702,776 20,163,840 2		10,161,557 295,508,730 	568,18 568,22 568,22 182,96	282,296 19,398,720 - - - - 19,681,016	9,315,441	14,613,150	28,547,241	4,847,232	150,756,270
5.89% 225.882,986 173,702,776 3.51% 984,463,067 121,284,355	 ⁻	10,161,557 295,508,730 	4 568,18 568,22 182,96	282,296 19,398,720 - - - 19,681,016	I				7 752 959
3.51% 984,463,067 121,284,355		295,508,730 305,670,287	568,18 568,22 182,96	19,398,720 - - - 19,681,016	641.607	1.556.729	11.564.754	ı	
20,163,840		- - 305,670,287 189,596,965)	- - 53,568,228 14,182,968	_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _	825,194	876,633	534,810	80,108	262,974,151
20,163,840		- 305,670,287 189,596,965)	- 53,568,228 14,182,968	19,681,016	I	I	1	1	
20, 163,840 -	=	- 305,670,287 189,596,965)	- 53,568,228 14,182,968	19,681,016	1	ı	T	1	
ents		305,670,287 189,596,965)	53,568,228 14,182,968	19,681,016	1	I	I	ı	20,163,840
ents		189,596,965)	14,182,968		1,466,801	2,433,362	12,099,564	80,108	290,890,950
96,475,905 12,705,839 of: 137,056,586 46,875,838 5				(17,538,925)	7,848,640	12,179,788	16,447,677	4,767,124	(140,134,680)
96,475,905 12,705,839 of: 137,056,586 46,875,838 5									
96,475,905 12,705,839 of: 137,056,586 46,875,838 5									
of: 137,056,586 46,875,838 5	6,870,608	32,410,166	21,944,400	20,200,564	1,085,634	77,339	7,500	1,173,855	
137,056,586 46,875,838 5									
0.00	55,520,667	34,407,428	252,653	1	-	-	-	I	
vernment securities transactions 57,768,858 54,219,284	3,549,574	I	1	1	T	I	1	1	
- derivatives	ı	I	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	
1	1	I	1	ı	T	1	I	1	
194,825,444 101,095,122	59,070,241	34,407,428	252,653	1	1	1	1	1	
200 017 00 200 027 05	000	0.00							
70,453,385	16,724,966	20,561,418	26,698	1	1	1	ı	1	
vernment securities transactions	I	I	I.	ı	1	1	I	ı	
- derivatives	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1	
1	1	ī	I	T	I	ī	I	T	
70,453,385 33,140,303 11	16,724,966	20,561,418	26,698	I	1	1	1	1	
Other commitments 27,762,282 13,998,922 .	4,536,571	2,459,295	1,850,964	802,808	802,808	1,615,617	1,685,297		
Off-balance sheet gap 248,610,246 94,659,580 5	53,752,454	48,715,471	24,021,319	21,008,372	1,893,442	1,692,956	1,692,797	1,173,855	
Total Vield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap 305,817,139 136,689,215 36	360,774,085 (1	(140,881,494)	38,204,287	3,469,447	9,742,082	13,872,744	18,140,474	5,940,979	(140,134,680)
Cumulative Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap 305,817,139 136,689,215 49	497,463,300	356,581,806	394,786,093	398,255,540	407,997,622	421,870,366	440,010,840	445,951,819	

On-balance sheet financial instruments Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments Advances G.E. Cited Characes Characes G.E. Cited Characes G.E. Charac	Effective Yield/ Interest rate					Exposed to)	Exposed to Yield/ Interest risk	¥				Non-interest
ce sheet financial instruments balances with treasury banks with other banks ifinancial institutions ts	rate											
ce sheet financial instruments balances with treasury banks with other banks financial institutions Is		Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	bearing financial instruments
ce sheet financial instruments balances with treasury banks with other banks financial institutions ts						<u> </u>	Rupees in '000					
balances with treasury banks with other banks financial institutions is												
balances with treasury banks with other banks financial institutions ts												
with other banks financial institutions ts		85,355,555	11,667,460	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	73,688,095
financial institutions Is		649,512				1					1	649,512
IS steel		8,694,399	8,479,431	_	214,968	I	ı	I	I	I	ı	I
ots		699,323,690	207,983,906	255,255,631	5,295,188	77,537,147	69,068,252	911,023	12,335,225	31,594,411	2,474,558	36,868,349
Other assets Liabilities	6.58%	372,080,555	37,899,637	185,934,869	98,281,221	25,216,029	1,860,087	1,698,088	3,634,904	12,717,505	4,800,501	37,714
Liabilities		32,526,154	-	-	I	1	I	1	-	I	I	32,526,154
Liabilities	÷	1,198,629,865	266,030,434	441,190,500	103,791,377	102,753,176	70,928,339	2,609,111	15,970,129	44,311,916	7,275,059	143,769,824
		7,835,467	1	-	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	7,835,467
		223,556,383	187,022,240	18,928,986	5,135,191	1,889,389	24,603	424,408	1,130,910	9,000,656	ı	I
	3.02%	883,702,056	114,776,837	179,108,142	277,712,372	54,121,362	10,708,471	1,643,439	672,985	279,725	72,895	244,605,828
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		1	-	-	I	ı	1	1	-	1	1	-
Subordinated debt		ı	ı	1	I	ı	1	I	I	1	ı	I
Other liabilities		20,612,318	I	_	I	I	I	I	I	ı	-	20,612,318
	ή,	1,135,706,224	301,799,077	198,037,128	282,847,563	56,010,751	10,733,074	2,067,847	1,803,895	9,280,381	72,895	273,053,613
On-balance sheet gap		62,923,641	(35,768,643)	243,153,372	(179,056,186)	46,742,425	60,195,265	541,264	14,166,234	35,031,535	7,202,164	(129,283,789)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Documentary credits and short-term												
trade-related transactions		81,303,270	10,374,686	9,834,147	29,912,375	15,789,295	14,156,377	913,869	18,254	7,500	296,767	1
Commitments in respect of purchase of:												
- forward foreign exchange contracts		95,038,705	47,065,184	41,879,615	6,075,063	18,843	ı	I	I	ı	1	I
 forward government securities transactions 		1	1	_	I	I	ı	I	I	I	ı	I
– derivatives		ı	ı	1	I	ı	1	I	I	1	ı	I
- forward lending		I	1	I	l	ı	I	ı	ı	I	I	1
		95,038,705	47,065,184	41,879,615	6,075,063	18,843	1	ı	ı	ı	1	-
Commitments in respect of sale of:												
 forward foreign exchange contracts 		41,580,643	22,932,197	15,865,960	2,531,882	250,604	I	I	I	1	I	1
 forward government securities transactions 		1	ı	Ι	1	1	I	1	1	ı	Т	1
- derivatives		1	1	-		1	1	-	-	-	1	
– forward lending		-	-	1	ī	1	1	I	ı	1	-	1
		41,580,643	22,932,197	15,865,960	2,531,882	250,604	-	-	-		1	
Other commitments		31,592,555	14,969,156	5,748,217	5,018,468	697,197	851,431	851,431	1,702,862	1,753,793	1	1
Off-balance sheet gap		166,353,887	49,476,829	41,596,019	38,474,024	16,254,731	15,007,808	1,765,300	1,721,116	1,761,293	296,767	_
Total Yield/Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		229,277,528	13,708,186	284,749,391	(140,582,162)	62,997,156	75,203,073	2,306,564	15,887,350	36,792,828	7,498,931	(129,283,789)
Cimilative Vield/Interset Bisk Sensitivity Gan		990 977 598	13 708 186	208 457 577	157 875 /15	990 879 571	296 075 644	208 382 208	21/1 2/20 5/58	251 DE2 286	358 561 317	

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Reconciliation to total assets	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	Reconciliation to total liabilities	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Rupees in '000)	(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)	(Rupees in '000)
Balance as per balance sheet	1,352,390,497	1,251,276,148	Balance as per balance sheet	1,243,600,686	1,143,226,116
Less: Non financial assets			Less: Non financial liabilities		
Fixed assets	52,155,900	48,355,884	Deferred tax liabilities	4,751,359	6,941,206
Other assets	4,764,852	4,290,399	Other liabilities	586,475	578,686
	56,920,752	52,646,283		5,337,834	7,519,892
Total financial assets	1,295,469,745	1,198,629,865	Total financial liabilities	1,238,262,852	1,135,706,224

44.3 Operational Risk

The Bank, like all financial institutions, is exposed to many types of operational risks, including the potential losses arising from internal activities or external events caused by breakdowns in information, communication, physical safeguards, business continuity, supervision, transaction processing, settlement systems and the execution of legal, fiduciary and agency responsibilities.

In accordance with the BoD approved Operational Risk Policy, Bank maintains a system of internal controls designed to keep operational risk at appropriate levels, in view of the bank's financial strength and the characteristics of the activities and market in which it operates. These internal controls are periodically updated to conform to industry best practice.

Further, detailed data of operational losses is being maintained, in conformance with regulatory guidelines. Major Operational Risk events are also analyzed from the control breaches perspective and mitigating controls are assessed on design and operating effectiveness. Quarterly updates on Operational Risk events are presented to senior management and Board's Risk Management Committee & BoD.

The Bank has also developed a Business Continuity Plan applicable to all its functional areas. The Bank updates functional BCPs on annual basis or at any process change.

The Bank is also implementing internationally accepted Integrated Framework on Internal Control issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Tread way Commission (COSO), with a view to consolidate and enhance the existing internal control processes.

The Bank with permission of SBP is conducting a parallel run for Alternate Standardized Approach (ASA) for Basel II – Operational Risk Capital Charge Reporting, which signifies readiness of the Bank to move to advance approach.

44.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Bank is unable to fund its current obligations and operations in the most cost efficient manner. The Bank's BoD has delegated the responsibility to ALCO for ensuring that Bank's policy for liquidity management is adhered to on a continual basis. ALCO uses gap analysis based on "maturity schedule" to assess the Bank's liquidity risk and devise strategies accordingly. The Bank also has various limits and triggers in place to monitor liquidity risk on a periodic basis, whille it also utilizes stress testing & scenario analysis to assess adequacy of Bank's liquid assets. The Bank also complies with SBP's instructions on Liquidity Standards as prescribed under the Basel III Framework.

The Bank has in place a robust Liquidity Crisis Contingency Plan in place to deal with any liquidity crisis in the most efficient and effective manner.

Liquidity Management Framework

Daily liquidity management is carried out centrally by the Asset and Liability Management ("ALM") Desk in Treasury Group which regulates the day to day liquidity needs of the Bank. Funding and liquidity management strategies are regularly discussed during Asset and Liability Committee "ALCO" meetings. Such discussions include analysis on composition of deposits and tenure, funding gaps and concentration, monitoring of short and long-term liquidity ratios (including LCR and NSFR). The Bank utilizes internal Management Action Triggers and Limits which act as early warning indicators and safeguards to ensure sufficient liquidity buffers at all times. Additionally, external and internal liquidity stress tests are performed to evaluate available liquidity under a range of adverse scenarios and to identify potential vulnerabilities in portfolios. The Bank also has in place contingency funding plans that identify specific management action that can be invoked in times of liquidity crisis.

Liquidity Risk Mitigation Techniques

The Bank uses the following tools to identify and mitigate Liquidity Risk:

- Gap Analysis
- Liquidity Ratio
- Liquidity Stress Testing
- Liquidity Contingency Plan
- Risk Control Limits (RCLs)

Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

						Pe	December 31, 2018	8						
	Total	Upto 1 Day	Upto 7 days	Upto 14 days	Upto 1 Month	Upto 2 Months	Upto 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Upto 1 year	Upto 2 years	Upto 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
							(Rup	(Rupees in '000)						
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	99,188,414	99,188,414	ı	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
Balances with other banks	2,564,202	2,564,202	-	-	1		1	-			1	-	-	1
Lending to financial institutions	53,785,679		48,468,580	500,000	2,029,999	2,787,100						1	1	
Investments – net	672,587,309	35,719,264	220,417,989	1	8,071,443	317,394,215	32,888	16,947,301	25,667,744	6,135,369	1,135,813	7,051,206	8,471,835	25,542,242
Advances - net	438,357,880	70,461,195	2,033,096	194,526	13,017,586	6,728,414	10,881,765	30,016,092	16,468,371	101,843,527	58,049,695	46,900,308	50,434,778	31,328,527
Fixed assets	50,399,773	13,842	83,051	96,893	235,313	429,099	429,099	1,287,298	1,287,298	1,287,298	2,782,924	2,756,539	2,138,850	37,572,269
Intangible assets	1,756,127	674	4,045	4,719	11,460	20,898	20,898	62,694	62,694	62,693	250,775	250,775	501,550	502,252
Deferred tax assets	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı		ı	ı	ı	I
Other assets – net	33,751,113	347,328	2,083,967	2,431,295	5,904,573	1,931,149	5,678,328	4,211,433	1,496,275	1,470,237	586,758	586,758	2,732,176	4,290,836
	1,352,390,497	208,294,919	273,090,728	3,227,433	29,270,374	329,290,875	17,042,978	52,524,818	44,982,382	110,799,124	62,805,965	57,545,586	64,279,189	99,236,126
Liabilities														
Bills payable	7,752,959	7,752,959	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I
Borrowings	225,882,986	ı	159,079,594	3,277,502	6,624,376	14,289,234	12,434,236	16,132,619	ı	40	282,296	641,607	1,556,729	11,564,753
Deposits and other accounts	984,463,067	809,675,545	10,413,217	14,158,732	30,324,819	27,831,940	13,976,360	37,210,046	12,590,619	23,771,946	2,193,097	825,194	876,633	614,919
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı		T	ı	ı	I
Subordinated debt	ı	ı	I	ı	I	I	I	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	I	ı
Deferred tax liabilities – net	4,751,359	6,267	37,597	43,862	106,524	1,358,181	43,129	214,804	255,322	166,077	175,929	196,871	146,541	2,000,255
Other liabilities	20,750,315	371,706	2,230,240	2,601,946	6,319,013	744,625	711,642	1,025,241	908,295	893,367	1,044,424	773,156	895,342	2,231,318
	1,243,600,686	817,806,477	171,760,648	20,082,042	43,374,732	44,223,980	27,165,367	54,582,710	13,754,236	24,831,430	3,695,746	2,436,828	3,475,245	16,411,245
Net assets	108,789,811	(609,511,558)	101,330,080	(16,854,609)	(14,104,358)	285,066,895	(10,122,389)	(2,057,892)	31,228,146	85,967,694	59,110,219	55,108,758	60,803,944	82,824,881
Share capital	11,450,739													
Reserves	20,276,515													
Unappropriated profit	53,985,383													
Surplus on revaluation of assets net of tax	23,077,174													
	108,789,811													

						D	December 31, 2017	7						
	Total	Upto 1 Day	Upto 7 days	Upto 14 days	Upto 1 Month	Upto 2 Months	Upto 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 to 9 Months	Upto 1 year	Upto 2 years	Upto 3 years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years
							(Rup	(Rupees in '000)						
Assets														
Cash and balances with treasury banks	85,355,555	85,355,555	ı	I	ı	I	I	1	ī	_	T	ı	ı	I
Balances with other banks	649,512	649,512	1	-	-	-	ı		ı			1	1	
Lending to financial institutions	8,694,399	I	7,879,431	000'009	ı	I	1	214,968	I	ı	ı	I	ı	ı
Investments – net	699,323,690	38,609,974	110,829,309	-	95,423,880	139,040,676	112,975,715	245,898	75,414,184	1,252,151	69,157,669	1,159,932	14,638,525	40,575,777
Advances – net	372,080,555	53,084,410	346,168	304,380	40,622,606	3,775,973	8,893,124	22,659,313	10,385,527	48,012,065	44,497,782	51,383,480	57,349,159	30,766,568
Fixed assets	46,890,760	14,412	86,469	100,881	244,996	446,757	446,757	1,340,272	1,340,272	1,340,273	2,371,354	2,346,363	1,918,060	34,893,894
Intangible assets	1,465,124	562	3,375	3,937	9,561	17,435	17,435	52,305	52,305	52,305	209,220	209,220	418,439	419,025
Deferred tax assets		-	I	-	-	-	1	-	I			I	I	
Other assets – net	36,816,553	534,886	3,209,320	3,744,207	9,093,074	1,966,619	4,528,296	3,870,840	1,497,638	1,495,554	512,004	512,004	2,292,040	3,560,071
	1,251,276,148	178,249,311	122,354,072	4,753,405	145,394,117	145,247,460	126,861,327	28,383,596	88,689,926	52,152,348	116,748,029	55,610,999	76,616,223	110,215,335
Liabilities														
Bills payable	7,835,467	7,835,467	1	1	ı	1	ı	I	1	1	ı	ı	1	I
Borrowings	223,556,383	-	172,679,291	3,769,066	8,255,121	9,244,075	9,684,911	5,135,191	4,208,110	40	24,603	424,409	1,130,911	9,000,655
Deposits and other accounts	883,702,056	699,568,484	22,779,027	7,768,373	17,034,748	24,054,313	26,521,973	37,753,203	15,180,412	29,302,479	1,070,000	1,643,439	672,985	352,620
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	ı	-	ı	I	-	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	ı	T	I	I	ı	I
Deferred tax liabilities – net	6,941,206	16,056	96,337	112,392	272,952	1,150,693	937,030	90,788	701,139	98,602	750,604	207,294	225,054	2,282,265
Other liabilities	21,191,004	354,889	2,129,335	2,484,225	6,033,117	1,070,061	1,016,515	1,179,292	1,206,268	1,162,363	906,310	747,728	912,453	1,988,448
	1,143,226,116	707,774,896	197,683,990	14,134,056	31,595,938	35,519,142	38,160,429	44,158,474	21,295,929	30,563,484	2,751,517	3,022,870	2,941,403	13,623,988
Net assets	108,050,032	(529,525,585)	(75,329,918)	(9,380,651)	113,798,179	109,728,318	88,700,898	(15,774,878)	67,393,997	21,588,864	113,996,512	52,588,129	73,674,820	96,591,347
Share capital	11,450,739													
Reserves	17,980,116													
Unappropriated profit	50,546,126													
Surplus on revaluation of assets net of tax	28,073,051													
	108,050,032													

44.4.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities – based on expected maturities of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

				DCC	cember 31, 2018	5				
	Total	Upto	Over 1 to		Over 6 Months	Over 1 to	Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over 5 to	Above
		1 Month	3 Months	to 6 Months	to 1 Year Rupees	2 Years	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years
					nupees	111 000				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	99,188,414	27,339,089	10,192,026	4,908,440	4,104,803	1,973,027	2,007,802	-	-	48,663,227
Balances with other banks	2,564,202	2,564,202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lending to financial institutions	53,785,679	50,998,579	2,787,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments – net	672,587,309	229,720,004	317,736,941	17,412,057	32,732,625	9,798,775	14,898,089	8,471,835	40,401,983	1,415,000
Advances – net	438,357,880	22,697,487	21,999,745	32,820,234	121,877,527	75,466,221	64,316,834	67,851,305	26,487,962	4,840,56
Fixed assets	50,399,773	429,099	858,198	1,287,298	2,574,596	2,782,924	2,756,539	2,138,850	2,393,868	35,178,40
Intangible assets	1,756,127	20,898	41,796	62,694	125,387	250,775	250,775	501,550	502,252	
Deferred tax assets	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets – net	33,751,113	10,767,163	7,609,477	4,211,433	2,966,512	586,758	586,758	2,732,176	4,290,836	
	1,352,390,497	344,536,521	361,225,283	60,702,156	164,381,450	90,858,480	84,816,797	81,695,716	74,076,901	90,097,19
Liabilities										
Bills payable	7,752,959	7,752,959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Borrowings	225,882,986	168,981,472	26,723,469	16,132,619	40	282,296	641,607	1,556,729	11,564,754	
Deposits and other accounts	984,463,067	121,284,355	173,849,475	83,725,237	70,017,278	35,847,810	35,073,079	876,633	534,810	463,254,39
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities – net	4,751,359	194,250	1,401,310	214,804	421,399	175,929	196,871	146,541	280,426	1,719,82
Other liabilities	20,750,315	11,522,905	1,456,267	1,025,241	1,801,662	1,044,424	773,156	895,342	2,231,318	
-	1,243,600,686	309,735,941	203,430,521	101,097,901	72,240,379	37,350,459	36,684,713	3,475,245	14,611,308	464,974,21
Net assets	108,789,811	34,800,580	157,794,762	(40,395,745)	92,141,071	53,508,021	48,132,084	78,220,471	59,465,593	(374,877,02
Share capital	11,450,739									
Reserves	20,276,515									
Unappropriated profit	53,985,383									
Surplus on revaluation										
of assets net of tax	23,077,174									
	109 790 911									
	108,789,811			Dec						
		Upto	Over 1 to		cember 31, 2017		Over 2 to	Over 3 to	Over 5 to	Above
	108,789,811 Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months		cember 31, 2017 Over 6 Months to 1 Year		Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
				Over 3	Over 6 Months	Over 1 to 2 Years				
				Over 3	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years				
Assets				Over 3	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years				
Assets Cash and balances with treasury banks				Over 3	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years				10 Years
	Total	1 Month	3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees	Over 1 to 2 Years	3 Years	5 Years		10 Years
Cash and balances with treasury banks	Total 85,355,555	1 Month	3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees	Over 1 to 2 Years	3 Years	5 Years		10 Years
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	Total 85,355,555 649,512	21,869,641 649,512	3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees	Over 1 to 2 Years	3 Years	5 Years		10 Years 46,942,71
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net	Total 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431	3 Months 6,787,778 -	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 -	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	3 Years 4,072,263	5 Years	10 Years	
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions	Total 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977	6,787,778 - - 252,306,662	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000 77,651,512	3 Years 4,072,263 10,561,003	5 Years 14,638,525	10 Years	46,942,71 3,889,62
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621	6,787,778 - - 252,306,662 17,434,263	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - - 10,561,003 63,941,348	5 Years 14,638,525 69,907,027	10 Years 54,583,935 25,867,506	46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758	6,787,778 - - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363	5 Years	10 Years	46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758	6,787,778 - - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363	5 Years	10 Years	46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,98
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 3,870,840	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 - 2,993,192	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004	5 Years	10 Years 54,583,935 25,867,506 2,243,908 419,025 3,560,071	46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 3,870,840	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 - 2,993,192	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004	5 Years	10 Years 54,583,935 25,867,506 2,243,908 419,025 3,560,071	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,98
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intengible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net	Total 85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915	Over 3 to 6 Months 2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 3,870,840	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 - - 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 - 2,993,192	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004	5 Years	10 Years 54,583,935 25,867,506 2,243,908 419,025 3,560,071	10 Years 46,942,7
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 16,581,487 301,378,862	3 Months 6,787,778 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915 283,952,002	2,985,981 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 - 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004 81,642,201	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,6: 4,899,0: 32,649,9: 88,381,3:
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 — 16,581,487 301,378,862	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915 283,952,002	2,985,981 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 2,993,192 147,586,375	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004 81,642,201	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 — 16,581,487 301,378,862	6,787,778 - 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915 283,952,002	2,985,981 2,985,981 - 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 2,993,192 147,586,375	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 10,561,003 63,941,348 2,346,363 209,220 - 512,004 81,642,201	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,6: 4,899,0: 32,649,9: 88,381,3:
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837	6,787,778 252,306,662 17,434,263 893,514 34,870 - 6,494,915 283,952,002 - 18,928,986 111,946,744 -	2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263	5 Years	10 Years	3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,98 88,381,38
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 - 6,941,206	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,768 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737	6,787,778	2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175 77,537,147 61,573,706 2,680,545 104,610 - 2,993,192 147,586,375 - 4,208,150 77,493,792 - 799,741	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,63 4,899,00 32,649,99 88,381,39
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 - 6,941,206 21,191,004	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566	6,787,778	2,985,981 214,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 52,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292	Over 6 Months to 1 Year Rupees 2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	3 Years 4,072,263	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,61 4,899,01 32,649,91 428,963,11 1,726,71
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intensible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,6 4,899,0 32,649,9 88,381,3 428,963,1 1,726,7
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,7 3,889,6 4,899,0 32,649,9 88,381,3 428,963,1 1,726,7
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 23,556,383 883,702,056 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116 108,050,032	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,96 428,963,10 1,726,78 430,689,86
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Net assets	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 - 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116 108,050,032	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,96 428,963,10 1,726,78 430,689,86
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 - 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116 108,050,032	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,98 428,963,10 1,726,78 430,689,88
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lending to financial institutions Investments – net Advances – net Fixed assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets – net Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities – net Other liabilities Net assets Share capital Reserves Unappropriated profit	85,355,555 649,512 8,694,399 699,323,690 372,080,555 46,890,760 1,465,124 - 36,816,553 1,251,276,148 7,835,467 223,556,383 883,702,056 - 6,941,206 21,191,004 1,143,226,116 108,050,032	21,869,641 649,512 8,479,431 207,473,977 45,860,621 446,758 17,435 - 16,581,487 301,378,862 7,835,467 184,703,479 114,776,837 - 497,737 11,001,566 318,815,086	6,787,778	2,985,981 2,14,968 681,304 25,541,371 1,340,272 5,305 - 3,870,840 34,687,041 - 5,135,191 82,256,885 - 90,788 1,179,292 88,662,156	2,697,175	Over 1 to 2 Years in '000	4,072,263 	5 Years	10 Years	10 Years 46,942,71 3,889,62 4,899,06 32,649,98

for the year ended December 31, 2018

44.5 Derivative Risk

Market & Liquidity Risk Division under Risk Management Group is responsible for assessing and monitoring the derivative risk emanating from Bank's exposures.

The Bank's Treasury Group buys and sells derivative instruments, for hedging and market making purposes, such as:

- Forward Exchange Contracts
- Foreign Exchange Swaps
- Equity Futures
- Forward Contracts for Government Securities

The Bank's Risk Management Group, ALCO & BRMC monitor the risk emanating from the Bank's portfolio of derivatives exposures on a periodic basis and uses Off-Balance Sheet gap analysis to implement prudent asset liability management of the Bank's derivatives exposures.

45 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

- 45.1 The Board of Directors of the Bank in its meeting held on February 13, 2019 has proposed a final cash dividend in respect of 2018 of Rs. 2.00 per share (2017: cash dividend Rs. 1.75 per share). This appropriation will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2019.
- **45.2** Federal Government vide Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Bill, 2019 (Bill) dated January 23, 2019, has proposed to amend rate of Super Tax for Banks for Tax Year 2018 (Accounting Year ended 31 December, 2017) from "0%" to "4%". As a result, the proposed implementation shall result in a retrospectively levy. The proposed bill is under debate in the Parliament and would take effect only upon approval by the Parliament.

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018 do not include the effect of this new proposed levy, which would be accounted for in the year ending December 31, 2019 as past year tax charge; if the proposed bill which is under debate in the Parliament is approved by the Parliament.

46 GENERAL

- **46.1** Captions as prescribed by BPRD circular no.2 of 2018 issued by SBP, in respect of which there are no amounts, have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for caption of the statement of financial position and profit and loss account.
- 46.2 Comparative figures have been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these financial statements wherever necessary to facilitate comparison and better presentation in accordance with new format prescribed by SBP vide BPRD circular no. 2 of 2018.

47 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on February 13, 2019 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Chief Financial Officer	President and Chief Executive	Director
Director	Chairman	

Pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2018

Information for annual financial statements as on December 31, 2018.

Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital

Ordinary Shares	As on Dece	mber 31, 2018	As on Dece	mber 31, 2017
	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs)	No. of Shares	Amount (Rs)
Fully paid in cash	406,780,094	4,067,800,940	406,780,094	4,067,800,940
Increase in Share Capital Issued as bonus shares	- 720,745,186	- 7,207,451,860	- 720,745,186	- 7,207,451,860
Issued for consideration other than cash	17,548,550	175,485,500	17,548,550	175,485,500
Total	1,145,073,830	11,450,738,300	1,145,073,830	11,450,738,300

2 Major shareholding

Holding more than 5% of the total paid-up capital

Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares Held	Percentage Held
Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt) Ltd.	967,911,610	84.5283
 Total	967,911,610	84.5283

No. of Shareholders		Shareholdings'Slab		Total Shares Held
	From		То	
6128	1	to	100	235,739
9119	101	to	500	2,531,649
1121	501	to	1000	812,436
2092	1001	to	5000	4,444,225
399	5001	to	10000	2,946,521
134	10001	to	15000	1,680,575
81	15001	to	20000	1,469,780
58	20001	to	25000	1,320,955
28	25001	to	30000	774,142
19	30001	to	35000	617,763
19	35001	to	40000	715,948
17	40001	to	45000	725,616
10	45001	to	50000	486,173
6	50001	to	55000	312,409
7	55001	to	60000	403,633
3	60001	to	65000	185,822
6	65001	to	70000	409,548
6	70001	to	75000	439,000
4	75001	to	80000	318,000
4	80001	to	85000	335,000
3	85001	to	90000	263,063
9	95001	to	100000	900,000
1	100001	to	105000	103,400
3	105001	to	110000	318,400
3	110001	to	115000	334,371
2	115001	to	120000	237,618
4	120001	to	125000	491,200
1	125001	to	130000	127,500
1	145001	to	150000	150,000
4	150001	to	155000	606,627
1	155001	to	160000	157,600
1	165001	to	170000	165,500
2	170001	to	175000	343,000
2	175001	to	180000	355,450
3	180001	to	185000	547,320
1	185001	to	190000	189,300

o. of Shareholders		Shareholdings'Slab		Total Shares Held
	From		То	
1	195001	to	200000	200,000
1	205001	to	210000	209,500
1	210001	to	215000	210,500
2	225001	to	230000	458,069
1	235001	to	240000	236,437
1	245001	to	250000	250,000
1	255001	to	260000	259,000
1	260001	to	265000	262,300
1	265001	to	270000	270,000
1	285001	to	290000	290,000
1				
	305001	to	310000	306,800
1	310001	to	315000	314,900
11	325001	to	330000	325,100
1	345001	to	350000	346,000
1	355001	to	360000	355,100
1	375001	to	380000	378,000
1	385001	to	390000	385,500
2	400001	to	405000	805,200
1	435001	to	440000	440,000
1	480001	to	485000	480,500
3	495001	to	500000	1,500,000
2	580001	to	585000	1,165,500
1	595001	to	600000	599,045
1	605001	to	610000	610,000
1	650001	to	655000	652,500
1	700001	to	705000	704,500
1	710001	to	715000	712,000
1	730001	to	735000	734,000
1	820001	to	825000	822,151
1	860001	to	865000	865,000
1	960001	to	965000	964,400
1	995001	to	1000000	1,000,000
1	1015001	to	1020000	1,015,897
1	1090001	to	1095000	1,092,614
1	1195001	to	1200000	1,198,500
1	1225001	to	1230000	1,227,500
1	1250001	to	1255000	1,252,000
1	1430001	to	1435000	1,433,604
1	1495001	to	1500000	1,500,000
1	1510001	to	1515000	1,515,000
1	1765001	to	1770000	1,770,000
1	1940001	to	1945000	1,940,500
1	1995001	to	2000000	1,999,500
1	2365001	to	2370000	2,367,500
1	2480001	to	2485000	2,485,000
1	2885001	to	2890000	2,885,747
1	3090001	to	3095000	
1	3860001	to	3865000	3,091,000
				3,860,726
1	4095001	to	4100000	4,098,500
1	4105001	to	4110000	4,105,700
1	4675001	to	4680000	4,676,400
11	6275001	to .	6280000	6,277,500
1	6660001	to	6665000	6,660,400
11	9755001	to	9760000	9,755,604
1	29995001	to	3000000	30,000,000
1	37385001	to	37390000	37,385,743
1	967910001	to	967915000	967,911,610
19364				1,145,073,830

Categories of Shareholders as at December 31, 2018

Categories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
outogories of charefulacis	Ondicholders	Charcoffed	r crocmag
Parent, Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties			
BRAHIM HOLDINGS (Private) LIMITED*	1	967,911,610	84.528
TRUSTEES OF ABL EMPLOYEES SUPERANNUATION (PENSION) FUND A/C	1	37,385,743	3.264
Sub-Total	2	1,005,297,353	87.793
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children			
MOHAMMAD NAEEM MUKHTAR	1	2,500	0.000
MUHAMMAD WASEEM MUKHTAR	1	2,500	0.000
SHEIKH MUKHTAR AHMED	1	2,500	0.000
ABDUL AZIZ KHAN	1	26,620	0.000
DR. MUHAMMAD AKRAM SHEIKH	1		
		2,500	0.000
ZAFAR IQBAL	1	2,500	0.000
SUMAIRA ASLAM KHAN / NAZRAT BASHIR	1	2,500	0.000
Sub-Total	7	41,620	0.003
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	5		
M/S. AL-FAYSAL INVESMENT BANK	1	55	0.000
M/S STANDARD CHARTERED BANK (PAKISTAN) LIMITED	1	22,118	0.001
HABIB METROPOLITAN BANK LIMITED	1	580,500	0.050
MCB BANK LIMITED - TREASURY	1	6,660,400	0.581
FIRST DAWOOD INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED	1	8,600	0.000
BANK ALFALAH LIMITED	1	1,515,000	0.132
ESCORTS INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED	1	77	0.000
THE BANK OF PUNJAB, TREASURY DIVISION.	1	1,999,500	0.174
FIRST CREDIT & INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED	1	24,000	0.002
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN LTD.	5	4,698,690	0.410
SINDH BANK LIMITED	1	3,091,000	0.269
Sub-Total	15	18,599,940	1.624
NIT AND ICD			
NIT AND ICP		700	0.000
DBL (ICP UNIT)	1	762	0.000
NVESTMENT CORPN. OF PAKISTAN Sub-Total	<u>3</u>	14,438 15,200	0.001
	-	,	
Executives**	1	1,394	0.000
OTHER EMPLOYEES	634	725455	0.063
Sub-Total	635	726,849	0.063
nsurance Companies			
STATE LIFE INSURANCE CORP. OF PAKISTAN	1	2,885,747	0.252
GULF INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.	1	723	0.000
M/S. ORIENT INSURANCE CO.LTD.,	1	404	0.000
PREMIER INSURANCE LIMITED	1	5,100	0.000
JUBILEE GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	1	585,000	0.051
ALPHA INSURANCE CO. LTD.	1	121,000	0.010
HABIB INSURANCE CO. LIMITED	1	7,500	0.000
HABIB INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	1	12,500	0.000
GI LIFE INSURANCE LIMITED	1	15,000	0.001
ADAMJEE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	1	6,277,500	0.001
EFU LIFE ASSURANCE LTD	1	4,098,500	0.346
GI LIFE INSURANCE LIMITED	1	6,500	0.000
Sub-Total	12	14,015,474	1.22

Modarabas and Mutual Funds FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA M/S. FIRST TAWAKKAL MODARABA M/S. FIRST TAWAKKAL MODARABA M/S. MODARABA AL MALI CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFINANCIAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE BL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE BL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ALPHA FUND	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	614 347 116 38,162	0.0001 0.0000
FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA M/S. FIRST TAWAKKAL MODARABA M/S. MODARABA AL MALI CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND	1 1 1	347 116	
FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA M/S. FIRST TAWAKKAL MODARABA M/S. MODARABA AL MALI CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1 1 1	347 116	
M/S. FIRST TAWAKKAL MODARABA M/S. MODARABA AL MALI CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1 1 1	347 116	
M/S. MODARABA AL MALI CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1 1 1	116	\cap $\cap\cap\cap\cap$
CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1		0.0000
CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	38 162	0.0000
CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC-TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND		50,102	0.0033
CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA MULTI ASSET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC-TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	3,860,726	0.3372
CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC-TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND		4,105,700	0.3586
CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND CDC-TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	262,300	0.0229
CDC-TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	1,092,614	0.0954
CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	2,367,500	0.2068
CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	401,700	0.0351
MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ALLIED CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	480,500	0.0420
CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	1,433,604	0.1252
CDC - TRUSTEE UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	41,000	0.0036
CDC - TRUSTEE UBL DEDICATED EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	865,000	0.0755
CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC INVESTMENT FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	704,500	0.0615
CDC - TRUSTEE PICIC GROWTH FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	118,674	0.0104
CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	229,500	0.0200
CDC - TRUSTEE HBL - STOCK FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	440,000	0.0384
CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	1	110,500	0.0097
	1	385,500	0.0337
CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ALPHA FUND	1	290,000	0.0253
	1	181,000	0.0158
CDC - TRUSTEE HBL EQUITY FUND	1	28,500	0.0025
CDC - TRUSTEE HBL PF EQUITY SUB FUND	1	47,000	0.0041
CDC - TRUSTEE ASKARI EQUITY FUND	1	24,500	0.0021
CDC - TRUSTEE ALLIED FINERGY FUND	1	259,000	0.0226
Sub-Total	26	17,768,557	1.5517
Foreign Investors			
HABIB BANK AG ZURICH, ZURICH, SWITZERLAND	1	6,000	0.0005
HABIB BANK AG ZURICH, DEIRA DUBAI	1	2,485,000	0.2170
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	1	1	0.0000
ALPHA BETA FINANCE LIMITED	1	170,900	0.0149
MCKINLEY CAPITAL MEASA FUND OEIC LIMITED	1	67,000	0.0059
TARIIC HOLDING COMPANY BSC (CLOSED)	1	107,600	0.0094
MAHMOOD AHMAD CHAUDHRY	1	10,000	0.0009
ALIYA ANWAR	1	10,000	0.0009
NIZAR LALANI	1	1,500	0.0001
ADAM JOOSUB	1	10,000	0.0009
SHOKAT ALI MOHAMED ALI ALI BHAI	1	25,000	0.0022
Sub-Total	11	2,893,001	0.2526
Others			
Individuals	170	11 200 803	2 8601
Grand Total	172 18480	44,200,893 41,514,943	3.8601 3.6255

^{*} M/s Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt) Limited purchased 2,132,500 shares during the year ended December 31, 2018 out of which 100,000 shares were purchased as on reporting date, against which title was transferred as on January 02, 2019".

** CEO and all Chiefs and Group Heads are termed as Executives.

All the trades in shares carried out by the Sponsors, Directosr, Executives and their spouses and minor children are reported during the year 2018 as under:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Sale	Purchased
1	Mohsin Mithani	Group Head (ITG)	1,000	
2	M/s. Ibrahim Holdings (Pvt.) Limited	Parent	-	2,032,500

Apart from the above there have been no trade in the shares of the Bank carried out by its Sponsors, Directors, Executives, their spouses and minor childern.

Glossary of Financial & Banking Terms

Accrual Basis

Recognizing the effects of transactions and other events when they occur without waiting for receipt or payment of cash or its equivalent.

Automated Teller Machine (ATM)

ATM is an e-banking delivery channel that enables the customers to perform financial transactions 24/7.

Alternate Delivery Channels (ADCs)

ADCs are those access points that expand the reach of banking services beyond the traditional over the counter banking and traditional over the counter banking and includes internet banking, mobile banking, Point of Sale (POS) transactions, ATM, SMS and Phone banking.

Basis point

One hundredth of a per cent i.e. 0.01 percent. 100 basis points is 1 per cent. Used when quoting movements in interest rates or yields on securities.

Bonus Issue (Scrip Issue)

The issue of new shares to existing shareholders in proportion to their shareholdings. It is a process for converting a company's reserves (in whole or part) into issued capital and hence does not involve an infusion of cash.

Cash Equivalents

Short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

The relationship between capital and risk weighted assets as defined in the framework developed by the State Bank of Pakistan and Basel Committee.

Call Money Rate

Interbank clean (without collateral) lending/ borrowing rates are called Call Money Rates

Common Equity Tier (CET) Capital

CET capital is sum of fully paid share capital, reserves and un-appropriated profit adjusted by regulatory adjustments as specified in Basel III.

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

The CPI measure changes in the cost of buying a representative fixed basket of goods and generally indicates inflation rate in the country. (Source: Pakistan Bureau of Statistics)

Coupon Rate

Coupon rate is interest rate payable on bond's par value at specific regular periods. In PIBs they are paid on bi-annual basis.

Call Deposits

These include short notice and special notice deposits

Current Deposits

Non-remunerative Chequing account deposits wherein withdrawals and deposit of funds can be made frequently by the account holders.

Contingencies

A condition or situation existing at date of Statement of Financial Position where the outcome will be confirmed only by occurrence of one or more future events.

YOY

Year on Year (2018 vs 2017).

CAGR

An abbreviation for Compound Annual Growth Rate.

Corporate Governance

It is "the system by which companies are directed and controlled" by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. It involves regulatory and market mechanisms, which govern the roles and relationships between a company's management, its board, its shareholders and other stakeholders.

Defined Contribution

A post-employment benefit plan under which entity and employee pays fixed contribution into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contribution if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all the employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Derivatives

A financial instrument or a contract where;

- Its value is dependent upon or derived from one or more underlying assets.
- Requires no or very little initial net investment
- It is settled at a future date.

Defined Benefits

In a defined benefit plan, an employer typically guarantees a worker a specific lifetime annual retirement benefit, based on years of service, final rate of pay, age and other factors. The risks of paying for the plan rest entirely with the plan.

Deferred Taxation

Sum set aside for tax in financial statements that will become payable / receivable in a financial year other than current financial year due to differences in accounting policies and applicable taxation legislations.

Discount rate

Discount is the rate at which SBP provides three-day Repo facility to banks, acting as the lender of last resort.

Effective Tax Rate

Provision for taxation excluding deferred tax divided by the profit before taxation.

Euro-pay, Master-card and Visa (EMV)

EMV is a global standard for cards equipped with computer chips and the technology used to authenticate chip-card transactions.

Finance Lease

Finance lease is the one in which risk and rewards incidental to the ownership of the leased asset is transferred to lessee but not the actual ownership.

Fixed Deposits

Deposits having fixed maturity dates and a rate of return.

Forced Sale Value (FSV)

Forced Sale Value means the value which fully reflects the possibility of price fluctuations and can currently be obtained by selling the mortgaged / pledged assets in a forced / distressed sale conditions.

Forward Exchange Contract

Forward contracts are agreements between two parties to exchange two designated currencies at a specific time in the future.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

GDP is a monetary value of all the finished goods and services produced in a country in a specified time period. GDP includes all private and public consumption, government outlays, investments and exports minus imports that occur within a country.

Guarantees

A promise to answer for the payment of some debt, or the performance of some duty, in case of the failure of another person, who is, in the first instance, liable to such payment or performance.

Historical Cost Convention

Recording transactions at the actual value received or paid.

Impairment

Impairment of an asset is an abrupt decrease of its fair value and measured in accordance with applicable regulations.

Interest Rate Swap (IRS)

An Interest Rate Swap (the swap) is a financial contract between two parties exchanging or swapping a stream of interest payments for a 'Notional Principal' amount on multiple occasions during a specified period. The swap is usually "fixed to floating" or "floating to floating" exchanges of interest rate. As per the contract, on each payment date during the swap period, the cash payments based on difference in fixed/floating or floating / floating rates are exchanged by the parties from one another. The party incurring a negative interest. The party incurring a negative interest rate differential for that leg pays the other counter-party.

Interest Spread

Represents the difference between the average interest rate earned and the average interest rate paid on funds.

Interest in Suspense

Interest suspended on non-performing loans and advances.

KIBOR - (Karachi Interbank Offered

KIBOR is the interbank lending rate between banks in Pakistan and is used as a benchmark for lending.

LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate)

An interest rate at which banks can borrow funds, in marketable size, from other banks in the London interbank market. The LIBOR is fixed on a daily basis by the British Bankers' Association.

Liquid Assets

An asset that can be converted into cash quickly and with minimal impact to the price received.

Market Capitalization

Number of ordinary shares in issue multiplied by the market value of share as at any cutoff date.

Market Treasury bills (MTBs)

MTBs are negotiable debt instrument issued by State Bank of Pakistan on behalf of Government of Pakistan with tenors available in 3 months, 6 months and one year maturities.

Materiality

The relative significance of a transaction or an event the omission or misstatement of which could influence the economic decisions of users of financial statements.

Non-Performing Loan

A non-performing loan is a loan that is in default or close to being in default. Loans become non-performing in accordance with provision of prudential regulations issued by SBP.

Non-Performing Loan Substandard Category

Where markup/interest or principal is overdue by 90 days or more from the due

Non-Performing Loan-Doubtful Category

Where markup/interest or principal is overdue by 180 days or more from the due

Non-Performing Loan-Loss Category

Where mark-up/interest or principal is overdue by one year or more from the due date and Trade Bill (Import/ Export or Inland Bills) are not paid/adjusted within 180 days of the due date.

Nostro Account

An account held with a bank outside Pakistan

Net Interest Income

The difference between what a bank earns on interest bearing assets such as loans and securities and what it pays on interest bearing liabilities such as deposits, refinance funds and inter-bank borrowings.

Off Balance Sheet Transactions

Transactions that are not recognized as assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position but which give rise to contingencies and commitments.

Organization of Petroleum the **Exporting Countries (OPEC)**

OPEC is a permanent intergovernmental Organization whose objective is to coordinate and unify petroleum policies among member Countries.

Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs)

They are the long term coupon yielding instruments of the Government of Pakistan with tenors available in 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 years.

Prudence

Inclusion of degree of caution in the exercise of judgment needed in making the estimates required under conditions of uncertainty, so that assets or income are not overstated and liabilities or expenses are not understated.

Risk Weighted Assets

On Balance Sheet assets and the credit equivalent of off Balance Sheet assets multiplied by the relevant risk weighting factors.

Repurchase Agreement

Contract to sell and subsequently repurchase securities at a specified date and price.

Reverse Repurchase Agreement

Transaction involving the purchase of securities by a bank or dealer and resale back to the seller at a future date and specified price.

Related Parties

Parties where one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

Revenue Reserve

Reserves set aside for future distribution and investment.

Subsidiary Company

A company is a subsidiary of another company if the parent company holds more than 50% of the nominal value of its equity capital or holds some share in it and controls the composition of its Board of Directors.

Shareholders' Funds

Total of Issued and fully paid share capital and revenue reserves.

Statutory Reserve Funds

A capital reserve created as per the provisions of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

Financial Ratios Formulas

Profit before Tax Ratio = Profit before Tax

Interest Income + Non-Interest Income

Gross Spread Ratio = Net markup Income

Gross Markup Income

Cost / Income Ratio = Operating expenses

Gross Income

Return on Equity = Net Income

Shareholder's Equity-CET1

Profit Margin = Net Profit

Markup + Non Markup Income

Advances to Deposits Ratio (Net) = Loans & Advances (Net)

Deposits

Total Asset to Shareholder Fund (Tier 1) = Total Assets

Shareholder's Equity-CET1

NPL Ratio = Non-Performing Loans

Gross Advances

Net Infection Ratio = Non-performing Loans - Provision on NPL's

Net Advances

Earnings Per Share (EPS) = Profit after Tax

Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares

Price Earnings Ratio = Market value of share at Year End

EPS

Dividend Yield Ratio = Annual Dividends per Ordinary Share

Market Price of Share at Year End

Dividend Payout Ratio = Dividend per Share

EPS

Dividend Cover Ratio = Basic EPS

Annual Total Dividend per Share

Break-up Value per share without =

Surplus on Revaluation of Fixed Assets

Total Equity - Revaluation Surplus
Total Ordinary Shares Outstanding

Break-up Value per share including = Total Shareholders' Equity

Surplus on Revaluation of Fixed Assets

Total Ordinary Shares Outstanding

Capital Adequacy Ratio = Tier One Capital + Tier Two Capital

Risk Weighted Assets

Earning Assets to Total Assets Ratio = Earning Assets

Total Assets

Net Assets per Share = Net Assets

Number of Shares outstanding

Assets Turnover = Mark-up Income + Non mark-up Income

Total Assets

Price to Book Ratio = Market value of share at Year End

Net Assets / No of Shares

NPL Coverage Ratio = Provision against NPL's

Non-performing Loans

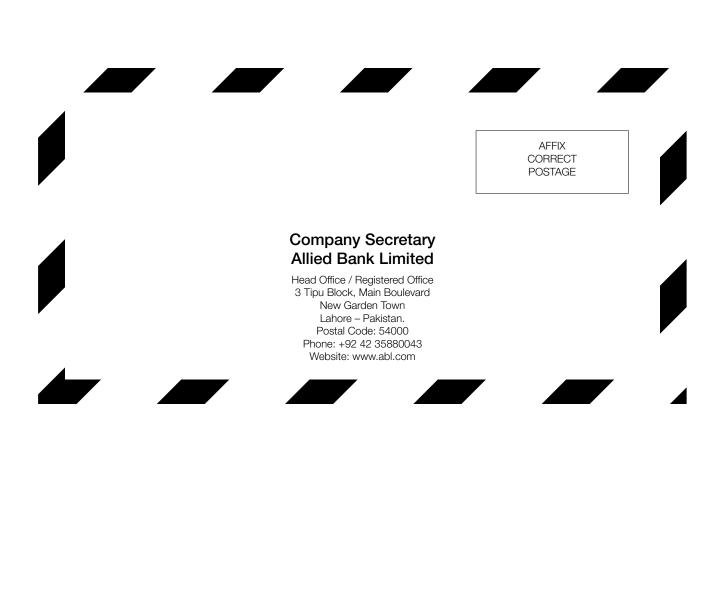
Form of Proxy

73rd Annual General Meeting Allied Bank Limited

I/We			S/o/ D/o/ W/o			
of					be	eing a
member o	of Allied Bank Limited ar	nd holder of	ordinary shar	res as per share Register	red Folio No	
and/or CD	OC Participant ID No	and Acc	count/sub-account No	do hereby appoin	t Mr./Mrs./Miss	
Folio No./	CDC No	of	failing him/her, Mr./Mrs./N	Miss	_ Folio No./ CDC No	
of		as my/our pro	xy and to attend, act and vote	for me/us on my/our bel	nalf at the 73 rd Annual General Meet	ing of
	to be held on Thursday		19 and at any adjournment the	ereof in the same manne	er as I/we myself/ourselves would v	ote if
Signed th	is	day of	2019.			
Witness	Signature				AFFIX Revenue Stamp of Rs. 5/-	
1.	Name				Signature	
	Address				The signature should	
	CNIC #				agree with the specimen	
					registered with the Company	
\A/:4						
Witness						
2.	Signature					
	Name —					
	Address———					
	CNIC #					

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting is entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to attend, speak and vote for him/her. The proxy appointed should be a member of Allied Bank Limited.
- 2. For additional copies of the instrument of proxy, the shareholder may use photocopies of the instrument.
- 3. An instrument of proxy and a Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or notarized copy of such Power of Attorney must be valid and deposited at the Registered Office of the Bank not less than 48 hours before the time of the Meeting. In calculating the 48 hours, no account shall be taken of any part of the day that is not a working day.
- 4. For CDC Account holders/Corporate Entities:
 - i) Attested copies of Computerized National Identity Cards (CNIC) or the Passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be provided with proxy form.
 - ii) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of meeting.
 - iii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signatures shall be submitted along with proxy form to the company.
- 5. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxies are deposited with the Share Registrar, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 6. Members are requested to immediately notify changes in their registered address, if any, to Bank's Share Registrar M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H. Society, Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi, before start of the book closure.

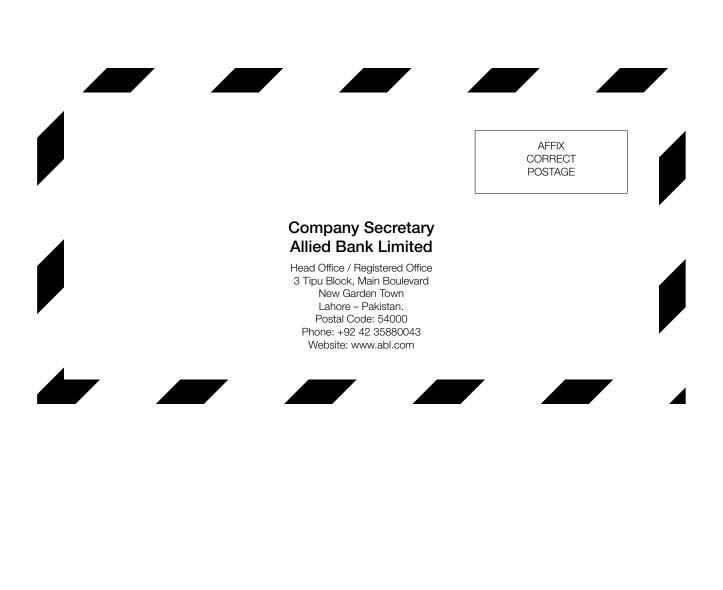


پراکسی فارم	
73 وان سالانه إجلاب عام الائتله بينك لميثلة	

ين تسمى المسمأة	ولدازه	وجہ	سالن	صلع	
بحثيت ممبرالائية بنك لميثة اورحامل،	عام صص بمطابق شيئر رج	شٹر فولیونمبر	اور ایاسی ڈیسی شراکت دار آئی	ڈی نمبراورا کاؤنٹ/ذیلی	ۇنٹىنمبر
محرّم المحرّمه	فوليونمبر	اور ایاسی ڈی سی	ىشراكت دارآئى ۋىنمبر	_ اورا کاؤنٹ/ذیلی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر	عدم دستيانې
کی صورت میں محتر م المحتر مه	فوليونمبر	اور/یا	اِی ڈی می شراکت دارآئی ڈی نمبر	کواپنے اہمارے ایماء پر بطور م	(پراکسی)مقرر کرتا ا
کرتی ا کرتے ہیں تا کہوہ میری جگہ:	میری <i>اہماری طر</i> ف سے ب ^ک	بینک کو إجلاسِ عام جو	و تاریخ 28مارچ 2019 بروز جعرار	ت منعقد ہور ہاہے میں اور یااس کے سی ملتو	اشده إجلاس ميں شركت
کرے، بات کرے اور حق رائے وہی	ی استعال کرے بالکل اِس	ں طرح جیسے اگر میں <i>ا</i> :	اہم خوداس جگه موجود ہوتا / ہوتے.		
گواه نمبر1			ميرے دستخط	ارخ <u>ُ</u>	_* 2019
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~					
نناختی کارڈنمبر				***********	
يشخط				پانچ روپ کا ريونيوسٽيپ	
گواه نمبر2				وستخط بینک میں رجسٹر ڈنمونے	
				سےمطابقت رکھنے چاہیے۔	
ئناختی کارڈنمبر 					
شخط					

اہم نوٹ:۔

- 1) اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے ، ووٹ دینے کے اہل رکن کواپنا/اپنی پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے ، جس کوشر کت کرنے ، بولنے اور ووٹ دینے کاحق حاصل ہوگا۔ مقرر ہ پراکسی کو الائیڈ بینک کمیٹٹر کاممبر ہونا چاہیے۔
  - 2) اگر کوئی شراکت داراضا فی پراکسی فارم استعال کرنا چاہے تو وہ اس فارم کی فوٹو کا بی استعال کرسکتا ہے۔
- 3) پرائسی مقرر کئے جانے سے متعلق دستاویز (INSTRUMENT) اور پاورآ ف اٹارنی (POWER OF ATTORNEY) یا دیگرکوئی اورا تھارٹی جس کے تحت اِس پردستخط کئے گئے ہیں یااس پاورآ ف اٹارنی کی نوٹری سے تصدیق شدہ فقل کوموڑ ہونے کے لئے الائیڈ بینک کمیٹڈ کے رجٹرڈ آفس میں اِجلاس کے وقت سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل لاز ماجمع کروانا ہوگا۔ واضح رہے کہ 48 گھنٹے میں چھٹی کا دن شامل نہیں ہوگا
  - 4) س ڈیس اکاونٹر کھے والوں / کارپوریٹ اداروں کے لیے:
  - * مستفید مالکان کوشاختی کارڈ ایاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ نقل پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کروانا ہوگ۔
    - * إجلاس كموقع يريراكس ا بنااصل شناختي كارؤيا ياسپورك مهياكر عالاكر عالى -
  - * کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار دادا مختار نام مخصوص دستخط کے ساتھ میراکسی فارم کے ساتھ کمپنی کوجع کروانا ہوگی۔
  - 5) اگرایک رکن ایک سے زیادہ پراکسی مقرر کرتا ہے اور ثیمتر رجٹرار کے پاس رکن کی طرف سے پراکسی فارم کی ایک سے زائد دستاویزات جمع کرائی جاتی ہیں تو پراکسی کی ایسی تمام دستاویزات کا لعدم تصور ہوں گی۔
- 6) ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے رجسٹر ڈپیۃ میں تبدیلی سے،اگرکوئی ہو، بینک کے شیئر رجسٹر ارمیسر زسینطرل ڈیپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان لمیٹیڈ، ہی ڈی ہی ہاؤس، B-99، ایس ایم ہی ایج سوسائی میں شاہراہ فیصل ہراچی کوفوری طور پر مطلع کریں۔الیی درخواستیں کتب کی بندش سے قبل پہنچ جاناچا ہئیں۔







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